2025 NHSN Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Checklist

Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Summary				
Criterion	Criterion Met	Date of Event (DOE)		
SUTI 1a				
SUTI 1b				
SUTI 2 Catheter Associated				
SUTI 2 Non-Catheter Associated				
ABUTI Catheter Associated				
ABUTI Non-Catheter Associated				
Please refer to <u>Chapter 7 Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Event</u> of the Patient Safety Manual for additional information.				

Documentation Review Checklist
Urinary Tract Infection
Symptomatic UTI (SUTI)

SUTI 1a Catheter-associated Urinary Tract Infection (CAUTI)Any Age Patient			
Element Patient must meet 1, 2, <u>and</u> 3 below:	Element Met	Date	
 Patient had an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC) that had been in place for more than 2 c inpatient location on the date of event AND was either: 	onsecutive	days in an	
 Present for any portion of the calendar day on the date of event[†] OR 			
 Removed the day before the date of event[‡] 			
Patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following signs or symptoms:			
• Fever (>38°C)			
Suprapubic tenderness*			
Costovertebral angle pain or tenderness*			
Urinary urgency^			
Urinary frequency^			
Dysuria^			
 Patient has a urine culture with no more than two species of organisms identified, at least one of which is a bacterium of ≥10⁵ CFU/ml (see <u>Comments</u>). All elements of the SUTI criterion must occur during the IWP. (See IWP Definition <u>Chapter 2 Identifying</u> <u>HAIs for NHSN Surveillance.</u>) 			
Comments/Notes:			



Documentation Review Checklist

Urinary Tract Infection

Symptomatic UTI (SUTI)

SUTI 1b Non-Catheter-associated Urinary Tract Infection (Non-CAUTI)---Any Age Patient

Element	Element	Date	
Patient must meet 1, 2, <u>and</u> 3 below:	Met		
1. One of the following is true:		1	
 Patient has/had an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC), but it has/had not been in place for more than 2 consecutive days in an inpatient location on the date of event[§] OR 			
 Patient did not have an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC) in place on the date of event nor the day before the date of event[§] 			
2. Patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following signs or symptoms:	1		
• Fever (>38°C)			
Suprapubic tenderness*			
Costovertebral angle pain or tenderness*			
Urinary urgency ^			
Urinary frequency^			
• Dysuria ^			
 Patient has a urine culture with no more than two species of organisms identified, at least one of which is a bacterium of ≥10⁵ CFU/mI (see <u>Comments</u>). All elements of the SUTI criterion must occur during the IWP. (See IWP Definition <u>Chapter 2 Identifying</u> <u>HAIs for NHSN Surveillance</u>.) 			
 Apply this Reporting Guidance for SUTI 1a and SUTI 1b: † When entering event into NHSN choose "INPLACE" for Risk Factor for IUC ‡ When entering event into NHSN choose "REMOVE" for Risk Factor for IUC § When entering event into NHSN choose "NEITHER" for Risk Factor for IUC * See <u>Comments</u> for additional information. ^ These symptoms cannot be used when IUC is in place. An IUC in place could cause patient complaints of "frequency" "urgency" or "dysuria." Note: Fever is a non-specific symptom of infection and cannot be excluded from UTI determination because it is clinically deemed due to another recognized cause. 			
Comments/Notes:			



Documentation Review Checklist Urinary Tract Infection Symptomatic UTI (SUTI) SUTI 2 CAUTI or Non-CAUTI in patients 1 year of age or less Element Element Date Met Patient must meet 1, 2, and 3 below: 1. Patient is ≤ 1 year of age (with[‡] or without an indwelling urinary catheter) 2. Patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following signs or symptoms: • Fever (>38°C) • Hypothermia (<36.0°C) П Apnea^ • Bradycardia[^] ٠ Lethargy^ • Vomiting^ Suprapubic tenderness^* 3. Patient has a urine culture with no more than two species of organisms identified, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml (see Comments). All elements of the UTI criterion must occur during the IWP. (See IWP Definition Chapter 2 Identifying HAIs for NHSN Surveillance.) ‡ If patient had an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC) in place for more than 2 consecutive days in an inpatient location and the IUC was in place on the date of event or the previous day, the CAUTI criterion is met. If no such IUC was in place, UTI (non-catheter associated) criterion is met. ^With no other recognized cause * See Comments for additional information. Note: Fever and hypothermia are non-specific symptoms of infection and cannot be excluded from UTI determination because they are clinically deemed due to another recognized cause. **Comments/Notes:**





Documentation Review Checklist

Asymptomatic Bacteremic Urinary Tract Infection (ABUTI)

Catheter associated ABUTI or Non-catheter associated ABUTI---Any Age Patient

Element Patient must meet 1, 2, <u>and</u> 3 below:	Element Met	Date		
 Patient with* or without an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC) has <u>no</u> signs or symptoms of SUTI 1 or 2 regardless of age 				
 Patient has a urine culture with no more than two species of organisms identified, at least one of which is a bacterium of ≥ 10⁵ CFU/ml (see Comments). 				
 Patient has organism identified** from blood specimen with at least <u>one</u> matching bacterium to the ≥ 10⁵ CFU/ml bacterium identified in the urine specimen, OR is eligible for LCBI criterion 2 (without fever) (see <u>Chapter 4 Bloodstream Infection Event</u>) and matching common commensal(s) in the urine (see <u>Comments</u>). All elements of the ABUTI criterion must occur during the infection window period (IWP). (See <u>Chapter 2 Identifying HAIs for NHSN Surveillance.</u>) 				
 * Patient had an IUC in place for more than 2 consecutive days in an inpatient location on the date of event, and an IUC was in place on the date of event or the day before. <i>Catheter-associated ABUTI is reportable if CAUTI is in the facility's reporting plan for the location.</i> ** Organisms identified by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment (for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST)). 				
Comments: "Mixed flora" cannot be reported as a pathogen for a UTI event. Additionally, "mixed flora" represents at least two species of organisms and cannot be used to meet the NHSN UTI criteria. Any additional organisms recovered from the same culture would be in addition to the mixed flora, meaning there are at least three organism present making the culture ineligible for use to meet NHSN UTI criteria. The following excluded organisms cannot be used to meet the UTI definition: • Any yeast or yeast species				
 mold dimorphic fungi or 				
 parasites 				
An acceptable urine specimen may include the above organisms no more than one bacterium with ≥10 ⁵ CFU/ml is also present. Additionally, these non-bacterial organisms identified from a blood culture cannot be deemed secondary to a UTI since the above non-bacterial organisms are excluded as organisms in the UTI definition.				
 Suprapubic tenderness documentation - whether elicited by palpation (tenderness-sign) or provided as a subjective complaint of suprapubic pain (pain-symptom) - found in the medical record is acceptable to meet SUTI criterion if documented in the medical record during the Infection Window Period. Lower abdominal pain or bladder or pelvic discomfort are examples of symptoms that can be used as suprapubic 				

tenderness. Generalized "abdominal pain" in the medical record is too general and not to be interpreted as suprapubic tenderness as there are many causes of abdominal pain.

Lower back pain (left, right, or bilateral) or flank pain (left, right, or bilateral) are examples of symptoms that can be used as costovertebral angle pain or tenderness. Generalized "low back pain" is not to be interpreted as costovertebral angle pain or tenderness.

Comments/Notes:

