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Deaths: Final Data for 2021

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Abstract

Objectives—This report presents final 2021 data on U.S. deaths, death rates, life expectancy, infant and maternal mortality, and trends by selected characteristics such as age, sex, Hispanic origin and race, state of residence, and cause of death.

Methods—Information reported on death certificates is presented in descriptive tabulations. The original records are filed in state registration offices. Statistical information is compiled in a national database through the Vital Statistics Cooperative Program of the National Center for Health Statistics. Causes of death are processed according to the International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision. Beginning in 2018, all states and the District of Columbia were using the 2003 revised certificate of death for the entire year, which includes the 1997 Office of Management and Budget revised standards for race. Data based on these revised standards are not completely comparable to previous years.

Results—In 2021, a total of 3,464,231 deaths were reported in the United States. The age-adjusted death rate was 879.7 deaths per 100,000 U.S. standard population, an increase of 5.3% from the 2020 rate. Life expectancy at birth was 76.4 years, a decrease of 0.6 year from 2020. Age-specific death rates increased from 2020 to 2021 for every age group. In 2021, 9 of the 10 leading causes of death remained the same as in 2020. Heart disease remained the top leading cause, followed by cancer and COVID-19. The infant mortality rate of 5.44 infant deaths per 1,000 live births in 2021 did not change significantly from the rate in 2020 (5.42).

Conclusions—In 2021, the age-adjusted death rate increased and life expectancy at birth decreased for the total, male, and female populations, primarily due to the influence of deaths from COVID-19.

Keywords: mortality • cause of death • life expectancy • National Vital Statistics System

Highlights

Mortality experience in 2021

- In 2021, a total of 3,464,231 resident deaths were registered in the United States, an increase of 80,502 deaths compared with 2020 (3,383,729). The 1-year increase in the number of deaths was primarily driven by the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The crude death rate was 1,043.8 deaths per 100,000 population. The age-adjusted death rate, which accounts for the aging of the population, was 879.7 deaths per 100,000 U.S. standard population.
- The age-adjusted death rate for the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American Indian and Alaska Native) population (1,109.2) was 1.2 times greater than for the White non-Hispanic (subsequently, White) population (893.9).
- The age-adjusted death rate for the Black non-Hispanic (subsequently, Black) population (1,118.0) was 1.3 times greater than for the White population (893.9).
- The age-adjusted death rate for the White population (893.9) was 1.9 times greater than for the Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian) population (461.7) and 1.2 times greater than for the Hispanic population (724.7).
- Life expectancy at birth was 76.4 years.
- From 2020 to 2021, life expectancy at birth decreased by 0.7 year for males (from 74.2 to 73.5) and by 0.6 year for females (79.9 to 79.3).
- The 15 leading causes of death in 2021 were:
 - 1. Diseases of heart (heart disease)
 - 2. Malignant neoplasms (cancer)
 - 3. COVID-19
 - 4. Accidents (unintentional injuries)
 - 5. Cerebrovascular diseases (stroke)
 - 6. Chronic lower respiratory diseases
 - 7. Alzheimer disease
 - 8. Diabetes mellitus (diabetes)
 - 9. Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis



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- Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis (kidney disease)
- 11. Intentional self-harm (suicide)
- 12. Essential hypertension and hypertensive renal disease (hypertension)
- 13. Influenza and pneumonia
- 14. Septicemia
- 15. Parkinson disease
- In 2021, the infant mortality rate (IMR) was 5.44 infant deaths per 1,000 live births.
- The 10 leading causes of infant death were:
 - Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities (congenital malformations)
 - 2. Disorders related to short gestation and low birth weight, not elsewhere classified (low birth weight)
 - 3. Sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS)
 - 4. Accidents (unintentional injuries)
 - 5. Newborn affected by maternal complications of pregnancy (maternal complications)
 - Newborn affected by complications of placenta, cord and membranes (cord and placental complications)
 - 7. Bacterial sepsis of newborn
 - 8. Respiratory distress of newborn
 - 9. Diseases of the circulatory system
 - 10. Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxia

Comparison with previous year

- The age-adjusted death rate increased 5.3% from 835.4 per 100,000 standard population in 2020 to 879.7 in 2021.
- Life expectancy for the total population decreased 0.6 year from 77.0 in 2020 to 76.4 in 2021.
- Life expectancy for females (79.3) was 5.8 years higher than for males (73.5), an increase of 0.1 year from 2020.
- The difference in life expectancy between the Black and White populations decreased 0.4 year from 5.9 years in 2020 to 5.5 years in 2021.
- From 2020 to 2021, life expectancy decreased for American Indian and Alaska Native males (1.6 years), American Indian and Alaska Native females (1.5 years), White males (0.8 year), White females (0.6 year), Black females (0.4 year), Asian females (0.3 year), Hispanic females (0.2 year), and Black males (0.2 year).
- The 15 leading causes of death remained the same in 2021 as in 2020, although some causes changed ranks.
- Age-adjusted death rates increased significantly in 2021 from 2020 for 11 of the 15 leading causes of death: heart disease, cancer, COVID-19, unintentional injuries, stroke, diabetes, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, kidney disease, suicide, hypertension, and Septicemia. Significant decreases occurred in 2021 from 2020 for 3 of the 15 leading causes of death: Chronic lower respiratory diseases, Alzheimer disease, and Influenza and pneumonia.

- Age-adjusted death rates increased from 2020 to 2021 for drug-induced causes (13.9%) and for alcohol-induced causes (9.9%).
- The decrease in life expectancy at birth for the total population in 2021 was mainly due to increases in mortality from COVID-19, unintentional injuries, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, suicide, and homicide.
- Among external causes of injury death, unintentional poisoning has been the leading mechanism of injury mortality since 2011.
- IMR did not change significantly in 2021 from 2020.
- Nine of the 10 leading causes of infant death remained the same in 2021 as in 2020. Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxia replaced Neonatal hemorrhage as the 10th leading cause of infant death.

Introduction

This report presents detailed 2021 data on deaths and death rates according to demographic and medical characteristics. These data provide information on mortality patterns among residents of the United States by such variables as age, sex, Hispanic origin and race, state of residence, and cause of death. Information on these mortality patterns is key to understanding changes in the health and well-being of the U.S. population (1). Companion reports present additional details on leading causes of death and life expectancy in the United States (2,3).

Cause-of-death statistics presented in this report are classified according to the *International Classification of Diseases*, *10th Revision* (ICD–10) (4–6). Detail on cause-of-death classification is provided in Technical Notes of this report. The COVID-19 pandemic that began in 2020 continued to have a substantial impact on the mortality profile of the U.S. population for 2021.

Mortality data can be used to monitor and evaluate the health status of the United States in terms of current mortality levels and long-term mortality trends, and to identify segments of the U.S. population at greater risk of death from specific diseases and injuries. Differences in death rates among various demographic subpopulations, including racial and ethnic groups, may reflect subpopulation differences in factors such as socioeconomic status, access to medical care, and the prevalence of specific risk factors in a particular subpopulation.

The 2003 revision of the U.S. Standard Certificate of Death uses the revised 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards for the collection of race and Hispanic ethnicity (7,8). The 1997 standards allow individuals to report more than one race and increase the race categories from four to five by separating the Asian and Pacific Islander groups. Beginning with the 2018 data year, all 50 states and the District of Columbia reported deaths based on the 2003 revision for the entire year, so the revised standards became the official standards for presenting mortality data by race and ethnicity (9). The Hispanic category did not change, remaining consistent with reports before 2018.

The race and ethnicity categories in this report follow the 1997 OMB revised race and Hispanic-origin standards. These categories differ from the bridged-race categories used before

2018 (10). The new categories include Hispanic, single-race American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American Indian and Alaska Native), single-race Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian), single-race Black or African American non-Hispanic (subsequently, Black), single-race Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic (subsequently, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander), and single-race White non-Hispanic (subsequently, White). Because single-race data are not available for the entire United States before 2018, data by race for 2018 through 2021 are not completely comparable with bridged-race data used in earlier years, so comparisons should be made with this consideration (11).

In addition to the tabulations included in this report, more detailed analysis is possible by using the annual mortality publicuse file. The data file may be downloaded from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data_access/Vitalstatsonline.htm (12). Data file documentation is available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/dvs/Multiple-Cause-Record-Layout-2021.pdf. The publicuse file does not include geographic detail, but a file with this information may be available upon request (13). Death data also may be accessed from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) WONDER, a web-based system that makes the agency's information resources available to public health professionals and the general public (14).

Methods

Data in this report are based on information from all resident death certificates filed in the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

This report provides detailed death data in Tables 1–25. Tables showing data by state also provide information for the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Marianas), Guam, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands.

Mortality data on specific demographic and medical characteristics cover all 50 states and the District of Columbia. Measures of mortality in this report include the number of deaths; crude, age-specific, and age-adjusted death rates; infant, neonatal, postneonatal, and maternal mortality rates; life expectancy; and rate ratios. Changes in death rates in 2021 compared with 2020 and differences in death rates across demographic groups in 2021 were tested for statistical significance. Unless otherwise specified, reported differences are statistically significant. Additional information on these statistical methods, random variation and relative standard error, the computation of derived statistics and rates, population denominators, and the definition of terms are presented in Technical Notes.

In accordance with the revised standards issued by the Office of Management and Budget in 1997, the 2003 revision of the U.S. Standard Certificate of Death provided for the reporting of more than one race (multiple races) and increased the race categories from four to five by separating the Asian and Pacific Islander groups (7,8). Starting in 2018, all 50 states and the District of Columbia reported deaths using the 2003 revision for the entire year.

The race and Hispanic-origin groups in this report follow the 1997 standards and differ from the race categories used in

reports for data years before 2018 (8,10,15). The categories include Hispanic, single-race American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American Indian and Alaska Native), single-race Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian), singlerace Black or African American non-Hispanic (subsequently, Black), single-race Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic (subsequently, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander), and single-race White non-Hispanic (subsequently, White). For brevity, text references to race refer to single race in this report. Because the number of deaths reported with more than one race in 2021 is relatively small (0.6%), these deaths are included in totals but are shown separately in only one report table (Table 2). Some comparisons between race and ethnicity groups in this report are limited to the following groups based on population size: American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, Black, Hispanic, and White.

Data presented in this report by the revised Hispanic-origin and race categories for 2018–2021 are not completely comparable with data by bridged race shown in earlier reports, and comparisons should be made with this consideration. The Hispanic-origin category is a separate item on the death certificate and was not affected by the revised standards; as a result, data by Hispanic origin for 2021 and earlier years are comparable.

Death rates by race and ethnicity for the American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, Hispanic, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander populations are affected by inconsistencies in reporting Hispanic origin and race on death certificates as compared with censuses and surveys (16). Death rates for the American Indian and Alaska Native population are underestimated by about 33% due to misclassification (16). Death rates for the Asian and Hispanic populations are underestimated by about 3.0% (16). This should be considered when making rate comparisons across racial and ethnic groups. At this time, information about the prevalence of misclassification for the Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander population is not available.

To maintain consistency with data reported by the jurisdictions and data in the mortality data file, numbers of deaths and death rates in this report are not adjusted for misclassification of race and ethnicity unless otherwise indicated. Specifically, Tables 4 and 5 present life expectancies by Hispanic origin and race that are produced using methods based on death rates adjusted for Hispanic-origin and race misclassification on death certificates. For additional detail, see *Quality of race and Hispanic-origin data* in Technical Notes.

The population data used to calculate death rates for 2021 shown in this report are estimated as of July 1, 2021, based on the Blended Base produced by the U.S. Census Bureau (Technical Notes), and are available from the CDC WONDER website: https://wonder.cdc.gov/single-race-population.html (17).

Data presented in this report and other mortality tabulations are available from the National Vital Statistics System website: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/deaths.htm. The availability of mortality microdata is described in Technical Notes.

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Results and Discussion

Deaths and death rates

In 2021, a total of 3,464,231 resident deaths were registered in the United States—80,502 more deaths than in 2020. The crude death rate for 2021 (1,043.8 deaths per 100,000 population) was 1.6% higher than the 2020 rate (1,027.0) (Tables A, 1, 2, 6, 8, and 10). In 2021, 416,893 deaths were identified with COVID-19 as the underlying cause of death (Tables B, 7, and 9). COVID-19 was a contributing cause but was not considered the underlying cause of an additional 45,300 deaths (18).

The age-adjusted death rate in 2021 was 879.7 deaths per 100,000 U.S. standard population—5.3% higher than the rate of 835.4 in 2020 (Tables A and 1). The age-adjusted death rates increased for males (5.0%) and females (5.5%). Age-adjusted death rates should be viewed as relative indexes rather than as actual measures of mortality risk. They are constructs that show what the level of mortality would be if no changes occurred in the age composition of the population from year to year. (For a discussion of age-adjusted death rates, see Technical Notes.) Thus, age-adjusted death rates are better indicators than unadjusted (crude) death rates for examining changes in the risk of death over a period of time when the age distribution of the population is changing. Age-adjusted death rates are also better indicators of relative risk when comparing mortality across geographic areas or between sex or race and ethnicity

subgroups of the population that have different age distributions; see Technical Notes. Since 1980, the age-adjusted death rate decreased significantly every year except for 1983, 1985, 1988, 1993, 1999, 2005, 2010, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2020, and 2021 (Figure 1) (14).

Death rates by Hispanic origin and race

In 2021, age-adjusted death rates by ethnicity and race groups (Table 1) were:

- Hispanic population: 724.7 deaths per 100,000 U.S. standard population
- American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American Indian and Alaska Native) population: 1,109.2
- Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian) population: 461.7
- Black non-Hispanic (subsequently, Black) population: 1,118.0
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic (subsequently, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander) population: 924.3
- White non-Hispanic (subsequently, White) population: 893.9

In 2021, the age-adjusted death rate for the American Indian and Alaska Native population was 1.2 times that for the White population. The rate for the Black population was 1.3 times that for the White population. The rate for the White population was 1.9 times the rate for the Asian population and 1.2 times the rate for the Hispanic population (Table B).

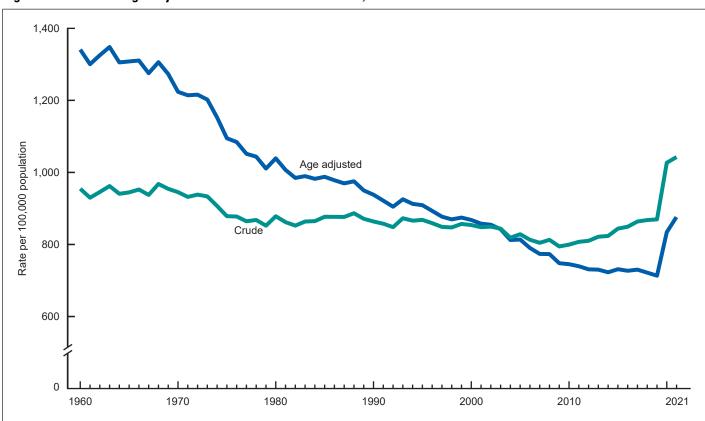


Figure 1. Crude and age-adjusted death rates: United States, 1960–2021

NOTE: Crude death rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population; age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table A. Percent change in death rates and age-adjusted death rates in 2021 from 2020, by age, Hispanic origin and race, and sex: United States

[Based on death rates on an annual basis per 100,000 population and age-adjusted rates per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards; see Technical Notes. Data for some Hispanic-origin or race categories should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys; see Technical Notes]

													Non-His	panic, si	ngle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic	2		ican Indi laska Nat			Asian			Black			ve Hawai Pacific Is			White	
Age group (years)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All ages																					
Crude rate	1.6	2.5	0.6	1.1	0.6	1.5	8.2	8.3	8.0	-0.3	-0.8	0.2	-0.9	-1.2	-0.7	15.3	14.0	16.8	2.6	3.9	1.1
Age-adjusted rate	5.3	5.0	5.5	0.2	-2.1	2.2	7.0	6.4	7.4	0.9	-0.4	2.1	-0.1	-1.8	1.3	12.5	10.0	15.2	7.1	7.2	6.9
Younger than 1 year ⁴	6.6	5.2	8.3	8.2	5.2	11.9	3.8	-2.6	12.2	28.7	29.8	27.4	2.7	3.4	1.7	7.0	36.3	-25.2	6.3	5.0	7.9
1–4	10.1	5.9	16.2	10.3	1.0	22.0	-11.0	-2.2	-22.3	11.2	16.0	4.0	17.6	10.0	28.4	1.4	-44.9	129.1	6.3	5.2	7.9
5–14	4.4	1.9	8.0	5.9	6.2	6.6	-6.2	-15.5	4.6	9.0	18.5	-1.3	10.0	6.7	14.8	-27.5	-30.7	-19.0	8.0	-2.6	4.9
15–24	5.6	4.1	10.0	6.1	3.2	16.1	20.5	17.8	26.3	8.8	12.1	2.1	5.4	4.1	10.0	47.8	49.7	43.2	4.3	3.3	7.3
25–34	13.4	13.6	13.5	20.9	22.3	18.4	16.5	20.2	10.6	15.4	16.3	13.8	14.5	12.4	19.9	22.8	24.0	20.6	10.5	10.9	9.9
35–44	16.1	14.7	17.9	19.8	18.3	21.7	20.4	19.5	21.2	7.5	4.5	12.1	14.2	12.8	15.7	45.9	43.4	49.6	15.7	14.2	17.7
45–54	12.1	11.1	12.9	9.6	7.7	12.6	17.6	16.7	18.1	5.0	4.4	5.1	8.7	7.2	10.3	29.1	28.2	29.8	14.5	13.8	14.8
55–64	7.5	5.6	9.7	2.3	-0.6	6.6	13.1	14.0	11.1	-0.2	-2.9	3.1	1.9	-0.7	5.0	11.3	6.6	17.3	10.4	8.8	12.1
65–74	3.8	2.3	5.5	-3.1	-7.3	2.4	2.5	-3.3	9.7	-1.1	-4.2	2.7	-2.6	-5.7	0.7	7.6	6.5	8.9	6.3	5.4	7.0
75–84	2.4	1.6	3.2	-4.8	-7.2	-2.5	-3.1	-3.6	-2.8	0.6	-1.4	2.7	-5.0	-7.8	-2.5	2.5	-7.0	12.8	4.5	4.0	4.8
85 and older	3.5	5.1	2.4	-1.8	-3.8	-0.4	-1.5	-2.6	-0.9	-0.5	-0.3	-0.7	-4.3	-4.0	-4.5	2.6	2.9	2.4	5.3	7.3	4.0

¹Includes deaths with origin not stated, origin not classifiable, and two or more races reported; see Technical Notes.

²Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

³Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

⁴Death rates for younger than 1 year (based on population estimates) differ from infant mortality rates (based on live births); see Technical Notes.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table B. Number of deaths, percentage of total deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for 2021, percent change in age-adjusted death rates in 2021 from 2020, and ratio of age-adjusted death rates. by sex and Hispanic origin and race for the 15 leading causes of death for the total population in 2021: United States

[Crude death rates on an annual basis per 100,000 population; age-adjusted rates per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* (ICD–10); see Technical Notes. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards]

								Age-adjust	ted death ra	nte		
										Ratio		
									Non-Hispa	anic, single race ³		
Rank	Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Number	Percent of total deaths, 2021 ²	Crude death rate, 2021	2021	Percent change from 2020 to 2021	Male to female	American Indian and Alaska Native to White	Black to White	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander to White	White to Asian	White ³ to Hispanic ⁴
	All causes	3,464,231	100.0	1,043.8	879.7	5.3	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.9	1.2
1	Diseases of heart (100–109,111,113,120–151)	695,547	20.1	209.6	173.8	3.3	1.6	0.9	1.3	1.0	2.1	1.5
2	Malignant neoplasms(C00–C97)	605,213	17.5	182.4	146.6	1.7	1.3	0.8	1.1	0.9	1.7	1.5
3	COVID-19(U07.1)	416,893	12.0	125.6	104.1	22.5	1.6	2.0	1.5	2.0	1.5	0.6
4	Accidents											
	(unintentional injuries) (V01–X59,Y85–Y86)	224,935	6.5	67.8	64.7	12.3	2.2	1.8	1.1	0.8	3.7	1.5
5	Cerebrovascular diseases(160–169)	162,890	4.7	49.1	41.1	5.9	1.0	0.9	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.1
6	Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40–J47)	142,342	4.1	42.9	34.7	-4.7	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.5	4.4	2.7
7	Alzheimer disease (G30)	119,399	3.4	36.0	31.0	-4.3	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.6	1.9	1.2
8	Diabetes mellitus (E10–E14)	103,294	3.0	31.1	25.4	2.4	1.6	2.3	2.1	2.4	1.2	0.8
9	Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (K70,K73–K74)	56,585	1.6	17.0	14.5	9.0	1.8	5.1	0.7	0.6	3.6	0.9
10	Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and											
	nephrosis (N00-N07,N17-N19,N25-N27)	54,358	1.6	16.4	13.6	7.1	1.4	1.3	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.0
11	Intentional self-harm											
	(suicide) (*U03,X60–X84,Y87.0)	48,183	1.4	14.5	14.1	4.4	4.0	1.6	0.5	0.7	2.6	2.2
12	Essential hypertension and hypertensive											
	renal disease (I10,I12,I15)	42,816	1.2	12.9	10.7	5.9	1.2	1.1	2.1	1.2	1.0	1.0
13	Influenza and pneumonia(J09–J18)	41,917	1.2	12.6	10.5	-19.2	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.1
14	Septicemia	41,281	1.2	12.4	10.2	5.2	1.2	1.2	1.8	1.1	2.2	1.4
15	Parkinson disease (G20–G21)	38,536	1.1	11.6	9.8	-1.0	2.2	0.5	0.5	0.4	1.8	1.6
	All other causes (residual)	670,042	19.3	201.9								

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Based on number of deaths; see Technical Notes.

²Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

³Includes only one race reported on the death certificate.

⁴Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

For the Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander population, the age-adjusted rate increased 12.5%, from 821.3 in 2020 to 924.3 in 2021. During the same time period, rates increased 7.1% (from 834.7 to 893.9) for the White population and 7.0% (from 1,036.2 to 1,109.2) for the American Indian and Alaska Native population (Tables A and 1). The changes in age-adjusted rates were not statistically significant for the Asian, Black, and Hispanic populations.

From 2020 to 2021, the age-adjusted death rate increased 15.2% for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander females. 10.0% for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander males, 7.4% for American Indian and Alaska Native females, 7.2% for White males, 6.9% for White females, 6.4% for American Indian and Alaska Native males, 2.2% for Hispanic females, 2.1% for Asian females, and 1.3% for Black females (Tables A and 1). The rate decreased 2.1% for Hispanic males and 1.8% for Black males. The change in the age-adjusted rate for Asian males was not statistically significant.

Hispanic subgroups—Mortality data for 2021 by specified Hispanic subgroup for the United States are presented in Table 3. Hispanic subgroups shown in the table include Central American. Cuban, Dominican, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South American, and Other Hispanic populations.

In 2021, age-adjusted rates among the Hispanic subgroups ranged from a low of 400.7 for the South American population to a high of 767.4 for the Mexican population. Differences between subgroups are likely a function of large variation in age-specific death rates for some of the Hispanic subgroups, reflecting their relatively small population sizes. Data aggregated over several years confirm differences among the Hispanic subgroups (16).

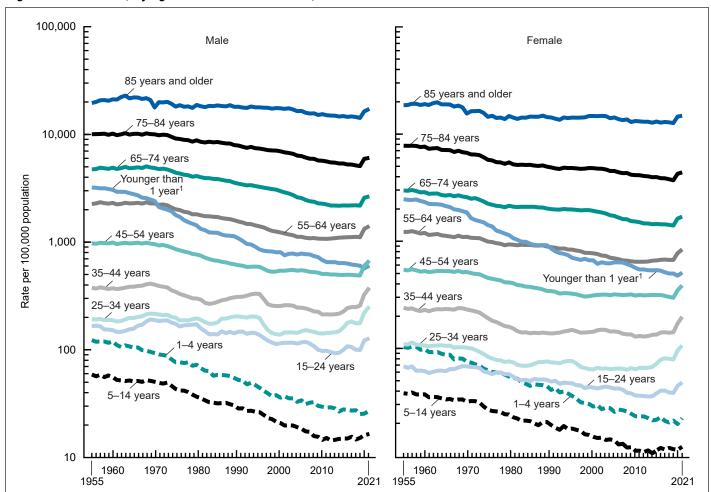
Death rates by age and sex

For the total population, age-specific death rates increased significantly from 2020 to 2021 for every age group (Tables 6 and 8: Figure 2).

The age-adjusted death rate for males was 1.4 times the rate for females in 2021 (Table B). The male-to-female death rate ratio was unchanged from the ratio in 2020.

Death rates for males increased significantly for age groups younger than 1, 15-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64, 65-74, 75-84, and 85 and older. Changes in rates for males ages

Figure 2. Death rate, by age and sex: United States, 1955–2021



1Rates are based on population estimates, which differ from infant mortality rates (based on live births); see Figure 5 in this report for infant mortality rates and Technical Notes in this report for further discussion of the difference. SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file

1–4 and 5–14 were not statistically significant. Death rates for females increased significantly for every age group.

Race and ethnicity by sex—For the total Hispanic population, age-specific death rates increased from 2020 to 2021 for age groups younger than 1, 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, and 55–64, and decreased for age groups 65–74, 75–84, and 85 and older. Rates for Hispanic males increased for age groups 25–34, 35–44, and 45–54, and decreased for age groups 65–74, 75–84, and 85 and older. For Hispanic females, rates increased for age groups younger than 1, 1–4, 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, 55–64, and 65–74, and decreased for the age group 75–84.

For the total and male American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American Indian and Alaska Native) populations, age-specific death rates increased from 2020 to 2021 for age groups 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, and 55–64. For American Indian and Alaska Native females, age-specific death rates increased for age groups 15–24, 35–44, 45–54, 55–64, and 65–74.

For the total Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian) population, age-specific rates increased from 2020 to 2021 for age groups younger than 1, 25–34, 35–44, and 45–54. For Asian males, rates increased for age groups younger than 1, 15–24, and 25–34, and decreased for the age group 65–74. Rates for Asian females increased for age groups younger than 1, 25–34, 35–44, and 75–84.

For the total Black non-Hispanic (subsequently, Black) population, age-specific death rates increased from 2020 to 2021 for age groups 1–4, 5–14, 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, and 55–64, and decreased for age groups 65–74, 75–84, and 85 and older. Rates for Black males increased for age groups 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, and 45–54, and decreased for age groups 65–74, 75–84, and 85 and older. For Black females, rates increased for age groups 1–4, 5–14, 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, and 55–64, and decreased for age groups 75–84 and 85 and older.

For the total Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic (subsequently, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander) population, age-specific death rates increased for age groups 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, and 55–64. For Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander males, rates increased for age groups 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, and 45–54. For Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander females, rates increased for age groups 35–44, 45–54, and 55–64.

For the total, male, and female White non-Hispanic (subsequently, White) populations, age-specific death rates increased from 2020 to 2021 for age groups younger than 1, 15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, 55–64, 65–74, 75–84, and 85 and older (Tables A and 2).

Other observed changes from 2020 to 2021 in age-specific rates by race and ethnicity and sex were not statistically significant.

Expectation of life at birth and at specified ages

Life expectancy at birth represents the average number of years that a group of infants would live if the group was to experience throughout life the age-specific death rates present in the year of birth.

Life table data shown in this report for 2010–2021 are based on a revised methodology first presented with final data reported for 2008. The life table methodology was revised by changing the smoothing technique used to estimate the life table functions at the oldest ages. This revision improves on the methodologies used previously; see Technical Notes.

The methods used to produce life expectancies by Hispanic origin and race are based on death rates adjusted for Hispanic-origin and race misclassification on death certificates (Technical Notes). As noted in the Methods section, the age-specific and age-adjusted death rates shown in this report (with the exception of Table IV) are not adjusted for misclassification of Hispanic origin and race on death certificates. For further information on the effects of Hispanic-origin and race misclassification on death rates, see Technical Notes.

Life tables were generated for both sexes and by each sex for the following populations:

- Total U.S.
- Hispanic
- American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic
- Asian non-Hispanic
- Black non-Hispanic
- · White non-Hispanic

In 2021, life expectancy at birth for the U.S. population was 76.4 years, 0.6 year lower than 2020 (Tables 4 and 5). The single-year decreases in life expectancy observed in 2020 (1.8 years) and 2021 were the largest decreases since 1943. These decreases were mostly due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and increases in unintentional injuries. Before this time, the general trend in U.S. life expectancy had been one of improvement since 1900. In 2021, life expectancy for males (73.5 years) was 0.7 year lower than in 2020. Life expectancy for females (79.3 years) was 0.6 year lower than in 2020. From 1900 through the late 1970s, the gap in life expectancy between the sexes widened (3) from 2.0 to 7.8 years. The gap between sexes has narrowed since its peak in the 1970s (Figure 3 and Table 5). In 2021, the difference in life expectancy between males and females was 5.8 years, an increase of 0.1 year from 2020.

Life expectancy figures for the Hispanic, Black non-Hispanic (subsequently, Black), and White non-Hispanic (subsequently, White) populations have been available starting with data for 2006 (19). Before 2006, life tables were produced for the Black and White populations, regardless of Hispanic origin. Life tables for the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American Indian and Alaska Native) and Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian) populations were added to the Life Table Program beginning with data for 2019 (20).

Life expectancy for the American Indian and Alaska Native population decreased 1.5 years (from 67.1 years in 2020 to 65.6 in 2021).

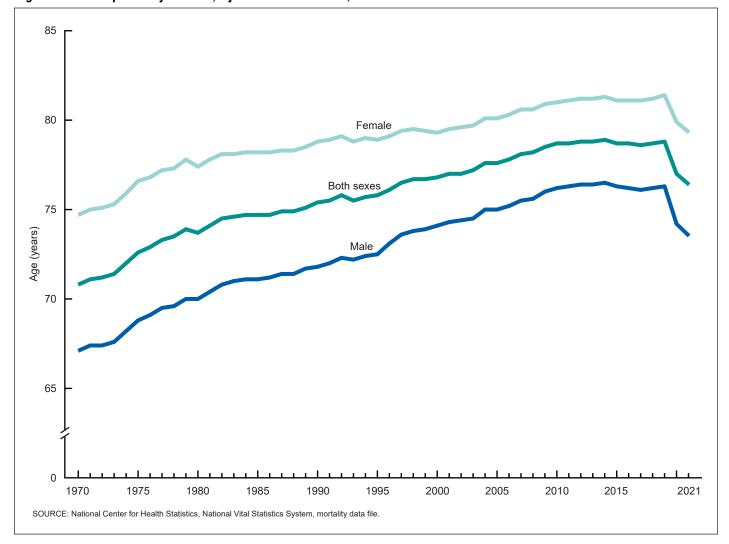


Figure 3. Life expectancy at birth, by sex: United States, 1970–2021

Life expectancy decreased by 0.7 year for the White population (from 77.4 years in 2020 to 76.7 in 2021).

Life expectancy decreased by 0.3 year for the Black population (from 71.5 years in 2020 to 71.2 in 2021). The difference in life expectancy between the White and Black populations decreased 0.4 year from 5.9 years in 2020 to 5.5 years in 2021 (Table 5).

Life expectancy for the Hispanic population decreased by 0.1 year (from 77.9 years in 2020 to 77.8 in 2021) (Table 5). The difference in life expectancy between the Hispanic and White populations increased 0.6 year from 0.5 year in 2020 to 1.1 years in 2021 (Table 5).

Life expectancy declined by 0.1 year for the Asian population (from 83.6 years in 2020 to 83.5 in 2021).

Among the 10 major Hispanic-origin-race-sex groups in 2021, Asian females had the highest life expectancy at birth (85.6 years), followed by Asian males (81.2), Hispanic females (81.1), White females (79.5), Black females (75.0), Hispanic males (74.6), White males (74.0), American Indian and Alaska Native females (69.2), Black males (67.6), and American Indian and Alaska Native males (62.2) (Tables 4 and 5).

Life tables shown in this report may be used to compare life expectancies at selected ages from birth to 100 years. For

example, based on mortality experienced in 2021 for the total population, a person age 50 could expect to live an average of 30.1 more years, for a total of 80.1 years. A person age 65 could expect to live an average of 18.4 more years, for a total of 83.4 years, and a person age 85 could expect to live an average of 6.3 more years, for a total of 91.3 years (Table 4). Life expectancy decreased at ages from birth through age 65 and increased at age 80 and older from 2020 to 2021 (Table 4) (3).

Leading causes of death

The 15 leading causes of death in 2021 accounted for 80.7% of all deaths in the United States (Table B). In 2021, the 15 leading causes of death remained the same as in 2020, although some changed ranks. Heart disease, cancer, and COVID-19 remained the top three leading causes in 2021. Of the remaining leading causes in 2020, six causes changed rank. Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, the 11th leading cause in 2020, became the 9th leading cause in 2021. Suicide, the 12th leading cause in 2020, became the 11th. Hypertension, the 13th leading cause in 2020, became the 12th. Influenza and pneumonia, the 9th leading cause in 2020, became the 12th. Septicemia, the 15th

leading cause in 2020, became the 14th. Parkinson disease, the 14th leading cause in 2020, became the 15th. Causes of death are ranked according to the number of deaths; for ranking procedures, see Technical Notes. By rank, the 15 leading causes of death in 2021 were:

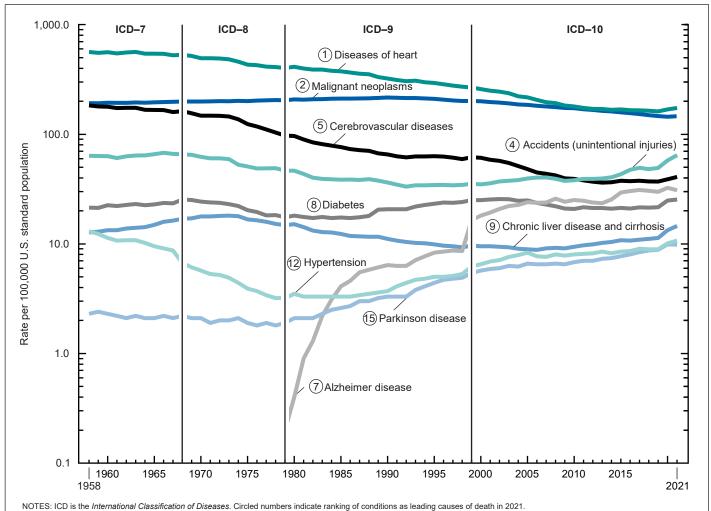
- Diseases of heart (heart disease)
- 2. Malignant neoplasms (cancer)
- 3. COVID-19
- 4. Accidents (unintentional injuries)
- 5. Cerebrovascular diseases (stroke)
- 6. Chronic lower respiratory diseases
- 7. Alzheimer disease
- 8. Diabetes mellitus (diabetes)
- 9. Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis
- 10. Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis (kidney disease)
- 11. Intentional self-harm (suicide)
- 12. Essential hypertension and hypertensive renal disease (hypertension)
- 13. Influenza and pneumonia

- 14. Septicemia
- 15. Parkinson disease

Death rates vary greatly by age. As a result, the shifting age distribution of a population can significantly influence changes in crude death rates over time. Age-adjusted death rates, in contrast, eliminate the influence of such differences in the population age structure. Consequently, while causes of death are ranked according to the number of deaths, age-adjusted death rates are used to depict trends for leading causes of death in this report because they are better than crude rates for showing changes in mortality over time and among causes of death (Figure 4; Tables B and 6).

From 2020 through 2021, age-adjusted death rates increased significantly for 11 of the 15 leading causes of death and decreased for 3 of the 15 leading causes (Tables B and 6). The rate for the top leading cause of death, heart disease, increased 3.3% in 2021 from 2020 (Figure 4; Tables B and 6) (14). The rate for the second leading cause of death, cancer, increased for the first time since 1993, by 1.7% from 2020 to 2021. Deaths from these two diseases combined accounted for 37.5% of deaths in the United States in 2021 (Table B).

Figure 4. Age-adjusted death rate for selected leading causes of death: United States, 1958–2021



NOTES: ICD is the International Classification of Diseases. Circled numbers indicate ranking of conditions as leading causes of death in 2021 SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

COVID-19, the third leading cause of death in 2021, accounted for 12.0% of deaths in the United States. In 2021, the age-adjusted death rate for COVID-19 increased 22.5%, from 85.0 per 100,000 standard population in 2020 to 104.1 in 2021. The rate for males (131.3) was 1.6 times higher than the rate for females (81.7) (Tables 1, 2, and 11). Among race and ethnicity groups, the rate was highest for the Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic (subsequently, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander) population (185.4), followed by the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American Indian and Alaska Native) (184.0), Hispanic (151.8), Black non-Hispanic (subsequently, White) (93.5), and Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian) (61.9) populations (Tables 1 and 11).

Other leading causes of death that showed significant increases in 2021 from 2020 were unintentional injuries (12.3%), stroke (5.9%), diabetes (2.4%), Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (9.0%), kidney disease (7.1%), suicide (4.4%), hypertension (5.9%), and Septicemia (5.2%).

The age-adjusted rate decreased significantly in 2021 from 2020 for Chronic lower respiratory diseases (4.7%), Alzheimer disease (4.3%), and Influenza and pneumonia (19.2%).

The age-adjusted death rate for Parkinson disease in 2021 was not significantly different from the rate in 2020.

The relative risk of death in one population group compared with another can be expressed as a ratio. Ratios based on age-adjusted death rates show that males have higher rates than females for 13 of the 15 leading causes of death (Table B), with rates for males being at least twice as great as those for females for 3 of these leading causes. The largest ratio was for suicide (4.0). Other high ratios were observed for unintentional injuries and Parkinson disease (2.2 each); Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (1.8); heart disease, COVID-19, and diabetes (1.6 each); Influenza and pneumonia (1.5); kidney disease (1.4); cancer (1.3); and Chronic lower respiratory diseases, hypertension, and Septicemia (1.2 each). Age-adjusted rates were lower for males than for females for one leading cause, Alzheimer disease (0.7).

Age-adjusted death rates for the American Indian and Alaska Native population were higher than for the White population for 9 of the 15 leading causes of death (Tables B and 6). The largest ratio was for Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (5.1). Other causes for which the ratio was high include diabetes (2.3), COVID-19 (2.0), unintentional injuries (1.8), suicide (1.6), Influenza and pneumonia (1.4), kidney disease (1.3), Septicemia (1.2), and hypertension (1.1). Age-adjusted rates for the American Indian and Alaska Native population were lower than for the White population for 6 of the 15 leading causes of death. The smallest American Indian and Alaska Native-to-White ratio was for Parkinson disease (0.5); that is, the risk of dying from Parkinson disease was two times greater for the White population than for the American Indian and Alaska Native population. Other causes with a low American Indian and Alaska Native-to-White ratio were Alzheimer disease (0.6), Chronic lower respiratory diseases and cancer (0.8 each), and heart disease and stroke (0.9 each).

Age-adjusted death rates for the Black population were higher than for the White population for 10 of the 15 leading causes of death (Tables B and 6). The largest ratio was for kidney disease (2.2). Other causes for which the ratio was high include diabetes and hypertension (2.1 each), Septicemia (1.8), COVID-19 and stroke (1.5 each), heart disease and Influenza and pneumonia (1.3 each), and cancer and unintentional injuries (1.1 each). For five of the leading causes, age-adjusted rates were lower for the Black population than for the White population. The smallest Black-to-White ratios were for suicide and Parkinson disease (0.5 each). Other causes with low Black-to-White ratios were Chronic lower respiratory diseases and Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (0.7 each) and Alzheimer disease (0.9).

Age-adjusted death rates for the White population were higher than for the Hispanic population for 10 of the 15 leading causes of death (Tables B and 6). The largest ratio was for Chronic lower respiratory diseases (2.7). Other causes with high ratios include suicide (2.2); Parkinson disease (1.6); heart disease, cancer, and unintentional injuries (1.5 each); Septicemia (1.4); Alzheimer disease (1.2); and stroke and Influenza and pneumonia (1.1 each). Age-adjusted rates were lower for the White population than for the Hispanic population for 3 of the 15 leading causes. The smallest White-to-Hispanic ratio was for COVID-19 (0.6), followed by diabetes (0.8) and Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (0.9).

Age-adjusted death rates for the White population were higher than for the Asian population for 14 of the 15 leading causes of death (Tables B and 6). The highest ratio was for Chronic lower respiratory diseases (4.4), followed by unintentional injuries (3.7), Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (3.6), suicide (2.6), Septicemia (2.2), heart disease (2.1), Alzheimer disease (1.9), Parkinson disease (1.8), cancer (1.7), COVID-19 and kidney disease (1.5 each), Influenza and pneumonia (1.3), and stroke and diabetes (1.2 each).

Assault (homicide), the 16th leading cause of death in 2021, dropped from among the 15 leading causes of death in 2010. In 2021, the age-adjusted rate for homicide increased 5.1%, from 7.8 in 2020 to 8.2 per 100,000 standard population in 2021 (Table 11). Homicide remains a major issue for some age groups. Homicide was among the 15 leading causes of death in 2021 for age groups 1–4 (3rd), 5–14 (4th), 15–24 (2nd), 25–34 (3rd), 35–44 (7th), 45–54 (10th), and 55–64 (15th) (For leading causes of infant death, see "Infant mortality") (14).

Although Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease has not been among the 15 leading causes of death since 1997 (21), it is still considered a major public health problem for some age groups. The age-adjusted death rate for HIV disease decreased 7.1% from 1.4 deaths per 100,000 U.S. standard population in 2020 to 1.3 in 2021 (Table 11). Historically, for all ages combined, HIV disease mortality reached its highest level in 1995 after a period of increase from 1987 through 1994. Subsequently, the rate for this disease decreased an average of 33.0% per year from 1995 through 1998, and 6.1% per year from 1999 through 2021 (14). In 2021, HIV disease was among the 15 leading causes of death for age groups 25–34 (11th), 35–44 (13th), and 45–54 (15th) (14). The greatest influence was among the age group 25–34 years, where HIV disease is ranked 9th for males, 8th for Black males, 9th for Black females, and 10th for Hispanic males.

Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile* (*C. difficile*)—A predominantly antibiotic-associated inflammation of the intestines caused by *C. difficile*, a gram-positive, anaerobic, spore-forming bacillus—is often acquired in hospitals or other health care facilities with long-term patients or residents (22,23). The number of deaths from *C. difficile* climbed from 793 deaths in 1999 to a high of 8,085 deaths in 2011 (14). Since 2011, the number of deaths from this cause has trended downward. In 2021, the number of deaths from *C. difficile* was 4,105. The age-adjusted death rate in 2021 was unchanged from 2020, 1.0 deaths per 100,000 standard population. About 84.2% of deaths from *C. difficile* occurred among people age 65 and older (Table 7).

Leading causes of death in 2021 for the total population and for specific subpopulations are detailed further in a companion *National Vital Statistics Report* on leading causes by age, Hispanic origin and race, and sex (2).

Other selected causes

Dementia-related mortality

In 2021, 279,704 people died of dementia-related causes in the United States (Tables 7, 9, and 22). Deaths from dementia-related causes were presented for the first time in this report series in 2018 to provide a more comprehensive estimate of the burden of mortality from Alzheimer disease and other dementias in the United States.

Dementia-related causes include conditions with similar physical signs and symptoms that, collectively, are considered to be a good indicator of dementia mortality (24). Dementia is characterized by memory impairment and cognitive decline (25–27). Causes of death attributable to dementia-related mortality include ICD–10 codes F01, Vascular dementia; F03, Unspecified dementia; G30, Alzheimer disease; and G31, Other degenerative diseases of nervous system, not elsewhere classified. Alzheimer disease, the sixth leading cause of death, is the most common cause of dementia, but other dementias, including Lewy body dementia, frontotemporal degeneration, vascular dementia, and mixed dementias, are often indistinguishable from Alzheimer disease in their symptoms and outcomes and may coexist with Alzheimer disease (24–26).

Certification and coding rule changes can impact data analysis of component causes of dementia. In 2021, Alzheimer disease accounted for 42.7% of all dementia deaths; Unspecified dementia for 32.8%; Other degenerative diseases of nervous system, not elsewhere classified for 17.6%; and Vascular dementia for 6.9%. For detailed information, see CDC WONDER (14). Changes in the percentage of deaths assigned to individual causes comprising dementia may be the result of many factors (27). Combining the types of dementia provides a more comprehensive and stable measure of dementia mortality.

The age-adjusted death rate for dementia-related causes decreased 1.2% in 2021 from 2020 for the total population (from 73.3 to 72.4). The rate for males decreased 1.3% (60.5 to 59.7) and decreased for females 1.1% (81.1 to 80.2) (Tables 11 and 22).

Among race-ethnicity groups—Age-adjusted rates for the total, male, and female Black non-Hispanic (subsequently,

Black) populations decreased 3.9% (74.7 to 71.8), 5.6% (66.4 to 62.7), and 2.9% (78.2 to 75.9), respectively. The rate for Hispanic males decreased 4.1% (46.1 to 44.2), but rates did not change significantly for the total and female Hispanic populations. Changes in age-adjusted death rates for dementiarelated causes were not statistically significant for the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American Indian and Alaska Native), Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian), Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic (subsequently, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander), and White non-Hispanic (subsequently, White) populations.

Drug-induced mortality

In 2021, a total of 111,219 people died of drug-induced causes in the United States (Tables 7, 9, and 23). The category of drug-induced causes includes deaths from drug overdose as well as from other medical conditions caused by use of legal or illegal drugs. In 2021, drug-overdose deaths accounted for 95.9% of all drug-induced deaths (Tables 7 and 9). The drug-induced category excludes deaths indirectly related to drug use, as well as newborn deaths due to the mother's drug use. (For a list of all drug-induced causes, including those specifically classified as drug-overdose causes, see Technical Notes.)

The age-adjusted death rate for drug-induced causes increased 13.9% for the total population from 29.5 in 2020 to 33.6 in 2021 (Tables 6, 11, and 23). For males in 2021, the age-adjusted death rate for drug-induced causes was 2.3 times the rate for females. The rate increased by 13.9% for males and by 14.0% for females from 2020 to 2021 (Tables 11 and 23).

Among race—ethnicity groups—Age-adjusted rates increased from 2020 and 2021 by 33.9% for the American Indian and Alaska Native population (36.2% for American Indian and Alaska Native males and 29.1% for American Indian and Alaska Native females), 22.8% for the Black population (21.8% for Black males and 23.9% for Black females), 19.0% for the Hispanic population (17.5% for Hispanic males and 22.8% for Hispanic females), 47.9% for the Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander population (48.0% for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander males), and 10.7% for White females) (Tables 11 and 23). Changes in age-adjusted rates from 2020 to 2021 were not significant for the Asian population or Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander females.

Alcohol-induced mortality

In 2021, a total of 54,258 people died of alcohol-induced causes in the United States (Tables 7, 9, and 24). This category includes deaths from dependent and nondependent use of alcohol, and deaths from accidental poisoning by alcohol. It excludes unintentional injuries, homicides, and other causes indirectly related to alcohol use, and deaths due to fetal alcohol syndrome. For a list of alcohol-induced causes, see Technical Notes.

The age-adjusted death rate for alcohol-induced causes increased 9.9%, from 13.1 in 2020 to 14.4 in 2021

(Tables 6, 11, and 24). For males in 2021, the age-adjusted death rate for alcohol-induced causes was 2.5 times the rate for females. The rate increased 8.9% for males and 10.7% for females from 2020 to 2021 (Tables 11 and 24).

Among race—ethnicity groups—Age-adjusted rates increased from 2020 to 2021 by 23.9% for the American Indian and Alaska Native population (30.6% for American Indian and Alaska Native males and 13.9% for American Indian and Alaska Native females), 15.5% for the Black population (10.7% for Black males and 21.8% for Black females), 7.9% for the Hispanic population (7.2% for Hispanic males), and 9.1% for the White population (7.9% for White males and 9.2% for White females) (Tables 11 and 24). The age-adjusted rate for alcohol-induced death did not change significantly from 2020 to 2021 for the Asian populations, Hispanic females, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander populations.

Firearm-related mortality

In 2021, 48,830 people died from firearm-related injuries in the United States (Tables 7, 9, and 25). The age-adjusted death rate for firearm-related injuries for the total, male, and female populations increased significantly from 2020 to 2021 by 7.4%, 6.3%, and 10.5%, respectively (Tables 6, 11, and 25). For males in 2021, the age-adjusted death rate for firearm-related injuries was 6.0 times the rate for females.

Among race-ethnicity groups—The age-adjusted death rate increased from 2020 to 2021 by 8.8% for the Black population (6.8% for Black males and 23.3% for Black females), 12.7% for the Hispanic population (10.9% for Hispanic males and 21.1% for Hispanic females), and 6.0% for the White population (5.5% for White males and 5.4% for White females) (Tables 11 and 25). The age-adjusted death rates for firearm-related injuries did not change significantly from 2020 to 2021 for the American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander populations.

Effect on life expectancy of changes in mortality by age and cause of death

Changes in mortality by age and cause of death can have a major effect on life expectancy. In other words, year-to-year changes in life expectancy may be influenced by changes in age-specific rates for certain causes, particularly for younger age groups. Life expectancy at birth for the total population decreased by 0.6 year (from 77.0 years in 2020 to 76.4 years in 2021) primarily because of increases in mortality from COVID-19. unintentional injuries. Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, suicide, and homicide (Table 4). The decrease in life expectancy for the total population was slightly offset by decreases in mortality from Influenza and pneumonia, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, Alzheimer disease, and Parkinson disease. Life expectancy at birth for males decreased by 0.7 year (from 74.2 years in 2020 to 73.5 years in 2021) due to increases in mortality from COVID-19, unintentional injuries. Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, suicide, and homicide. These increases were offset somewhat by decreases in mortality from cancer,

Influenza and pneumonia, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, Alzheimer disease, and heart disease. For the female population, life expectancy decreased by 0.6 year (from 79.9 years in 2020 to 79.3 years in 2021) due to increases in mortality from COVID-19, unintentional injuries, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, stroke, and heart disease, which were offset by decreases in mortality from Influenza and pneumonia, Alzheimer disease, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, cancer, and Parkinson disease. (For a discussion of the major causes contributing to the change in life expectancy, see Technical Notes.)

Life expectancy for the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American Indian and Alaska Native) population decreased by 1.5 years to 65.6 years. This decrease. the largest among race and ethnicity groups, was primarily due to increases in mortality due to unintentional injuries, COVID-19, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, suicide, and heart disease. The decline in life expectancy was offset by decreases in mortality due to Influenza and pneumonia, homicide, congenital malformations. Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period, and Alzheimer disease. Life expectancy for the American Indian and Alaska Native male population decreased 1.6 years to 62.2 years. This decrease, primarily due to increases in mortality from unintentional injuries, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, COVID-19, suicide, and heart disease, was offset somewhat by decreases in mortality from homicide, Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period, Influenza and pneumonia, diabetes, and congenital malformations.

Life expectancy for the White non-Hispanic (subsequently, White) population decreased 0.7 year in 2021 to 76.7 years. This decrease was due to increases in mortality from COVID-19. unintentional injuries, heart disease, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, and suicide. These increases in mortality were offset to some extent by decreases from Influenza and pneumonia, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, Alzheimer disease, cancer, and Parkinson disease. Life expectancy for the White male population decreased 0.8 year in 2021 to 74.0 years due to increases in mortality from COVID-19, unintentional injuries, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, suicide, and diabetes, which was offset somewhat by decreases in mortality from cancer, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, Influenza and pneumonia, Alzheimer disease, and Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period. Life expectancy for White females decreased 0.6 year in 2021 to 79.5 years due to increases in mortality from COVID-19, unintentional injuries, heart disease, stroke, and Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, which were offset somewhat by decreases in mortality from Influenza and pneumonia, Alzheimer disease, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, Parkinson disease, and homicide.

Life expectancy for the Black non-Hispanic (subsequently, Black) population in 2021 decreased 0.3 year to 71.2 years. This decrease was due to increases in mortality from unintentional injuries, COVID-19, homicide, suicide, and Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, which were offset by decreases in mortality from heart disease, cancer, Influenza and pneumonia, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, and Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period. Life expectancy for the Black male population in 2020 decreased 0.2 year to 67.6 years. This decrease was due

to increases in mortality from unintentional injuries, homicide, COVID-19, suicide, and Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, which were offset by decreases in mortality from cancer, heart disease, Influenza and pneumonia, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, and diabetes. Life expectancy for the Black female population decreased 0.4 year in 2021 to 75.0 years due to increases in mortality from COVID-19, unintentional injuries, homicide, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, and stroke, which were offset somewhat by decreases from heart disease, cancer, Influenza and pneumonia, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, and Alzheimer disease.

Life expectancy for the Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian) population decreased 0.1 year to 83.5 years. The decrease, primarily due to increases in mortality due to cancer, unintentional injuries. Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period. stroke, and hypertension, was offset by decreases in mortality due to Influenza and pneumonia, Chronic lower respiratory diseases. diabetes, heart disease, and Alzheimer disease. Life expectancy for the Asian male population increased 0.1 year in 2021 to 81.2 years due to decreases in mortality from heart disease. Influenza and pneumonia, diabetes, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, and Alzheimer disease, which were offset somewhat by increases in mortality from Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period, unintentional injuries, suicide, hypertension, and COVID-19. Life expectancy for the Asian female population decreased by 0.3 year in 2021 to 85.6 years due to increases in mortality from cancer, COVID-19, Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period, stroke, and unintentional injuries, which were offset somewhat by decreases in mortality from Influenza and pneumonia, congenital malformations, Chronic lower respiratory diseases, atherosclerosis, and acute bronchitis.

Life expectancy for the Hispanic population decreased by 0.1 year to 77.8 years. This decrease was due to increases in mortality from unintentional injuries, COVID-19, homicide, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, and suicide, which were offset by decreases from heart disease. Influenza and pneumonia, Alzheimer disease, diabetes, and Chronic lower respiratory diseases. Life expectancy for the Hispanic male population in 2021 remained unchanged at 74.6 years due to increases in mortality from unintentional injuries, homicide, Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, suicide, and Complications of medical and surgical care, which were offset by decreases in mortality from heart disease, Influenza and pneumonia, cancer, diabetes, and Chronic lower respiratory diseases. Life expectancy for the Hispanic female population decreased by 0.2 year in 2021 to 81.1 years due to increases in mortality from COVID-19, unintentional injuries, cancer, stroke, and Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium, which were offset somewhat by decreases in mortality from heart disease, Influenza and pneumonia, Alzheimer disease, diabetes, and Chronic lower respiratory diseases.

The difference in life expectancy between the male and female populations increased 0.1 year in 2021 to 5.8 years (Table 4). The widening in the male-female life expectancy gap was due primarily to greater increases in mortality for the male population for unintentional injuries, COVID-19, Alzheimer disease, suicide, and homicide (data not shown).

Injury mortality by mechanism and intent

In 2021, a total of 306,086 deaths were classified as injuryrelated (Table 12). Injury data are presented using the external cause-of-injury mortality matrix for ICD-10, as jointly conceived by the International Collaborative Effort on Injury Statistics and the Injury Control and Emergency Health Services section of the American Public Health Association (28,29). The ICD codes for injuries have two essential dimensions: the mechanism of the injury and its manner or intent. The mechanism involves the circumstances of the injury (such as fall, motor-vehicle traffic, or poisoning). The manner or intent involves whether the injury was purposefully inflicted (where it can be determined) and, when intentional, whether the injury was self-inflicted (suicide) or inflicted upon another person (assault). In other report tables showing cause of death, the focus is on manner or intent, with subcategories showing selected mechanisms. The matrix has two distinct advantages for the analysis of injury mortality data: It contains a comprehensive list of mechanisms, and data can be displayed by mechanism with subcategories of intent, or vice versa. Four major mechanisms of injury in 2021—poisoning, firearm, fall, and motor-vehicle traffic-accounted for 82.3% of all injury deaths (Table 12). A total of 111,830 deaths occurred as the result of poisonings in 2021, accounting for 36.5% of all injury deaths (Table 12). The age-adjusted death rate for poisoning increased significantly, by 13.4% from 29.8 deaths per 100,000 U.S. standard population in 2020 to 33.8 in 2021. Most poisoning deaths were either unintentional (91.2%) or suicides (5.0%). However, 3.6% of poisoning deaths were of undetermined intent. The age-adjusted death rate for unintentional poisoning increased 15.2%, from 26.9 in 2020 to 31.0 in 2021.

Firearm injuries resulted in 48,830 deaths in 2021 (Table 12). accounting for 16.0% of all injury deaths. The age-adjusted death rate for firearm injuries (all intents) in 2021 increased 7.4% from 2020. The two major component causes of firearm injury deaths in 2021 were suicide (53.9%) and homicide (42.9%). The ageadjusted death rate for firearm suicide increased 7.1%, from 7.0 in 2020 to 7.5 in 2021. The age-adjusted rate for firearm homicide increased 8.1%, from 6.2 in 2020 to 6.7 in 2021. A total of 45,988 people died as the result of falls in 2021, accounting for 15.0% of all injury deaths (Table 12). The age-adjusted death rate for falls in 2021 increased 11.3%, from 10.6 in 2020 to 11.8 in 2021. The overwhelming majority of fall-related deaths (97.2%) were unintentional. Motor vehicle traffic-related injuries in 2021 resulted in 45,404 deaths, accounting for 14.8% of all injury deaths (Table 12). The age-adjusted death rate for these injuries increased 10.8%, from 12.0 in 2020 to 13.3 in 2021.

Marital status

For those age 15 and older, the number of deaths in 2021 among people who were married was 1,279,442; widowed, 1,028,227; divorced, 601,216; and never married, 496,695 (Table 13); see Technical Notes. Those who were widowed had the highest age-adjusted death rate (2,036.2 per 100,000 U.S. standard population), followed by never-married people (1,729.3), divorced people (1,643.7), and married people

(898.6). Never-married people had an age-adjusted death rate 39.4% higher than those ever-married (92.4% higher than currently married people and 5.2% higher than divorced people). Widowed people had a rate more than twice that of married people, 23.9% higher than divorced people, and 17.7% higher than never-married people. Divorced people had a rate 1.8 times the rate of those who were married at the time of death.

For all age groups 15 and older, age-specific death rates for married people were much lower than those for never-married people. For those ages 15–24, divorced people had the highest death rate, whereas for those ages 25–34, 35–44, and 75 and older, widowed people had the highest death rate. Never-married people had the highest death rate among those ages 45–54, 55–64, and 65–74.

For each marital status group in 2021, males had higher ageadjusted death rates than females, ranging from 48.4% greater for those never married to 71.2% higher for those married at the time of death.

Educational attainment

Age-specific and age-adjusted death rates are shown by educational attainment for age groups in the range of 25–64 years (Table 14). In 2021, a total of 409,553 decedents ages 25–64 had received a high school diploma or equivalent, compared with 312,389 who had completed some college or collegiate degree and 159,086 who had achieved less than a high school diploma or equivalent. In 2021, age-adjusted death rates for those with less than a high school diploma or GED (778.2 per 100,000 U.S. standard population) and for those with a high school diploma or GED (817.1) were more than 3 times the rate for those with some college or collegiate degree (253.9).

Injury at work

Deaths, crude death rates, and age-adjusted death rates for injury at work are shown for those age 15 and older (Tables 15 and 16). Age-adjusted death rates for injury at work were computed using age-specific death rates and the 2000 U.S. standard population for those age 15 and older; see "Computing rates" in Technical Notes. Information on deaths attributed to injuries at work is derived from a separate item on the death certificate that asks the medical certifier whether the death resulted from an injury sustained at work. This item is on the death certificate of all states.

State of residence

Mortality patterns varied considerably by state (Tables 17 and 20). The state with the highest age-adjusted death rate in 2021 was West Virginia (1,229.1 deaths per 100,000 U.S. standard population), with a rate 39.7% above the national rate (879.7). The state with the lowest age-adjusted death rate was Hawaii (630.0), with a rate 28.4% below the national rate. The age-adjusted death rate for West Virginia was 95.1% higher than the rate for Hawaii.

Variations in mortality by state were associated with differences in socioeconomic status, racial and ethnic composition, as well as with differences in risk of specific causes of death (30).

Infant mortality

In 2021, a total of 19,920 deaths occurred in children younger than age 1 year (Tables C, D, 19, and 20). This number represents 338 more infant deaths in 2021 than in 2020. The ratio of male-to-female IMRs was 1.2, the same as in 2020. IMR was 5.44 infant deaths per 1,000 live births, the neonatal

Table C. Number of infant, neonatal, and postneonatal deaths and mortality rate, by sex: United States, 2020–2021 [Rates are infant (younger than 1 year), neonatal (younger than 28 days), and postneonatal (28 days–11 months) deaths per 1,000 live births in specified group]

	, ,	, ,			
_	202	1	202	20	Percent change ¹ from
Age and sex	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	2020 to 2021
Infant					
⁻ otal	19,920	5.44	19,582	5.42	0.4
Male	10,909	5.82	10,859	5.88	-1.0
Female	9,011	5.03	8,723	4.94	1.8
Neonatal					
otal	12,768	3.48	12,856	3.56	-2.2
Male	6,899	3.68	7,098	3.84	-4.2
Female	5,869	3.28	5,758	3.26	0.6
Postneonatal					
otal	7,152	1.95	6,726	1.86	4.8
Male	4,010	2.14	3,761	2.04	4.9
Female	3,142	1.75	2,965	1.68	4.2

¹Based on a comparison of 2021 and 2020 mortality rates.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table D. Number of infant deaths, percentage of total infant deaths, and infant mortality rate for 2021, and percent change in infant mortality rates from 2020 to 2021 for the 10 leading causes of infant death in 2021: United States

[Rates are infant deaths per 100,000 live births]

Rank ¹	Cause of death (based on <i>International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision</i>)	Number	Percent of total deaths ²	Rate	Percent change ³ from 2020 to 2021
•••	All causes.	19,920	100.0	543.6	0.3
1	Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities (Q00–Q99)	3,963	19.9	108.2	-3.3
2	Disorders related to short gestation and low birth weight,				
	not elsewhere classified(P07)	2,946	14.8	80.4	-7.5
3	Sudden infant death syndrome	1,459	7.3	39.8	3.6
4	Accidents (unintentional injuries)	1,306	6.6	35.6	7.9
5	Newborn affected by maternal complications of pregnancy(P01)	1.113	5.6	30.4	-1.6
6	Newborn affected by complications of placenta, cord and membranes (P02)	672	3.4	18.3	-5.7
7	Bacterial sepsis of newborn	557	2.8	15.2	1.3
8	Respiratory distress of newborn	414	2.1	11.3	5.6
9	Diseases of the circulatory system(100–199)	402	2.0	11.0	2.8
10	Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxia	358	1.8	9.8	15.3
	All other causes	6,730	33.8	183.7	

^{...} Category not applicable.

 $NOTE: Due \ to \ rounding, \ percent \ changes \ based \ on \ rates \ per \ 100,000 \ live \ births \ may \ differ \ from \ those \ computed \ using \ rates \ per \ 1,000 \ live \ births.$

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

mortality rate (deaths of infants ages 0–27 days per 1,000 live births) was 3.48, and the postneonatal mortality rate (deaths of infants ages 28 days–11 months per 1,000 live births) was 1.95 in 2021 (Figure 5 and Tables C and 18; see Technical Notes for information on alternative data sources).

The postneonatal mortality rate increased 4.8% from 2020 to 2021. Changes in the infant and neonatal mortality rates from 2020 to 2021 were not statistically significant.

The 10 leading causes of infant death in 2021 accounted for 66.2% of all infant deaths in the United States (Table D). By rank, the 10 leading causes were:

- Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities (congenital malformations)
- Disorders related to short gestation and low birth weight, not elsewhere classified (low birth weight)
- 3. Sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS)
- 4. Accidents (unintentional injuries)
- 5. Newborn affected by maternal complications of pregnancy (maternal complications)
- Newborn affected by complications of placenta, cord and membranes (cord and placental complications)
- 7. Bacterial sepsis of newborn
- 8. Respiratory distress of newborn
- 9. Diseases of the circulatory system
- 10. Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxia

The rankings of the top nine leading causes of infant death remained unchanged in 2021 from 2020 (31). The 10th leading cause in 2021, Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxia, replaced Neonatal hemorrhage, which dropped from the list. Among the

10 leading causes, IMR decreased 7.5% from 2020 for low birth weight. Changes in rates among the other leading causes of infant death were not statistically significant (Table D).

IMRs by race for non-Hispanic origin that are based on the mortality file may be somewhat understated and are better measured using data from the linked file of live births and infant deaths (32); see Technical Notes. Infant mortality data presented in this report use the general mortality file, not the linked file of live births and infant deaths. IMRs for the Hispanic population are not adjusted for misclassification; see Technical Notes. Because these rates are not adjusted, misclassification of Hispanic origin should be considered when interpreting rate disparities between Hispanic and non-Hispanic populations (16).

In 2021, the IMR for Asian non-Hispanic infants was 2.94 per 1,000 live births, an increase of 25.1% from 2.35 in 2020. In 2021, the IMR was 5.03 for Hispanic infants, 7.46 for American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic infants, 10.97 for Black non-Hispanic infants, 7.24 for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic infants, and 4.20 for White non-Hispanic infants (Table 18). The changes in IMRs in 2021 from 2020 for these groups were not statistically significant.

Maternal mortality

In 2021, a total of 1,205 women died of maternal causes in the United States—344 more deaths than in 2020 (Table 21) (31). The overall maternal mortality rate increased 38.2%, from 23.8 deaths per 100,000 live births in 2020 to 32.9 in 2021. COVID-19, listed on the death certificate as a contributing cause of death for 35.6% of maternal deaths in 2021, likely contributed to the rise in maternal mortality in 2021 (14). The maternal mortality rate in 2021 was highest for American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic (subsequently, American

¹Based on number of deaths; see Technical Notes in this report.

²Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

³Based on a comparison of the 2021 infant mortality rate with the 2020 infant mortality rate.

30 20 Deaths per 1,000 live births 10 Infant Neonatal Postneonatal 0 1970 1980 1990 2000 2010 2021 1960 NOTE: Rates are infant (younger than 1 year), neonatal (younger than 28 days), and postneonatal (28 days-11 months) deaths per 1,000 live births in specified group SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file

Figure 5. Infant, neonatal, and postneonatal mortality rates: United States, 1960-2021

Indian and Alaska Native) women (118.7), followed by Black non-Hispanic (subsequently, Black) (69.9), Hispanic (28.0), White non-Hispanic (subsequently, White) (26.6), and Asian non-Hispanic (subsequently, Asian) (16.8) women. The maternal mortality rate increased 53.8% for Hispanic women (from 18.2 in 2020 to 28.0 in 2021), 26.4% for Black women (from 55.3 to 69.9), and 39.3% for White women (from 19.1 to 26.6). The change in maternal mortality rates for Asian women was not significant. For American Indian and Alaska Native women, the maternal mortality rate in 2021 is not comparable to the rate in 2020 because the number of deaths in 2020 did not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. In 2021, the maternal mortality rate for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander women did not meet standards of reliability because the number of deaths is too low.

Maternal deaths and death rates shown in this report are based on a revised method for coding maternal deaths that was adopted by the National Center for Health Statistics starting with the 2018 data year, and a new coding change that was adopted in 2021 (33) (see Technical Notes). Maternal deaths include deaths of women, while pregnant or within 42 days of being pregnant,

from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy but exclude deaths from external causes (that is, accidents, homicides, and suicides); for more information, see "Maternal Mortality in the United States: Changes in Coding, Publication, and Data Release, 2018" (33) and Technical Notes.

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Table 1. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, and 2010–2021

[Excludes deaths of nonresidents of the United States. Data for specified race or Hispanic-origin groups other than non-Hispanic White and non-Hispanic Black should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys, although misclassification is very minor for the Hispanic and non-Hispanic Asian or Pacific Islander populations; see Technical Notes in this report]

			Number		Cri	ude death ra	te ¹	Age-ac	ljusted deatl	ı rate²
	Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
	All origins and races ³									
2021		3,464,231	1,838,108	1,626,123	1,043.8	1,118.2	970.8	879.7	1,048.0	733.3
2020		3,383,729	1,769,884	1,613,845	1,027.0	1,090.8	965.1	835.4	998.3	695.1
2019		2,854,838	1,473,823	1,381,015	869.7	911.7	829.0	715.2	846.7	602.7
2018		2,839,205	1,458,469	1,380,736	867.8	905.2	831.6	723.6	855.5	611.3
2017		2,813,503	1,439,111	1,374,392	863.8	897.2	831.4	731.9	864.5	619.7
2016		2,744,248	1,400,232	1,344,016	849.3	880.2	819.3	728.8	861.0	617.5
2015		2.712.630	1,373,404	1,339,226	844.0	868.0	820.7	733.1	863.2	624.2
		, ,	1,328,241	1,298,177	823.7	846.4	801.7	724.6	855.1	616.7
			1,306,034	1,290,959	821.5	839.1	804.4	731.9	863.6	623.5
		, ,	1,273,722	1,269,557	810.2	824.5	796.4	732.8	865.1	624.7
			1,254,978	1,260,480	807.3	818.7	796.3	741.3	875.3	632.4
			1,232,432	1,236,003	799.5	812.0	787.4	747.0	887.1	634.9
			, ,							731.4
			1,177,578	1,225,773	854.0	853.0	855.0	869.0	1,053.8	
			1,113,417	1,035,046	863.8	918.4	812.0	938.7	1,202.8	750.9
		, , -	1,075,078	914,763	878.3	976.9	785.3	1,039.1	1,348.1	817.9
			1,078,478	842,553	945.3	1,090.3	807.8	1,222.6	1,542.1	971.4
		, ,	975,648	736,334	954.7	1,104.5	809.2	1,339.2	1,609.0	1,105.3
1950		1,452,454	827,749	624,705	963.8	1,106.1	823.5	1,446.0	1,674.2	1,236.0
1940		1,417,269	791,003	626,266	1,076.4	1,197.4	954.6	1,785.0	1,976.0	1,599.4
	Hispanic ⁴									
2021		315,664	181,195	134,469	503.9	571.3	434.7	724.7	884.9	582.7
2020		305,708	175,585	130,123	498.6	567.8	428.2	723.6	903.8	570.1
2019		212,397	117,683	94,714	350.7	384.9	315.7	523.8	633.2	430.7
		204,719	113,045	91,674	341.9	373.9	309.3	524.1	633.1	431.7
2017		197,249	108,579	88,670	334.6	364.6	304.0	524.7	631.8	434.2
		188,254	103,532	84,722	327.6	356.8	297.7	525.8	631.8	436.4
		179,457	98,170	81,287	317.1	343.2	290.4	525.3	628.9	438.3
		169,387	92,474	76,913	305.8	330.1	281.0	523.3	626.8	437.5
		163,241	88,880	74,361	301.9	323.7	279.4	535.4	639.8	448.6
		156,419	85,238	71,181	295.0	316.5	272.7	539.1	643.9	452.5
					287.5			540.7		452.8
			81,887	67,748		309.7	264.6		647.3	
		144,490 107,254	79,622 60,172	64,868 47,082	286.2 303.8	310.8 331.3	260.9 274.6	558.6 665.7	677.7 818.1	463.4 546.0
2000		107,234	00,172	47,002	303.0	331.3	214.0	003.7	010.1	540.0
مادمداد	Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵ an Indian and Alaska Native:									
	an mulan and Alaska Native.	26,972	14,724	12,248	1,100.0	1,216.9	986.2	1,109.2	1,282.7	946.6
2021		•	13,431	11,294	1,100.0	1,123.4	913.2	1,109.2	1,205.7	881.5
		,				,		,	,	
		18,057	9,732	8,325	741.6	812.1	673.3	782.5	901.9	673.3
		17,790	9,678	8,112	735.9	813.5	660.8	790.8	918.7	673.1
Asian:										
		,	48,386	44,046	469.5	511.7	430.5	461.7	554.9	386.3
			47,699	43,476	470.8	515.8	429.6	457.7	557.4	378.5
2019		70,532	35,914	34,618	373.1	398.7	349.8	372.8	442.4	317.2
2018		68,768	35,089	33,679	367.2	393.4	343.3	381.2	454.1	324.1
Black:										
2021		449,764	238,599	211,165	1,074.5	1,185.8	971.4	1,118.0	1,374.0	917.2
2020		449,213	237,703	211,510	1,084.3	1,200.0	978.4	1,119.0	1,399.0	905.2
2019		346,677	181,363	165,314	842.5	921.8	769.9	884.0	1,092.8	724.9
		,-	177,958	163,450	834.7	909.8	765.9	892.6	1,102.8	733.7
	Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:	5 . 1, 100	,000	. 55, 100	55	550.0	. 50.0	332.0	.,.52.0	. 00.1
		5,223	2,906	2,317	834.0	917.5	748.6	924.3	1,042.8	806.0
		,	2,489	1,950	723.5	804.6	641.1	821.3	947.9	699.8
		,	1,938	1,553	585.8	646.5	524.4	679.0	769.0	589.5
2010		0.491	1.938	1,003	0.00.0	0 4 0.3	J24.4	079.0	709.0	J09.5
			1,786	1,491	558.9	605.4	511.8	675.7	758.1	597.3

Table 1. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, and 2010–2021—Con.

[Excludes deaths of nonresidents of the United States. Data for specified race or Hispanic-origin groups other than non-Hispanic White and non-Hispanic Black should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys, although misclassification is very minor for the Hispanic and non-Hispanic Asian or Pacific Islander populations; see Technical Notes in this report]

		Number		Cri	ude death ra	te ¹	Age-ac	djusted death	ı rate²
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵ —Con.									
hite:									
2021	2,548,809	1,337,385	1,211,424	1,294.9	1,368.8	1,222.1	893.9	1,055.6	751.4
2020	2,484,072	1,278,612	1,205,460	1,262.4	1,317.7	1,208.6	834.7	985.0	703.
2019	2,183,844	1,115,767	1,068,077	1,106.8	1,146.6	1,068.1	739.9	868.8	627.4
2018	2,182,552	1,108,848	1,073,704	1,104.8	1,138.2	1,072.3	748.7	878.0	636.

¹Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

²Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population. For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

³Includes origins and races not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race. The Hispanic-origin category is consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) standards; see Technical Notes.

⁵Only one race was reported on the death certificate. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 OMB standards; see Technical Notes.

Table 2. Number of deaths and death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021

						Ag	je group (yea	ırs)						Age-
Hispanic origin and race and sex	All ages	Younger than 1 year ¹	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age not stated	adjuste rate ²
							Number							
Total	3,464,231	19,920	3,816	5,975	38,307	82,274	124,939	216,037	478,171	724,266	829,653	940,780	93	
Male	1,838,108	10,909	2,105	3,494	27,911	57,910	81,589	135,774	292,961	418,941	432,389	374,055	70	
Female		9,011	1,711	2,481	10,396	24,364	43,350	80,263	185,210	305,325	397,264	566,725	23	
Single race ³	3,444,013	18,975	3,651	5,766	37,283	80,827	123,373	214,033	475,074	720,570	826,379	937,989	93	
Male	1,826,819	10,409	2,008	3,383	27,215	56,905	80,587	134,528	291,125	416,861	430,763	372,965	70	
Female	1,617,194	8,566	1,643	2,383	10,068	23,922	42,786	79,505	183,949	303,709	395,616	565,024	23	
Two or more races ⁴	20,218	945	165	209	1,024	1,447	1,566	2,004	3,097	3,696	3,274	2,791	_	
Male	11,289	500	97	111	696	1,005	1,002	1,246	1,836	2,080	1,626	1,090	_	
Female	8,929	445	68	98	328	442	564	758	1,261	1,616	1,648	1,701	_	
lispanic, total ⁵	315.664	4,453	804	1.347	8,421	14,924	21,252	32,603	51,588	59.784	60.039	60,445	4	
Male	181.195	2,421	416	750	6,273	11,248	15,205	22,205	33,385	34,921	30,574	23,793	4	
Female	134,469	2,032	388	597	2,148	3,676	6,047	10,398	18,203	24,863	29,465	36,652	_	
Hispanic, single race ³	312,795	4,270	776	1,315	8,238	14,677	21,029	32,311	51,189	59,277	59,620	60,089	4	
Male	179,564	2,329	402	734	6,153	11,063	15,056	22,020	33,149	34,637	30,361	23,656	4	•
Female	133,231	1,941	374	581	2,085	3,614	5,973	10,291	18,040	24,640	29,259	36,433	_	
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.878	41	9	13	89	156	181	206	345	380	236	222	_	
Male	1,070	26	5	4	62	106	122	128	195	221	137	84	_	
Female	788	15	1	9	27	50	59	78	150	159	99	138	_	
Asian	961	35	5	12	38	49	69	108	118	169	198	160	_	•
Male	515	20	3	6	30	34	47	68	73	89	96	49	_	
Female	446	15	2	6	8	15	22	40	45	80	102	111	_	•
	5.232	257	55	64	297	426	423	514	737	843	817	799	_	• •
Black	2,923	137	33	41	297	299	275	322	451	476	410	262	_	• •
Female	2,923	120	22	23	80	127	148	192	286	367	407	537	_	• •
Native Hawaiian or	2,309	120	22	23	00	121	140	192	200	307	407	337	_	
Other Pacific Islander	372	10	4	5	22	36	51	52	59	62	41	33		
	241	7	I	3	18	31	34	52 40	59 45	28	20	აა 15	_	• •
Male	131	3	1	3 2	4	5 S	3 4 17	12	45 14	20 34	20	18	_	• •
Female	304.352		706		•	•							4	•
White	,	3,927		1,221	7,792 5.826	14,010	20,305	31,431	49,930	57,823	58,328	58,875	4	
Male	174,795	2,139	361	680 541	- ,	10,593	14,578	21,462	32,385	33,823	29,698	23,246	•	
Female	129,557	1,788	345	541	1,966	3,417	5,727	9,969	17,545	24,000	28,630	35,629	_	
Hispanic, two or more races ⁴	2,869	183	28	32	183	247	223	292	399	507	419	356	_	•
Male	1,631	92	14	16	120	185	149	185	236	284	213	137	_	• •
Female	1,238	91	14	16	63	62	74	107	163	223	206	219	-	

Table 2. Number of deaths and death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

						Aç	je group (yea	ars)						Age-
Hispanic origin and race and sex	All ages	Younger than 1 year ¹	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age not stated	adjusted rate ²
						N	umber—Cor	l.						_
Non-Hispanic, single race ³	3,123,200	14,495	2,867	4,446	28,983	66,002	102,035	181,074	422,162	659,006	765,229	876,854	47	
Male	1,642,000	7,973	1,603	2,645	21,019	45,740	65,300	112,056	256,678	380,628	399,474	348,850	34	
Female	1,481,200	6,522	1,264	1,801	7,964	20,262	36,735	69,018	165,484	278,378	365,755	528,004	13	
American Indian and Alaska Native	26,972	195	55	83	700	1,876	2,582	3,373	5,344	5,506	4,401	2,856	1	
Male	14,724	105	34	41	465	1,204	1,574	2,030	3,140	2,886	2,165	1,079	1	
Female	12,248	90	21	42	235	672	1,008	1,343	2,204	2,620	2,236	1,777	-	
Asian	92,432	628	120	192	902	1,672	2,783	5,480	10,364	17,702	22,964	29,624	1	
Male	48,386	352	65	111	622	1,158	1,821	3,453	6,477	10,155	12,175	11,996	1	
Female	44,046	276	55	81	280	514	962	2,027	3,887	7,547	10,789	17,628	-	
Black	449,764	5,682	1,064	1,514	10,211	19,442	25,938	41,975	85,176	105,401	83,750	69,602	9	
Male	238,599	3,153	571	923	7,757	13,588	16,320	25,204	49,838	58,065	39,561	23,613	6	
Female	211,165	2,529	493	591	2,454	5,854	9,618	16,771	35,338	47,336	44,189	45,989	3	
Native Hawaiian or														
Other Pacific Islander	5,223	69	15	15	123	265	475	762	1,039	1,156	816	488	-	
Male	2,906	46	6	10	91	189	293	460	583	640	389	199	-	
Female	2,317	23	9	5	32	76	182	302	456	516	427	289	-	
White	2,548,809	7,921	1,613	2,642	17,047	42,747	70,257	129,484	320,239	529,241	653,298	774,284	36	
Male	1,337,385	4,317	927	1,560	12,084	29,601	45,292	80,909	196,640	308,882	345,184	311,963	26	
Female	1,211,424	3,604	686	1,082	4,963	13,146	24,965	48,575	123,599	220,359	308,114	462,321	10	
Non-Hispanic, two or more races ⁴	17,316	760	136	176	841	1,195	1,341	1,707	2,693	3,184	2,849	2,434	_	
Male	9,636	407	82	94	576	815	852	1,058	1,599	1,793	1,408	952	_	
Female	7,680	353	54	82	265	380	489	649	1,094	1,391	1,441	1,482	_	
Not stated or not classifiable origin ⁶	8,051	212	9	6	62	153	311	653	1,728	2,292	1,536	1,047	42	
Male	5,277	108	4	5	43	107	232	455	1,299	1,599	933	460	32	
Female	2,774	104	5	1	19	46	79	198	429	693	603	587	10	

Table 2. Number of deaths and death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

						Ag	e group (yea	rs)						Age-
Hispanic origin and race and sex	All ages	Younger than 1 year ¹	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age not stated	adjusted rate ²
							Rate	e ⁷						
Total ⁸	1,043.8	558.8	25.0	14.3	88.9	180.8	287.9	531.0	1,117.1	2,151.3	5,119.4	15,743.3		879.7
Male	1,118.2	598.9	27.0	16.4	126.9	251.2	373.3	668.4	1,397.5	2,640.0	6,031.8	17,190.5		1,048.0
Female	970.8	517.0	22.9	12.2	49.3	108.6	201.2	393.9	848.0	1,715.6	4,395.7	14,914.5		733.3
Single race ³	1,069.2	570.5	25.6	14.7	90.5	183.3	290.8	535.2	1,124.7	2,163.3	5,147.3	15,834.6		885.7
Male	1,145.2	612.3	27.5	16.8	129.4	254.5	376.8	673.3	1,406.6	2,654.7	6,065.4	17,296.1		1,055.2
Female	994.7	526.8	23.5	12.4	50.0	110.1	203.4	397.3	853.8	1,725.1	4,419.0	14,998.1		738.0
Two or more races ⁵	206.5	396.2	16.8	8.5	53.6	102.7	160.1	287.7	550.2	1,032.6	2,162.8	5,357.7		390.1
Male	232.2	411.1	19.3	8.9	71.9	144.0	213.6	375.1	688.5	1,251.5	2,444.9	5,564.6		461.5
Female	181.2	380.8	14.1	8.2	34.8	62.2	110.9	208.0	425.7	842.9	1,941.7	5,233.0		327.6
Hispanic, total ⁵	503.9	472.4	20.3	12.5	81.7	155.7	236.3	433.1	932.7	1,894.0	4,328.7	11,953.4		724.7
Male	571.3	502.9	20.6	13.7	119.3	227.1	324.2	579.3	1,213.4	2,374.1	5,208.9	12,927.3		884.9
Female	434.7	440.6	20.0	11.3	42.6	79.3	140.4	281.5	654.9	1,475.0	3,683.0	11,396.2		582.7
Hispanic, single race ³	515.8	477.5	20.6	12.8	83.0	158.0	240.1	438.5	944.0	1,912.5	4,368.0	12,048.3		732.1
Male	584.6	509.9	21.0	14.0	121.4	230.3	329.3	586.3	1,227.9	2,396.6	5,254.2	13,025.3		893.9
Female	445.1	443.7	20.3	11.6	42.9	80.5	142.6	284.8	662.6	1,489.5	3,717.4	11,488.8		588.4
American Indian and Alaska Native	98.0	97.1	*	*	29.6	54.8	66.2	93.3	218.0	475.5	823.6	2,534.0		163.7
Male	109.5	121.5	*	*	40.4	70.6	82.0	108.3	236.6	556.4	1,055.6	2,548.5		189.7
Female	85.6	*	*	*	18.4	37.2	47.4	76.0	197.8	395.6	631.6	2,525.2		138.4
Asian	144.6	224.3	*	*	36.3	49.7	76.7	151.9	236.5	621.0	1,827.4	4,604.3		264.6
Male	154.6	250.6	*	*	55.8	69.0	102.9	193.2	302.1	720.6	2,140.5	4,032.9		297.6
Female	134.6	*	*	*	*	*	49.7	111.5	174.9	538.2	1.606.3	4,911.5		232.9
Black	163.4	364.6	20.1	10.0	57.1	86.7	95.9	157.7	309.2	638.3	1.487.4	4.406.1		268.3
Male	184.8	381.3	23.8	12.6	81.6	120.2	128.5	210.1	402.7	797.6	1.805.1	4.168.7		318.7
Female	142.5	347.4	16.4	7.3	31.5	52.4	65.2	111.2	226.3	506.9	1,263.3	4,532.0		224.0
Native Hawaiian or											,	,		
Other Pacific Islander	157.1	*	*	*	61.5	97.8	140.0	203.5	348.4	764.5	1.336.4	3.552.2		272.3
Male	197.0	*	*	*	*	158.1	168.2	302.2	531.0	731.1	1.534.9	*		338.1
Female	114.5	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	794.4	1,189.8	*		209.3
White	557.1	516.4	21.8	13.4	86.9	167.2	256.4	467.3	1,006.9	2,027.3	4,602.0	12,595.4		773.1
Male	631.4	550.3	21.9	14.6	127.3	244.3	351.8	624.6	1,309.7	2,543.7	5,536.9	13.636.6		945.1
Female	480.8	480.9	21.7	12.2	44.8	84.5	151.7	303.0	705.7	1.576.3	3.916.1	11.997.7		620.1
Hispanic, two or more races ⁴	143.5	378.0	14.2	6.5	48.3	84.1	94.9	184.3	367.5	889.4	1.898.9	5,131.9		320.9
Male	162.8	372.5	*	*	62.4	124.5	127.1	238.6	458.1	1,107.7	2,335.8	5,621.7		390.2
Female	124.1	383.8	*	*	33.8	42.8	62.8	132.3	285.6	710.9	1,591.2	4.866.7		264.3

Table 2. Number of deaths and death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

						Ag	e group (yea	rs)						Age-
Hispanic origin and race and sex	All ages	Younger than 1 year ¹	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age not stated	adjusted rate ²
							Rate ⁷ —	-Con.						
Non-Hispanic, single race ³	1,194.5	596.1	27.3	15.3	92.7	189.7	303.1	555.1	1,146.6	2,181.5	5,209.3	16,163.4		903.0
Male	1,274.8	641.4	29.8	17.8	131.7	260.6	388.3	690.7	1,426.2	2,669.6	6,123.0	17,665.6		1,072.2
Female	1,116.6	548.7	24.6	12.7	52.1	117.5	218.0	420.9	879.3	1,745.2	4,479.2	15,303.6		756.3
American Indian and Alaska Native	1,100.0	722.6	47.5	24.2	193.9	498.0	819.4	1,191.9	1,771.6	2,613.2	4,938.0	10,070.5		1,109.2
Male	1,216.9	761.1	57.7	23.4	254.0	630.5	1,002.0	1,456.6	2,182.4	2,963.9	5,450.8	9,996.3		1,282.7
Female	986.2	682.4	37.0	24.9	132.1	361.9	637.8	935.0	1,397.0	2,311.9	4,525.7	10,116.1		946.6
Asian	469.5	328.1	13.9	8.5	38.4	53.1	87.0	198.5	468.8	1,082.0	3,014.3	9,945.8		461.7
Male	511.7	357.1	14.5	9.6	52.7	74.8	119.7	265.5	632.5	1,400.2	3,636.7	10,593.4		554.9
Female	430.5	297.4	13.1	7.4	24.0	32.1	57.3	138.9	327.6	828.6	2,526.3	9,548.6		386.3
Black	1,074.5	1,129.2	50.0	26.4	171.7	296.8	465.3	827.8	1,681.3	3,100.0	6,003.1	14,435.6		1,118.0
Male	1,185.8	1,231.7	53.0	31.7	257.9	416.3	608.6	1,050.9	2,118.4	3,935.6	7,251.9	15,908.6		1,374.0
Female	971.4	1,023.0	47.0	20.9	83.5	178.1	332.5	627.6	1,302.4	2,459.4	5,201.3	13,780.5		917.2
Native Hawaiian or		•							-	•	·			
Other Pacific Islander	834.0	846.7	*	*	143.1	262.2	488.9	1,012.4	1,546.9	2,665.6	4,469.3	8,062.1		924.3
Male	917.5	1,096.8	*	*	206.2	364.3	587.2	1,204.5	1,753.5	3,076.6	4,565.7	8,112.5		1,042.8
Female	748.6	581.5	*	*	76.6	154.5	385.1	814.5	1,344.3	2,286.6	4,384.9	8,027.8		806.0
White	1,294.9	465.4	21.9	12.8	75.7	173.7	287.0	529.9	1,097.8	2,123.9	5,257.7	16,793.9		893.9
Male	1,368.8	495.9	24.5	14.7	104.7	236.9	365.1	655.3	1,361.5	2,587.2	6,168.8	18,352.7		1,055.6
Female	1,222.1	433.4	19.1	10.8	45.3	108.5	206.8	401.9	839.1	1,697.7	4,511.3	15,883.6		751.4
Non-Hispanic, two or more races ⁴	222.3	399.8	17.3	9.0	54.9	107.1	180.5	317.1	592.8	1,058.1	2,203.2	5,390.2		406.0
Male	249.6	419.9	20.4	9.4	74.3	148.3	242.1	415.5	743.3	1,275.6	2,453.5	5,550.7		479.3
Female	195.4	378.9	14.0	8.6	35.1	67.1	125.1	228.8	457.4	867.4	2,003.4	5,291.9		341.5

^{...} Category not applicable.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

⁻ Quantity zero.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability: see Technical Notes.

¹Death rates for ages younger than 1 year (based on population estimates) differ from infant mortality rates (based on live births); see Technical Notes.

²For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

³Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

⁴Two or more races were reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

⁵Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

⁶Includes origin not stated or not classifiable; see Technical Notes.

⁷Data for age not stated included in all ages category but not distributed among age groups.

⁸Includes deaths with origin not stated and origin not classifiable; see Technical Notes.

Table 3. Number of deaths and death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, by specified Hispanic origin and sex: United States, 2021

[Rates are per 100,000 population in specified group; age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. Populations used for computing death rates for Hispanic total are postcensal estimates based on the 2010 census estimated as of July 1, 2021; populations used for computing death rates for Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central American, South American, Dominican, and Other and unknown Hispanic are estimates based on the 2021 1-year American Community Survey adjusted to control totals. The control totals are 2010-based postcensal estimates for the United States for July 1, 2021; see Technical Notes. Hispanic origin is reported separately on the death certificate. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Data for Hispanic origin should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies between reporting Hispanic origin on death certificates and on censuses and surveys; see Technical Notes]

		Age group (years)												Age-
Hispanic origin and sex	All ages	Younger than 1 year ¹	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age not stated	adjusted rate ²
							Number							
Hispanic	315,664	4,453	804	1,347	8,421	14,924	21,252	32,603	51,588	59,784	60,039	60,445	4	
Male	181,195	2,421	416	750	6,273	11,248	15,205	22,205	33,385	34,921	30,574	23,793	4	
Female	134,469	2,032	388	597	2,148	3,676	6,047	10,398	18,203	24,863	29,465	36,652	_	
Central American	21,205	446	94	139	854	1,396	1,997	2,561	3,612	3,842	3,244	3,020	_	
Male	12,339	255	51	74	705	1,128	1,517	1,862	2,318	2,096	1,442	891	_	
Female	8,866	191	43	65	149	268	480	699	1,294	1,746	1,802	2,129	_	
Cuban	21,675	99	18	25	152	310	405	933	2,330	3,191	5,587	8,625	-	
Male	11,255	59	8	14	119	231	293	653	1,603	1,977	2,929	3,369	-	
Female	10,420	40	10	11	33	79	112	280	727	1,214	2,658	5,256	-	
Dominican	7,598	88	21	36	169	366	431	590	1,048	1,494	1,642	1,713	-	
Male	4,003	48	11	18	133	268	302	367	596	851	823	586	-	
Female	3,595	40	10	18	36	98	129	223	452	643	819	1,127	-	
Mexican	174,828	2,566	426	785	5,094	8,690	12,799	20,272	30,378	34,076	31,238	28,503	1	
Male	103,658	1,393	219	456	3,745	6,608	9,212	13,910	19,856	20,221	16,197	11,840	1	
Female	71,170	1,173	207	329	1,349	2,082	3,587	6,362	10,522	13,855	15,041	16,663	_	
Puerto Rican	35,727	403	75	120	643	1,448	2,195	3,303	5,719	6,903	7,789	7,128	1	
Male	19,598	220	38	66	445	1,059	1,538	2,214	3,626	3,893	3,848	2,650	1	
Female	16,129	183	37	54	198	389	657	1,089	2,093	3,010	3,941	4,478	_	
South American	14,523	119	21	46	219	413	572	918	1,917	2,812	3,628	3,858	_	
Male	7,590	68	11	20	163	297	397	606	1,199	1,568	1,767	1,494	_	
Female	6,933	51	10	26	56	116	175	312	718	1,244	1,861	2,364	_	
Other and unknown Hispanic	40,108	732	149	196	1,290	2,301	2,853	4,026	6,584	7,466	6,911	7,598	2	
Male	22,752	378	78	102	963	1,657	1,946	2,593	4,187	4,315	3,568	2,963	2	
Female	17,356	354	71	94	327	644	907	1,433	2,397	3,151	3,343	4,635	_	

Table 3. Number of deaths and death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, by specified Hispanic origin and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

[Rates are per 100,000 population in specified group; age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. Populations used for computing death rates for Hispanic total are postcensal estimates based on the 2010 census estimated as of July 1, 2021; populations used for computing death rates for Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central American, South American, Dominican, and Other and unknown Hispanic are estimates based on the 2021 1-year American Community Survey adjusted to control totals. The control totals are 2010-based postcensal estimates for the United States for July 1, 2021; see Technical Notes. Hispanic origin is reported separately on the death certificate. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Data for Hispanic origin should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies between reporting Hispanic origin on death certificates and on censuses and surveys; see Technical Notes]

						Ag	e group (yea	rs)						Age-
Hispanic origin and sex	All ages	Younger than 1 year ¹	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age not stated	adjusted rate ²
							Rat	e^3						
Hispanic	503.9	472.4	20.3	12.5	81.7	155.7	236.3	433.1	932.7	1,894.0	4,328.7	11,953.4		724.7
Male	571.3	502.9	20.6	13.7	119.3	227.1	324.2	579.3	1.213.4	2.374.1	5,208.9	12.927.3		884.9
Female	434.7	440.6	20.0	11.3	42.6	79.3	140.4	281.5	654.9	1,475.0	3,683.0	11,396.2		582.7
Central American	336.2	402.4	21.2	13.1	83.2	133.4	192.2	347.2	734.4	1.580.7	4.047.7	11.588.6		646.0
Male	382.0	425.2	22.0	13.8	133.2	207.6	267.4	482.4	974.8	2,047.4	5,127.1	13,500.0		823.8
Female	288.1	375.5	20.2	12.4	30.0	53.3	101.7	198.8	509.4	1.241.1	3.464.1	10.940.4		514.2
Cuban	903.1	400.4	*	9.7	57.0	90.6	129.5	269.0	704.7	1,549.8	4,196.5	12,811.9		636.0
Male	925.1	492.5	*	*	86.8	128.5	180.2	354.9	921.8	2,015.9	5,164.4	13,956.1		777.3
Female	880.4	313.8	*	*	25.5	48.7	74.6	171.9	463.8	1,125.8	3.478.1	12.172.3		511.6
Dominican	317.4	226.4	12.8	9.4	45.4	92.7	128.8	212.7	468.1	1,091.1	3,051.5	11,543.1		502.4
Male	355.0	256.5	*	*	68.9	140.6	194.6	305.1	637.8	1,522.0	4,259.8	12.070.0		641.4
Female	284.0	198.4	*	*	20.1	48.0	71.9	141.9	346.5	793.7	2,374.6	11,286.9		409.1
Mexican	469.5	467.6	17.9	11.5	77.4	152.4	243.0	463.0	1.018.0	2.056.3	4.531.2	12.709.0		767.4
Male	545.6	500.6	18.0	13.1	111.1	223.7	335.5	617.8	1,304.0	2,556.2	5.464.7	13,596.7		931.9
Female	390.3	433.6	17.7	9.9	41.9	75.8	142.3	299.1	720.0	1.599.6	3.827.1	12,145.5		616.4
Puerto Rican	616.2	503.3	21.2	12.5	73.6	166.2	273.8	483.9	996.5	1.865.3	4.636.4	11.714.1		752.1
Male	678.3	553.3	21.0	13.2	99.6	237.8	382.7	659.2	1.311.6	2.275.7	5.611.8	12.538.4		918.7
Female	554.5	454.0	21.5	11.7	46.4	91.4	164.4	314.0	703.6	1,512.6	3,963.8	11,275.3		610.9
South American	334.0	256.7	9.7	8.1	38.2	65.0	79.7	144.9	384.7	1,007.3	2,791.1	7,971.1		400.7
Male	360.9	264.8	*	7.0	57.0	95.7	111.2	200.9	513.1	1,309.2	3.296.0	8,593.6		483.6
Female	308.8	246.6	*	9.1	19.5	35.7	48.5	94.1	271.4	780.4	2,436.7	7,622.1		336.1
Other and unknown Hispanic	991.3	1.099.8	56.8	28.1	204.2	416.1	537.7	906.8	1.635.8	2,703.2	5,249.7	15.334.0		1.111.3
Male	1,102.6	1,126.3	56.6	28.3	290.8	564.4	665.0	1,148.8	2,200.7	3,428.4	6,496.1	17,491.1		1,383.6
Female	875.4	1,072.9	57.0	27.9	108.8	248.2	381.3	656.5	1,129.4	2,096.1	4,357.4	14,213.4		874.1

^{...} Category not applicable.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Quantity zero.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

¹Death rates for ages younger than 1 year (based on population estimates) differ from infant mortality rates (based on live births); see Technical Notes.

²For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

³Figures for age not stated are included in all ages category but not distributed among age groups.

Table 4. Life expectancy at selected ages, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021

[Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards]

											1	Non-Hispanio	c, single rac	ce					
	Total ¹			Hispanic ^{2,3}				American Indian or Alaska Native ^{2,4}			Asian ^{2,4}			Black ^{2,4}			White ^{2,4}		
Exact age	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
0	76.4	73.5	79.3	77.8	74.6	81.1	65.6	62.2	69.2	83.5	81.2	85.6	71.2	67.6	75.0	76.7	74.0	79.5	
	75.8	73.0	78.7	77.2	74.0	80.5	65.1	61.7	68.8	82.8	80.5	84.9	71.0	67.4	74.7	76.0	73.4	78.8	
5	71.9	69.1	74.8	73.3	70.1	76.5	61.2	57.8	64.9	78.8	76.5	80.9	67.1	63.5	70.8	72.1	69.4	74.8	
	66.9	64.1	69.8	68.3	65.1	71.5	56.3	52.9	59.9	73.9	71.6	75.9	62.2	58.6	65.9	67.1	64.5	69.9	
	62.0	59.2	64.9	63.4	60.2	66.6	51.3	48.0	55.0	68.9	66.6	71.0	57.3	53.7	61.0	62.1	59.5	64.9	
20	57.1	54.4	60.0	58.5	55.4	61.7	46.7	43.4	50.3	64.0	61.7	66.0	52.7	49.2	56.1	57.3	54.7	60.0	
	52.5	49.8	55.2	53.8	50.8	56.9	42.4	39.2	45.8	59.2	56.9	61.1	48.2	44.9	51.4	52.6	50.1	55.2	
30	47.8	45.4	50.4	49.2	46.3	52.1	38.3	35.3	41.5	54.3	52.1	56.2	43.8	40.7	46.8	47.9	45.6	50.4	
	43.3	41.0	45.7	44.6	41.9	47.3	34.5	31.7	37.5	49.5	47.3	51.3	39.5	36.6	42.3	43.4	41.2	45.7	
	38.8	36.6	41.1	40.1	37.5	42.6	31.0	28.4	33.7	44.7	42.6	46.4	35.3	32.5	37.8	38.9	36.8	41.1	
45	34.4	32.3	36.5	35.6	33.2	37.9	27.5	25.1	30.0	39.9	37.9	41.6	31.1	28.6	33.5	34.5	32.5	36.5	
	30.1	28.2	32.1	31.2	28.9	33.3	24.5	22.3	26.7	35.2	33.3	36.8	27.1	24.8	29.3	30.2	28.3	32.1	
55	26.0	24.2	27.8	27.0	24.9	28.9	21.5	19.6	23.4	30.7	28.8	32.1	23.3	21.1	25.3	26.0	24.3	27.8	
	22.1	20.5	23.7	23.0	21.1	24.7	18.8	17.2	20.3	26.2	24.6	27.5	19.8	17.8	21.6	22.1	20.5	23.7	
	18.4	17.0	19.7	19.3	17.6	20.6	16.3	15.0	17.3	21.9	20.5	23.0	16.7	14.9	18.1	18.4	17.0	19.7	
70	14.9	13.7	16.0	15.8	14.4	16.8	13.6	12.6	14.4	17.9	16.7	18.7	13.7	12.3	14.9	14.9	13.7	15.9	
	11.6	10.6	12.5	12.4	11.3	13.2	11.2	10.4	11.7	14.0	13.0	14.6	11.0	9.8	11.8	11.5	10.6	12.4	
80	8.7	7.9	9.4	9.4	8.5	9.9	9.1	8.5	9.4	10.5	9.7	10.9	8.5	7.6	9.1	8.7	7.8	9.3	
	6.3	5.6	6.7	6.9	6.1	7.1	7.2	6.8	7.3	7.5	6.9	7.7	6.4	5.6	6.7	6.2	5.6	6.6	
	4.4	3.9	4.6	4.8	4.3	4.9	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.0	4.7	5.1	4.7	4.2	4.9	4.3	3.8	4.5	
95	3.0 2.2	2.7 1.9	3.2 2.2	3.4 2.4	3.0	3.3 2.3	4.5 3.6	4.3 3.5	4.3 3.4	3.4 2.3	3.1 2.2	3.3 2.2	3.4 2.6	3.1 2.4	3.5 2.6	3.0 2.1	2.6 1.9	3.1 2.2	

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

¹Includes origins and races not shown separately; see Technical Notes in this report.

²Based on death rates adjusted for Hispanic-origin and race misclassification on death certificates; see Technical Notes.

³Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

⁴Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

Table 5. Life expectancy at birth, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, and 2000–2021

Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female
All origins and races ¹			
20212	76.4	73.5	79.3
$2020^2\ldots\ldots\ldots$	77.0	74.2	79.9
2019 ^{2,3}	78.8	76.3	81.4
2018 ²	78.7	76.2	81.2
20172	78.6	76.1	81.1
2016 ²	78.7	76.2	81.1
2015 ²	78.7	76.3	81.1
2014 ²	78.9	76.5	81.3
2013 ²	78.8	76.4	81.2
2012 ²	78.8	76.4	81.2
2011 ²	78.7	76.3	81.1
20102	78.7	76.2	81.0
2009 ²	78.5	76.0	80.9
2008 ²	78.2	75.6	80.6
2007	78.1	75.5	80.6
2006	77.8	75.2	80.3
2005	77.6	75.0	80.1
2004	77.6	75.0	80.1
2003	77.2	74.5	79.7
2002	77.0	74.4	79.6
2001	77.0	74.3	79.5
2000	76.8	74.1	79.3
1990	75.4	71.8	78.8
1980	73.7	70.0	77.4
1970	70.8	67.1	74.7
1960	69.7	66.6	73.1
1950	68.2	65.6	71.1
1940	62.9	60.8	65.2
	02.9	00.0	03.2
Hispanic ⁴⁻⁶ 2021 ²	77.8	74.6	81.1
20202	77.0 77.9	74.6 74.6	81.3
2019 ^{2,3}	81.9	74.6 79.1	84.4
2018 ²	81.8	79.1 79.1	84.3
2017 ²	81.8	79.1 79.1	64.3 84.3
2016 ²	81.8	79.1 79.1	64.3 84.3
2015 ^{2,7}	81.9	79.1 79.3	64.3 84.3
2014 ²	82.1	79.3 79.4	64.5 84.5
	82.1 81.9	79.4 79.2	84.5 84.2
2013 ²	81.9 81.9	79.2 79.3	84.2 84.3
2011 ²	81.8	79.3 79.2	84.3 84.2
2010 ²	81.7	78.8	84.3
2009 ²	81.1	78.4	83.5
2008 ²	80.8	78.0	83.3
2007	80.7	77.8	83.2
2006	80.3	77.5	82.9

Table 5. Life expectancy at birth, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, and 2000-2021—Con.

Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female
Non-Hispanic, single race ^{6,8}			
American Indian and Alaska Native:			
2021 ²	65.6	62.2	69.2
20202	67.1	63.8	70.7
2019 ^{2,3}	71.8	68.6	75.0
20182			
Asian:			
2021 ²	83.5	81.2	85.6
20202	83.6	81.1	85.9
2019 ^{2,3}	85.6	83.5	87.4
2018 ²			
Black:			
20212	71.2	67.6	75.0
20202	71.5	67.8	75.4
2019 ^{2,3}	74.8	71.3	78.1
2018 ²	74.7	71.3	78.0
White:			
2021 ²	76.7	74.0	79.5
20202	77.4	74.8	80.1
2019 ^{2,3}	78.8	76.3	81.3
20182	78.6	76.2	81.1

⁻⁻⁻ Data not available.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality

¹Includes origins and races not shown separately; see Technical Notes in this report. ²Life expectancies for 2008–2021 were calculated using newly revised life table

methodology described in the Technical Notes.

3Life expectancies were updated using final data; therefore, data may differ from

preliminary data previously published; see Technical Notes.

⁴Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race. The Hispanic-origin category is consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) standards; see Technical Notes.

⁵Data by Hispanic origin available beginning with data year 2006.

⁶Based on death rates adjusted for Hispanic-origin and race misclassification on death certificates; see Technical Notes.

⁷Life expectancies were revised using updated Medicare data; as a result, data may differ from those previously published; see Technical Notes.

⁸Only one race was reported on the death certificate. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 OMB standards; see Technical Notes.

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999–2021

	Age group (years)												
		Younger											Age-
Cause of death	All	than 1										85 and	adjusted
(based on ICD–10) and year	ages ¹	year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	older	rate ³
All causes													
2021		558.8	25.0	14.3	88.9	180.8	287.9	531.0	1,117.1	2,151.3	,	15,743.3	879.7
2020		524.3	22.7	13.7	84.2	159.5	248.0	473.5	1,038.9	2,072.3		15,210.9	835.4
2019	869.7	553.0	23.3	13.4	69.7	128.8	199.2	392.4	883.3	1,764.6		13,228.6	715.2
2018	867.8	557.8	24.0	13.3	70.2	128.8	194.7	395.9	886.7	1,783.3		13,450.7	723.6
2017	863.8	567.0	24.3	13.6	74.0	132.8	195.2	401.5	885.8	1,790.9		13,573.6	731.9
2016	849.3	583.4	25.3	13.4	74.9	129.0	192.2	405.5	883.8	1,788.6		13,392.1	728.8
2015	844.0	589.6	24.9	13.2	69.5	116.7	180.1	404.0	875.3	1,796.8		13,673.9	733.1
2014	823.7	588.0	24.0	12.7	65.5	108.4	175.2	404.8	870.3	1,786.3		13,407.9	724.6
2013	821.5	594.7	25.5	13.0	64.8	106.1	172.0	406.1	860.0	1,802.1	4,648.1	13,660.4	731.9
2012	810.2	599.3	26.3	12.6	66.4	105.4	170.7	405.4	854.2	1,802.5		13,678.6	732.8
2011	807.3	600.1	26.3	13.2	67.7	104.7	172.0	409.8	849.4	1,846.2		13,779.3	741.3
2010	799.5	623.4	26.5	12.9	67.7	102.9	170.5	407.1	851.9	1,875.1		13,934.3	747.0
2009	794.5	659.7	27.4	13.8	69.8	104.4	180.0	418.1	856.7	1,888.7		13,660.1	749.6
2008	812.9	678.9	29.3	13.9	74.2	105.1	181.0	419.6	867.1	1,958.4		14,332.4	774.9
2007	804.6	702.5	29.4	15.2	78.8	107.2	186.0	420.3	866.7	1,976.0		14,160.9	775.3
2006	813.1	705.8	29.1	15.2	81.4	109.0	192.0	427.5	881.3	2,031.4		14,426.7	791.8
2005	828.4	710.2	29.9	16.3	80.7	106.8	194.9	431.9	898.5	2,109.7	,	14,982.4	815.0
2004	818.8	695.9	30.3	16.7	79.7	104.1	194.9	426.8	903.2	2,141.0		14,777.6	813.7
2003	843.9	704.9	31.8	16.9	81.1	105.2	202.6	433.1	937.3	2,235.0		15,401.4	843.5
2002	849.5	709.5	31.4	17.4	80.9	105.1	204.2	431.0	948.7	2,300.3		15,589.5	855.9
2001	848.0	687.0	33.4	17.2	80.2	105.6	203.5	426.7	972.5	2,344.2	,	15,432.6	858.8
2000	854.0	736.7	32.4	18.0	79.9	101.4	198.9	425.6	992.2	2,399.1		15,524.4	869.0
1999	857.0	736.0	34.2	18.6	79.3	102.2	198.0	418.2	1,005.0	2,457.3	5,714.5	15,554.6	875.6
Diseases of heart (100–109,111,113,120–151)													
2021	209.6	7.4	0.8	0.5	2.2	9.1	29.4	84.9	208.7	416.6	1,044.2	4,078.7	173.8
2020	211.5	6.5	0.7	0.4	2.0	8.6	28.9	84.6	208.8	414.2	1,017.2	3,822.1	168.2
2019	200.8	7.1	0.8	0.4	2.0	7.6	25.2	76.2	190.4	388.8	991.2	3,798.3	161.5
2018	200.3	7.5	0.7	0.4	2.1	7.8	25.5	77.4	191.7	392.4	1,008.3	3,844.8	163.6
2017	198.8	7.7	0.8	0.4	2.1	8.1	25.4	77.1	190.7	392.9	1,028.4	3,882.9	165.0
2016	196.6	7.4	0.7	0.5	2.2	7.7	25.9	79.5	189.6	392.5	1,037.1	3,873.4	165.5
2015	197.2	7.3	0.9	0.5	2.3	8.0	25.6	79.3	188.1	389.5	1,071.6	3,986.5	168.5
2014	192.7	8.0	0.9	0.5	2.2	7.7	25.6	80.1	185.8	385.2	1,070.2	3,920.9	167.0
2013	193.3	7.8	1.1	0.4	2.1	7.6	25.6	80.3	184.6	390.3	1,095.1	4,013.9	169.8
2012	191.0	8.5	1.0	0.4	2.2	7.6	25.9	79.7	184.6	388.3	1,103.7	4,046.1	170.5
2011	191.5	7.7	1.0	0.5	2.3	7.9	26.2	80.7	183.2	399.0	1,134.7	4,111.6	173.7
2010	193.6	8.3	1.0	0.5	2.4	7.8	25.8	81.6	186.6	409.2	1,172.0	4,285.2	179.1
2009	195.4	9.6	0.9	0.5	2.4	7.8	26.7	82.3	190.0	422.8	1,210.8	4,316.9	182.8
2008	202.8	9.6	1.2	0.6	2.5	8.1	26.9	85.2	195.3	441.4	1,271.7	4,598.4	192.1
2007	204.5	10.2	1.1	0.6	2.5	8.1	27.7	85.2	197.8	454.8	1,308.6	4,668.1	196.1
2006	211.7	8.6	1.0	0.6	2.5	8.4	28.5	88.0	205.1		1,378.0	4,877.6	205.5
2005	220.7	8.9	0.9	0.6	2.6	8.3	29.2	89.7	212.8		1,458.5	5,188.3	216.8
2004	222.8	10.5	1.2	0.6	2.5	8.1	29.5	90.2	217.1		1,504.1	5,233.8	221.6
2003	236.1	11.0	1.2	0.6	2.7	8.3	30.8	92.4	232.3	579.8	1,607.7	5,570.7	
2002	242.3	12.7	1.1	0.6	2.5	8.0	30.7	93.9	240.5	612.0	-	5,726.3	244.6
2001	245.7	11.9	1.5	0.7	2.5	8.0	29.6	92.4	248.9		1,723.0	5,784.1	249.5
2000	252.6	13.0	1.2	0.7	2.6	7.4	29.2	94.2	261.2	665.6	1,780.3	5,926.1	257.6
1999	259.9	13.8	1.2	0.7	2.8	7.6	30.2	95.7	269.9		1,849.9	6,063.0	
	_50.5	. 5.0		J.,				30.7	_00.0	. 5	.,010.0	2,300.0	_55.5

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

				-		Age	group (ye	ars)					=
Cause of death (based on ICD–10) and year	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age- adjuste rate ³
Malignant neoplasms (C00–C97)													
2021	182.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	3.1	7.9	25.8	82.5	252.4	532.1	1,017.2	1,712.9	146.6
2020	182.8	1.4	2.0	1.9	3.1	7.8	25.5	85.7	260.0	539.1	990.0	1,538.1	144.1
2019	182.7	1.5	1.8	1.9	3.3	7.8	25.7	87.1	263.3	543.3	1,005.9	1,571.0	146.2
2018	183.2	1.3	2.0	2.1	3.2	8.1	25.8	89.6	269.6	554.4	1,031.5	1,577.7	149.1
2017	183.9	1.4	2.0	2.1	3.2	8.0	26.7	92.7	273.4	567.5	1,060.2	1,600.3	
2016	185.1	1.7	2.4	2.1	3.3	8.5	26.9	96.5	280.6	578.3	1,081.7	1,620.3	
2015	185.4	1.3	2.2	2.1	3.4	8.4	26.9	99.7	284.1	594.3	1,100.8	1,628.6	
2014	185.6	1.3	2.0	2.1	3.6	8.3	27.8	103.2	287.6	603.1	1,125.9	1,632.9	
2013	185.0	1.6	2.1	2.2	3.4	8.6	28.1	105.5	288.2	616.9	1,139.4	1,635.4	
2012	185.6	1.6	2.4	2.2	3.6	8.7	28.0	108.5	293.2	632.2	1,161.7	1,658.9	
2011	185.1	1.8	2.2	2.1	3.7	8.4	28.8	109.3	295.8	647.6	1,179.1	1,676.2	
2010	186.2	1.6	2.1	2.2	3.7	8.8	28.8	111.6	300.1	666.1	1,202.2	1,729.5	
2009	185.0	1.8	2.2	2.2	3.8	9.0	30.2	112.8	301.7	668.2	1,213.0	1,699.3	
2008	186.0	1.7	2.4	2.2	3.8	8.8	30.1	113.4	304.7	688.4	1,230.9	1,724.6	
2007	186.9	1.7	2.3	2.4	3.8	8.7	31.0	114.2	311.4	702.9	1,250.1	1,739.4	
2006	187.6	1.9	2.4	2.2	3.8	9.3	32.2	116.3	317.7	716.3	1,259.2	1,748.3	
2005	189.3	1.9	2.4	2.5	4.0	9.2	33.5	118.6	323.9	733.2	1,272.8	1,778.2	
2004	189.2	1.8	2.5	2.5	4.1	9.3	33.6	119.0	330.8	746.8	1,278.6	1,767.4	
2003	192.0	1.9	2.5	2.6	4.0	9.5	35.1	122.1	341.6	763.5	1,299.7	1,792.3	
2002	193.7	1.9	2.6	2.6	4.2	9.8	36.0	124.1	349.7	787.2	1,308.8	1,812.4	
2001	194.3	1.6	2.7	2.4	4.2	10.1	36.8	125.8	359.4	799.7	1,313.7	1,802.9	
2000	196.5 197.0	2.4 1.8	2.7 2.7	2.5 2.5	4.4 4.5	9.8 10.0	36.6 37.1	127.5 127.6	366.7 374.6	816.3 827.1	1,335.6 1,331.5	1,819.4 1,805.8	
COVID-19 (U07.1) ⁴	197.0	1.0	2.1	2.5	4.5	10.0	37.1	121.0	3/4.0	021.1	1,331.3	1,000.0	200.0
2021	125.6	2.6	0.4	0.3	3.3	13.5	36.9	00.6	172.2	305.1	609.7	1,354.4	104.1
2020	106.5	0.9	0. 4 *	0.3	3.3 1.2	4.9	14.4	90.6 42.0	99.3	234.3	589.8	1,645.0	
Accidents	100.0	0.0		0.1	1.2	1.0		12.0	00.0	201.0	000.0	1,010.0	00.0
(unintentional injuries) (V01–X59,Y85–Y86)													
2021	67.8	36.6	8.5	4.2	36.7	75.7	84.0	77.2	78.2	64.7	126.8	446.0	64.7
2020	61.0	32.0	7.4	3.8	35.5	68.0	73.7	68.9	68.2	57.2	113.3	383.6	57.6
2019	52.7	33.5	7.3	3.6	27.5	53.4	57.8	57.1	58.6	54.5	115.5	377.4	49.3
2018	51.1	30.4	7.7	3.5	28.0	53.9	54.9	55.4	56.0	52.3	111.3	368.6	48.0
2017	52.2	33.4	7.9	3.8	31.1	56.6	55.8	57.7	55.7	50.7	113.3	374.9	
2016	49.9	30.7	7.9	4.0	31.9	53.7	51.8	54.6	52.7	49.1	110.7	365.7	
2015	45.6	32.5	7.8	3.7	28.5	44.8	43.9	49.8	47.7	47.0	111.5	364.5	
2014	42.6	29.4	7.6	3.6	26.8	39.8	39.6	47.4	44.9	45.1	108.7	349.1	40.5
2013	41.3	29.3	8.3	3.7	26.4	37.8	38.0	46.5	43.4	43.5	107.4	340.0	
2012	40.7	29.6	8.4	3.8	27.1	37.5	37.1	46.1	41.0	44.0	107.8	336.9	
2011	40.6	29.1	8.5	4.0	28.2	37.1	37.5	46.4	39.8	44.5	107.0	333.8	
2010	39.1	28.1	8.6	4.0	28.3	35.5	36.0	43.7	38.4	43.3	106.1	328.4	
2009	38.5	29.5	9.0	4.1	28.6	34.5	36.4	44.5	36.5	42.1	103.5	310.9	
2008	40.1	31.8	9.1	4.6	32.5	36.3	38.1	45.8	37.4	43.9	105.7	318.3	39.2
2007	41.1	31.0	9.9	5.4	36.8	37.7	39.6	46.2	36.8	44.4	105.0	313.6	
2006	40.8	28.4	10.1	5.6	37.9	38.0	40.5	45.5	35.8	43.8	104.7	299.2	
2005	39.9	27.0	10.5	5.9	37.1	35.7	38.9	43.2	35.4	45.7	106.0	303.5	
2004	38.3	26.2	10.4	6.5	36.8	33.2	37.6	40.7	32.9	43.5	103.6	295.8	
2003	37.7	23.8	11.0	6.4	36.9	32.0	38.0	38.8	32.7	43.7	101.6	294.3	
2002	37.1	23.9	10.6	6.6	37.7	31.9	37.4	36.7	31.3	44.0	101.1	289.6	
2001	35.6	24.3	11.2	6.9	35.8	30.0	35.4	33.9	30.5	42.6	100.7	282.2	
2000	34.8	23.1	11.9	7.3	36.0	29.5	34.1	32.6	30.9	41.9	95.1	273.5	
1999	35.1	22.3	12.4	7.6	35.3	29.6	33.8	31.8	30.6	44.6	100.5	282.4	35.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

		Age group (years)												
Cause of death (based on ICD–10) and year	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age- adjusted rate ³	
Cerebrovascular diseases (160–169)													-	
2021	49.1	2.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	1.4	5.0	14.1	34.2	84.1	274.8	1,111.1	41.1	
2020	48.6	2.8	0.4	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.8	14.1	33.4	81.0	262.9	1,017.9	38.8	
2019	45.7	2.7	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.2	12.6	30.5	76.4	254.2	977.3	37.0	
2018	45.2	2.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	1.2	4.1	12.3	30.3	76.8	256.0	984.3	37.1	
2017	44.9	2.5	0.4	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.4	12.3	30.3	76.4	263.1	993.5	37.6	
2016	44.0	3.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	1.3	4.6	12.5	29.7	76.0	265.5	972.9	37.3	
2015	43.7	2.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.4	12.3	29.6	75.5	273.0	975.8	37.6	
2014	41.7	2.4	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.3	12.3	29.3	74.5	265.7	929.7	36.5	
2013	40.8	2.7	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.2	4.2	12.4	28.9	74.2	268.9	906.0	36.2	
2012	40.9	2.6	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.3	12.8	28.7	75.7	272.2	931.2	36.9	
2011	41.4	3.4	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.2	12.8	29.4	78.2	285.4	943.7	37.9	
2010	41.9	3.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.6	13.1	29.3	81.7	288.3	993.8	39.1	
2009	42.0	3.7	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.6	13.7	29.7	82.8	294.9	992.2	39.6	
2008	44.1	3.4	0.4	0.2	0.4	1.3	4.8	13.7	30.6	87.3	313.3	1,071.0	42.1	
2007	45.1	3.2	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.3	5.0	14.5	31.7	91.4	320.8	1,110.7	43.5	
2006	46.0	3.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.3	5.1	14.6	32.9	94.9	333.9	1,131.7	44.8	
2005	48.6	3.1	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.4	5.2	15.0	32.7	99.8	358.4	1,239.7	48.0	
2004	51.3	3.2	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.4	5.4	14.8	34.0	106.6	385.6	1,331.9	51.2	
2003	54.4	2.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.5	5.6	15.0	35.5	111.9	409.8	1,446.0	54.6	
2002	56.6	3.0	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.4	5.4	15.1	37.1	119.6	430.0	1,520.1	57.2	
2001	57.4	2.7	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.5	5.5	15.0	38.3	122.9	443.3	1,532.0	58.4	
2000	59.6	3.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.5	5.8	16.0	41.0	128.6	461.3	1,589.2	60.9	
1999	60.0	2.7	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.4	5.7	15.2	40.6	130.8	469.8	1,614.8	61.6	
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40–J47)														
2021	42.9	*	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.8	1.7	7.8	41.2	112.7	285.9	600.6	34.7	
2020	46.3	*	*	0.4	0.5	0.9	1.9	8.8	44.4	118.5	300.1	612.6	36.4	
2019	47.8	*	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.6	8.8	44.2	124.6	318.0	654.3	38.2	
2018	48.7	*	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.6	9.1	44.5	128.6	335.7	682.4	39.7	
2017	49.2	*	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.7	9.4	44.4	133.8	347.6	700.6	40.9	
2016	47.8	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.7	10.1	43.0	134.1	347.2	676.9	40.6	
2015	48.2	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	1.7	10.1	42.7	136.6	357.9	705.1	41.6	
2014	46.1	*	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.8	1.9	10.1	41.2	134.9	349.0	670.5	40.5	
2013	47.2	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.7	1.9	10.6	40.5	141.2	367.0	699.3	42.1	
2012	45.7	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	1.8	10.2	39.4	140.0	364.0	687.8	41.5	
2011	45.9	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	1.8	10.4	39.5	144.3	374.9	697.9	42.5	
2010	44.7	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	1.7	9.9	39.0	146.3	369.9	690.7	42.2	
2009	44.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.8	10.4	40.0	147.5	376.4	684.9	42.7	
2008	46.4	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	1.9	9.9	41.1	155.9	395.4	722.7	44.7	
2007	42.5	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.7	1.9	9.5	38.6	145.5	367.1	652.0	41.4	
2006	41.8	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	1.9	9.1	38.8	147.0	362.0	641.3	41.0	
2005	44.3	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.7	2.0	9.4	41.6	158.4	385.0	691.9	43.9	
2004	41.7	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	2.0	8.4	40.1	152.1	366.2	643.2	41.6	
2003	43.6	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	2.2	8.7	43.1	161.7	382.2	670.2		
2002	43.4	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.8	2.3	8.7	42.2	162.0	385.8	670.3	43.9	
2001	43.2	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.7	2.2	8.4	44.5	167.3	379.3	658.3	43.9	
	43.4	0.9	0.3	0.3		0.7	2.1	8.6	44.2	169.4	386.1	648.6	44.2	
2000					0.5	11 /			44 /		Jan I	n/4× n		

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

		Age group (years)												
Cause of death (based on ICD–10) and year	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age- adjusted rate ³	
Alzheimer disease														
(G30)														
2021	36.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.3	3.2	26.4	214.3	1,243.6	31.0	
2020	40.7	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.3	3.3	28.6	229.3	1,287.3	32.4	
2019	37.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	3.0	24.9	210.2	1,191.3	29.8	
2018	37.3	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.3	2.9	24.7	213.9	1,225.3	30.5	
2017	37.3	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.3	2.8	24.7	219.7	1,244.7	31.0	
2016	35.9	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.7	23.6	214.1	1,216.9	30.3	
2015	34.4	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.7	22.4	211.9	1,174.2	29.4	
	29.3	*	*	*	*	*	*		2.4		185.6	,	25.4	
2014	26.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2 0.2	2.1	19.6		1,006.8	23.4	
2013		*	*	*	*	*	*			18.1	171.6	929.5		
2012	26.6	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.2	17.9	175.4	936.1	23.8	
2011	27.3	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.2	19.2	183.9	967.1	24.7	
2010	27.0		*	·	*	*	*	0.3	2.1	19.8	184.5	987.1	25.1	
2009	25.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.0	19.4	179.1	945.3	24.2	
2008	27.1		*	*				0.2	2.2	21.1	192.5	1,002.2	25.8	
2007	24.8	*		*	*	*	*	0.2	2.2	20.2	175.8	928.7	23.8	
2006	24.3	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.1	19.9	175.0	923.4	23.7	
2005	24.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.1	20.2	177.0	935.5	24.0	
2004	22.5	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.8	19.5	168.5	875.3	22.6	
2003	21.9	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.0	20.7	164.1	846.8	22.1	
2002	20.5	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	1.9	19.6	157.7	790.9	20.8	
2001	18.9	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.1	18.6	147.2	725.4	19.3	
2000	17.6	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.0	18.7	139.6	667.7	18.1	
1999	16.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.9	17.4	129.5	601.3	16.5	
Diabetes mellitus (E10–E14)														
2021	31.1	*	*	0.1	0.8	2.8	6.8	18.7	43.5	83.0	160.4	309.9	25.4	
2020	31.0	*	*	0.1	0.7	2.5	6.9	18.7	42.5	83.6	154.7	293.4	24.8	
2019	26.7	*	*	0.1	0.6	1.9	5.3	15.5	36.5	73.3	138.9	259.5	21.6	
2018	26.0	*	*	0.1	0.6	1.8	5.5	15.4	35.3	72.1	137.5	260.4	21.4	
2017	25.7	*	*	0.1	0.6	1.8	5.2	15.1	35.5	71.9	140.8	262.4	21.5	
2016	24.8	*	*	0.1	0.5	1.8	5.1	14.6	34.4	69.9	137.9	263.6	21.0	
2015	24.7	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.8	4.9	14.4	34.7	70.6	143.0	267.0	21.3	
2014	24.0	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.6	4.9	13.9	33.3	69.0	141.8	268.6	20.9	
2013	23.9	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.6	4.8	13.5	33.2	68.5	145.7	279.5	21.2	
2012	23.6	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.5	4.6	13.0	32.5	69.7	145.8	285.7	21.2	
2011	23.7	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.6	4.5	13.4	33.3	72.0	148.8	289.5	21.6	
2010	22.4	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.5	4.4	12.5	32.0	67.6	144.1	285.5	20.8	
2009	22.4	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.5	4.5	12.8	32.1	69.6	145.8	282.6	21.0	
	23.2	*	*											
2008		*	*	0.1	0.5	1.4	4.4	12.6	33.3	74.7	153.2	298.9	22.0	
2007	23.7	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.5	4.6	13.1	34.1	76.7	161.9	302.2	22.8	
2006	24.3	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.7	4.8	13.1	35.8	80.6	166.2	310.4	23.6	
2005	25.4		*	0.1	0.5	1.6	4.7	13.4	36.9	85.7	177.0	338.8	24.9	
2004	25.0	*		0.1	0.4	1.5	4.6	13.4	36.8	86.2	176.6	328.2	24.7	
2003	25.6	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.7	4.6	13.9	38.3	90.0	180.7	335.1	25.5	
2002	25.5	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.6	4.8	13.7	37.5	90.9	182.4	337.0		
2001	25.0	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.5	4.3	13.6	38.1	91.0	181.1	328.6	25.4	
2000	24.6	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.6	4.3	13.1	37.8	90.7	179.5	319.7	25.0	
1999	24.5	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.4	4.3	12.9	38.3	91.8	178.0	317.2	25.0	

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

						Age	group (ye	ars)					
Cause of death (based on ICD–10) and year	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age- adjusted rate ³
Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (K70,K73–K74)													
2021	17.0	*	*	*	0.1	4.0	13.4	25.8	41.3	38.4	36.4	31.0	14.5
2020	15.7	*	*	*	0.1	3.5	11.7	23.5	38.1	36.5	34.5	27.0	13.3
2019	13.5	*	*	*	0.1	2.4	8.2	19.8	33.9	33.1	32.2	26.5	11.3
2018	13.1	*	*	*	0.1	2.2	7.5	19.6	33.0	32.5	32.5	25.5	11.1
2017	12.8	*	*	*	0.1	2.0	7.3	19.6	32.7	31.7	31.3	26.8	10.9
2016	12.5	*	*	*	0.1	2.1	7.0	19.5	32.4	30.7	31.9	24.5	10.7
2015	12.5	*	*	*	0.1	1.9	7.0	20.5	32.5	30.5	31.9	25.1	10.8
2014	12.0	*	*	*	0.1	1.7	6.4	19.9	31.9	29.6	30.4	23.4	10.4
2013	11.5	*	*	*	0.1	1.6	6.2	20.1	30.4	28.1	29.9	23.0	
2012	11.1	*	*	*	0.1	1.4	6.1	20.1	29.1	27.6	29.3	21.4	9.9
2011	10.8	*	*	*	0.1	1.2 1.2	6.0 5.9	19.8 19.2	28.2	26.3 26.3	29.3 27.7	22.1	9.7 9.4
2010	10.3 10.0	*	*	*	0.1 0.1	1.2	5.9 6.0		26.8			21.8	
2008	9.9	*	*	*	0.1	1.1	6.1	18.7 18.5	25.9 25.0	25.4 26.3	27.2 28.0	21.1 21.9	9.1 9.2
2007	9.7	*	*	*	0.1	1.0	6.0	18.7	24.2	26.2	28.2	21.3	9.1
2006	9.2	*	*	*	0.1	0.8	5.9	17.8	22.6	25.6	28.9	21.7	8.8
2005	9.3	*	*	*	0.1	0.8	6.2	17.7	23.3	26.8	28.9	21.3	8.9
2004	9.2	*	*	*	*	0.8	6.4	18.0	22.4	27.4	28.7	21.1	9.0
2003	9.5	*	*	*	*	0.9	6.8	18.3	22.9	29.2	29.9	21.2	9.3
2002	9.5	*	*	*	0.1	1.0	7.1	18.0	22.8	29.3	31.3	22.5	9.4
2001	9.5	*	*	*	0.1	1.0	7.4	18.4	22.9	29.8	30.2	22.7	9.5
2000	9.4	*	*	*	0.1	1.0	7.5	17.7	23.8	29.8	31.0	23.1	9.5
1999	9.4	*	*	*	0.1	1.0	7.3	17.4	23.7	30.6	31.9	23.2	9.6
Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis (N00–N07,N17–N19,N25–N27)													
2021	16.4	1.3	*	*	0.1	8.0	2.2	6.2	14.9	36.4	96.1	271.1	13.6
2020	15.9	1.2	*	*	0.2	0.7	2.0	5.8	14.7	35.2	89.3	248.1	12.7
2019	15.7	1.6	*	*	0.2	0.7	1.8	5.6	13.8	34.7	92.2	250.9	12.7
2018	15.7	2.0	*	*	0.1	0.6	1.8	5.4	13.6	35.6	94.3	257.9	12.9
2017	15.5	2.0	*	*	0.1	0.6	1.7	5.2	13.5	34.7	95.8	267.1	13.0
2016	15.5	1.6	*	*	0.1	0.6	1.8	5.0	13.6	34.6	98.1	270.1	13.1
2015	15.5	2.1	*	*	0.1	0.6	1.7	4.9	13.3	35.1	99.7	281.8 282.4	13.4 13.2
2014	15.1 14.9	2.3 2.2	*	*	0.2 0.1	0.5 0.6	1.7 1.5	4.7 4.6	12.6 12.6	34.3 33.8	98.6 99.0	202.4 285.4	13.2
2012	14.5	2.2	*	*	0.1	0.6	1.6	4.0	12.0	33.3	99.9	280.0	13.2
2011	14.5	1.9	*	*	0.2	0.5	1.6	4.7	12.5	34.2	101.4	292.1	13.1
2010	16.3	2.7	*	0.1	0.2	0.6	1.8	4.9	13.9	39.3	115.7	333.8	15.3
2009	16.0	2.8	*	*	0.2	0.7	2.0	5.2	13.5	38.7	115.1	321.4	
2008	15.9	3.5	*	*	0.2	0.6	1.8	5.0	14.1	39.9	113.3	325.6	
2007	15.4	3.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.8	5.1	13.4	39.4	112.4	317.9	
2006	15.2	4.0	*	*	0.2	0.7	1.8	5.2	13.7	38.8	111.0	316.2	
2005	14.9	4.0	*	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.7	4.8	13.5	38.8	110.2	313.1	14.7
2004	14.5	4.3	*	0.1	0.2	0.6	1.8	5.0	13.5	38.1	108.2	306.4	14.5
2003	14.6	4.6	*	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.8	4.9	13.6	39.7	109.3	309.3	14.7
2002	14.2	4.4	*	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.7	4.7	12.9	39.0	108.9	303.4	14.4
2001	13.9	3.3	*	*	0.2	0.6	1.7	4.6	13.1	40.0	104.0	293.8	
2000	13.2	4.3	*	0.1	0.2	0.6	1.6	4.4	12.8	38.0	100.8	277.8	13.5
	12.7	4.4	*	0.1	0.2								13.0

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

						Age	group (ye	ars)					_
Cause of death (based on ICD–10) and year	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age- adjusted rate ³
Intentional self-harm (suicide) (*U03,X60–X84,Y87.0)													
2021	14.5			1.5	15.2	19.5	18.1	18.2	17.0	15.3	19.6	22.4	14.1
2020	14.0			1.5	14.2	18.4	17.4	18.0	16.9	14.5	18.4	20.9	13.5
2019	14.5			1.3	13.9	17.5	18.1	19.6	19.4	15.5	18.6	20.1	13.9
2018	14.8			1.5	14.5	17.6	18.2	20.0	20.2	16.3	18.7	19.1	14.2
2017	14.5			1.3	14.5	17.5	17.9	20.2	19.0	15.6	18.0	20.1	14.0
2016	13.9			1.1	13.2	16.5	17.4	19.7	18.7	15.4	18.2	19.0	13.5
2015	13.7			1.0	12.5	15.7	17.1	20.3	18.9	15.2	17.9	19.4	13.3
2014	13.4			1.0	11.6	15.1	16.6	20.2	18.8	15.6	17.5	19.3	13.0
2013	13.0			1.0	11.1	14.8	16.2	19.7	18.1	15.0	17.1	18.6	12.6
2012	12.9			8.0	11.1	14.7	16.7	20.0	18.0	14.0	16.8	17.8	12.6
2011	12.7			0.7	11.0	14.6	16.2	19.8	17.1	14.1	16.5	16.9	12.3
2010	12.4			0.7	10.5	14.0	16.0	19.6	17.5	13.7	15.7	17.6	12.1
2009	12.0			0.6	10.0	13.1	16.1	19.2	16.4	13.7	15.8	16.4	11.8
2008	11.8			0.5	9.9	13.2	15.9	18.6	16.0	13.6	16.1	16.4	11.6
2007	11.5			0.5	9.6	13.3	15.7	17.7	15.3	12.4	16.2	17.0	11.3
2006	11.2			0.5	9.8	12.7	15.2	17.2	14.4	12.4	15.8	17.3	11.0
2005	11.0			0.7	9.9	12.7	15.1	16.5	13.7	12.4	16.8	18.3	10.9
2004	11.1			0.7	10.3	12.9	15.2	16.6	13.7	12.2	16.3	17.6	11.0
2003	10.9			0.6	9.6	12.9	15.0	15.9	13.7	12.6	16.4	17.9	10.8
2002	11.0			0.6	9.8	12.8	15.3	15.8	13.5	13.4	17.7	18.9	10.9
2001 ⁵	10.7			0.7	9.9	12.8	14.7	15.1	13.2	13.2	17.4	17.8	10.7
2000	10.4			0.7	10.2	12.0	14.5	14.4	12.1	12.5	17.6	19.6	10.4
1999	10.5			0.6	10.1	12.7	14.3	13.9	12.2	13.4	18.1	19.3	10.5
Essential hypertension and hypertensive renal disease (I10,I12,I15)													
2021	12.9	*	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.5	4.8	12.1	24.9	63.2	270.8	10.7
2020	12.7	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	1.4	4.5	11.8	23.9	60.3	250.3	10.1
2019	11.1	*	*	*	*	0.3	1.2	3.6	9.8	20.9	54.3	227.1	8.9
2018	11.0	*	*	*	*	0.3	1.2	3.7	9.7	20.2	54.4	229.4	8.9
2017	10.8	*	*	*	*	0.3	1.3	3.9	9.5	19.7	55.8	231.4	9.0
2016	10.3	*	*	*	*	0.3	1.1	3.8	9.0	19.0	53.7	222.3	8.6
2015	10.0	*	*	*		0.3	1.2	3.4	8.8	18.1	54.1	222.7	8.5
2014	9.5	*	*	*	0.0	0.2	1.1	3.3	8.4	16.9	51.3	217.0	8.2
2013	9.7	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	1.0	3.5	8.0	17.3	53.7	231.6	8.5
2012	9.3	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.8	3.0	7.8	16.1	51.7	230.7	8.2
2011	8.9	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.0	3.1	7.0	16.6	51.4	222.7	8.1
2010	8.6	*	*	*	0.0	0.3	1.0	3.1	7.3	16.7	51.8	212.0	8.0
2009	8.4	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	1.0	3.1	7.1	16.3	51.0	208.0	
2008	8.5	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	1.0	3.0	7.2	16.5	51.9	215.3	8.0
2007	8.0	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.9	2.8	6.4	15.9	49.2	209.1	7.6
2006	8.0	*	*	*	0.0	0.3	0.9	3.0	6.8	16.5	50.8	206.1	7.7
2005	8.4	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.9	2.7	6.4	17.5	55.5	228.0	8.3
2004	7.9	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	0.8	2.7	6.3	16.9	52.5	212.2	7.9
2003	7.6	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.8	2.5	6.3	16.8	51.6	199.4	7.6
2002	7.0	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.8	2.3	5.7	15.9	48.1	189.6	
2001	6.8	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	0.7	2.4	5.8	15.4	47.6	175.6	
2000	6.4	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.8	2.3	5.9	15.1	45.5	162.9	6.5
1999	6.1	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.7	2.2	5.5	15.2	43.6	152.1	6.2

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

						Age	group (ye	ars)					
Cause of death (based on ICD–10) and year	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age- adjusted rate ³
Influenza and pneumonia (J09–J18)													
2021	12.6	3.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.9	1.9	4.4	11.3	25.3	69.9	231.8	10.5
2020	16.3	3.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	1.3	2.7	6.2	14.8	32.1	84.1	273.6	13.0
2019	15.2	4.1	0.8	0.3	0.4	1.0	2.3	5.1	12.5	27.3	77.2	294.7	12.3
2018	18.1	4.6	8.0	0.3	0.5	1.0	2.3	5.6	13.9	31.7	94.2	377.6	14.9
2017	17.1	4.0	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.9	1.9	4.8	12.0	29.6	93.8	375.3	14.3
2016	15.9	4.2	0.6	0.2	0.4	1.0	2.2	5.0	12.1	28.5	88.5	340.3	13.5
2015	17.8	4.4	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.9	1.7	4.7	11.3	29.5	101.6	421.4	
2014	17.3	4.7	0.7	0.2	0.5	1.3	2.8	6.3	13.4	29.8	96.4	385.9	15.1
2013	18.0	4.5	0.6	0.3	0.4	1.0	2.2	5.1	12.2	29.5	103.7	441.0	
2012	16.1	4.0	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.7	4.1	10.2	26.1	98.2	408.4	14.4
2011	17.3	5.2	0.7	0.3	0.5	1.2	2.1	5.0	11.0	28.9	104.0	439.2	
2010	16.2	4.9	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.9	1.9	4.3	9.9	27.9	102.4	426.2	
2009	17.5	6.3	0.9	0.6	1.0	2.0	3.2	6.5	11.7	29.5	107.0	433.8	
2008	18.5	5.5	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.9	2.1	5.1	10.9	30.5	118.6	512.3	
2007	17.5	5.4	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.8	1.8	4.3	9.5	28.2	113.5	506.7	16.8
2006	18.9	6.5	0.8	0.2	0.4	0.9	1.9	4.6	9.9	31.6	127.3	547.0	18.4
2005	21.3	6.6	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.9	2.1	5.1	11.2	35.1	142.0	644.9	
2004	20.4	6.8	0.8	0.2	0.4	0.8	2.0	4.6	10.8	34.2	139.1	622.8	20.4
2003	22.5	8.1	1.0	0.4	0.5	1.0	2.2	5.2	11.2	36.9	150.8	703.0	
2002	22.8	6.7	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.9	2.2	4.8	11.2	37.2	156.6	732.4	23.2
2001	21.8 23.2	7.5 7.6	0.7	0.2 0.2	0.5	0.9	2.2 2.4	4.6	10.8	36.2 39.1	148.3 160.3	700.1	22.2 23.7
1999	23.2	7.6 8.4	0.7 0.8	0.2	0.5 0.5	0.9 0.8	2.4	4.7 4.6	11.9 11.0	37.2	157.0	744.1 751.8	23.7
Septicemia (A40–A41)	22.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	2.4	4.0	11.0	07.2	107.0	701.0	20.0
2021	12.4	3.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.9	2.6	6.0	15.1	31.1	67.4	153.3	10.2
2020	12.2	3.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.8	2.3	6.2	14.7	29.7	63.5	143.1	9.7
2019	11.7	3.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	8.0	1.9	5.3	13.4	28.0	64.5	150.2	9.5
2018	12.4	3.9	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.9	2.0	5.7	14.1	30.0	69.4	167.4	10.2
2017	12.6	3.7	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.9	2.1	5.8	13.9	30.9	72.4	173.3	
2016	12.6	4.8	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.9	2.2	5.8	14.3	30.6	73.9	174.2	10.7
2015	12.7	4.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.9	2.0	5.9	14.1	31.4	75.3	185.8	
2014	12.2	4.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.8	2.1	5.8	14.2	31.1	73.1	176.9	
2013	12.1	3.9	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.8	2.0	5.6	13.6	30.5	76.4	179.6	10.7
2012	11.4	4.5	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.8	1.9	5.3	12.9	29.2	73.9	173.4	10.3
2011	11.5	4.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.8	2.0	5.5	13.0	29.5	74.4	179.7	10.5
2010	11.3	5.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.9	5.2	12.6	30.1	76.0	179.0	
2009	11.6	5.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.9	2.2	5.4	13.1	31.4	79.2	182.4	
2008	11.8	7.0	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.9	2.1	5.7	13.3	31.4	82.0	189.8	
2007	11.6	6.8	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.7	2.1	5.5	12.8	32.2	79.5	190.8	
2006	11.5	6.7	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.7	2.0	5.2	12.6	31.6	82.1	193.0	
2005	11.6	7.5	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.9	5.2	12.8	32.2	81.3	203.4	
2004	11.4	6.8	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.9	5.4	12.8	32.1	81.5	199.6	
2003	11.7	7.0	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.8	2.1	5.3	13.0	32.3	84.8	213.7	
2002	11.8	7.5	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.9	5.2	12.6	34.5	86.3	213.4	
2001	11.3	7.8	0.7	0.2	0.3	0.7	1.8	5.0	12.4	32.6	82.2	210.3	
2000	11.1	7.2	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.7	1.9	4.9	11.9	31.0	80.4	215.7	
1999	11.0	7.5	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.7	1.8	4.6	11.4	31.2	79.4	220.7	11.3

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

						Age	group (ye	ars)					
Cause of death (based on ICD–10) and year	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age- adjusted rate ³
Parkinson disease (G20–G21)													
2021	11.6	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.0	18.6	102.5	246.0	
2020	12.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.1	19.0	105.3	237.4	9.9
2019	10.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.9	16.8	93.3	215.9	8.8
2018	10.3	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.8	16.2	91.0	214.6	8.7
2017	9.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	1.7	15.7	89.6	206.3	8.4
2016	9.2 8.7	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.6	14.3	85.5	198.6	8.0 7.7
2015	8.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2 0.2	1.5 1.4	13.8 13.0	82.4 79.2	190.6 182.0	
2013	8.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.5	12.7	78.5	178.2	
2012	7.6	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	1.4	12.3	76.2	170.2	
2011	7.4	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	1.3	12.8	76.0	168.1	7.0
2010	7.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.3	11.8	74.8	165.9	6.8
2009	6.7	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.3	11.2	70.8	157.0	6.5
2008	6.7	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.2	12.3	71.2	157.4	6.6
2007	6.7	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	1.2	11.7	71.5	157.0	6.5
2006	6.6	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.2	12.0	69.5	157.6	6.5
2005	6.6	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.4	12.8	71.1	156.0	6.6
2004	6.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.2	11.9	67.4	145.1	6.2
2003	6.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.3	12.6	67.6	145.8	6.3
2002	5.9	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	1.2	12.1	63.8	142.2	6.0
2001	5.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	1.2	11.7	64.5	137.0	5.9
2000	5.6	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	1.1	11.5	61.9	131.9	5.7
1999	5.2							0.1	1.0	11.0	58.2	124.4	5.4
Dementia-related causes ⁶													
2021	84.3	*	*	0.1	*	0.0	0.2	0.9	8.6	65.0	477.6	2,949.3	72.4
2020	92.3	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.1	8.0	8.7	68.1	495.1	2,946.9	73.3
2019	82.8	*	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.9	8.2	59.3	448.6	2,688.9	66.6
2018	81.6	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.8	7.8	57.9	447.0	2,700.3	66.6
2017	80.4	*	*	0.0	*	*	0.1	0.7	7.5	56.9	450.9	2,707.3	66.7
2016	77.2	*	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.8	7.3	54.7	441.6	2,626.4	64.9
2015	76.5	*	*	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.8	6.8	53.0	447.2	2,637.4	65.2
2014	75.2	*	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.8	6.9	52.7	450.6	2,611.3	64.9
2013	74.1	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.9	7.4	52.2	449.7	2,601.8	64.8
2012	71.2		0.2		,	*	0.1	0.9	6.8	50.3	445.2	2,532.7	63.3
2011	68.3	*	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.8	6.5	50.4	436.6	2,458.6	61.8
2010	63.6	*			*		0.1	0.9	6.3	48.3	412.1	2,352.4	58.8
2009	57.9	*	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.2 0.1	0.8	5.7	45.2	383.3	2,151.3	
2008	58.9 51.8	*	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	*	*	0.1	0.9 0.8	6.0 5.5	46.4 42.3	396.7 350.0	2,213.2 1,976.0	
2006	50.8	*	0.2	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.8	5.5 5.5	42.3 42.4	346.2	1,967.0	
2005	43.8	*	0.1	U. I *	*	*	0.1	0.6	4.5	36.3	302.1	1,735.4	43.4
2004	39.0	*	0.2	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.6	3.9	33.1	275.4	1,7556.9	39.1
2003	38.1	*	0.2	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.6	4.0	34.1	269.5	1,523.1	38.4
2002	35.5	*	0.2	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.4	3.6	31.9	254.9	1,428.9	36.1
2001	32.5	*	0.2	0.0	*	0.1	0.1	0.5	3.8	30.5	234.6	1,299.3	
2000	29.7	*	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	3.6	29.4	218.5	1,180.9	
1999	26.7	*	0.2	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.4	3.4	27.0	197.9	1,062.5	

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

						Age	group (ye	ars)					
Cause of death (based on ICD–10) and year	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age- adjusted rate ³
Drug-induced causes ⁶													
2021	33.5	2.1	8.0	0.3	17.5	54.2	64.0	56.2	48.0	18.5	6.0	5.3	33.6
2020	29.2	1.7	0.4	0.3	17.0	48.8	55.8	49.1	39.9	14.7	4.9	5.1	29.5
2019	22.7	1.3	0.3	0.2	11.5	36.9	42.3	38.9	32.7	12.6	5.2	4.6	
2018	21.7	0.8	0.2	0.1	11.0	36.8	40.0	37.3	30.4	11.4	4.8	5.1	21.8
2017	22.7	0.9	0.2	0.2	13.0	39.8	40.6	39.8	30.0	10.5	4.5	5.3	
2016	20.8	0.9	0.3	0.1	12.8	35.9	36.6	36.5	27.7	9.2	4.1	5.3	
2015	17.2	0.7	0.4	0.1	10.0	28.0	29.6	31.9	23.3	8.1	4.4	5.6	
2014	15.6	0.6	0.3	0.1	8.9	24.0	26.2	29.8	21.7	7.6	4.4	5.0	
2013	14.7	0.8	0.3	0.1	8.6	21.7	24.1	29.0	20.6	7.1	4.4	5.3	
2012	14.0	0.8	0.2	0.1	8.3	20.9	23.1	28.3	17.9	6.5	4.0	5.1	13.8
2011	14.0	0.6	0.2	0.1	8.9	20.9	23.4	28.2	17.1	6.0	4.0	4.9	
2010	13.1	0.6	0.3	0.2	8.4	19.2	21.7	26.5	16.2	5.2	4.0	5.5	
2009	12.8	0.8	0.2	0.1	8.0	17.8	21.5	26.9	14.9	5.4	4.5	5.1	12.6
2008	12.7	0.5	0.3	0.1	8.3	17.4	22.2	26.8	14.0	5.2	4.0	5.0	
2007	12.7 12.9	0.8	0.3	0.2	8.5	17.5 17.2	22.6	26.8	13.4 12.1	4.6 5.2	3.9	5.2 8.8	
2005	11.3	1.1 0.9	0.2	0.1	8.5	14.6	23.5	26.7			6.0		
			0.2	0.1	7.3 6.9		21.5	23.6 21.7	10.6	4.7 4.2	5.4	8.3 6.7	
2004	10.5	0.7 0.6	0.2	0.2		12.9 12.3	21.1		9.0	4.2 4.1	4.8	6.3	
2002	9.9 9.1	0.6	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	6.3 5.4	11.3	20.7 19.8	20.0 18.0	8.0 6.8	3.6	4.2 3.8	6.0	
2001	7.6	0.7	0.2	0.1	3. 4 4.5	9.5	17.0	14.7	5.4	3.0	3.5	5.2	
2000	7.0	v.5	U.Z *	0.1	4.0	8.8	16.0	13.2	4.9	2.6	3.5	5.7	
1999	6.9	0.6	0.2	0.1	3.5	8.9	15.7	12.6	4.9	3.0	3.8	4.8	
Alcohol-induced causes ⁶	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	10.7	12.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
	100	*	*	*	0.5	C 7	10.0	20.2	40.0	00.0	15.4	7.0	444
2021	16.3 14.9	*	*	*	0.5	6.7 6.0	18.0	30.3	42.0 39.3	29.6 27.1	15.4	7.8 6.5	
2020	11.9	*	*	*	0.4 0.4	4.2	16.0 11.1	27.5 22.0	32.5	27.1	14.4 12.6	6.4	
	11.9	*	*	*	0.4	3.7	10.0	21.6	31.5	22.2	12.0	6.1	9.9
2018	11.4	*	*	*	0.3	3.4	9.4	21.8	30.2	20.9	11.7	6.4	
2016	10.8	*	*	*	0.3	3.6	9.2	21.4	29.7	20.3	11.7	6.3	
2015	10.3	*	*	*	0.4	3.2	8.7	21.4	28.2	19.1	11.2	5.8	
2014	9.6	*	*	*	0.3	2.8	8.0	20.4	26.8	17.6	10.5	5.6	
2013	9.2	*	*	*	0.3	2.5	7.7	20.1	25.3	16.6	10.3	4.9	
2012	8.8	*	*	*	0.4	2.4	7.4	20.0	24.1	15.8	10.3	5.0	
2011	8.6	*	*	*	0.4	2.1	7.6	19.8	22.7	15.2	9.6	5.1	7.7
2010	8.3	*	*	*	0.3	2.2	7.5	19.1	21.9	15.8	9.6	5.3	
2009	8.0	*	*	*	0.4	1.8	7.6	18.7	20.8	15.1	9.2	4.8	
2008	8.0	*	*	*	0.4	2.0	7.6	18.6	20.7	15.3	9.4	5.2	
2007	7.7	*	*	*	0.4	1.9	7.3	18.2	19.9	15.2	9.6	5.0	
2006	7.4	*	*	*	0.3	1.6	7.5	17.5	19.2	14.5	9.7	5.3	
2005	7.3	*	*	*	0.4	1.4	7.5	17.6	19.4	14.9	9.2	5.0	
2004	7.2	*	*	*	0.3	1.6	7.7	17.3	18.6	15.5	9.2	4.6	
2003	7.1	*	*	*	0.3	1.5	8.1	17.3	18.5	15.0	9.2	4.3	
2002	7.0	*	*	*	0.3	1.5	8.1	16.9	18.3	15.4	9.3	4.6	
2001	7.1	*	*	*	0.3	1.6	8.3	17.1	18.3	15.5	9.6	5.1	7.0
			*	*									
2000	7.0	•	^	^	0.2	1.6	8.5	16.3	18.7	15.8	9.9	5.4	7.0

Table 6. Death rate by age, and age-adjusted death rate, for the 15 leading causes of death in 2021, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and injury by firearms: United States, 1999-2021-Con.

						Age	group (ye	ars)					
Cause of death (based on ICD–10) and year	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age- adjusted rate ³
Injury by firearms ⁶													
2021	14.7	*	0.9	1.6	23.5	24.8	18.1	14.5	12.1	11.7	16.2	18.3	14.6
2020	13.7	*	0.8	1.5	22.2	22.7	16.7	13.3	11.8	10.9	15.3	16.2	13.6
2019	12.1	*	0.5	1.0	17.4	18.1	14.6	12.7	12.3	11.1	15.0	16.1	11.9
2018	12.1	*	0.6	1.1	17.2	17.7	14.6	12.8	12.7	12.0	15.4	14.7	11.9
2017	12.2	*	0.5	1.1	17.7	18.5	14.4	13.1	12.3	11.4	14.8	15.6	12.0
2016	12.0	*	0.6	0.9	17.2	18.2	14.5	12.8	11.9	11.4	14.7	14.3	11.8
2015	11.3	*	0.5	0.9	15.7	16.8	13.1	12.4	11.7	11.3	14.5	14.5	11.1
2014	10.5	*	0.4	0.9	14.0	14.7	12.1	12.2	11.4	11.5	13.9	15.0	10.3
2013	10.6	*	0.4	8.0	14.1	15.3	12.3	12.3	11.5	11.3	14.1	13.9	10.4
2012	10.7	*	0.4	8.0	14.7	15.3	12.4	12.4	11.6	10.8	14.1	13.6	10.5
2011	10.4	*	0.5	8.0	14.4	15.0	11.7	12.2	11.0	10.9	13.7	13.1	10.2
2010	10.3	*	0.4	0.7	14.2	15.0	11.7	12.0	11.1	10.7	12.7	13.2	10.1
2009	10.2	*	0.4	0.7	14.4	14.5	11.9	11.8	10.8	10.9	13.3	12.5	10.1
2008	10.4	*	0.5	0.7	15.4	15.4	11.8	11.5	10.8	10.7	13.2	12.5	10.3
2007	10.4	*	0.4	8.0	16.0	15.9	12.0	11.1	10.1	9.8	13.1	12.7	10.3
2006	10.4	*	0.4	0.9	16.7	15.7	11.6	11.2	9.7	9.9	12.9	12.5	10.3
2005	10.4	*	0.4	8.0	16.1	16.1	11.7	11.2	9.7	10.2	13.6	13.0	10.3
2004	10.1	*	0.3	0.7	15.6	15.3	11.4	11.0	9.8	10.1	13.3	12.7	10.0
2003	10.4	*	0.3	0.8	16.5	15.8	11.6	11.1	10.0	10.3	13.4	13.2	10.3
2002	10.5	*	0.4	0.8	16.6	15.6	12.2	10.8	10.2	10.8	14.4	13.2	10.5
2001	10.4	*	0.5	0.8	16.6	15.5	11.7	10.5	10.1	10.9	14.3	13.1	10.3
2000	10.2	*	0.3	0.9	16.8	14.5	11.9	10.5	9.4	10.6	13.9	14.2	10.2
1999	10.3	*	0.4	1.0	17.6	14.9	11.6	10.2	9.7	11.0	14.2	13.5	10.3

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

[.] Category not applicable.

¹Figures for age not stated included in all ages category but not distributed among age groups.

Death rates for younger than 1 year (based on population estimates) differ from infant mortality rates (based on live births); see Technical Notes.

3For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

⁴COVID-19 became an official cause of death in 2020; rates for years before 2020 are not applicable.

⁵ Figures include September 11, 2001, related deaths for which death certificates were filed as of October 24, 2002; see Technical Notes from "Deaths: Final Data for 2001. National Vital Statistics Reports, vol 53, no 3."

⁶For the list of ICD–10 codes included, see Technical Notes.

Table 7. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021

[An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* (ICD–10); see Technical Notes in this report]

						A	Age group (ye	ears)					
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	All ages	Younger than 1 year	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age not stated
All causes	3,464,231	19,920	3,816	5,975	38,307	82,274	124,939	216,037	478,171	724,266	829,653	940,780	93
Salmonella infections(A01–A02)	72	9	3	2	_	_	2	4	9	22	12	9	_
Shigellosis and amebiasis (A03,A06)	7	_	_	1	_	_	_	_	3	1	2	_	_
Certain other intestinal infections (A04,A07–A09)	7,036	160	9	13	15	33	112	261	789	1,585	2,070	1,989	_
Tuberculosis(A16–A19)	602	2	_	2	3	15	38	52	114	165	127	84	_
Respiratory tuberculosis	435	_	_	1	3	12	25	31	80	120	88	75	_
Other tuberculosis (A17–A19)	167	2	_	1	_	3	13	21	34	45	39	9	_
Whooping cough	4	1	_	1	_	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_
Scarlet fever and erysipelas (A38,A46)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Meningococcal infection (A39)	21	2	1	_	1	2	5	2	3	2	1	2	_
Septicemia (A40–A41)	41,281	113	34	45	107	426	1,108	2,426	6,477	10,466	10,919	9,160	_
Syphilis	43	5	_	_	_	_	2	3	8	14	8	3	_
Acute poliomyelitis	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Arthropod-borne viral encephalitis (A83–A84,A85.2)	6	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	2	1	2	_	_
Measles	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Viral hepatitis(B15-B19)	3,589	2	_	_	4	33	175	453	1,332	1,138	346	106	_
Human immunodeficiency virus									•	•			
(HIV) disease (B20–B24)	4,977	1	_	_	33	510	738	1,058	1,549	831	217	40	_
Malaria(B50–B54)	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	1	1	_	2	_
Other and unspecified infectious and parasitic diseases and their sequelae (A00,A05,A20–A36,A42–A44, A48–A49,A54–A79,A81–A82, A86,A86,A86,A86,A86,A86,A86,A86,A86,A86,													
A85.0-A85.1,A85.8,A86-B04,B06-B09, B25-B49,B55-B99,U07.1)	427,811	242	168	231	1,478	6,311	16,411	37,642	75,512	105,487	101,412	82,913	4
	605,213	52	282	796	1,476	3,615	11,194	33,567	108,023	179,145	164.850	102,359	7
Malignant neoplasms	000,213	32	202	790	1,323	3,013	11,194	33,307	100,023	179,140	104,000	102,339	1
pharynx (C00–C14)	11,394	_	_	2	10	52	216	886	2,675	3,587	2,515	1,450	1
Malignant neoplasm of esophagus(C15)	15,743	_	1	_	3	37	235	999	3,665	5,369	3,761	1,673	_
Malignant neoplasm of stomach (C16)	,	_	1	1	17	131	403	951	2,053	3,012	2,680	1.644	1
Malignant neoplasms of colon, rectum and	. 0,00 .		•	•	• •				2,000	0,0.2	_,000	.,	•
anus (C18–C21)	54,121	_	_	4	42	356	1,672	4,846	10,478	14,008	12,631	10,082	2
Malignant neoplasms of liver and intrahepatic	01,121			•		000	1,072	1,010	10,110	1 1,000	12,001	10,002	-
bile ducts	28.719	4	15	17	26	108	346	1.401	6.488	10.556	6.743	3.014	1
Malignant neoplasm of pancreas (C25)		_	_	4	5	59	495	2,358	8,907	15,643	13,543	6,892	_
Malignant neoplasm of larynx (C32)		_	_	1	_	4	22	245	1.004	1,340	858	413	_
Malignant neoplasms of trachea, bronchus and	0,001							210	1,001	1,010	000	110	
lung (C33–C34)	134,592	_	_	1	17	119	774	4,859	25,908	45,284	40,331	17,297	2
Malignant melanoma of skin (C43)	8,224	_	_	1	19	81	287	576	1,444	2,208	2,075	1,533	_
Malignant neoplasm of breast	42,810	_	_	_	7	371	1.873	4,169	8.474	10,892	9,419	7.605	_
Malignant neoplasm of cervix uteri(C53)	42,810	_	_	_	<i>'</i>	234	649	852	1,004	853	523	7,003 251	_
Malignant neoplasms of corpus uteri and uterus, part	4,500	_	_	_	_	20 4	049	032	1,004	033	523	231	_
unspecified (C54–C55)	12,208	_	_	_	4	50	232	741	2,480	4,313	2,948	1,440	_
Malignant neoplasm of ovary (C56)	13,430	_	_	2	28	95	232 286	1.050	2,460	4,313	3,444	1,440	_
ivialignant neuplasin of ovary (636)	13,430	_	_	2	۷۵	90	200	1,000	2,134	4,099	J,444	1,072	_

Table 7. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021—Con.

[An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision (ICD-10); see Technical Notes in this report]

						А	ge group (ye	ars)					
	All	Younger											Age not
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	ages	than 1 year	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	stated
Malignant neoplasm of prostate (C61) Malignant neoplasms of kidney and	32,563	-	-	-	1	3	18	335	2,783	8,224	11,011	10,188	-
renal pelvis (C64–C65)	14,163	1	14	24	17	61	218	832	2,625	4,171	3,791	2,409	-
Malignant neoplasm of bladder(C67)	16,840	_	-	2	1	8	73	345	1,723	3,854	5,429	5,405	-
Malignant neoplasms of meninges, brain and other	47.057	40	7.4	000	0.40	440	00.4	4 705	4.000	5.000	0.550	4 000	
parts of central nervous system (C70–C72) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, hematopoietic and	17,857	12	71	308	242	419	834	1,735	4,003	5,286	3,558	1,389	-
related tissue (C81–C96)	57,375	14	77	209	346	569	942	2,160	6,867	14,978	18,576	12,637	_
Hodgkin disease (C81)	1,003	-	_	1	17	46	49	60	156	259	271	12,037	_
Non-Hodgkin lymphoma(C82–C85)	20,020	_	7	25	53	154	307	766	2,440	5.088	6,622	4,558	_
Leukemia (C91–C95)	23,271	14	70	183	274	363	503	875	2,522	5,996	7,263	5,208	_
Multiple myeloma and immunoproliferative	-,								,-	-,	,	-,	
neoplasms (C88,C90)	12,933	_	_	_	1	5	82	446	1,739	3,606	4,368	2,686	_
Other and unspecified malignant neoplasms of													
lymphoid, hematopoietic and													
related tissue (C96)	148	_	_	-	1	1	1	13	10	29	52	41	-
All other and unspecified malignant													
neoplasms (C17,C23–C24,C26–C31,													
C37-C41,C44-C49,C51-C52,C57-C60,													
C62-C63,C66,C68-C69,C73-C80,C97)	78,121	21	103	220	538	858	1,619	4,227	12,688	21,468	21,014	15,365	-
In situ neoplasms, benign neoplasms and neoplasms of	40.007	00	07	5 4	00	400	0.40	F 47	4 440	0.400	F 070	E 400	
uncertain or unknown behavior (D00–D48)	16,237	26	37	54	83	126	240	547	1,440	3,439	5,079	5,166	_
Anemias(D50–D64)	5,987	12 2	10 2	19 48	61 345	148	239	320	583	1,086	1,426	2,083	_
Diabetes mellitus	103,294 17.505	12	5	40	343 25	1,285 53	2,961 98	7,597 279	18,603 890	27,945 2.198	25,989 4.308	18,517 9.635	_
Malnutrition (E40–E64)	17,303	11	4	1	23	53 51	91	267	821	2,190	4,306	9,035	_
Other nutritional deficiencies (E50–E64)	399	1	1	1	1	2	7	12	69	86	70	149	_
Meningitis (G00,G03)	534	55	13	9	7	25	40	56	97	86	106	40	_
Parkinson disease (G20–G21)	38.536	_	_	_	2	4	13	99	850	6.252	16.615	14.701	_
Alzheimer disease (G30)	119,399	_	_	_	_	2	13	108	1,353	8,886	34,724	74,312	1
Major cardiovascular diseases(100–178)	925,923	379	174	299	1,202	5,147	16,178	43,496	112,152	182,530	230,520	333,820	26
Diseases of heart (100–109,111,113,120–151)	695,547	265	116	198	944	4,155	12,754	34,535	89,342	140,250	169,231	243,733	24
Acute rheumatic fever and													
chronic rheumatic heart diseases (100–109)	3,907	2	1	2	12	84	124	172	411	755	1,003	1,341	_
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	67,774	-	_	2	66	569	2,160	5,049	10,443	12,760	12,985	23,736	4
Hypertensive heart and renal disease (I13)	13,918	_	-	-	5	51	166	396	989	2,087	3,505	6,717	2
Ischemic heart diseases (I20–I25)	375,476	15	6	13	115	1,057	5,335	18,382	53,321	83,934	94,650	118,636	12
Acute myocardial infarction(I21–I22)	109,097	7	3	3	44	437	2,025	6,729	18,297	27,039	27,224	27,288	1
Other acute ischemic heart diseases (124)	4,748	2	-	2	3	19	88	312	826	1,136	1,171	1,188	1
Other forms of chronic ischemic heart	004.004	•	0	0	00	004	0.000	44.044	04400	EE 750	CC 055	00.400	10
disease(120,125) Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease.	261,631	6	3	8	68	601	3,222	11,341	34,198	55,759	66,255	90,160	10
so described(I25.0)	78,175	-	_	1	23	321	1,822	6,084	16,797	20,676	15,986	16,456	9

Table 7. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021—Con.

[An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision (ICD-10); see Technical Notes in this report]

						A	ge group (ye	ars)					
	All	Younger											Age not
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	ages	than 1 year	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	stated
All other forms of chronic ischemic heart													
disease(120,125.1–125.9)	183,456	6	3	7	45	280	1,400	5,257	17,401	35,083	50,269	73,704	1
Other heart diseases (I26–I51)	234,472	248	109	181	746	2,394	4,969	10,536	24,178	40,714	57,088	93,303	6
Acute and subacute endocarditis(133) Diseases of pericardium and acute	1,767	-	_	1	15	144	191	214	329	381	327	165	-
myocarditis (I30–I31,I40)	1,237	12	5	14	23	38	66	125	187	250	281	236	_
Heart failure(150)	85,037	16	9	9	36	220	702	2,032	5,767	12,444	21,777	42,024	1
All other forms of heart disease(126–128,	•							,	,	,	,	,	
134–138,142–149,151)	146,431	220	95	157	672	1,992	4,010	8,165	17,895	27,639	34,703	50.878	5
Essential hypertension and	,					1,000	1,010	-,	,		- 1,1	,	•
hypertensive renal disease (I10,I12,I15)	42.816	1	_	1	24	171	668	1,965	5,187	8,369	10,244	16.185	1
Cerebrovascular diseases(160–169)	162.890	97	55	88	190	624	2.189	5.755	14.634	28,327	44,533	66.397	1
Atherosclerosis	4.214	3	_	_	-	4	16	89	335	693	1.082	1,992	
Other diseases of circulatory system (171–178)	20,456	13	3	12	44	193	551	1,152	2,654	4,891	5,430	5,513	_
Aortic aneurysm and dissection (171)	10.037	-	1	10	25	121	395	713	1.382	2,422	2,680	2,288	_
Other diseases of arteries, arterioles and	10,007			10	20	121	000	710	1,002	<i>L</i> , 1 <i>LL</i>	2,000	2,200	
capillaries	10.419	13	2	2	19	72	156	439	1.272	2,469	2.750	3,225	_
Other disorders of circulatory system (180–199)	5.655	23	6	3	61	223	455	779	1,272	1,140	943	946	
Influenza and pneumonia(J09–J18)	41.917	125	47	49	128	400	842	1.783	4.845	8.518	11.327	13.852	1
·	608	5	1	49	8	11	17	32	4,043 94	149	11,327	13,032	I
Influenza(J09–J11) Pneumonia(J12–J18)	41,309	120	46	4 45	0 120	389	825	32 1,751	94 4,751	8,369	11,170	13,722	1
	41,309	120	40	45	120	309	020	1,731	4,731	0,309	11,170	13,722	ı
Other acute lower respiratory	189	27	15	3	4	3	10	7	15	35	28	45	
infections	128	27 27	15	3 2	- -	ა 3	5	4	10	22	13	45 27	_
	120	21	10	2	_	ა	3	4	10	22	13	21	_
Other and unspecified acute lower respiratory	0.4						-		-	40	4.5	40	
infections (J22,U04)	61	_	-	1	1	-	5	3	5	13	15	18	_
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40–J47)	142,342	13	31	99	158	360	733	3,174	17,620	37,932	46,328	35,892	2
Bronchitis, chronic and unspecified (J40–J42)	335	6	6	1	3	3	8	18	36	75	69	110	-
Emphysema (J43)	7,336	_	1	-	1	7	25	170	999	2,133	2,364	1,636	-
Asthma(J45–J46)	3,517	3	23	92	140	293	374	453	626	579	481	453	-
Other chronic lower respiratory													
diseases (J44,J47)	131,154	4	1	6	14	57	326	2,533	15,959	35,145	43,414	33,693	2
Pneumoconioses and chemical effects (J60–J66,													
J68,U07.0)	564	_	-	1	4	2	7	8	37	123	193	189	-
Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids (J69)	19,969	5	6	8	52	133	296	597	1,971	3,758	5,480	7,663	-
Other diseases of respiratory system (J00–J06,													
J30-J39,J67,J70-J98)	45,888	173	91	72	129	284	635	1,679	5,089	10,773	14,452	12,511	-
Peptic ulcer (K25–K28)	4,008	2	2	1	6	52	119	280	668	928	1,002	948	-
Diseases of appendix (K35–K38)	449	3	6	10	10	12	18	29	69	96	102	94	-
Hernia (K40–K46)	2,488	15	3	4	2	7	50	92	279	478	655	902	1
Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (K70,K73–K74)	56,585	2	2	2	59	1,833	5,833	10,501	17,664	12,934	5,900	1,853	2
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	33,098	-	-	-	46	1,536	4,600	7,636	11,348	6,140	1,541	250	1

Table 7. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021—Con.

[An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* (ICD–10); see Technical Notes in this report]

						А	ge group (ye	ars)					
	All	Younger											Age not
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	ages	than 1 year	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	stated
Other chronic liver disease and													
cirrhosis (K73–K74)	23,487	2	2	2	13	297	1,233	2,865	6,316	6,794	4,359	1,603	1
Cholelithiasis and other disorders of	,						,	•	•	ŕ	•	,	
gallbladder (K80-K82)	4,490	_	_	_	4	21	58	131	370	958	1,300	1,648	_
Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and													
nephrosis (N00-N07,N17-N19,N25-N27)	54,358	48	5	7	54	369	972	2,516	6,374	12,245	15,569	16,199	-
Acute and rapidly progressive nephritic and nephrotic													
syndrome (N00–N01,N04)	781	7	_	1	1	10	8	34	72	155	235	258	-
Chronic glomerulonephritis, nephritis and nephropathy													
not specified as acute or chronic, and renal sclerosis													
unspecified(N02-N03,N05-N07,N26)	290	_	1	1	2	14	13	31	43	71	76	38	_
Renal failure (N17–N19)	53,261	41	4	5	51	342	951	2,448	6,256	12,013	15,252	15,898	_
Other disorders of kidney (N25,N27)	26	_	_	_	_	3	_	3	3	6	6	5	_
Infections of kidney (N10–N12,N13.6,N15.1)	1,248	4	4	_	7	12	57	81	208	291	322	262	_
Hyperplasia of prostate (N40)	715	_	_	_	_	_	_	4	35	96	218	362	_
Inflammatory diseases of													
female pelvic organs (N70–N76)	214	_	_	_	3	9	23	10	36	51	45	37	_
Pregnancy, childbirth and													
the puerperium (000–099)	1,687			4	214	797	654	17	1	_	_	_	-
Pregnancy with abortive outcome (000–007)	48			1	11	25	10	1	-	_	_	_	-
Other complications of pregnancy, childbirth and													
the puerperium(010-099)	1,639			3	203	772	644	16	1	-	_	_	_
Certain conditions originating in the													
perinatal period (P00–P96)	9,579	9,434	68	35	19	7	3	6	4	1	1	_	1
Congenital malformations, deformations and													
chromosomal abnormalities (Q00–Q99)	9,664	3,963	412	350	419	459	513	765	1,249	734	450	349	1
Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory													
findings, not elsewhere classified (R00–R99)	34,503	2,714	273	140	603	1,374	1,851	2,165	3,816	4,813	5,878	10,860	16
All other diseases (residual)	397,499	611	375	725	2,028	5,707	11,321	20,164	42,223	67,115	95,068	152,157	5
Accidents													
(unintentional injuries)(V01–X59,Y85–Y86)	224,935	1,306	1,299	1,742	15,792	34,452	36,444	31,407	33,471	21,797	20,557	26,649	19
Transport accidents (V01–V99,Y85)	49,845	108	389	1,020	7,654	9,235	7,607	6,649	7,352	5,289	3,124	1,414	4
Motor vehicle accidents (V02–V04, V09.0,													
V09.2,V12–V14,V19.0–V19.2,V19.4–V19.6,													
V20-V79,V80.3-V80.5,V81.0-V81.1,V82.0-V82.1,													
V83-V86,V87.0-V87.8,V88.0-V88.8, V89.0,V89.2)	46,980	107	373	979	7,425	8,897	7,143	6,228	6,722	4,783	2,943	1,376	4
Other land transport													
accidents (V01,V05-V06,V09.1,V09.3-V09.9,													
V10-V11,V15-V18,V19.3,V19.8-V19.9,													
V80.0-V80.2, V80.6-V80.9, V81.2-V81.9,													
V82.2-V82.9,V87.9, V88.9,V89.1,V89.3,V89.9)	1,179	1	14	17	98	166	201	168	216	190	91	17	_
Water, air and space, and other and unspecified	,												
transport accidents and													
their sequelae (V90–V99,Y85)	1,686	_	2	24	131	172	263	253	414	316	90	21	_
One for the standard of table	,												

Table 7. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021—Con.

[An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* (ICD–10); see Technical Notes in this report]

						А	ge group (ye	ars)					
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	All ages	Younger than 1 year	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age not stated
Nontransport accidents (W00–X59,Y86)	175,090	1,198	910	722	8,138	25,217	28,837	24,758	26,119	16,508	17,433	25,235	15
Falls (W00–W19)	44,686	8	21	35	150	404	714	1,333	3,278	6,409	12,136	20,197	1
Accidental discharge of firearms (W32–W34) Accidental drowning and	549	3	51	53	125	81	76	46	44	46	20	4	-
submersion	4,337	38	475	238	423	561	599	460	587	490	321	145	-
flames (X00–X09) Accidental poisoning and exposure to noxious	3,389	15	100	150	105	188	227	328	662	793	559	261	1
substances	102,001	27	34	80	6,929	23,167	26,070	21,011	18,596	5,251	615	212	9
their sequelae	20,128	1,107	229	166	406	816	1,151	1,580	2,952	3,519	3,782	4,416	4
Intentional self-harm (suicide)(*U03,X60–X84,Y87.0)	48,183			607	6,528	8,862	7,862	7,401	7,267	5,144	3,170	1,338	4
Intentional self-harm (suicide) by discharge of firearms (X72–X74) Intentional self-harm (suicide) by other and unspecified means and	26,328			236	3,590	4,221	3,644	3,717	3,984	3,430	2,470	1,035	1
their sequelae (*U03,X60–X71,X75–X84,Y87.0)	21,855			371	2,938	4,641	4,218	3,684	3,283	1,714	700	303	3
Assault (homicide) (*U01-*U02,X85-Y09,Y87.1) Assault (homicide) by discharge of	26,031	267	309	486	6,635	7,571	4,863	2,768	1,828	882	316	105	1
firearms (*U01.4,X93–X95) Assault (homicide) by other and unspecified means and their sequelae (*U01.0–*U01.3,	20,958	15	72	359	6,207	6,679	3,931	2,024	1,096	413	115	47	_
*U01.5-*U01.9,*U02,X85-X92,X96-Y09,Y87.1)	5,073	252	237	127	428	892	932	744	732	469	201	58	1
Legal intervention (Y35,Y89.0)	669	_	-	2	101	245	170	85	46	11	6	3	-
Events of undetermined	0.050	00	107	00	F00	4 005	4 000	4 400	4 044	444	400	0.5	0
intent (Y10–Y34,Y87.2,Y89.9) Discharge of firearms, undetermined	6,259	98	107	80	528	1,205	1,338	1,139	1,041	444	182	95	2
intent	458	1	11	22	140	98	64	42	31	24	19	6	-
Y87.2,Y89.9)	5,801	97	96	58	388	1,107	1,274	1,097	1,010	420	163	89	2
Operations of war and their sequelae (Y36,Y89.1) Complications of medical and	9	_	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	4	1	1	-
surgical care(Y40–Y84,Y88)	6,051	12	17	23	73	139	244	474	1,079	1,685	1,426	879	-

Table 7. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to Clostridium difficile, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021—Con.

[An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision (ICD-10); see Technical Notes in this report]

						А	ge group (ye	ars)					
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	All ages	Younger than 1 year	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	Age not stated
Enterocolitis due to <i>Clostridium difficile</i> (A04.7) ¹	4,105	1	_	1	_	11	53	145	438	960	1,317	1,179	_
COVID-19(U07.1) ¹	416,893	91	54	142	1,401	6,133	16,006	36,881	73,725	102,716	98,807	80,934	3
Dementia-related causes ¹	279,704	4	14	22	16	20	69	351	3,668	21,885	77,408	176,245	2
Drug-induced deaths ¹	111,219	76	126	108	7,527	24,664	27,771	22,864	20,532	6,243	980	318	10
Drug overdose deaths ¹	106,699	75	126	108	7,426	24,070	26,908	21,875	19,399	5,646	800	256	10
Alcohol-induced deaths ¹	54,258	_	_	2	214	3,027	7,797	12,313	17,960	9,978	2,500	464	3
Firearm-related injuries ¹	48,830	19	134	672	10,132	11,278	7,862	5,898	5,189	3,923	2,627	1,095	1

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Quantity zero.
 Category not applicable.
 Included in selected categories above. For the list of ICD-10 codes included, see Technical Notes.

Table 8. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021

						Ag	e group (yea	ars)				
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older
All causes.	1,043.8	558.8	25.0	14.3	88.9	180.8	287.9	531.0	1,117.1	2,151.3	5,119.4	15,743.3
Salmonella infections(A01–A02)	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	*
Shigellosis and amebiasis	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Certain other intestinal infections (A04,A07–A09)	2.1	4.5	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	0.6	1.8	4.7	12.8	33.3
Tuberculosis	0.2	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.4
Respiratory tuberculosis (A16)	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	1.3
Other tuberculosis	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	*
Whooping cough (A37)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Scarlet fever and erysipelas (A38,A46)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Meningococcal infection (A39)	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Septicemia (A40-A41)	12.4	3.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.9	2.6	6.0	15.1	31.1	67.4	153.3
Syphilis	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Acute poliomyelitis	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Arthropod-borne viral encephalitis (A83–A84,A85.2)	*		•				*	*	*		*	,
Measles		*	*			0.4				0.4		
Viral hepatitis (B15–B19)	1.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.4	1.1	3.1	3.4	2.1	1.8
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease (B20–B24) Malaria (B50–B54)	1.5	*	*	*	0.1	1.1	1.7	2.6	3.6	2.5	1.3	0.7
Other and unspecified infectious and parasitic diseases and their sequelae												
A85.8,A86–B04,B06–B09,B25–B49,B55–B99,U07.1)	128.9	6.8	1.1	0.6	3.4	13.9	37.8	92.5	176.4	313.3	625.8	1,387.5
Malignant neoplasms(C00–C97)	182.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	3.1	7.9	25.8	82.5	252.4	532.1	1,017.2	1,712.9
Malignant neoplasms of lip, oral cavity and pharynx (C00–C14)	3.4	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.5	2.2	6.2	10.7	15.5	24.3
Malignant neoplasm of esophagus(C15)	4.7	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.5	2.5	8.6	15.9	23.2	28.0
Malignant neoplasm of stomach (C16)	3.3		•			0.3	0.9	2.3	4.8	8.9	16.5	27.5
Malignant neoplasms of colon, rectum and anus (C18–C21)	16.3		•	*	0.1	0.8	3.9	11.9	24.5	41.6	77.9	168.7
Malignant neoplasms of liver and intrahepatic bile ducts (C22)	8.7	*	*		0.1	0.2	0.8	3.4	15.2	31.4	41.6	50.4
Malignant neoplasm of pancreas (C25)	14.4	*	*	*	*	0.1	1.1	5.8	20.8	46.5	83.6	115.3
Malignant neoplasm of larynx (C32)	1.2	*	*	*	*		0.1	0.6	2.3	4.0	5.3	6.9
Malignant melanama of skip. (C33–C34)	40.6 2.5	*	*	*	*	0.3	1.8 0.7	11.9	60.5	134.5 6.6	248.9 12.8	289.5
Malignant melanoma of skin (C43)	2.5 12.9	*	*	*	*	0.2 0.8	0.7 4.3	1.4 10.2	3.4 19.8	32.4	12.8 58.1	25.7 127.3
Malignant neoplasm of breast (C50) Malignant neoplasm of cervix uteri. (C53)	1.3	*	*	*	*	0.6 0.5	4.3 1.5	2.1	2.3	32.4 2.5	3.2	4.2
Malignant neoplasms of corpus uteri and uterus,	1.3					0.5	1.5	2.1	2.3	2.5	3.2	4.2
part unspecified (C54–C55)	3.7	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.5	1.0	E 0	10.0	18.2	24.1
Malignant neoplasm of ovary(C54–C55)	3.7 4.0	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.5 0.7	1.8 2.6	5.8 6.4	12.8 12.2	21.3	24.1 28.0
Malignant neoplasm of prostate (C56)	4.0 9.8	*	*	*	U. I *	U.Z *	U.7 *	2.6 0.8	6.4 6.5	12.2 24.4	67.9	28.0 170.5
Malignant neoplasms of kidney and renal pelvis (C64–C65)	4.3	*	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.5	2.0	6.1	24.4 12.4	23.4	40.3
Malignant neoplasm of bladder (C67)	4.3 5.1	*	*	U. I *	*	U. I *	0.5	0.8	4.0	12.4	23. 4 33.5	40.3 90.4
Malignant neoplasms of meninges, brain and												
other parts of central nervous system (C70–C72)	5.4	*	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.9	4.3	9.4	15.7	22.0	23.2

Table 8. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021—Con.

						Ag	je group (yea	ars)				
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older
Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, hematopoietic												
and related tissue (C81–C96)	17.3	*	0.5	0.5	8.0	1.3	2.2	5.3	16.0	44.5	114.6	211.5
Hodgkin disease (C81)	0.3	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.8	1.7	2.4
Non-Hodgkin lymphoma(C82–C85)	6.0	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.7	1.9	5.7	15.1	40.9	76.3
Leukemia (C91–C95)	7.0	*	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.2	2.2	5.9	17.8	44.8	87.2
Multiple myeloma and immunoproliferative												
neoplasms(C88,C90)	3.9	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	1.1	4.1	10.7	27.0	44.9
Other and unspecified malignant neoplasms of lymphoid,												
hematopoietic and related tissue (C96)	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	0.7
All other and unspecified malignant neoplasms (C17,												
C23-C24,C26-C31,C37-C41,C44-C49,C51-C52,C57-C60,												
C62-C63,C66,C68-C69,C73-C80,C97)	23.5	0.6	0.7	0.5	1.2	1.9	3.7	10.4	29.6	63.8	129.7	257.1
In situ neoplasms, benign neoplasms and neoplasms of												
uncertain or unknown behavior (D00–D48)	4.9	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.3	3.4	10.2	31.3	86.4
Anemias (D50–D64)	1.8	*	*		0.1	0.3	0.6	0.8	1.4	3.2	8.8	34.9
Diabetes mellitus (E10–E14)	31.1	*	*	0.1	0.8	2.8	6.8	18.7	43.5	83.0	160.4	309.9
Nutritional deficiencies (E40–E64)	5.3	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	2.1	6.5	26.6	161.2
Malnutrition (E40–E46)	5.2	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.9	6.3	26.2	158.7
Other nutritional deficiencies (E50–E64)	0.1	*	*	*	*	-	*	*	0.2	0.3	0.4	2.5
Meningitis (G00,G03)	0.2	1.5	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.7
Parkinson disease (G20–G21)	11.6	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	2.0	18.6	102.5	246.0
Alzheimer disease	36.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.3	3.2	26.4	214.3	1,243.6
Major cardiovascular diseases(100–178)	279.0	10.6	1.1	0.7	2.8	11.3	37.3	106.9	262.0	542.2	1,422.4	5,586.2
Diseases of heart (100–109,111,113,120–151)	209.6	7.4	0.8	0.5	2.2	9.1	29.4	84.9	208.7	416.6	1,044.2	4,078.7
Acute rheumatic fever and												
chronic rheumatic heart diseases (100–109)	1.2	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.3	0.4	1.0	2.2	6.2	22.4
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	20.4	*	*	*	0.2	1.3	5.0	12.4	24.4	37.9	80.1	397.2
Hypertensive heart and renal disease (I13)	4.2	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.0	2.3	6.2	21.6	112.4
Ischemic heart diseases (I20–I25)	113.1	*	*	*	0.3	2.3	12.3	45.2	124.6	249.3	584.0	1,985.3
Acute myocardial infarction (I21–I22)	32.9	*	*	*	0.1	1.0	4.7	16.5	42.7	80.3	168.0	456.6
Other acute ischemic heart diseases (124)	1.4	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.8	1.9	3.4	7.2	19.9
Other forms of chronic ischemic heart disease (120,125)	78.8	*	*	*	0.2	1.3	7.4	27.9	79.9	165.6	408.8	1,508.8
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease,												
so described (125.0)	23.6	*	*	*	0.1	0.7	4.2	15.0	39.2	61.4	98.6	275.4
All other forms of chronic ischemic												
heart disease (I20,I25.1-I25.9)	55.3	*	*	*	0.1	0.6	3.2	12.9	40.7	104.2	310.2	1,233.4
Other heart diseases (I26–I51)	70.6	7.0	0.7	0.4	1.7	5.3	11.4	25.9	56.5	120.9	352.3	1,561.4
Acute and subacute endocarditis(133)	0.5	*	*	*	*	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.1	2.0	2.8
Diseases of pericardium and												
acute myocarditis (I30–I31,I40)	0.4	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.7	3.9
Heart failure(150)	25.6	*	*	*	0.1	0.5	1.6	5.0	13.5	37.0	134.4	703.2

Table 8. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021—Con.

						Ag	e group (yea	ırs)				
	All	Younger										85 and
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	ages ¹	than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	older
All other forms of												
heart disease (126–128,134–138,142–149,151)	44.1	6.2	0.6	0.4	1.6	4.4	9.2	20.1	41.8	82.1	214.1	851.4
Essential hypertension and												
hypertensive renal disease (I10,I12,I15)	12.9	*	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.5	4.8	12.1	24.9	63.2	270.8
Cerebrovascular diseases(160–169)	49.1	2.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	1.4	5.0	14.1	34.2	84.1	274.8	1,111.1
Atherosclerosis(I70)	1.3	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.8	2.1	6.7	33.3
Other diseases of circulatory system (I71–I78)	6.2	*	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.3	2.8	6.2	14.5	33.5	92.3
Aortic aneurysm and dissection (I71)	3.0	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	0.9	1.8	3.2	7.2	16.5	38.3
Other diseases of arteries, arterioles and capillaries (172–178)	3.1	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.4	1.1	3.0	7.3	17.0	54.0
Other disorders of circulatory system(180–199)	1.7	0.6	*	*	0.1	0.5	1.0	1.9	2.5	3.4	5.8	15.8
Influenza and pneumonia(J09–J18)	12.6	3.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.9	1.9	4.4	11.3	25.3	69.9	231.8
Influenza(J09–J11)	0.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.4	1.0	2.2
Pneumonia	12.4	3.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.9	1.9	4.3	11.1	24.9	68.9	229.6
Other acute lower respiratory infections(J20–J22,U04)	0.1	0.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.8
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis (J20–J21)	0.0	0.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	0.5
Other and unspecified acute lower												
respiratory infections (J22,U04)	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Chronic lower respiratory diseases	42.9	*	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.8	1.7	7.8	41.2	112.7	285.9	600.6
Bronchitis, chronic and unspecified (J40–J42)	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.4	1.8
Emphysema	2.2	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.4	2.3	6.3	14.6	27.4
Asthma(J45–J46)	1.1	*	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.7	3.0	7.6
Other chronic lower respiratory diseases (J44,J47)	39.5	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.8	6.2	37.3	104.4	267.9	563.8
Pneumoconioses and chemical effects (J60–J66,J68,U07.0)	0.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.2	3.2
Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids	6.0	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	0.7	1.5	4.6	11.2	33.8	128.2
Other diseases of												
respiratory system(J00–J06,J30–J39,J67,J70–J98)	13.8	4.9	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.5	4.1	11.9	32.0	89.2	209.4
Peptic ulcer (K25–K28)	1.2	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.3	0.7	1.6	2.8	6.2	15.9
Diseases of appendix (K35–K38)	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.6
Hernia	0.7	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.4	4.0	15.1
Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (K70,K73–K74)	17.0	*	*	*	0.1	4.0	13.4	25.8	41.3	38.4	36.4	31.0
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	10.0	*	*	*	0.1	3.4	10.6	18.8	26.5	18.2	9.5	4.2
Other chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (K73–K74)	7.1	*	*	*	*	0.7	2.8	7.0	14.8	20.2	26.9	26.8
Cholelithiasis and other disorders of gallbladder (K80–K82)	1.4	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.9	2.8	8.0	27.6
Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and												
nephrosis(N00-N07,N17-N19,N25-N27)	16.4	1.3	*	*	0.1	0.8	2.2	6.2	14.9	36.4	96.1	271.1
Acute and rapidly progressive nephritic and												
nephrotic syndrome (N00–N01,N04)	0.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.5	1.5	4.3
Chronic glomerulonephritis, nephritis and nephropathy not												
specified as acute or chronic, and renal sclerosis unspecified												
(N02–N03,N05–N07,N26)	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.6
Renal failure(N17–N19)	16.0	1.2	*	*	0.1	0.8	2.2	6.0	14.6	35.7	94.1	266.0
Other disorders of kidney (N25,N27)	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Table 8. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021—Con.

						Ag	e group (yea	ırs)				
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older
Infections of kidney	0.4	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.9	2.0	4.4
Hyperplasia of prostate(N40)	0.4	*	*	*	*	*	*	۷.۷	0.5	0.3	1.3	6.1
Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs (N70–N76)	0.2	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.6
Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium (000–099)	0.1			*	0.5	1.8	1.5	*	U. I *	V.Z *	v.5 *	v.0 *
Pregnancy with abortive outcome(000–039)	0.0	•••	•••	*	v.5	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other complications of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium		•••										
(010–099)	0.5			*	0.5	1.7	1.5	*	*	*	*	*
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period (P00–P96) Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal	2.9	264.7	0.4	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
abnormalities	2.9	111.2	2.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.9	2.9	2.2	2.8	5.8
Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not												
elsewhere classified (R00–R99)	10.4	76.1	1.8	0.3	1.4	3.0	4.3	5.3	8.9	14.3	36.3	181.7
All other diseases (residual)	119.8	17.1	2.5	1.7	4.7	12.5	26.1	49.6	98.6	199.4	586.6	2,546.2
Accidents (unintentional injuries) (V01–X59,Y85–Y86)	67.8	36.6	8.5	4.2	36.7	75.7	84.0	77.2	78.2	64.7	126.8	446.0
Transport accidents (V01–V99,Y85)	15.0	3.0	2.5	2.4	17.8	20.3	17.5	16.3	17.2	15.7	19.3	23.7
Motor vehicle accidents (V02–V04,V09.0,												
V09.2,V12-V14,V19.0-V19.2,V19.4-V19.6, V20-V79,												
V80.3-V80.5,V81.0-V81.1,V82.0-V82.1,												
V83-V86,V87.0-V87.8,V88.0-V88.8, V89.0,V89.2)	14.2	3.0	2.4	2.3	17.2	19.6	16.5	15.3	15.7	14.2	18.2	23.0
Other land transport accidents												
. (V01,V05–V06,V09.1,V09.3–V09.9,V10–V11,												
V15-V18,V19.3,V19.8-V19.9,V80.0-V80.2,												
V80.6-V80.9, V81.2-V81.9, V82.2-V82.9, V87.9, V88.9,												
V89.1.V89.3.V89.9)	0.4	*	*	*	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	*
Water, air and space, and other and unspecified transport												
accidents and their sequelae (V90–V99,Y85)	0.5	*	*	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4
Nontransport accidents (W00–X59,Y86)	52.8	33.6	6.0	1.7	18.9	55.4	66.4	60.8	61.0	49.0	107.6	422.3
Falls	13.5	*	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.9	1.6	3.3	7.7	19.0	74.9	338.0
Accidental discharge of firearms(W32–W34)	0.2	*	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*
Accidental drowning and submersion(W65–W74)	1.3	1.1	3.1	0.6	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.5	2.0	2.4
Accidental exposure to smoke, fire and flames (X00–X09)	1.0	*	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.5	2.4	3.4	4.4
Accidental poisoning and exposure to noxious substances	1.0		0.7	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.0	2.1	0.1	
(X40–X49)	30.7	0.8	0.2	0.2	16.1	50.9	60.1	51.6	43.4	15.6	3.8	3.5
Other and unspecified nontransport accidents and their sequelae	00.7	0.0	0.2	0.2	10.1	50.5	00.1	31.0	70.7	10.0	0.0	0.0
(W20–W31,W35–W64,												
W75-W99.X10-X39.X50-X59.Y86)	6.1	31.1	1.5	0.4	0.9	1.8	2.7	3.9	6.9	10.5	23.3	73.9
wy75-wy99,X10-X39,X50-X39,Y86) Intentional self-harm (suicide)(*U03,X60-X84,Y87.0)	14.5	-		0.4 1.5	0.9 15.2	1.8	2.7 18.1	3.9 18.2	6.9 17.0	15.3	23.3 19.6	73.9 22.4
Intentional self-harm (suicide) by discharge of		•••										
firearms (X72–X74)	7.9	•••		0.6	8.3	9.3	8.4	9.1	9.3	10.2	15.2	17.3

Table 8. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by age: United States, 2021—Con.

						Ag	e group (yea	rs)				
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	All ages ¹	Younger than 1 year ²	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older
Intentional self-harm (suicide) by other and unspecified means and												
their sequelae (*U03,X60–X71,X75–X84,Y87.0)	6.6			0.9	6.8	10.2	9.7	9.1	7.7	5.1	4.3	5.1
Assault (homicide) (*U01-*U02,X85-Y09,Y87.1) Assault (homicide) by discharge of	7.8	7.5	2.0	1.2	15.4	16.6	11.2	6.8	4.3	2.6	1.9	1.8
firearms (*U01.4,X93–X95) Assault (homicide) by other and unspecified means and their	6.3	*	0.5	0.9	14.4	14.7	9.1	5.0	2.6	1.2	0.7	0.8
sequelae (*U01.0-*U01.3,*U01.5-*U01.9,												
*U02,X85–X92,X96–Y09,Y87.1) ³	1.5	7.1	1.6	0.3	1.0	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.0
Legal intervention (Y35,Y89.0)	0.2	*	*	*	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.1	*	*	*
Events of undetermined intent19(Y10–Y34,Y87.2,Y89.9)	1.9	2.7	0.7	0.2	1.2	2.6	3.1	2.8	2.4	1.3	1.1	1.6
Discharge of firearms, undetermined intent (Y22–Y24) Other and unspecified events of undetermined intent and	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*
their sequelae (Y10–Y21,Y25–Y34,Y87.2,Y89.9)	1.7	2.7	0.6	0.1	0.9	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.4	1.2	1.0	1.5
Operations of war and their sequelae (Y36,Y89.1)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Complications of medical and surgical care(Y40–Y84,Y88)	1.8	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.5	5.0	8.8	14.7
Enterocolitis due to <i>Clostridium difficile</i> (A04.7) ³	1.2	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.4	1.0	2.9	8.1	19.7
COVID-19(U07.1) ³	125.6	2.6	0.4	0.3	3.3	13.5	36.9	90.6	172.2	305.1	609.7	1,354.4
Dementia-related causes ³	84.3	*	*	0.1	*	0.0	0.2	0.9	8.6	65.0	477.6	2,949.3
Drug-induced deaths ³	33.5	2.1	8.0	0.3	17.5	54.2	64.0	56.2	48.0	18.5	6.0	5.3
Drug overdose deaths ³	32.1	2.1	0.8	0.3	17.2	52.9	62.0	53.8	45.3	16.8	4.9	4.3
Alcohol-induced deaths ³	16.3	*	*	*	0.5	6.7	18.0	30.3	42.0	29.6	15.4	7.8
Firearm-related injuries ³	14.7	*	0.9	1.6	23.5	24.8	18.1	14.5	12.1	11.7	16.2	18.3

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Data for age not stated included in "all ages" but not distributed among age groups.

²Death rates for younger than 1 year (based on population estimates) differ from infant mortality rates (based on live births); see Technical Notes.

³Included in selected categories above. For the list of ICD-10 codes included, see Technical Notes.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021

													Non-H	ispanic, s	ingle race	3					
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²			ican India aska Nat			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific I			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All causes	3,464,231	1,838,108	1,626,123	315,664	181,195	134,469	26,972	14,724	12,248	92,432	48,386	44,046	449,764	238,599	211,165	5,223	2,906	2,317	2,548,809	1,337,385	1,211,424
Salmonella infections(A01–A02)	72	42	30	12	5	7	1	_	1	4	3	1	12	8	4	1	1	_	41	25	16
Shigellosis and amebiasis(A03,A06) Certain other intestinal	7	1	6	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	1	5
infections (A04, A07–A09)	7,036	2,925	4,111	596	282	314	46	23	23	151	69	82	774	353	421	10	4	6	5,408	2,172	3,236
Tuberculosis(A16–A19) Respiratory tuberculosis	602	392	210	108	71	37	7	4	3	138	94	44	93	62	31	3	-	3	248	158	90
Other tuberculosis	435	293	142	77	53	24	6	3	3	121	81	40	70	49	21	3	-	3	157	107	50
(A17–A19) Whooping	167 4	99	68	31	18	13	1	1	-	17	13	4	23	13	10	-	-	-	91 2	51	40
cough (A37) Scarlet fever and erysipelas (A38,A46)	-	- -	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Meningococcal infection (A39) Septicemia	21	10	11	4	3	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	5	1	4	_	-	_	9	3	6
(A40–A41) Syphilis(A50–A53) Acute poliomyelitis	41,281 43	20,529 31	20,752 12		1,638 8	1,525 2	292 1	153 -	139 1	885 1	453 1	432 -	7,159 21	3,404 14	3,755 7	61 _	32 _	29 _	29,455 10	14,704 8	14,751 2
(A80) Arthropod-borne viral encephalitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
(A83–A84, A85.2) Measles (B05)	6 –	4 -	2 -	- -	- -	- -	_	_ _	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	-	- -	6 –	4 –	2 -
Viral hepatitis(B15–B19) Human immunodeficiency	3,589	2,317	1,272	529	370	159	60	35	25	200	126	74	512	314	198	22	15	7	2,217	1,426	791
virus (HIV) disease(B20–B24) Malaria(B50–B54)	4,977 6	3,800 3	1,177 3	764 1	641 -	123 1	38 -	26 -	12 -	71 -	60 -	11 -	2,438 2	1,674 1	764 1	7 -	7 -	_ _	1,574 3	1,328 2	

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hi	spanic, si	ngle race ⁹	3					
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	-		can India aska Nati			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Other and unspecified infectious and parasitic diseases and their sequelae(A00, A05,A20-A36,A42-A44, A48-A49,A54-A79, A81-A82,A85.0-A85.1, A85.8,A86-B04, B06-B09,B25-B49,																					
B55-B99,U07.1)	427,811	242,562	185,249	69,681	42,651	27,030	4,756	2,500	2,256	13,080	7,786	5,294	57,524	28,412	29,112	1,113	609	504	279,037	159,045	119,992
Malignant neoplasms(C00–C97) Malignant neoplasms of lip, oral cavity and	605,213	318,670	286,543	45,544	23,330	22,214	3,162	1,599	1,563	19,271	9,528	9,743	70,036	35,235	34,801	840	375	465	462,601	246,599	216,002
pharynx (C00–C14)	11,394	8,141	3,253	680	495	185	45	26	19	449	296	153	1,095	804	291	25	19	6	9,013	6,443	2,570
Malignant neoplasm of																	_				
esophagus (C15) Malignant neoplasm of	15,743	12,558	3,185	779	634	145	89	78	11	339	253	86	1,167	805	362	11	7	4	13,278	10,715	2,563
stomach (C16) Malignant neoplasms of colon, rectum and	10,894	6,592	4,302	1,964	1,092	872	96	57	39	880	476	404	1,860	1,110	750	30	20	10	5,991	3,792	2,199
anus (C18–C21) Malignant neoplasms of	54,121	28,911	25,210	4,810	2,695	2,115	324	186	138	1,976	1,010	966	7,135	3,860	3,275	83	45	38	39,425	20,893	18,532
liver and intrahepatic bile ducts (C22)	28,719	18,828	9,891	3,907	2,500	1,407	263	162	101	1,765	1,118	647	3,505	2,355	1,150	57	39	18	19,016	12,511	6,505
Malignant neoplasm of pancreas(C25) Malignant neoplasm of	47,906	24,912	22,994	3,745	1,844	1,901	213	104	109	1,690	818	872	5,857	2,824	3,033	68	27	41	36,095	19,170	16,925
larynx (C32) Malignant neoplasms of trachea, bronchus and	3,887	3,126	761	235	210	25	17	11	6	59	53	6	612	486	126	2	2	-	2,937	2,343	594
lung (C33–C34) Malignant melanoma of	134,592	71,601	62,991	5,781	3,208	2,573	668	330	338	3,779	2,058	1,721	14,248	8,003	6,245	133	63	70	109,126	57,487	51,639
skin(C43) Malignant neoplasm of	8,224	5,363	2,861	295	179	116	18	13	5	42	21	21	131	62	69	2	1	1	7,703	5,063	2,640
breast (C50) Malignant neoplasm of	42,810	500	42,310	3,405	26	3,379	201	1	200	1,368	12	1,356	6,326	84	6,242	93	-	93	31,134	374	30,760
cervix uteri (C53)	4,366		4,366	611		611	53		53	202		202	762		762	19		19	2,680		2,680

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hi	spanic, s	ingle race ³	3					
		Total ¹		I	Hispanic ²	,		can India aska Nati			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Nalignant neoplasms of corpus uteri and uterus, part unspecified																					
(C54–C55) **Malignant neoplasm of	12,208		12,208	1,115		1,115	66		66	412		412	2,509		2,509	61		61	7,974		7,97
ovary (C56) Malignant neoplasm of	13,430		13,430	1,217		1,217	82		82	518		518	1,343		1,343	17		17	10,180		10,18
prostate (C61) Nalignant neoplasms of kidney and renal pelvis	32,563	32,563		2,284	2,284		136	136		670	670		5,292	5,292		43	43		23,941	23,941	
(C64–C65) **Aalignant neoplasm of	14,163	9,370	4,793	1,435	917	518	124	84	40	299	189	110	1,291	809	482	9	4	5	10,912	7,297	3,61
bladder (C67) falignant neoplasms of meninges, brain and other parts of	16,840	12,196	4,644	844	570	274	50	35	15	300	201	99	1,270	789	481	9	7	2	14,297	10,547	3,75
central nervous system(C70–C72) falignant neoplasms of lymphoid, hematopoietic and related tissue	17,857	10,098	7,759	1,551	908	643	66	40	26	477	258	219	1,142	597	545	15	10	5	14,487	8,217	6,27
(C81–C96) Hodgkin disease	57,375	32,988	24,387	4,721	2,586	2,135	232	125	107	1,680	917	763	5,989	3,159	2,830	63	36	27	44,368	25,981	18,38
(C81) Non-Hodgkin lymphoma	1,003	596	407	130	78	52	6	4	2	21	8	13	125	81	44	1	1	-	713	418	29
(C82–C85) Leukemia	20,020	11,519	8,501	1,739	931	808	80	45	35	731	412	319	1,476	829	647	19	9	10	15,850	9,220	6,63
(C91–C95) Multiple myeloma and immunoproliferative neoplasms	23,271	13,540	9,731	1,832	1,012	820	94	46	48	639	342	297	1,964	1,029	935	30	18	12	18,584	11,019	7,56
Other and unspecified malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, hematopoietic and related tissue	12,933	7,244	5,689	1,011	558	453	50	30	20	286	154	132	2,412	1,213	1,199	12	8	4	9,100	5,250	3,85
(C96)	148	89	59	9	7	2	2	-	2	3	1	2	12	7	5	1	_	1	121	74	4

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-H	ispanic, si	ingle race ³	3					
		Total ¹		ı	Hispanic ²	-		can India aska Nati			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All other and unspecified malignant neoplasms (C17, C23–C24,C26–C31, C37–C41,C44–C49, C51–C52,C57–C60, C62–C63,C66, C68–C69,	70.404	40.000	07.400	0.405	0.400	0.000	440	244	200	0.000	4.470	1.100	0.500	4.400	4.000	100	50	40	00.044	04.005	20.040
C73–C80,C97) In situ neoplasms, benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown	78,121	40,923	37,198	6,165	3,182	2,983	419	211	208	2,366	1,178	1,188	8,502	4,196	4,306	100	52	48	60,044	31,825	28,219
behavior(D00–D48) Anemias(D50–D64) Diabetes	16,237 5,987	8,720 2,720	7,517 3,267	1,039 414	529 194	510 220	57 34	37 17	20 17	500 164	262 84	238 80	1,520 1,240	713 547	807 693	18 6	11 2	7 4	13,021 4,099	7,122 1,859	5,899 2,240
mellitus (E10–E14) Nutritional deficiencies	103,294	58,628	44,666	12,489	7,029	5,460	1,269	689	580	3,639	1,963	1,676	18,968	9,843	9,125	314	175	139	65,789	38,428	27,361
(E40–E64) Malnutrition	17,505	6,605	10,900	1,047	423	624	95	42	53	374	148	226	1,872	747	1,125	10	2	8	14,019	5,206	8,813
Other nutritional deficiencies	17,106	6,428	10,678	1,025	412	613	90	40	50	371	148	223	1,822	726	1,096	10	2	8	13,704	5,065	8,639
(E50–E64) Meningitis	399	177	222	22	11	11	5	2	3	3	-	3	50	21	29	-	-	-	315	141	174
(G00,G03) Parkinson	534	314	220	83	45	38	11	7	4	21	11	10	94	51	43	2	1	1	314	193	121
disease(G20–G21) Alzheimer	38,536	23,567	14,969	2,369	1,365	1,004	123	62	61	1,169	683	486	1,893	1,095	798	21	11	10	32,818	20,268	12,550
disease(G30) Major cardiovascular	119,399	36,975	82,424	9,142	2,775	6,367	370	101	269	3,203	968	2,235	9,638	2,791	6,847	85	29	56	96,522	30,170	66,352
diseases(100–178) Diseases of heart(100–109,111,	925,923	488,914	437,009	66,425	36,411	30,014	4,928	2,757	2,171	25,918	13,422	12,496	124,348	65,454	58,894	1,344	788	556	696,709	366,401	330,308
113,120–151) Acute rheumatic fever and chronic rheumatic heart diseases	695,547	384,886	310,661	47,345	27,211	20,134	3,760	2,234	1,526	17,009	9,383	7,626	90,507	49,490	41,017	1,002	617	385	531,162	292,973	238,189
(100–109) Hypertensive heart	3,907	1,382	2,525	266	95	171	25	10	15	117	37	80	333	114	219	16	5	11	3,119	1,110	2,009
disease (I11)	67,774	34,520	33,254	4,726	2,622	2,104	509	306	203	1,499	739	760	12,800	7,073	5,727	98	64	34	47,536	23,338	24,198

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-H	ispanic, si	ngle race ³	3					
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²			can India aska Nat			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Hypertensive heart and renal disease(I13) lschemic heart diseases	13,918	6,473	7,445	949	441	508	119	61	58	310	130	180	2,268	1,117	1,151	17	13	4	10,166	4,658	5,50
(120–125) Acute myocardial infarction	375,476	226,452	149,024	28,094	17,095	10,999	2,012	1,250	762	10,547	6,305	4,242	44,468	25,543	18,925	543	349	194	287,088	174,148	112,94
Other acute ischemic heart diseases	109,097	65,673	43,424	8,388	5,051	3,337	601	373	228	3,238	1,942	1,296	12,933	7,295	5,638	147	82	65	83,165	50,529	32,63
Other forms of chronic ischemic heart disease	4,748	2,704	2,044	269	162	107	26	10	16	112	64	48	738	420	318	5	3	2	3,571	2,029	1,54
(120,125) Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, so described	261,631	158,075	103,556	19,437	11,882	7,555	1,385	867	518	7,197	4,299	2,898	30,797	17,828	12,969	391	264	127	200,352	121,590	78,76
All other forms of chronic ischemic heart disease	78,175	49,832	28,343	6,670	4,549	2,121	509	327	182	2,051	1,302	749	12,322	7,736	4,586	123	86	37	55,640	35,236	20,4
(I20,I25.1–I25.9) Other heart diseases	183,456	108,243	75,213	12,767	7,333	5,434	876	540	336	5,146	2,997	2,149	18,475	10,092	8,383	268	178	90	144,712	86,354	58,35
(I26–I51) Acute and subacute endocarditis	234,472	116,059	118,413	13,310	6,958	6,352	1,095	607	488	4,536	2,172	2,364	30,638	15,643	14,995	328	186	142	183,253	89,719	93,53
Diseases of pericardium and acute myocarditis	1,767	1,072	695	166	106	60	27	16	11	33	21	12	243	147	96	2	1	1	1,280	770	51
(I30–I31,I40) Heart failure (I50) All other forms of heart disease (I26–I28,	1,237 85,037	639 40,344	598 44,693	109 4,647	55 2,249	54 2,398	7 363	1 211	6 152	26 1,603	12 734	14 869	168 10,110	95 4,902	73 5,208	4 82	3 47	1 35	911 67,866	464 31,993	44 35,87
134–138,142–149,151)	146,431	74,004	72,427	8,388	4,548	3,840	698	379	319	2,874	1,405	1,469	20,117	10,499	9,618	240	135	105	113,196	56,492	56,7

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hi	spanic, si	ingle race ³	1					
		Total ¹		ı	Hispanic ²	-		can India aska Nat			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific I			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Essential hypertension and hypertensive renal																					
disease (I10,I12,I15) Cerebrovascular	42,816	20,086	22,730	3,718	1,846	1,872	256	129	127	1,828	858	970	7,868	3,875	3,993	65	29	36	28,798	13,214	15,584
diseases (160–169)	162,890	70,852	92,038	13,776	6,433	7,343	799	351	448	6,428	2,848	3,580	22,837	10,428	12,409	247	124	123	117,809	50,219	67,590
Atherosclerosis (I70) Other diseases of circulatory system	4,214	2,008	2,206	247	119	128	17	5	12	136	64	72	448	213	235	3	1	2	3,320	1,580	1,740
(171–178) Aortic aneurysm and	20,456	11,082	9,374	1,339	802	537	96	38	58	517	269	248	2,688	1,448	1,240	27	17	10	15,620	8,415	7,205
dissection (I71) Other diseases of	10,037	6,039	3,998	580	412	168	27	10	17	319	193	126	1,150	700	450	18	14	4	7,844	4,649	3,195
arteries, arterioles and capillaries (172–178)	10,419	5,043	5,376	759	390	369	69	28	41	198	76	122	1,538	748	790	9	3	6	7,776	3,766	4,010
Other disorders of																					
circulatory system(180–199)	5,655	2,935	2,720	471	269	202	39	20	19	86	46	40	1,160	590	570	11	2	9	3,848	1,982	1,866
nfluenza and pneumonia (J09–J18)	41,917	22,373	19,544	3,664	2,022	1,642	333	189	144	1,586	880	706	5,310	2,786	2,524	57	39	18	30,673	16,286	14,387
Influenza (J09–J11)	608	294	314	61	24	37	10	5	5	1,500	10	6	73	38	35	1	-	1	445	216	229
Pneumonia(J12–J18)	41,309	22,079	19,230	3,603	1,998	1,605	323	184	139	1,570	870	700	5,237	2,748	2,489	56	39	17	30,228	16,070	14,158
Other acute lower respiratory infections		·		•	•	,				.,0.0	0.0			·				••	•	•	,
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	189	88	101	26	14	12	2	2	_	4	4	-	30	11	19	_	_	_	123	56	67
Other and unspecified	128	56	72	19	9	10	2	2	-	3	3	-	23	7	16	-	-	-	77	34	43
acute lower respiratory infections (J22,U04)	61	32	29	7	5	2	_	-	_	1	1	_	7	4	3	-	-	_	46	22	24
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40–J47) Bronchitis, chronic and unspecified	142,342	67,528	74,814	5,479	2,749	2,730	825	372	453	1,754	1,046	708	11,218	5,586	5,632	90	51	39	122,054	57,231	64,823
Emphysema (J40–J42) Asthma (J45–J46) Other chronic lower	335 7,336 3,517	141 3,945 1,430	194 3,391 2,087	26 226 366	11 146 156	15 80 210	4 50 19	1 23 5	3 27 14	7 87 133	2 70 68	5 17 65	51 504 1,020	29 288 469	22 216 551	1 3 6	- 2 3	1 1 3	244 6,405 1,929	97 3,376 711	14 3,029 1,218
respiratory diseases (J44,J47)	131,154	62,012	69,142	4,861	2,436	2,425	752	343	409	1,527	906	621	9,643	4,800	4,843	80	46	34	113,476	53,047	60,429

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hi	spanic, si	ngle race ³	3					
		Total ¹		İ	Hispanic ²	!		can India aska Nat			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific I			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Pneumoconioses and chemical effects (J60–J66,J68,U07.0) Pneumonitis due to solids	564	527	37	27	23	4	3	3	_	2	1	1	26	24	2	-	_	_	505	475	30
and liquids (J69) Other diseases of respiratory system	19,969	11,663	8,306	1,276	726	550	105	63	42	612	356	256	2,399	1,298	1,101	16	7	9	15,447	9,135	6,312
(J00–J06, J30–J39,J67,J70–J98) Peptic ulcer (K25–K28)	45,888 4,008	24,205 2,092	21,683 1,916	3,750 350	2,008 205	1,742 145	332 36	173 19	159 17	1,161 149	625 78	536 71	4,775 421	2,257 233	2,518 188	35 8	16 7	19 1	35,586 3,005	18,976 1,529	16,610 1,476
Diseases of appendix(K35–K38) Hernia(K40–K46) Chronic liver disease and	449 2,488	265 1,132	184 1,356	53 197	33 101	20 96	1 16	- 6	1 10	15 37	6 22	9 15	48 208	34 110	14 98	1 2	- 1	1	327 2,010	189 878	138 1,132
cirrhosis (K70, K73–K74) Alcoholic liver	56,585	35,707	20,878	8,864	6,187	2,677	1,899	1,049	850	881	552	329	4,524	2,707	1,817	51	39	12	39,824	24,824	15,000
disease (K70) Other chronic liver disease and cirrhosis	33,098	22,598	10,500	5,276	4,206	1,070	1,503	855	648	417	325	92	2,624	1,644	980	26	21	5	22,873	15,295	7,578
(K73–K74) Cholelithiasis and other disorders of gallbladder	23,487	13,109	10,378	3,588	1,981	1,607	396	194	202	464	227	237	1,900	1,063	837	25	18	7	16,951	9,529	7,422
(K80–K82) Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis(N00–N07,	4,490	2,362	2,128	452	221	231	51	23	28	158	86	72	430	211	219	7	5	2	3,368	1,806	1,562
N17–N19,N25–N27) Acute and rapidly progressive nephritic	54,358	28,589	25,769	5,021	2,712	2,309	395	185	210	1,639	856	783	10,434	5,189	5,245	117	57	60	36,444	19,406	17,038
and nephrotic syndrome (N00–N01,N04) Chronic glomerulonephritis, nephritis and nephropathy not specified as acute or chronic, and renal sclerosis unspecified	781	380	401	62	35	27	6	3	3	16	7	9	118	51	67	1	1	_	576	282	294
(N02–N03, N05–N07,N26)	290	155	135	30	14	16	4	1	3	18	6	12	37	18	19	-	-	-	200	115	85

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hi	spanic, si	ingle race ³	3					
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²			can India aska Nati			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Renal failure (N17–N19)	53,261	28,039	25,222	4,926	2,662	2,264	385	181	204	1,605	843	762	10,273	5,117	5,156	116	56	60	35,651	18,998	16,653
Other disorders of kidney (N25,N27) Infections of kidney	26	15	11	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	3	3	-	-	-	17	11	6
(N10-N12, N13.6,N15.1) Hyperplasia of	1,248	414	834	127	48	79	15	5	10	34	6	28	114	42	72	4	2	2	937	305	632
prostate (N40) Inflammatory diseases of	715	715		61	61		-	-		34	34		78	78		1	1		533	533	
female pelvic organs (N70–N76) Pregnancy, childbirth and	214		214	17		17	3		3	5		5	43		43	-		-	144		144
the puerperium (000–099) Pregnancy with abortive outcome (000–007)	1,687 48		1,687 48	352 11		352 11	42		42	52 2		52 2	519 18		519 18	6		6	687 15		687 15
Other complications of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium	40		40	11	•••	11	ı		ı	2		2	10	•••	10	_		_	15	•••	13
(010–099) Certain conditions	1,639		1,639	341		341	41		41	50		50	501		501	6		6	672		672
originating in the perinatal period (P00–P96) Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal	9,579	5,276	4,303	2,237	1,239	998	57	25	32	390	222	168	2,807	1,559	1,248	27	17	10	3,557	1,941	1,616
abnormalities(Q00–Q99) Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not	9,664	5,014	4,650	1,678	871	807	83	43	40	235	127	108	1,424	707	717	17	11	6	5,986	3,126	2,860
elsewhere classified(R00–R99) All other	34,503	17,237	17,266	2,916	1,796	1,120	306	179	127	687	341	346	5,407	2,926	2,481	52	25	27	24,678	11,683	12,995
diseases(residual) Accidents (unintentional injuries)(V01–X59,	397,499	175,191	222,308	27,500	13,171	14,329	3,020	1,530	1,490	8,432	3,674	4,758	45,773	20,443	25,330	397	203	194	309,852	134,877	174,975
Y85–Y86) Transport accidents	224,935	149,602	75,333	27,126	20,459	6,667	2,965	1,907	1,058	3,768	2,452	1,316	33,830	24,160	9,670	322	244	78	153,897	98,274	55,623
(V01–V99,Y85)	49,845	36,082	13,763	8,488	6,372	2,116	891	580	311	992	660	332	8,939	6,646	2,293	104	81	23	29,806	21,320	8,486

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hi	spanic, si	ingle race ³	3					
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²			can India aska Nati			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Motor vehicle accidents (V02–V04,V09.0, V09.2,V12–V14, V19.0–V19.2, V19.4–V19.6, V20–V79, V80.3–V80.5, V81.0–V81.1, V82.0–V82.1, V83–V86, V87.0–V87.8, V88.0–V88.8, V89.0,V89.2) Other land transport accidents (V01, V05–V06,V09.1, V09.3–V09.9, V10–V11,V15–V18, V19.3,V19.8–V19.9, V80.0–V80.2, V80.6–V80.9, V81.2–V81.9, V82.2–V82.9,	46,980	33,757	13,223	8,143	6,095	2,048	833	530	303	932	614	318	8,583	6,335	2,248	93	72	21	27,805	19,714	8,0
V87.9, V88.9, V89.1,V89.3,V89.9) Vater, air and space, and other and unspecified transport accidents and their	1,179	956	223	193	158	35	31	27	4	29	21	8	179	159	20	6	6	-	727	572	
sequelae (V90–V99,Y85)	1,686	1,369	317	152	119	33	27	23	4	31	25	6	177	152	25	5	3	2	1,274	1,034	
ntransport accidents(W00–X59,Y86) falls(W00–W19) Accidental discharge of firearms	175,090 44,686	113,520 22,907	61,570 21,779	18,638 2,768	14,087 1,714	4,551 1,054	2,074 246	1,327 135	747 111	2,776	1,792 670	984 536	24,891 2,160	17,514 1,258	7,377 902	218 41	163 28	55 13	124,091 38,059	76,954 18,979	47, 19,
(W32–W34) Accidental drowning and submersion	549 4,337	482	67 1,101	65 623	58 490	133	7 55	6 45	10	7 217	153	3 64	150 736	133 582	17 154	1	1 13	- 4	310 2.610	275 1,894	
(W65–W74)	4,331	3,236	1,101	023	490	133	ວວ	40	10	217	103	04	130	302	104	17	13	4	۷,010	1,094	

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hi	spanic, s	ingle race ^s	3					
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²			can India aska Nat			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Accidental exposure to smoke, fire and flames (X00–X09) Accidental poisoning and exposure to noxious substances	3,389	2,101	1,288	268	172	96	47	25	22	56	28	28	701	428	273	4	3	1	2,273	1,418	855
Other and unspecified nontransport accidents and their sequelae (W20-W31, W35-W64,W75-W99, X10-X39,	102,001	72,515	ŕ	13,071	10,390	2,681	1,463	935	528	862	689	173	18,368	13,396	4,972	126	99	27	66,277	45,689	20,588
X50–X59,Y86) Intentional self-harm (suicide)(*U03,	20,128	12,279	7,849	1,843	1,263	580	256	181	75	428	248	180	2,776	1,717	1,059	29	19	10	14,562	8,699	5,863
X60–X84,Y87.0) Intentional self-harm (suicide) by discharge of	48,183	38,358	9,825	4,907	3,967	940	692	525	167	1,379	962	417	3,692	2,972	720	82	65	17	36,681	29,292	7,389
firearms (X72–X74) Intentional self-harm (suicide) by other and unspecified means and their sequelae	26,328	22,936	3,392	2,037	1,795	242	241	209	32	352	310	42	2,165	1,885	280	27	25	2	21,197	18,448	2,749
(*U03,X60–X71, X75–X84,Y87.0) Assault (homicide) (*U01–*U02,	21,855	15,422	6,433	2,870	2,172	698	451	316	135	1,027	652	375	1,527	1,087	440	55	40	15	15,484	10,844	4,640
X85–Y09,Y87.1) Assault (homicide) by discharge of firearms	26,031	21,084	4,947	4,453	3,694	759	307	241	66	313	205	108	14,313	12,277	2,036	46	40	6	6,215	4,340	1,875
(*U01.4,X93–X95)	20,958	17,596	3,362	3,455	2,992	463	185	147	38	204	146	58	12,721	11,110	1,611	37	34	3	4,064	2,945	1,119

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hi	spanic, si	ingle race ⁹	3					
		Total ¹		ĺ	Hispanic ²			can India aska Nati			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Assault (homicide) by other and unspecified means and their sequelae(*U01.0-*U01.3,	5,073 669	3,488 630	1,585 39	998 151	702 143	296 8	122 13	94 13	28 –	109	59 9	50 –	1,592 163	1,167 159	425 4	9	6	3 -	2,151 317	1,395 290	756 27
Y87.2,Y89.9) Discharge of firearms, undetermined intent(Y22–Y24) Other and unspecified events of undetermined intent and their sequelae	6,259 458	4,133 339	2,126 119	529 55	394 47	135 8	119	67 15	52 5	74 6	50 2	24	1,502 134	1,062	440 32	7	2	2	3,926 231	2,486 164	1,440 67
Y25–Y34,Y87.2,Y89.9) Operations of war and their sequelae(Y36,Y89.1) Complications of medical and surgical care(Y40–Y84,Y88)	5,801 9 6,051	3,794 9 3,247	2,007 - 2,804	474 - 558	347 - 311	127 - 247	99 - 62	52 - 32	47 - 30	68 - 146	48 - 84	20 - 62	1,368 3 963	960 3 455	408 - 508	5 - 9	3 -	2 - 3	3,695 6 4,271	2,322 6 2,336	1,373 - 1,935

Table 9. Number of deaths from 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hi	spanic, si	ngle race ³	3					
		Total ¹		-	Hispanic ²			can India aska Nati			Asian			Black			e Hawai Pacific I			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Enterocolitis due to Clostridium difficile																					
(A04.7) ⁴	4,105	1,808	2,297	331	162	169	30	15	15	81	40	41	410	189	221	5	2	3	3,226	1,393	1,833
COVID-19(U07.1) ⁴	416,893	236,610	180,283	68,656	42,070	26,586	4,624	2,432	2,192	12,757	7,595	5,162	55,994	27,613	28,381	1,087	595	492	271,253	154,806	116,447
Dementia-related causes ⁴	279,704	92,303	187,401	17,876	5,815	12,061	874	264	610	6,793	2,189	4,604	23,685	7,506	16,179	170	61	109	229,199	76,082	153,117
Drug-induced deaths ⁴	111,219	77,309	33,910	13,436	10,513	2,923	1,448	876	572	1,017	757	260	19,944	14,457	5,487	137	106	31	73,225	49,176	24,049
Drug overdose deaths ⁴	106,699	74,301	32,398	12,986	10,156	2,830	1,358	824	534	971	719	252	19,212	13,929	5,283	127	97	30	70,121	47,217	22,904
Alcohol-induced deaths ⁴	54,258	38,700	15,558	7,533	6,148	1,385	2,221	1,377	844	638	504	134	5,023	3,477	1,546	40	33	7	38,117	26,671	11,446
Firearm-related injuries ⁴	48,830	41,866	6,964	5,741	5,014	727	466	390	76	576	469	107	15,290	13,349	1,941	68	63	5	26,054	22,068	3,986

⁻ Quantity zero.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Includes deaths with origin not stated, origin not classifiable, and two or more races reported; see Technical Notes.

²Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

³Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

⁴Included in selected categories above. For the list of ICD-10 codes included, see Technical Notes.

Table 10. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021

[Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for some Hispanic-origin and race categories should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys; see Technical Notes. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases*, 10th Revision (ICD-10); see Technical Notes]

													Non-Hisp	oanic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian ai Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All causes	1,043.8	1,118.2	970.8	503.9	571.3	434.7	1,100.0	1,216.9	986.2	469.5	511.7	430.5	1,074.5	1,185.8	971.4	834.0	917.5	748.6	1,294.9	1,368.8	1,222.
Salmonella infections																					
(A01–A02)	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.0	,
Shigellosis and amebiasis(A03,A06) Certain other intestinal	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	i
infections (A04,A07–A09)	2.1	1.8	2.5	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	*	*	*	2.7	2.2	3.3
Tuberculosis (A16–A19) Respiratory	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	*	*	0.7	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	
tuberculosis (A16)	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	*	*	*	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	
Other tuberculosis (A17–A19)	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.1	0.0
Whooping cough (A37) Scarlet fever and	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	,
erysipelas (A38,A46)		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Meningococcal infection (A39) Septicemia (A40–A41)	0.0 12.4	12.5	12.4	5.0	5.2	4.9	11.9	12.6	11.2	4.5	4.8	4.2	17.1	16.9	17.3	9.7	10.1	9.4	15.0	15.0	14.9
Syphilis (A40–A41)	0.0	0.0	12. 4 *	3.U *	J.Z *	4.9 *	*	12.0	11.Z *	4.5	4.0 *	4.Z *	0.1	10.9	17.3	9.1 *	10.1	9. 4 *	13.0	13.0	14.8
Acute poliomyelitis(A80) Arthropod-borne viral	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
encephalitis (A83–A84,A85.2)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
Measles (B05)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
Viral hepatitis(B15–B19) Human immunodeficiency	1.1	1.4	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.5	2.4	2.9	2.0	1.0	1.3	0.7	1.2	1.6	0.9	3.5	*	*	1.1	1.5	0.8
virus (HIV) disease (B20–B24) Malaria (B50–B54)	1.5	2.3	0.7	1.2	2.0	0.4	1.5	2.1	*	0.4	0.6	*	5.8	8.3	3.5	*	*	*	8.0	1.4	0.2
Other and unspecified infectious and parasitic diseases and their sequelae (A00,A05,A20-A36, A42-A44,A48-A49,A54-A79, A81-A82,A85.0-A85.1,A85.8, A86-B04,B06-B09,B25-B49,																					
B55–B99,U07.1)	128.9	147.6	110.6	111.2	134.5	87.4	194.0	206.6	181.7	66.4	82.3	51.7	137.4	141.2	133.9	177.7	192.3	162.8	141.8	162.8	121.0
Malignant neoplasms(C00–C97) Malignant neoplasms of lip, oral	182.4	193.9	171.1	72.7	73.6	71.8	129.0	132.2	125.9	97.9	100.8	95.2	167.3	175.1	160.1	134.1	118.4	150.2	235.0	252.4	217.9
cavity and pharynx(C00–C14)	3.4	5.0	1.9	1.1	1.6	0.6	1.8	2.1	*	2.3	3.1	1.5	2.6	4.0	1.3	4.0	*	*	4.6	6.6	2.6
Malignant neoplasm of esophagus (C15)	4.7	7.6	1.9	1.2	2.0	0.5	3.6	6.4	*	1.7	2.7	0.8	2.8	4.0	1.7	*	*	*	6.7	11.0	2.6

Table 10. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian ai Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Malignant neoplasm of																					
stomach (C16)	3.3	4.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	2.8	3.9	4.7	3.1	4.5	5.0	3.9	4.4	5.5	3.5	4.8	6.3	*	3.0	3.9	2.2
Malignant neoplasms of colon, rectum and anus (C18–C21) Malignant neoplasms of liver and intrahepatic	16.3	17.6	15.0	7.7	8.5	6.8	13.2	15.4	11.1	10.0	10.7	9.4	17.0	19.2	15.1	13.3	14.2	12.3	20.0	21.4	18.7
bile ducts (C22) Malignant neoplasm of	8.7	11.5	5.9	6.2	7.9	4.5	10.7	13.4	8.1	9.0	11.8	6.3	8.4	11.7	5.3	9.1	12.3	*	9.7	12.8	6.6
pancreas(C25) Malignant neoplasm of	14.4	15.2	13.7	6.0	5.8	6.1	8.7	8.6	8.8	8.6	8.7	8.5	14.0	14.0	14.0	10.9	8.5	13.2	18.3	19.6	17.1
larynx (C32) Malignant neoplasms of trachea, bronchus and	1.2	1.9	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.1	*	*	*	0.3	0.6	*	1.5	2.4	0.6	*	*	*	1.5	2.4	0.6
lung (C33–C34) Malignant melanoma of	40.6	43.6	37.6	9.2	10.1	8.3	27.2	27.3	27.2	19.2	21.8	16.8	34.0	39.8	28.7	21.2	19.9	22.6	55.4	58.8	52.1
skin(C43) Malignant neoplasm of	2.5	3.3	1.7	0.5	0.6	0.4	*	*	*	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	*	*	*	3.9	5.2	2.7
breast(C50) Malignant neoplasm of	12.9	0.3	25.3	5.4	0.1	10.9	8.2	*	16.1	6.9	*	13.3	15.1	0.4	28.7	14.9	*	30.0	15.8	0.4	31.0
cervix uteri (C53) Malignant neoplasms of	1.3	•••	2.6	1.0		2.0	2.2		4.3	1.0		2.0	1.8		3.5	*		*	1.4		2.7
corpus uteri and uterus, part unspecified(C54–C55) Malignant neoplasm of	3.7		7.3	1.8		3.6	2.7		5.3	2.1		4.0	6.0		11.5	9.7		19.7	4.1		8.0
ovary(C56) Malignant neoplasm of	4.0		8.0	1.9		3.9	3.3		6.6	2.6		5.1	3.2		6.2	*		*	5.2		10.3
prostate(C61) Malignant neoplasms of kidney	9.8	19.8		3.6	7.2		5.5	11.2		3.4	7.1		12.6	26.3		6.9	13.6		12.2	24.5	
and renal pelvis(C64–C65) Malignant neoplasm of	4.3	5.7	2.9	2.3	2.9	1.7	5.1	6.9	3.2	1.5	2.0	1.1	3.1	4.0	2.2	*	*	*	5.5	7.5	3.6
bladder (C67) Malignant neoplasms of meninges, brain and other parts of central nervous	5.1	7.4	2.8	1.3	1.8	0.9	2.0	2.9	*	1.5	2.1	1.0	3.0	3.9	2.2	*	*	*	7.3	10.8	3.8
system (C70–C72) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, hematopoietic and	5.4	6.1	4.6	2.5	2.9	2.1	2.7	3.3	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.1	2.7	3.0	2.5	*	*	*	7.4	8.4	6.3
related tissue (C81–C96) Hodgkin disease (C81)	17.3 0.3	20.1 0.4	14.6 0.2	7.5 0.2	8.2 0.2	6.9 0.2	9.5	10.3	8.6	8.5 0.1	9.7	7.5	14.3 0.3	15.7 0.4	13.0 0.2	10.1	11.4	8.7	22.5 0.4	26.6 0.4	18.5 0.3

Table 10. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

[Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for some Hispanic-origin and race categories should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys; see Technical Notes. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* (ICD-10); see Technical Notes]

	-					-							Non-Hisp	anic, sing	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian ar Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Non-Hodgkin																					
lymphoma(C82–C85)	6.0	7.0	5.1	2.8	2.9	2.6	3.3	3.7	2.8	3.7	4.4	3.1	3.5	4.1	3.0	*	*	*	8.1	9.4	6.7
Leukemia (C91–C95)	7.0	8.2	5.8	2.9	3.2	2.7	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.2	3.6	2.9	4.7	5.1	4.3	4.8	*	*	9.4	11.3	7.6
Multiple myeloma and																					
immunoproliferative	2.0	1.1	2.4	1.6	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.0	E 0	6.0	5.5	*	*	*	4.6	5.4	2.0
neoplasms (C88,C90) Other and unspecified	3.9	4.4	3.4	1.0	1.8	1.5	2.0	2.5	1.6	1.5	1.0	1.3	5.8	0.0	5.5				4.0	5.4	3.9
malignant neoplasms of																					
lymphoid, hematopoietic and																					
related tissue(C96)	0.0	0.1	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.0
All other and unspecified	0.0	0.1	0.0																0.1	0.1	0.0
malignant neoplasms (C17,																					
C23-C24,C26-C31,C37-C41,																					
C44-C49,C51-C52,C57-C60,																					
C62-C63,C66,C68-C69,																					
C73-C80,C97)	23.5	24.9	22.2	9.8	10.0	9.6	17.1	17.4	16.7	12.0	12.5	11.6	20.3	20.9	19.8	16.0	16.4	15.5	30.5	32.6	28.5
In situ neoplasms, benign neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown																					
behavior(D00-D48)	4.9	5.3	4.5	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.3	3.1	1.6	2.5	2.8	2.3	3.6	3.5	3.7	*	*	*	6.6	7.3	6.0
Anemias(D50–D64)	1.8	1.7	2.0	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.4	*	*	0.8	0.9	0.8	3.0	2.7	3.2	*	*	*	2.1	1.9	2.3
Diabetes mellitus (E10–E14)	31.1	35.7	26.7	19.9	22.2	17.7	51.8	56.9	46.7	18.5	20.8	16.4	45.3	48.9	42.0	50.1	55.3	44.9	33.4	39.3	27.6
Nutritional deficiencies (E40–E64)	5.3	4.0	6.5	1.7	1.3	2.0	3.9	3.5	4.3	1.9	1.6	2.2	4.5	3.7	5.2	*	*	*	7.1	5.3	8.9
Malnutrition (E40–E46) Other nutritional	5.2	3.9	6.4	1.6	1.3	2.0	3.7	3.3	4.0	1.9	1.6	2.2	4.4	3.6	5.0	*	*	*	7.0	5.2	8.7
deficiencies(E50–E64)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	0.2	0.1	0.2
Meningitis (G00,G03)	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	0.2	0.3	0.2	*	*	*	0.2	0.2	0.1
Parkinson disease (G20–G21)	11.6	14.3	8.9	3.8	4.3	3.2	5.0	5.1	4.9	5.9	7.2	4.8	4.5	5.4	3.7	3.4	*	*	16.7	20.7	12.7
Alzheimer disease (G30)	36.0	22.5	49.2	14.6	8.7	20.6	15.1	8.3	21.7	16.3	10.2	21.8	23.0	13.9	31.5	13.6	9.2	18.1	49.0	30.9	66.9
Major cardiovascular																					
diseases(100–178)	279.0	297.4	260.9	106.0	114.8	97.0	201.0	227.9	174.8	131.7	142.0	122.1	297.1	325.3	270.9	214.6	248.8	179.6	354.0	375.0	333.2
Diseases of heart (100–109,	000.0	0044	405.5	75.0	05.0	05.4	450.0	4040	400.0	00.4	00.0	745	040.0	0.40.0	400.7	400.0	4040	404.4	000.0	000.0	0.40.0
111,113,120–151)	209.6	234.1	185.5	75.6	85.8	65.1	153.3	184.6	122.9	86.4	99.2	74.5	216.2	246.0	188.7	160.0	194.8	124.4	269.9	299.9	240.3
Acute rheumatic fever and																					
chronic rheumatic heart diseases (100–109)	1.2	0.8	1.5	0.4	0.3	0.6	1.0	*	*	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.6	1.0	*	*	*	1.6	1.1	2.0
Hypertensive heart	1.2	0.6	1.5	0.4	0.5	0.0	1.0			0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0				1.0	1.1	2.0
disease (I11)	20.4	21.0	19.9	7.5	8.3	6.8	20.8	25.3	16.3	7.6	7.8	7.4	30.6	35.2	26.3	15.6	20.2	11.0	24.2	23.9	24.4
Hypertensive heart and	۵۰.٦	21.0	10.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0	10.0	7.0	7.0	7.7	50.0	00.2	20.0	10.0	20.2	11.0	۲٦.٢	20.0	∠ ⊤.⊤
renal disease(I13)	4.2	3.9	4.4	1.5	1.4	1.6	4.9	5.0	4.7	1.6	1.4	1.8	5.4	5.6	5.3	*	*	*	5.2	4.8	5.6
Con footnotes at and of table																					

Table 10. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ⁵	2	American	Indian ar Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Ischemic heart diseases (I20–I25)	113.1	137.8	89.0	44.8	53.9	35.6	82.1	103.3	61.4	53.6	66.7	41.5	106.2	126.9	87.1	86.7	110.2	62.7	145.9	178.2	113.9
Acute myocardial infarction (I21–I22) Other acute ischemic	32.9	40.0	25.9	13.4	15.9	10.8	24.5	30.8	18.4	16.4	20.5	12.7	30.9	36.3	25.9	23.5	25.9	21.0	42.3	51.7	32.9
heart diseases (124) Other forms of chronic	1.4	1.6	1.2	0.4	0.5	0.3	1.1	*	*	0.6	0.7	0.5	1.8	2.1	1.5	*	*	*	1.8	2.1	1.6
ischemic heart disease (I20,I25) Atherosclerotic	78.8	96.2	61.8	31.0	37.5	24.4	56.5	71.7	41.7	36.6	45.5	28.3	73.6	88.6	59.7	62.4	83.4	41.0	101.8	124.4	79.5
cardiovascular disease, so described (125.0) All other forms of chronic	23.6	30.3	16.9	10.6	14.3	6.9	20.8	27.0	14.7	10.4	13.8	7.3	29.4	38.4	21.1	19.6	27.2	12.0	28.3	36.1	20.6
ischemic heart disease(120,125.1–125.9) Other heart diseases	55.3	65.8	44.9	20.4	23.1	17.6	35.7	44.6	27.1	26.1	31.7	21.0	44.1	50.2	38.6	42.8	56.2	29.1	73.5	88.4	58.9
(I26–I51) Acute and subacute	70.6	70.6	70.7	21.2	21.9	20.5	44.7	50.2	39.3	23.0	23.0	23.1	73.2	77.7	69.0	52.4	58.7	45.9	93.1	91.8	94.4
endocarditis (133) Diseases of pericardium and acute myocarditis	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	1.1	*	*	0.2	0.2	*	0.6	0.7	0.4	*	*	*	0.7	0.8	0.5
(I30–I31,I40) Heart failure(I50) All other forms of heart	0.4 25.6	0.4 24.5	0.4 26.7	0.2 7.4	0.2 7.1	0.2 7.8	14.8	* 17.4	12.2	0.1 8.1	* 7.8	* 8.5	0.4 24.2	0.5 24.4	0.3 24.0	* 13.1	14.8	11.3	0.5 34.5	0.5 32.7	0.5 36.2
disease(126–128, 134–138,142–149,151) Essential hypertension and	44.1	45.0	43.2	13.4	14.3	12.4	28.5	31.3	25.7	14.6	14.9	14.4	48.1	52.2	44.2	38.3	42.6	33.9	57.5	57.8	57.2
hypertensive renal disease (I10,I12,I15)	12.9	12.2	13.6	5.9	5.8	6.1	10.4	10.7	10.2	9.3	9.1	9.5	18.8	19.3	18.4	10.4	9.2	11.6	14.6	13.5	15.7
Cerebrovascular diseases (160–169) Atherosclerosis (170)	49.1 1.3	43.1 1.2	54.9 1.3	22.0 0.4	20.3 0.4	23.7 0.4	32.6	29.0	36.1	32.7 0.7	30.1 0.7	35.0 0.7	54.6 1.1	51.8 1.1	57.1 1.1	39.4	39.2	39.7	59.9 1.7	51.4 1.6	68.2 1.8
Other diseases of circulatory system (I71–I78)	6.2	6.7	5.6	2.1	2.5	1.7	3.9	3.1	4.7	2.6	2.8	2.4	6.4	7.2	5.7	4.3	*	*	7.9	8.6	7.3
Aortic aneurysm and dissection (I71) Other diseases of arteries.	3.0	3.7	2.4	0.9	1.3	0.5	1.1	*	*	1.6	2.0	1.2	2.7	3.5	2.1	*	*	*	4.0	4.8	3.2
arterioles and capillaries (172–178)	3.1	3.1	3.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.8	2.3	3.3	1.0	0.8	1.2	3.7	3.7	3.6	*	*	*	4.0	3.9	4.0

Table 10. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	oanic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian a Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Other disorders of circulatory system(180–199)	1.7	1.8	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	1.6	1.7	*	0.4	0.5	0.4	2.8	2.9	2.6	*	*	*	2.0	2.0	1.9
pneumonia(J09–J18) Influenza(J09–J11)	12.6 0.2	13.6 0.2		5.8 0.1	6.4 0.1	5.3 0.1	13.6	15.6	11.6	8.1	9.3	6.9	12.7 0.2	13.8 0.2	11.6 0.2	9.1	12.3	*	15.6 0.2	16.7 0.2	14.5 0.2
Pneumonia (J12–J18) Other acute lower respiratory	12.4	13.4		5.8	6.3	5.2	13.2	15.2	11.2	8.0	9.2	6.8	12.5	13.7	11.5	8.9	12.3	*	15.4	16.4	14.3
infections (J20–J22,U04) Acute bronchitis and	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1
bronchiolitis (J20–J21) Other and unspecified acute lower respiratory infections	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.0	0.0
diseases(J40–J47) Bronchitis, chronic and	42.9	41.1	44.7	8.7	8.7	8.8	33.6	30.7	36.5	8.9	11.1	6.9	26.8	27.8	25.9	14.4	16.1	12.6	62.0	58.6	
unspecified (J40–J42) Emphysema (J43)	0.1 2.2 1.1	0.1 2.4		0.0 0.4	0.5 0.5	0.3 0.7	2.0	1.9	2.2	0.4 0.7	0.7 0.7	* * 0.6	0.1 1.2 2.4	0.1 1.4 2.3	0.1 1.0 2.5	*	*	*	0.1 3.3 1.0	0.1 3.5 0.7	0.1 3.1 1.2
Asthma(J45–J46) Other chronic lower respiratory diseases(J44,J47)	39.5	0.9 37.7		0.6 7.8	7.7	7.8	30.7	28.3	32.9	7.8	9.6	6.1	23.0	23.9	22.3	12.8	14.5	11.0	57.7	54.3	61.0
Pneumoconioses and chemical effects (J60–J66,J68,U07.0)	0.2	0.3		0.0	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	0.3	0.5	
Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids (J69) Other diseases of respiratory	6.0	7.1	5.0	2.0	2.3	1.8	4.3	5.2	3.4	3.1	3.8	2.5	5.7	6.5	5.1	*	*	*	7.8	9.3	6.4
system (J00–J06, J30–J39,J67,J70–J98) Peptic ulcer (K25–K28)	13.8 1.2	14.7 1.3		6.0 0.6	6.3 0.6	5.6 0.5	13.5 1.5	14.3	12.8	5.9 0.8	6.6 0.8	5.2 0.7	11.4 1.0	11.2 1.2	11.6 0.9	5.6	*	*	18.1 1.5	19.4 1.6	16.8 1.5
Diseases of appendix(K35–K38) Hernia(K40–K46)	0.1 0.7	0.2 0.7		0.1 0.3	0.1 0.3	0.1 0.3	*	*	*	* 0.2	* 0.2	*	0.1 0.5	0.2 0.5	* 0.5	*	*	*	0.2 1.0	0.2 0.9	
Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis(K70,K73–K74)	17.0	21.7	12.5	14.1	19.5	8.7	77.4	86.7	68.4	4.5	5.8	3.2	10.8	13.5	8.4	8.1	12.3	*	20.2	25.4	15.1
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) Other chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (K73–K74)	10.0 7.1	13.7	6.3 6.2	8.4 5.7	13.3 6.2	3.5 5.2	61.3	70.7 16.0	52.2 16.3	2.1	3.4 2.4	0.9 2.3	6.3 4.5	8.2 5.3	4.5 3.9	4.2	6.6	*	11.6	15.7 9.8	7.6 7.5
Cholelithiasis and other disorders of gallbladder(K80–K82)	1.4	1.4		0.7	0.7	0.7	2.1	1.9	2.3	0.8	0.9	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	*	*	*	1.7	1.8	

Table 10. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic	2	American	Indian a Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			/e Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and																					
nephrosis(N00-N07, N17-N19.N25-N27)	16.4	17.4	15.4	8.0	8.6	7.5	16.1	15.3	16.9	8.3	9.1	7.7	24.9	25.8	24.1	18.7	18.0	19.4	18.5	19.9	17.2
Acute and rapidly progressive	10.4	17.4	10.4	0.0	0.0	7.5	10.1	13.3	10.9	0.3	9.1	1.1	24.9	23.0	24.1	10.7	10.0	19.4	10.5	19.9	17.2
nephritic and nephrotic																					
syndrome (N00–N01,N04)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.3	0.3	0.3	*	*	*	0.3	0.3	0.3
Chronic alomerulonephritis.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1							0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0
nephritis and nephropathy not																					
specified as acute or chronic,																					
and renal sclerosis unspecified																					
(N02-N03,N05-N07,N26)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1
Renal failure (N17–N19)	16.0	17.1	15.1	7.9	8.4	7.3	15.7	15.0	16.4	8.2	8.9	7.4	24.5	25.4	23.7	18.5	17.7	19.4	18.1	19.4	16.8
Other disorders of																					
kidney(N25,N27)	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Infections of kidney																					
(N10–N12,N13.6,N15.1)	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	*	*	*	0.2	*	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	*	*	*	0.5	0.3	0.6
Hyperplasia of prostate (N40)	0.2	0.4		0.1	0.2		*	*		0.2	0.4		0.2	0.4		*	*		0.3	0.5	
Inflammatory diseases of female	0.1		0.1	*		*	*		*	*		*	0.1		0.2	*		*	0.1		0.1
pelvic organs (N70–N76) Pregnancy, childbirth and the	0.1		0.1					•••			• • • •		0.1	•••	0.2		•••		0.1		0.1
puerperium(000–099)	0.5		1.0	0.6		1.1	1.7		3.4	0.3		0.5	1.2		2.4	*		*	0.3		0.7
Pregnancy with abortive	0.0	•••		0.0		•••	•••	•••	0	0.0		0.0		•••					0.0	•••	•
outcome (000–007)	0.0		0.0	*		*	*		*	*		*	*		*	*		*	*		*
Other complications of																					
pregnancy, childbirth and the																					
puerperium (010–099)	0.5		1.0	0.5		1.1	1.7		3.3	0.3		0.5	1.2		2.3	*		*	0.3		0.7
Certain conditions originating in the																					
perinatal period (P00–P96)	2.9	3.2	2.6	3.6	3.9	3.2	2.3	2.1	2.6	2.0	2.3	1.6	6.7	7.7	5.7	4.3	*	*	1.8	2.0	1.6
Congenital malformations,																					
deformations and chromosomal	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	0.4	3.6	3.2	1.2	1.3	1.1	3.4	0.5	0.0	*	*	*	3.0	3.2	0.0
abnormalities (Q00–Q99) Symptoms, signs and abnormal	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.1	2.1	2.0	3.4	3.0	3.2	1.2	1.3	1.1	3.4	3.5	3.3				3.0	3.2	2.9
clinical and laboratory findings,																					
not elsewhere classified																					
(R00–R99)	10.4	10.5	10.3	4.7	5.7	3.6	12.5	14.8	10.2	3.5	3.6	3.4	12.9	14.5	11.4	8.3	7.9	8.7	12.5	12.0	13.1
All other diseases(residual)	119.8	106.6		43.9	41.5	46.3	123.2	126.4	120.0	42.8	38.9	46.5	109.4	101.6	116.5	63.4	64.1	62.7	157.4	138.0	176.5
Accidents (unintentional injuries)																					
(V01–X59,Y85–Y86)	67.8	91.0	45.0	43.3	64.5	21.6	120.9	157.6	85.2	19.1	25.9	12.9	80.8	120.1	44.5	51.4	77.0	25.2	78.2	100.6	56.1
Transport accidents								:					.								_
(V01–V99,Y85)	15.0	21.9	8.2	13.5	20.1	6.8	36.3	47.9	25.0	5.0	7.0	3.2	21.4	33.0	10.5	16.6	25.6	7.4	15.1	21.8	8.6

Table 10. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

[Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for some Hispanic-origin and race categories should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys; see Technical Notes. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases*, 10th Revision (ICD-10); see Technical Notes]

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian ar Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Motor vehicle accidents(V02–V04,V09.0,V09.2, V12–V14,V19.0–V19.2, V19.4–V19.6,V20–V79, V80.3–V80.5,V81.0–V81.1, V82.0–V82.1,V83–V86, V87.0–V87.8,V88.0–V88.8,																					
V89.0,V89.2) Other land transport accidents (V01,V05–V06, V09.1,V09.3–V09.9,V10–V11, V15–V18,V19.3,V19.8–V19.9, V80.0–V80.2,V80.6–V80.9, V81.2–V81.9,V82.2–V82.9, V87.9,V88.9,V89.1,	14.2	20.5	7.9	13.0	19.2	6.6	34.0	43.8	24.4	4.7	6.5	3.1	20.5	31.5	10.3	14.9	22.7	6.8	14.1	20.2	8.
V89.3,V89.9) Water, air and space, and other and unspecified transport	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.1	1.3	2.2	*	0.1	0.2	*	0.4	0.8	0.1	*	*	*	0.4	0.6	0.
accidents and their sequelae(V90–V99,Y85) Nontransport	0.5	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.1	1.1	1.9	*	0.2	0.3	*	0.4	0.8	0.1	*	*	*	0.6	1.1	0.
accidents (W00–X59,Y86) Falls (W00–W19) Accidental discharge of	52.8 13.5	69.1 13.9	36.8 13.0	29.8 4.4	44.4 5.4	14.7 3.4	84.6 10.0	109.7 11.2	60.1 8.9	14.1 6.1	19.0 7.1	9.6 5.2	59.5 5.2	87.0 6.3	33.9 4.1	34.8 6.5	51.5 8.8	17.8	63.0 19.3	78.8 19.4	47. 19.
firearms (W32–W34) Accidental drowning and	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.4	0.7	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.3	0
submersion(W65–W74) Accidental exposure to smoke,	1.3	2.0	0.7	1.0	1.5	0.4	2.2	3.7	*	1.1	1.6	0.6	1.8	2.9	0.7	*	*	*	1.3	1.9	
fire and flames (X00–X09) Accidental poisoning and exposure to noxious	1.0	1.3	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.3	1.9	2.1	1.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.7	2.1	1.3	*	*	*	1.2	1.5	0
substances (X40–X49) Other and unspecified nontransport accidents and their sequelae (W20–W31,	30.7	44.1	17.6	20.9	32.8	8.7	59.7	77.3	42.5	4.4	7.3	1.7	43.9	66.6	22.9	20.1	31.3	8.7	33.7	46.8	20
W35–W64,W75–W99, X10–X39,X50–X59,Y86)	6.1	7.5	4.7	2.9	4.0	1.9	10.4	15.0	6.0	2.2	2.6	1.8	6.6	8.5	4.9	4.6	*	*	7.4	8.9	5

Table 10. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

[Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for some Hispanic-origin and race categories should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys; see Technical Notes. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* (ICD-10); see Technical Notes]

													Non-His	oanic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian a	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			e Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Intentional self-harm (suicide)(*U03,X60–X84,Y87.0) Intentional self-harm (suicide) by discharge of firearms	14.5	23.3	5.9	7.8	12.5	3.0	28.2	43.4	13.4	7.0	10.2	4.1	8.8	14.8	3.3	13.1	20.5	*	18.6	30.0	7.5
(X72–X74) Intentional self-harm (suicide) by other and unspecified means and their sequelae(*U03,X60–X71,	7.9	14.0	2.0	3.3	5.7	0.8	9.8	17.3	2.6	1.8	3.3	0.4	5.2	9.4	1.3	4.3	7.9	*	10.8	18.9	
X75–X84,Y87.0) Assault (homicide)	6.6	9.4	3.8	4.6	6.8	2.3	18.4	26.1	10.9	5.2	6.9	3.7	3.6	5.4	2.0	8.8	12.6	*	7.9	11.1	4.7
(*Ù01-*U02,X85-Y09,Y87.1) Assault (homicide) by discharge	7.8	12.8	3.0	7.1	11.6	2.5	12.5	19.9	5.3	1.6	2.2	1.1	34.2	61.0	9.4	7.3	12.6	*	3.2	4.4	1.9
of firearms (*U01.4, X93–X95) Assault (homicide) by other and unspecified means and their sequelae (*U01.0–*U01.3, *U01.5–*U01.9,*U02,X85–X92,	6.3	10.7	2.0	5.5	9.4	1.5	7.5	12.1	3.1	1.0	1.5	0.6	30.4	55.2	7.4	5.9	10.7	*	2.1	3.0	1.1
X96-Y09.Y87.1)	1.5	2.1	0.9	1.6	2.2	1.0	5.0	7.8	2.3	0.6	0.6	0.5	3.8	5.8	2.0	*	*	*	1.1	1.4	0.8
Legal intervention (Y35,Y89.0) Events of undetermined intent	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.5	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.4	0.8	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.3	
(Y10-Y34,Y87.2,Y89.9) Discharge of firearms, undetermined	1.9	2.5	1.3	0.8	1.2	0.4	4.9	5.5	4.2	0.4	0.5	0.2	3.6	5.3	2.0	*	*	*	2.0	2.5	1.5
intent(Y22–Y24) Other and unspecified events of undetermined intent and their sequelae(Y10–Y21,	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.8	*	*	*	*	*	0.3	0.5	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.1
Y25–Y34,Y87.2,Y89.9) Operations of war and their	1.7	2.3	1.2	8.0	1.1	0.4	4.0	4.3	3.8	0.3	0.5	0.2	3.3	4.8	1.9	*	*	*	1.9	2.4	1.4
sequelae(Y36,Y89.1) Complications of medical and	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
surgical care (Y40–Y84,Y88)	1.8	2.0	1.7	0.9	1.0	8.0	2.5	2.6	2.4	0.7	0.9	0.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	*	*	*	2.2	2.4	2.0

Table 10. Death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

[Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for some Hispanic-origin and race categories should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys; see Technical Notes. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* (ICD-10); see Technical Notes]

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian ar Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			e Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Enterocolitis due to Clostridium difficile	1.2 125.6 84.3 33.5 32.1 16.3 14.7	1.1 143.9 56.2 47.0 45.2 23.5 25.5	1.4 107.6 111.9 20.2 19.3 9.3 4.2	0.5 109.6 28.5 21.4 20.7 12.0 9.2	0.5 132.6 18.3 33.1 32.0 19.4 15.8	0.5 86.0 39.0 9.5 9.1 4.5 2.4	1.2 188.6 35.6 59.1 55.4 90.6 19.0	* 201.0 21.8 72.4 68.1 113.8 32.2	* 176.5 49.1 46.1 43.0 68.0 6.1	0.4 64.8 34.5 5.2 4.9 3.2 2.9	0.4 80.3 23.2 8.0 7.6 5.3 5.0	0.4 50.5 45.0 2.5 2.5 1.3 1.0	1.0 133.8 56.6 47.6 45.9 12.0 36.5	0.9 137.2 37.3 71.8 69.2 17.3 66.3	1.0 130.6 74.4 25.2 24.3 7.1 8.9	173.6 27.1 21.9 20.3 6.4 10.9	* 187.9 19.3 33.5 30.6 10.4 19.9	159.0 35.2 10.0 9.7	1.6 137.8 116.4 37.2 35.6 19.4 13.2	1.4 158.4 77.9 50.3 48.3 27.3 22.6	1.8 117.5 154.5 24.3 23.1 11.5 4.0

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Includes deaths with origin not stated, origin not classifiable, and two or more races reported; see Technical Notes.

²Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

³Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

⁴Included in selected categories above. For the list of ICD-10 codes included, see Technical Notes.

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021

													Non-His	oanic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	ı Indian a Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ive Hawaii r Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All causes	879.7	1,048.0	733.3	724.7	884.9	582.7	1,109.2	1,282.7	946.6	461.7	554.9	386.3	1,118.0	1,374.0	917.2	924.3	1,042.8	806.0	893.9	1,055.6	751.4
Salmonella infections																					
$ \begin{array}{cccc} \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ \text{Shigellosis and} \end{array}$ Shigellosis and	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.0	*
amebiasis(A03,A06) Certain other intestinal	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
infections (A04,A07–A09)	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.9	2.2	1.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	2.0	2.1	1.8	*	*	*	1.8	1.7	2.0
Tuberculosis(A16–A19) Respiratory	0.1	0.2	•	0.2	0.3	0.2	*	*	*	0.7	1.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.0
tuberculosis (A16)	0.1	0.2		0.2	0.2	0.1	*	*	*	0.6	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.1	*	*	*	0.0	0.1	0.0
Other tuberculosis (A17–A19)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.0	0.0
Whooping cough (A37) Scarlet fever and	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
erysipelas (A38,A46)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Meningococcal infection (A39)	0.0	*	*	- 4		*	*	*	*			*	47.0	*	*	40.5	*	*	*	*	*
Septicemia (A40–A41)	10.2	11.4	9.3	7.4	8.5	6.6	11.8	13.2	10.6	4.5	5.3	3.8	17.6	20.2	16.0	10.5	11.6	9.6	10.0	11.2	9.2
Syphilis (A50–A53)	0.0	0.0	*		*	*	*	*					0.0					*			
Acute poliomyelitis (A80) Arthropod-borne viral	*						+														
encephalitis (A83–A84,A85.2)	*									,					,	,	,			,	
Measles (B05)		4.4	0.0	1.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.7	17	0.0	4.0	0.0	4.4	4.5	0.0	0.4	*	*	0.0	1.0	0.0
Viral hepatitis (B15–B19) Human immunodeficiency	0.8	1.1	0.6	1.0	1.5	0.6	2.2	2.7	1.7	0.9	1.3	0.6	1.1	1.5	0.8	3.4	*	*	0.8	1.0	0.6
virus (HIV) disease (B20–B24) Malaria (B50–B54)	1.3	2.1	0.6	1.4	2.3	0.5	1.5	2.1	*	0.3	0.6	*	5.5	8.0	3.3	*	*	*	0.6	1.1	0.2
Other and unspecified infectious																					
and parasitic diseases and their sequelae (A00, A05, A20–A36, A42–A44, A48–A49, A54–A79, A81–A82, A85.0–A85.1, A85.8, A86–B04, B06–B09, B25–B49,																					
B55-B99,U07.1)	106.9	134.6	84.0	154.0	202.0	113.2	189.4	213.5	167.8	63.5	86.2	45.8	140.1	163.8	123.6	189.9	210.9	168.8	96.2	121.5	75.2
Malignant neoplasms			00					2.0.0		00.0	00.2				0.0		2.0.0		00.2		
(C00–C97) Malignant neoplasms of lip, oral	146.6	172.0	127.7	105.1	122.1	93.3	124.9	138.5	114.3	92.9	105.4	83.7	167.4	203.9	144.5	144.6	132.1	156.9	153.7	180.1	133.6
cavity and pharynx(C00–C14)	2.7	4.2	1.4	1.5	2.4	0.8	1.7	1.9	*	2.1	3.1	1.3	2.5	4.3	1.2	4.3	*	*	3.0	4.5	1.6
Malignant neoplasm of esophagus (C15)	3.7	6.4	1.4	1.7	3.1	0.6	3.3	6.3	*	1.6	2.6	0.7	2.6	4.3	1.5	*	*	*	4.3	7.6	1.5

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic [;]	2	American	Indian a Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaiia Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Malignant neoplasm of																					
stomach (C16) Malignant neoplasms of colon,	2.7	3.5	2.0	4.4	5.4	3.6	3.9	5.3	2.7	4.2	5.2	3.4	4.5	6.5	3.2	5.1	6.6	*	2.0	2.8	1.4
rectum and anus(C18–C21) Malignant neoplasms of liver and intrahepatic	13.4	15.6	11.4	10.8	13.3	8.9	12.9	15.7	10.5	9.5	10.9	8.3	17.2	21.8	13.9	14.3	15.2	13.3	13.6	15.6	11.7
bile ducts (C22) Malignant neoplasm of	6.7	9.4	4.3	8.8	12.1	6.1	9.4	12.4	6.8	8.3	11.8	5.6	7.8	12.0	4.6	9.4	13.4	*	6.1	8.6	4.0
pancreas(C25) Malignant neoplasm of	11.4	13.0	10.0	8.8	9.3	8.3	8.3	8.6	7.9	8.2	8.9	7.6	13.9	15.3	12.6	12.0	9.3	14.2	11.7	13.6	10.1
larynx (C32) Malignant neoplasms of trachea, bronchus and	0.9	1.6	0.3	0.5	1.1	0.1	*	*	*	0.3	0.6	*	1.4	2.6	0.5	*	*	*	0.9	1.6	0.4
lung (C33–C34) Malignant melanoma of	31.7	37.4	27.3	14.2	18.1	11.3	26.3	28.5	24.5	18.3	23.0	14.8	33.4	45.0	25.4	23.5	22.9	24.0	35.1	40.4	30.9
skin(C43) Malignant neoplasm of	2.0	2.9	1.3	0.7	0.9	0.5	*	*	*	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	*	*	*	2.6	3.8	1.7
breast (C50) Malignant neoplasm of	10.6	0.3	19.4	7.4	0.1	13.6	7.7	*	14.3	6.4	*	11.5	15.3	0.5	26.3	15.8	*	30.8	10.8	0.3	19.8
cervix uteri (C53) Malignant neoplasms of	1.2		2.3	1.2		2.3	2.1		4.1	1.0		1.7	1.8		3.3	*		*	1.1		2.2
corpus uteri and uterus, part unspecified(C54–C55) Malignant neoplasm of	2.9		5.3	2.4		4.5	2.5		4.7	1.9		3.4	5.7		9.8	10.2		20.1	2.6		4.9
ovary (C56) Malignant neoplasm of	3.3		6.0	2.7		4.9	3.2		5.9	2.4		4.3	3.2		5.5	*		*	3.4		6.4
prostate (C61) Malignant neoplasms of kidney	8.0	19.0	•••	6.1	14.9		5.8	13.5		3.4	8.2		13.5	35.4		8.3	18.1	•••	7.8	18.4	•••
and renal pelvis (C64–C65) Malignant neoplasm of	3.4	5.0	2.1	3.3	4.6	2.2	4.8	6.9	3.0	1.4	2.1	1.0	3.1	4.6	2.0	*	*	*	3.6	5.3	2.2
bladder (C67) Malignant neoplasms of meninges, brain and other parts of central nervous	4.1	7.1	2.0	2.2	3.6	1.3	2.2	3.6	*	1.5	2.4	0.9	3.3	5.3	2.1	*	*	*	4.7	8.1	2.2
system (C70–C72) Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, hematopoietic and	4.4	5.4	3.6	3.2	3.9	2.5	2.6	3.3	1.8	2.3	2.7	1.9	2.7	3.2	2.3	*	*	*	5.2	6.2	4.3
related tissue (C81–C96) Hodgkin disease (C81)	14.2 0.2	18.5 0.3	10.9 0.2	11.1 0.3	13.4 0.4	9.2 0.2	9.8	11.4	8.5	8.3 0.1	10.3	6.7	14.8 0.3	18.9 0.4	12.1 0.2	10.8	12.4	9.2	14.9 0.2	19.6 0.3	11.1 0.2

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian ai Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Non-Hodgkin																					
lymphoma(C82–C85)	5.0	6.5	3.8	4.2	5.0	3.6	3.4	4.1	2.7	3.6	4.6	2.8	3.6	4.9	2.8	*	*	*	5.3	6.9	4.0
Leukemia(C91–C95)	5.8	7.7	4.4	4.0	4.9	3.4	4.1	4.3	3.9	3.2	3.9	2.7	4.8	6.1	4.0	5.3	*	*	6.3	8.4	4.7
Multiple myeloma and																					
immunoproliferative																					
neoplasms (C88,C90)	3.2	4.0	2.5	2.5	3.1	2.0	2.1	2.6	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.2	6.0	7.5	5.1	*	*	*	3.0	3.9	2.3
Other and unspecified																					
malignant neoplasms of																					
lymphoid, hematopoietic and																					
related tissue (C96)	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.1	0.0
All other and unspecified																					
malignant neoplasms (C17,																					
C23-C24,C26-C31,C37-C41,																					
C44-C49,C51-C52,C57-C60,																					
C62-C63,C66,C68-C69,																					
C73-C80,C97)	19.1	22.5	16.6	14.1	16.0	12.5	17.1	18.9	15.6	11.5	13.1	10.3	20.4	24.0	18.0	17.4	17.7	16.8	20.2	23.8	17.4
In situ neoplasms, benign																					
neoplasms and neoplasms of																					
uncertain or unknown behavior(D00–D48)	4.1	5.1	3.3	2.6	3.1	2.3	2.4	3.5	1.5	2.5	3.1	2.1	3.9	4.5	3.5	*	*	*	4.4	5.5	3.6
Anemias(D50–D44)	1.5	1.6	3.3 1.5	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.4	3.3 *	1.5	0.8	1.0	0.7	3.9	3.1	3.5	*	*	*	1.4	1.5	1.3
Diabetes mellitus (E10–E14)	25.4	31.8	20.0	29.4	35.8	24.0	51.0	57.9	44.4	18.1	22.4	14.7	46.3	55.9	38.9	54.4	62.8	46.8	22.4	28.6	17.0
Nutritional deficiencies. (E40–E64)	4.5	4.1	4.7	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.3	4.3	4.2	2.0	1.9	2.0	5.3	5.3	5.1	J4.4 *	02.0 *	40.0 *	4.7	4.2	5.0
Malnutrition (E40–E46)	4.4	4.0	4.6	2.9	2.9	2.9	4.1	4.0	4.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	5.1	5.2	5.0	*	*	*	4.6	4.1	4.9
Other nutritional	7.7	4.0	4.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	7.1	4.0	4.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	J. I	J.Z	5.0				4.0	7.1	4.5
deficiencies (E50–E64)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1
Meningitis (G00,G03)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1
Parkinson disease (G20–G21)	9.8	14.5	6.6	6.9	9.8	5.0	5.7	6.6	5.0	6.2	8.7	4.4	5.4	8.3	3.6	4.5	*	*	11.0	16.1	7.3
Alzheimer disease(G30)	31.0	24.0	35.4	27.7	21.3	31.6	18.3	11.4	22.8	17.0	13.0	19.6	29.4	23.7	32.3	20.1	15.2	23.6	32.6	25.3	37.5
Maior cardiovascular	01.0	21.0	00.1	21.1	21.0	01.0	10.0		22.0	17.0	10.0	10.0	20.1	20.7	02.0	20.1	10.2	20.0	02.0	20.0	07.0
diseases(100–178)	231.8	279.9	190.8	168.5	202.8	138.9	205.5	246.8	168.8	130.7	156.5	109.5	313.7	388.1	256.6	246.6	294.5	201.0	235.7	284.0	193.9
Diseases of heart (100–109,					202.0	.00.0	200.0						0.0				20	20110	200		
l11,l13,l20–l51)	173.8	219.5	135.6	119.0	149.9	92.9	155.2	197.7	118.1	85.5	108.6	66.8	226.2	289.9	177.8	182.5	228.7	138.6	179.8	226.7	140.1
Acute rheumatic fever and																					
chronic rheumatic heart																					
diseases (100–109)	1.0	0.8	1.1	0.6	0.4	0.7	1.1	*	*	0.6	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.9	*	*	*	1.1	0.9	1.2
Hypertensive heart		2.0																		0	· · -
disease (I11)	17.1	19.4	14.6	11.7	13.8	9.7	20.9	26.6	15.8	7.5	8.4	6.6	31.3	39.2	24.7	17.6	22.7	12.5	16.3	18.2	14.2
Hypertensive heart and																					
renal disease (I13)	3.5	3.9	3.2	2.5	2.6	2.4	5.0	5.3	4.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	6.0	7.1	5.1	*	*	*	3.4	3.8	3.1
Confinement and of table																					

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ⁵	2	American	Indian aı Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			e Hawaiia Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Ischemic heart diseases (120–125) Acute myocardial	92.8	127.4	64.7	70.6	94.5	51.0	81.7	108.8	58.3	52.7	72.4	37.2	110.5	149.8	81.7	98.8	129.0	70.2	96.2	132.6	66.2
infarction (I21–I22) Other acute ischemic	26.8	36.0	19.0	20.7	27.1	15.3	23.8	30.9	17.5	16.1	21.9	11.4	31.8	41.9	24.2	26.2	29.9	22.6	28.0	37.8	19.5
heart diseases (124) Other forms of chronic ischemic heart	1.2	1.5	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.5	1.1	*	*	0.6	0.7	0.4	1.8	2.3	1.3	*	*	*	1.2	1.5	0.9
disease (I20,I25) Atherosclerotic	64.8	89.9	44.8	49.3	66.5	35.3	56.9	77.0	39.7	36.1	49.7	25.4	76.9	105.5	56.1	71.4	97.5	46.6	67.0	93.3	45.8
cardiovascular disease, so described (125.0) All other forms of chronic	19.0	26.5	12.4	15.2	21.8	9.5	19.8	26.7	13.6	9.9	14.0	6.5	29.1	41.8	19.3	21.1	29.8	12.6	18.7	25.9	12.2
ischemic heart disease(120,125.1–125.9) Other heart diseases	45.8	63.4	32.4	34.0	44.7	25.8	37.0	50.3	26.1	26.1	35.7	18.9	47.8	63.8	36.7	50.3	67.7	34.0	48.4	67.4	33.6
(I26–I51)	59.4	68.1	52.0	33.5	38.5	29.0	46.6	56.0	38.2	23.1	25.8	20.8	77.5	93.1	65.4	60.0	69.6	50.7	62.7	71.2	55.3
Acute and subacute endocarditis(133) Diseases of pericardium and acute myocarditis	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	1.0	*	*	0.1	0.2	*	0.6	0.7	0.4	*	*	*	0.5	0.6	0.4
(I30–I31,I40) Heart failure(I50) All other forms of heart	0.3 21.6	0.4 24.5	0.3 19.3	0.2 12.6	0.2 14.1	0.2 11.4	15.8	20.5	* 11.9	0.1 8.3	9.1	7.6	0.4 26.6	0.5 31.5	0.3 23.0	* 16.1	19.2	13.1	0.3 22.8	0.4 25.8	0.3 20.5
disease (I26–I28, I34–I38,I42–I49,I51) Essential hypertension and	37.1	42.6	32.1	20.3	23.8	17.2	29.5	34.2	25.1	14.5	16.4	12.9	49.9	60.3	41.7	42.8	49.0	37.0	39.0	44.4	34.1
hypertensive renal disease(110,112,115) Cerebrovascular	10.7	11.4	9.9	9.6	10.5	8.7	10.7	11.9	9.8	9.4	10.3	8.5	20.1	23.4	17.5	12.0	10.7	12.9	9.7	10.2	9.0
diseases (160–169) Atherosclerosis (170)	41.1 1.1	41.5 1.2	40.2 0.9	36.1 0.7	37.5 0.8	34.2 0.6	34.6	33.0	35.6	32.6 0.7	33.7 0.8	31.4 0.6	59.6 1.2	64.9 1.5	54.9 1.0	46.7	48.3	45.4	39.8 1.1	39.5 1.2	39.5 1.0
Other diseases of circulatory system (171–178)	5.1	6.2	4.1	3.2	4.1	2.4	4.1	3.8	4.3	2.6	3.0	2.2	6.7	8.4	5.3	4.6	*	*	5.3	6.4	4.3
Aortic aneurysm and dissection (171) Other diseases of arteries,	2.5	3.4	1.8	1.3	1.9	0.7	1.2	*	*	1.6	2.2	1.1	2.8	3.8	1.9	*	*	*	2.7	3.5	1.9
arterioles and capillaries (172–178)	2.6	2.8	2.4	1.9	2.2	1.7	2.9	2.8	3.0	1.0	0.9	1.1	3.9	4.6	3.4	*	*	*	2.6	2.8	2.4

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	oanic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ⁵	2	American	Indian ai Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaiia Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Other disorders of circulatory system (180–199) Influenza and	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.1	0.8	1.6	1.8	*	0.4	0.5	0.4	2.8	3.3	2.5	*	*	*	1.4	1.6	1.3
pneumonia(J09–J18) Influenza(J09–J11)	10.5	13.0	0.1	9.1 0.1	11.3	7.4 0.2	14.1	17.4	11.3	8.1	10.7	6.2	13.4	17.2	11.0	10.0	14.4	* *	10.4	12.8 0.1	0.1
Pneumonia (J12–J18) Other acute lower respiratory infections (J20–J22,U04)	0.0	12.9 0.0		9.0	11.2	7.3	13.7	17.0	11.0	8.0	10.6	6.1	13.3 0.1	17.0	10.8	9.7	14.4	*	10.3	12.6 0.0	
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis (J20–J21) Other and unspecified acute	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.0	0.0
lower respiratory infections(J22,U04) Chronic lower respiratory	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.0	0.0	0.0
diseases(J40–J47) Bronchitis, chronic and	34.7	37.6		14.7	17.6	12.7	33.6	34.0	33.5	9.1	13.0	6.3	27.9	34.5	23.7	18.1	21.7	14.9	39.9	42.1	38.3
unspecified (J40–J42) Emphysema (J43) Asthma (J45–J46) Other chronic lower respiratory	0.1 1.8 1.0	0.1 2.2 0.8		0.1 0.6 0.7	0.9 0.6	0.4 0.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.4 0.7	0.9 0.8	* 0.6	0.1 1.2 2.4	0.2 1.7 2.4	0.1 0.9 2.4	* *	* *	* *	0.1 2.1 0.8	0.1 2.5 0.6	
diseases(J44,J47) Pneumoconioses and chemical	31.9	34.5	29.9	13.3	16.0	11.4	30.6	31.5	30.0	7.9	11.3	5.5	24.1	30.2	20.3	16.0	19.5	12.9	37.0	38.9	35.5
effects (J60–J66,J68,U07.0) Pneumonitis due to solids and	0.1	0.3		0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.4	0.0
liquids (J69) Other diseases of respiratory system (J00–J06,	5.0	6.9	3.6	3.3	4.4	2.5	4.4	5.9	3.1	3.2	4.5	2.3	6.2	8.5	4.9	*	*	*	5.2	7.2	3.8
J30–J39,J67,J70–J98) Peptic ulcer (K25–K28) Diseases of appendix	11.4 1.0	13.8 1.2		9.4 0.9	11.3 1.1	7.9 0.6	14.0 1.5	16.2	12.3	5.9 0.8	7.4 0.9	4.7 0.6	11.9 1.0	13.3 1.2	10.8 0.8	6.1	*	*	12.0 1.0	14.5 1.2	
	0.1 0.6	0.1 0.7	0.1 0.6	0.1 0.5	0.1 0.6	0.1 0.4	*	*	*	0.2	0.3	*	0.1 0.5	0.2 0.7	0.4	*	*	*	0.1 0.7	0.1 0.7	0.1 0.7
cirrhosis (K70,K73–K74) Alcoholic liver disease (K70) Other chronic liver disease and	14.5 8.7	18.9 12.1	10.3 5.5	17.3 9.6	24.2 15.6	10.6 3.8	77.8 62.2	88.1 72.3	67.8 52.6	4.2 1.9	5.7 3.2	2.9 0.8	9.9 5.7	12.8 7.7	7.6 4.1	8.4 4.1	13.5 6.8	*	15.2 9.3	19.4 12.4	11.3 6.3
cirrhosis (K73–K74) Cholelithiasis and other disorders	5.7	6.8		7.7	8.6	6.8	15.5	15.7	15.2	2.2	2.4	2.1	4.2	5.2	3.4	4.3	*	*	5.9	7.0	4.9
of gallbladder(K80–K82)	1.1	1.4	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	8.0	1.0	0.6	1.1	1.3	1.0	*	*	*	1.1	1.4	0.9

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian a Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			e Hawaiia Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis(N00–N07,																					
N17–N19,N25–N27) Acute and rapidly progressive	13.6	16.4	11.4	12.3	14.8	10.3	16.3	17.1	15.8	8.3	10.3	6.9	26.5	32.1	22.6	20.3	22.0	19.3	12.3	15.1	10.2
nephritic and nephrotic syndrome(N00–N01,N04) Chronic glomerulonephritis, nephritis and nephropathy not	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.3	0.3	0.3	*	*	*	0.2	0.2	0.2
specified as acute or chronic, and renal sclerosis unspecified																					
(N02–N03,N05–N07,N26) Renal failure(N17–N19) Other disorders of	0.1 13.3	0.1 16.1	0.1 11.1	0.1 12.1	14.6	10.1	15.9	16.7	15.3	8.1	10.1	6.7	0.1 26.1	31.7	22.3	20.0	21.4	19.3	0.1 12.0	0.1 14.8	0.0 10.0
kidney(N25,N27)	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
(N10-N12,N13.6,N15.1) Hyperplasia of prostate (N40)	0.3 0.2	0.2 0.4		0.3 0.2	0.2 0.4	0.3	*	*	*	0.1 0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3 0.2	0.2 0.6	0.3	*	*	*	0.3 0.2	0.2 0.4	0.4
Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs (N70–N76) Pregnancy, childbirth and the	0.1		0.1	*		*	*		*	*		*	0.1		0.2	*		*	0.0		0.1
puerperium(000–099) Pregnancy with abortive	0.6		1.1	0.5		1.1	1.9		3.8	0.3		0.5	1.2		2.5	*		*	0.4		0.8
outcome (000–007) Other complications of	0.0		0.0	*		*	*		*	*		*	*		*	*		*	*		*
pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium(010–099) Certain conditions originating in the	0.5		1.1	0.5		1.1	1.9		3.8	0.2		0.5	1.2		2.4	*		*	0.4		0.8
perinatal period (P00–P96) Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal	3.7	4.0	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.0	2.9	2.5	3.4	2.8	3.1	2.5	7.7	8.4	6.9	4.6	*	*	2.9	3.1	2.7
abnormalities (Q00–Q99) Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified	3.1	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.7	2.5	3.7	3.8	3.5	1.4	1.6	1.4	3.7	3.7	3.7	*	*	*	3.3	3.5	3.2
(R00–R99) All other diseases(residual)	9.4 101.5	10.4 102.6		5.8 67.6	7.3 69.6	4.4 64.4	13.5 127.4	16.2 136.7	10.9 116.6	3.5 43.1	4.0 44.0	3.1 41.7	13.8 120.0	16.4 127.6	11.5 112.7	9.2 74.2	9.1 75.8	9.3 70.9	9.4 107.6	10.2 107.9	
Accidents (unintentional injuries)(V01–X59,Y85–Y86) Transport accidents	64.7	89.8	40.4	47.3	70.4	24.0	122.8	160.1	86.6	18.8	26.6	11.9	79.6	120.8	43.4	53.1	79.3	26.6	70.0	94.2	46.1
(V01–V99,Y85)	14.6	21.4	8.0	13.8	20.6	6.9	36.2	47.3	25.4	4.8	6.8	3.0	20.9	32.5	10.4	16.4	25.2	7.4	14.2	20.4	8.0

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

													Non-Hisp	oanic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian a Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaii Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Motor vehicle accidents(V02–V04,V09.0,V09.2, V12–V14,V19.0–V19.2, V19.4–V19.6,V20–V79, V80.3–V80.5,V81.0–V81.1, V82.0–V82.1,V83–V86, V87.0–V87.8,V88.0–V88.8,	12.0	20.1	7.7	12.0	10.7	6.7	22.0	42.0	24.0	4.5	6.4	2.0	20.1	21.0	10.0	147	22.4	6.7	12.2	10.0	7.6
V89.0,V89.2) Other land transport accidents (V01,V05–V06, V09.1,V09.3–V09.9,V10–V11, V15–V18,V19.3,V19.8–V19.9, V80.0–V80.2,V80.6–V80.9, V81.2–V81.9,V82.2–V82.9, V87.9,V88.9,V89.1,	13.8	20.1	7.7	13.2	19.7	6.7	33.8	43.2	24.8	4.5	6.4	2.9	20.1	31.0	10.2	14.7	22.4	6.7	13.3	19.0	7.6
V89.3,V89.9) Water, air and space, and other and unspecified transport accidents and their sequelae	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.1	1.3	2.3	*	0.2	0.2	*	0.4	0.8	0.1	*	*	*	0.3	0.5	0.1
(V90–V99,Y85)	0.5	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.1	1.1	1.9	*	0.1	0.2	*	0.4	0.7	0.1	*	*	*	0.6	0.9	0.2
accidents (W00–X59,Y86)	50.1	68.4	32.5	33.5	49.8	17.1	86.6	112.7	61.2	13.9	19.8	8.9	58.7	88.3	33.0	36.7	54.0	19.3	55.8	73.8	38.1
Falls (W00–W19) Accidental discharge of	11.4	13.8	9.4	6.9	9.2	5.0	10.7	12.4	9.1	6.2	8.1	4.7	5.7	8.1	4.0	8.0	11.3	*	13.0	15.4	11.1
firearms(W32–W34) Accidental drowning and	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.4	0.7	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.3	0.0
submersion (W65–W74) Accidental exposure to smoke,	1.3	1.9		1.0	1.5	0.4	2.4	4.0	*	1.1	1.7	0.6	1.8	2.9	0.7	*	*	*	1.3	1.8	0.7
fire and flames(X00–X09) Accidental poisoning and exposure to noxious	0.9	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.3	1.9	2.0	1.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.7	2.3	1.2	*	*	*	0.9	1.1	0.7
substances (X40–X49) Other and unspecified nontransport accidents and their sequelae (W20–W31,	31.0	44.0	17.9	21.3	33.2	8.9	60.9	78.7	43.4	4.1	6.9	1.6	42.3	64.8	22.1	19.9	30.7	8.9	34.8	47.8	21.7
W35–W64,W75–W99, X10–X39,X50–X59,Y86)	5.4	7.2	3.7	3.7	5.1	2.4	10.5	15.2	6.1	2.2	2.8	1.7	6.9	9.5	4.8	5.2	*	*	5.6	7.4	3.9

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

[Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for some Hispanic-origin and race categories should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys; see Technical Notes. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases*, 10th Revision (ICD-10); see Technical Notes]

													Non-Hisp	oanic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ²	2	American	Indian a	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			e Hawaiia Pacific Is			White	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Intentional self-harm (suicide)(*U03,X60–X84,Y87.0) Intentional self-harm (suicide) by discharge of firearms	14.1	22.8	5.7	7.9	12.8	3.0	28.1	42.6	13.8	6.8	9.9	3.9	8.7	14.6	3.3	12.6	19.5	*	17.4	28.0	7.1
Intentional self-harm (suicide) by other and unspecified means and their sequelae(*U03,X60–X71,	7.5	13.5	2.0	3.3	5.9	0.8	9.7	16.9	2.7	1.7	3.2	0.4	5.1	9.3	1.3	4.1	7.5	*	9.7	17.1	2.6
X75–X84,Y87.0)	6.5	9.3	3.8	4.6	6.9	2.2	18.4	25.7	11.1	5.0	6.7	3.5	3.6	5.3	2.0	8.5	12.1	*	7.7	10.9	4.5
Assault (homicide)(*U01-*U02,X85-Y09,Y87.1) Assault (homicide) by discharge of firearms(*U01.4.	8.2	13.2	3.1	6.9	11.1	2.5	12.9	20.4	5.3	1.5	2.1	1.0	33.7	58.7	9.5	7.1	12.2	*	3.3	4.6	1.9
X93–X95) Assault (homicide) by other and unspecified means and their sequelae (*U01.0–*U01.3, *U01.5–*U01.9,*U02.X85–X92.	6.7	11.1	2.1	5.2	8.8	1.4	7.8	12.4	3.1	1.0	1.5	0.5	29.9	52.9	7.5	5.7	10.3	*	2.2	3.2	1.2
X96-Y09.Y87.1)	1.5	2.1	1.0	1.6	2.3	1.0	5.1	8.0	2.2	0.5	0.6	0.5	3.8	5.7	2.0	*	*	*	1.1	1.4	0.8
Legal intervention (Y35,Y89.0) Events of undetermined intent	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.4	0.8	*	*	*	*	0.2	0.3	0.0
(Y10-Y34,Y87.2,Y89.9) Discharge of firearms, undetermined	1.9	2.5	1.3	0.9	1.3	0.4	4.9	5.6	4.1	0.4	0.5	0.2	3.5	5.1	2.0	*	*	*	2.0	2.6	1.5
intent(Y22–Y24) Other and unspecified events of undetermined intent and their sequelae(Y10–Y21,	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.8	*	*	*	*	*	0.3	0.5	0.2	*	*	*	0.1	0.2	0.1
Y25–Y34,Y87.2,Y89.9) Operations of war and their	1.7	2.3	1.2	0.8	1.1	0.4	4.1	4.4	3.7	0.3	0.5	0.2	3.2	4.7	1.8	*	*	*	1.9	2.4	1.4
sequelae(Y36,Y89.1) Complications of medical and	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
surgical care (Y40–Y84,Y88)	1.5	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.0	2.4	2.6	2.2	0.7	0.9	0.5	2.3	2.4	2.2	*	*	*	1.5	1.7	1.2

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rate for 113 selected causes, Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile*, COVID-19, dementia-related causes, drug-induced causes, alcohol-induced causes, and firearm-related injuries, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

[Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for some Hispanic-origin and race categories should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies in reporting these items on death certificates and surveys; see Technical Notes. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases*, 10th Revision (ICD–10); see Technical Notes]

													Non-Hisp	anic, sin	gle race ³						
		Total ¹			Hispanic ⁴	2	American	Indian a Native	nd Alaska		Asian			Black			ve Hawaiia Pacific Is			White	-
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Enterocolitis due to <i>Clostridium</i> difficile(A04.7) ⁴	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.8	1.2	*	*	0.4	0.5	0.4	1.0	1.2	0.9	*	*	*	1.1	1.1	1.1
COVID-19(U07.1) ⁴	104.1	131.3	81.7	151.8	199.4	111.4	184.0	207.6	162.7	61.9	84.0	44.6	136.4	159.3	120.5	185.4	205.9	164.6	93.5	118.3	72.9
Dementia-related causes ⁴ Drug-induced deaths ⁴	72.4 33.6	59.7 46.8	80.2 20.4	53.8 21.9	44.2 33.5	59.6 9.7	43.0 60.4	30.0 73.8	51.6 47.0	35.9 4.9	29.1 7.6	40.2 2.4	71.8 45.8	62.7 69.8	75.9 24.4	39.9 21.6	32.0 32.7	45.3 10.2	77.4 38.2	63.5 51.2	86.3 24.9
Drug overdose deaths ⁴	32.4	45.1	19.6	21.1	32.4	9.4	56.6	69.3	44.1	4.7	7.2	2.3	44.2	67.3	23.5	20.1	30.0	9.9	36.8	49.4	23.8
Alcohol-induced deaths ⁴ Firearm-related injuries ⁴	14.4 14.6	20.9 25.3	8.3 4.2	13.6 8.9	22.4 15.3	4.9 2.3	91.7 19.1	116.0 32.1	68.7 6.3	2.9 2.9	5.0 4.8	1.2 1.0	11.2 36.0	16.6 64.0	6.7 9.0	6.4 10.4	10.8 18.9	*	15.6 12.3	21.8 21.0	9.5 3.9

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Includes deaths with origin not stated, origin not classifiable, and two or more races reported; see Technical Notes.

²Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

³Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

⁴Included in selected categories above. For the list of ICD-10 codes included, see Technical Notes..

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table 12. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for injury deaths, by mechanism and intent of death: United States, 2021

[Totals for selected causes of death differ from those shown in other tables that use standard mortality tabulation lists; see Technical Notes in this report. Rates are per 100,000 population; age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes. Populations used for computing death rates are postcensal estimates based on the 2010 census estimated as of July 1, 2021; see Technical Notes. Numbers in brackets [] apply to the code or range of codes preceding them. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* (ICD-10); see Technical Notes]

Mechanism and intent of death (based on ICD-10)	Number	Rate	Age-adjusted ra
Il injury	306.086	92.2	89.0
Unintentional	224,935	67.8	64.7
Suicide(*U03,X60–X84,Y87.0)	48,183	14.5	14.1
Homicide	26,031	7.8	8.2
Undetermined	6,259	1.9	1.9
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		
Legal intervention/war(Y35–Y36,Y89[.0,.1])	678	0.2	0.2
Cut/pierce	3,076	0.9	0.9
Unintentional	174	0.1	0.0
Suicide	965	0.3	0.3
Homicide(X99)	1,895	0.6	0.6
Undetermined	42	0.0	0.0
Legal intervention/war(Y35.4)	_	*	*
Drowning	5,092	1.5	1.5
Unintentional	4,337	1.3	1.3
Suicide(X71)	459	0.1	0.1
Homicide(X92)	24	0.0	0.0
Undetermined(Y21)	272	0.0	0.0
fall	45,988	13.9	11.8
Unintentional	44,686	13.5	11.4
Suicide(X80)	1,184	0.4	0.3
Homicide(Y01)	12	*	*
Undetermined	106	0.0	0.0
Fire/hot object or substance (*U01.3,X00–X19,X76–X77,X97–X98,Y26–Y27,Y36.3) ²	3,987	1.2	1.1
Unintentional	3,484	1.0	0.9
Suicide (X76–X77)	195	0.1	0.1
Homicide	109	0.0	0.0
(,,	199	0.0	0.0
Undetermined (Y26–Y27)	199	U.1 *	U.U *
Legal intervention/war(Y36.3)		4.0	4.0
Fire/flame	3,891	1.2	1.0
Unintentional	3,389	1.0	0.9
Suicide(X76)	195	0.1	0.1
Homicide	108	0.0	0.0
Undetermined	199	0.1	0.0
Hot object/substance(X10–X19,X77,X98,Y27)	96	0.0	0.0
Unintentional	95	0.0	0.0
Suicide(X77)	_	*	*
Homicide	1	*	*
,	ı	*	*
Undetermined	40.000	117	14.0
Firearm	48,830	14.7	14.6
Unintentional	549	0.2	0.2
Suicide (X72–X74)	26,328	7.9	7.5
Homicide(*U01.4,X93–X95)	20,958	6.3	6.7
Undetermined (Y22–Y24)	458	0.1	0.1
Legal intervention/war(Y35.0)	537	0.2	0.2
Machinery	530	0.2	0.2
\ll transport (*U01.1,V01–V99,X82,Y03,Y32,Y36.1)	49,306	14.9	14.4
Unintentional	49,000	14.8	14.4
Suicide(X82)	157	0.0	0.0
,			
Homicide	113	0.0	0.0
Undetermined	36	0.0	0.0
Legal intervention/war (Y36.1)	-	*	*
Motor vehicle traffic (V02–V04[.1,.9],V09.2,V12–V14[.3–.9],V19[.4–.6],			
V20-V28[.39],V29-V79[.49],V80[.35],V81.1,V82.1,V83-V86[.03],V87[.08],V89.2) ³	45,404	13.7	13.3
Occupant(V30–V79[.4–.9],V83–V86[.0–.3]) ³	10,025	3.0	3.0
Motorcyclist	5,762	1.7	1.7
Pedal cyclist	853	0.3	0.2
Pedestrian	7,984	2.4	2.3
Other	12	6.3	*
Unspecified	20,768		6.1

Table 12. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for injury deaths, by mechanism and intent of death: United States, 2021—Con.

[Totals for selected causes of death differ from those shown in other tables that use standard mortality tabulation lists; see Technical Notes in this report. Rates are per 100,000 population; age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes. Populations used for computing death rates are postcensal estimates based on the 2010 census estimated as of July 1, 2021; see Technical Notes. Numbers in brackets [] apply to the code or range of codes preceding them. An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in the International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision (ICD-10); see Technical Notes]

Mechanism and intent of death (based on ICD-10)	Number	Rate	Age-adjusted rate ¹
Pedal cyclist, other(V10–V11,V12–V14[.0–.2],V15–V18,V19[.0–.3,.8,.9]) ³	377	0.1	0.1
Pedestrian, other	1,000	0.3	0.3
V81–V82[.0,.2–.9],V83–V86[.4–.9],V87.9,V88[.0–.9], V89[.0,.1,.3,.9],X82,Y03,Y32) Unintentional(V20–V28[.0–.2],V29–V79[.0–.3],	1,684	0.5	0.5
V80[.02,.69],V81-V82[.0,.29],V83-V86[.49],V87.9,V88[.09],V89[.0,.1,.3,.9])	1,378	0.4	0.4
Suicide	157	0.0	0.0
Homicide(Y03)	113	0.0	0.0
Undetermined	36	0.0	0.0
Other transport(*U01.1,V90–V99,Y36.1)	841	0.3	0.2
Unintentional(V90–V99)	841	0.3	0.2
Homicide	_	*	*
Legal intervention/war	_	*	*
Natural/environmental	2,812	0.8	0.8
Overexertion(X50) ³	13	*	*
Poisoning (*U01[.6–.7],X40–X49,X60–X69,X85–X90,Y10–Y19,Y35.2)	111,830	33.7	33.8
Unintentional(X40–X49)	102,001	30.7	31.0
Suicide	5,568	1.7	1.6
Homicide(*U01[.6–.7],X85–X90)	218	0.1 1.2	0.1 1.2
Undetermined	4,043 —	1.Z *	1.Z *
Struck by or against	1,313	0.4	0.4
Unintentional(W20–W22,W30–W32,A79,100,104,125,133.3)	1.024	0.4	0.4
Suicide(X79)	2	*	*
Homicide	287	0.1	0.1
Undetermined	_	*	*
Legal intervention/war	_	*	*
Suffocation(W75–W84,X70,X91,Y20)	20,166	6.1	6.0
Unintentional	7,182	2.2	2.0
Suicide	12,431	3.7	3.8
Homicide(X91)	409	0.1	0.1
Undetermined	144	0.0	0.0
Other specified, classifiable (*U01[.0,.2,.5],*U03.0,W23,W35–W41,W44,			
W49,W85–W91,X75,X81,X96,Y02,Y05–Y07,Y25,Y31,Y35[.1,.5],Y36[.0,.2,.48],Y85)	2,546	8.0	0.8
Unintentional (W23,W35–W41,W44,W49,W85–W91,Y85)	1,602	0.5	0.4
Suicide	697	0.2	0.2
Homicide	166	0.1	0.0
Undetermined	70	0.0	0.0
Legal intervention/war	11		
Y35.6,Y86–Y87,Y89[.0–.1])	2,047	0.6	0.6
Unintentional	1,149	0.3	0.3
Suicide (X83,Y87.0)	112	0.0	0.0
Homicide	464	0.1	0.1
Undetermined	196	0.1	0.1
Legal intervention/war	126	0.0	0.0
Unspecified(*U01.9,*U03.9,X59,X84,Y09,Y34,Y35.7,Y36.9,Y89.9)	8,550	2.6	2.3
Unintentional(X59) Suicide(*U03.9,X84)	6,392	1.9	1.6
Suicide	85 1,376	0.0 0.4	0.0 0.4
Undetermined	693	0.4	0.4
Unidetermined	033	0.2	0.2

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Quantity zero.
 * Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

¹For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

²Codes U01.3 and Y36.3 cannot be divided separately into the subcategories shown below; therefore, subcategories may not add to the total.

³Intent of death is unintentional.

Table 13. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for age 15 and older, by marital status and sex: United States, 2021

[Rates are per 100,000 population in specified group; age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. Population estimates used for computing death rates are based on the 2021 1-year American Community Survey adjusted to postcensal July 1, 2021, resident population control totals for the United States; see Technical Notes]

	Age group (years)												
Marital status and sex	15 and older ¹	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75 and older	adjusted rate ²				
				Nur	nber								
Both sexes	3,434,427	38,307	82,274	124,939	216,037	478,171	724,266	1,770,433					
Never married	496,695	36,888	63,023	61,570	65,364	103,643	85,858	80,349					
Ever married	2,908,885	1,335	18,718	61,980	147,734	366,646	629,188	1,683,284					
Married	1,279,442	1,144	13,495	39,260	86,796	199,282	339,742	599,723					
Widowed	1,028,227	23	337	1,612	6,878	36,300	113,934	869,143					
Divorced	601,216	168	4,886	21,108	54,060	131,064	175,512	214,418					
Not stated	28,847	84	533	1,389	2,939	7,882	9,220	6,800					
Male	1,821,530	27,911	57,910	81,589	135,774	292,961	418,941	806,444					
Never married	319,922	27,022	45,960	42,865	44,350	69,714	53,215	36,796					
Ever married	1,481,065	826	11,593	37,809	89,349	217,236	358,922	765,330					
Married	860,404	715	8,461	24,164	53,067	122,996	220,176	430,825					
Widowed	299,938	11	142	682	2,716	13,512	38,698	244,177					
Divorced	320,723	100	2,990	12,963	33,566	80,728	100,048	90,328					
Not stated	20,543	63	357	915	2,075	6,011	6,804	4,318					
Female	1.612.897	10.396	24,364	43.350	80,263	185,210	305,325	963,989					
Never married		9.866	17,063	18.705	21,014	33,929	32.643	43.553					
Ever married	-, -	509	7,125	24,171	58,385	149,410	270,266	917,954					
Married	, ,	429	5,034	15.096	33,729	76,286	119,566	168,898					
Widowed	-,	12	195	930	4,162	22,788	75,236	624,966					
Divorced	,	68	1,896	8,145	20,494	50,336	75,464	124.090					
Not stated	,	21	176	474	864	1,871	2,416	2,482					
					Rate ³								
Both sexes	1.265.4	88.7	182.5	285.7	531.1	1,116.8	2,144.2	8,006.0	1.337.7				
Never married	,	90.4	247.2	539.1	1,035.5	2,040.8	3,362.3	7,579.0	1,729.3				
Ever married		56.0	95.6	191.8	429.9	971.6	2,015.0	7,995.2	1,240.9				
Married		50.7	75.7	142.1	319.2	713.0	1,583.5	5,598.8	898.6				
Widowed		109.9	425.4	605.8	1,003.9	1,794.2	2,781.4	11,350.3	2.036.2				
Divorced		159.3	289.8	477.1	834.0	1,688.2	3,093.8	7,987.2	1,643.7				
Male	1.365.9	126.3	253.9	370.5	669.3	1,398.2	2,634.1	8,683.4	1,554.0				
Never married	,	127.9	326.9	673.3	1,268.6	2,515.4	4,161.1	8,501.5	2,060.1				
Ever married		85.0	132.5	241.5	532.2	1,194.9	2,454.1	8,643.5	1,418.0				
Married	·	77.6	105.4	177.2	386.7	863.1	1,940.8	6,842.6	1,100.5				
Widowed	,	*	547.1	878.4	1.378.4	2.694.4	4.037.2	14.868.4	2.786.4				
Divorced	-,	239.1	430.8	666.7	1,168.9	2,354.1	4.308.1	9.861.9	2,700.4				
Female	, -	49.2	109.4	199.7	393.7	847.2	1.708.2	7.515.6	1.145.4				
Never married	,	50.1	149.2	370.1	746.1	1,470.6	2,560.9	6,942.5	1.387.8				
Ever married		36.0	65.8	145.1	332.3	764.0	1,628.2	7,524.7	1.091.2				
Married	,	32.1	51.4	107.9	250.3	556.9	1,182.6	3,825.2	643.0				
Widowed		32.1 *	366.1	493.4	250.5 852.7	1,497.6	2,397.8	3,625.2 10,389.8	1.795.2				
	-,	106.8	191.1	493.4 328.4	652.7 567.7	1,497.6	2,397.0	7,016.2	1,795.2				
Divorced	0.600	100.0	191.1	3∠0.4	307.7	1,101.3	۷,۷۵۷.۷	7,010.2	1,202.5				

^{...} Category not applicable.

* Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

1Excludes figures for age not stated.

²Calculated based on age 25 and older. For method of computation, see Technical Notes.
³Figures for marital status not stated are included in totals for both sexes, male, and female but are not distributed among specified marital status groups.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table 14. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for ages 25-64, by educational attainment and sex: United States, 2021

[Rates are per 100,000 population in specified group; age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. Population estimates used for computing death rates are based on the 2021 1-year American Community Survey adjusted to postcensal July 1, 2021, resident population control totals for the United States; see Technical Notes]

_		ı	Age group (years	3)		Age-
Education level and sex	25–64 ¹	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	adjusted rate ²
_			Number			
oth sexes	901,421	82,274	124,939	216,037	478,171	
Less than high school diploma or GED	159,086	14,585	22,683	37,973	83,845	
High school diploma or GED	409,553	40,400	56,396	95,245	217,512	
Some college or collegiate degree	312,389	26,357	43,763	78,274	163,995	
Not stated ³	20,393	932	2,097	4,545	12,819	
ale	568,234	57,910	81,589	135,774	292,961	
Less than high school diploma or GED	107,425	10,740	15,866	25,733	55,086	
High school diploma or GED	267,843	29,522	38,580	62,442	137,299	
Some college or collegiate degree	178,201	16,975	25,698	44,354	91,174	
Not stated ³	14.765	673	1,445	3.245	9,402	
emale	333,187	24.364	43.350	80.263	185,210	
Less than high school diploma or GED	51,661	3,845	6,817	12,240	28,759	
High school diploma or GED	141.710	10,878	17,816	32,803	80,213	
Some college or collegiate degree	134.188	9.382	18.065	33,920	72.821	
Not stated ³	5,628	259	652	1,300	3,417	
			Ra	ate		
oth sexes ³	523.2	182.5	285.7	531.1	1,116.8	461.8
Less than high school diploma or GED	921.9	431.1	504.5	827.1	1.752.1	778.2
High school diploma or GED	948.2	366.9	574.6	960.1	1.747.4	817.1
Some college or collegiate degree	279.3	85.9	148.7	299.2	641.1	253.9
ale ³	660.2	253.9	370.5	669.3	1,398.2	589.9
Less than high school diploma or GED	1,113.7	536.9	619.3	1,020.1	2,151.2	958.6
High school diploma or GED	1,121.1	461.9	682.6	1,145.5	2,146.1	990.5
Some college or collegiate degree	339.2	117.7	186.1	360.2	760.2	309.7
male ³	386.4	109.4	199.7	393.7	847.2	335.0
Less than high school diploma or GED	678.8	278.1	352.4	591.7	1,292.7	552.7
High school diploma or GED	734.1	235.4	428.0	734.0	1.325.7	607.7
Some college or collegiate degree	226.2	57.7	115.7	244.9	535.9	204.5

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

^{...} Category not applicable.

1Excludes figures for age not stated.

2Calculated based on ages 25–64. For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

³Includes deaths with education not stated.

Table 15. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for injury at work for age 15 and older, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021

[Rates are per 100,000 population in specified group; age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for Hispanic origin should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies between reporting Hispanic origin on death certificates and on censuses and surveys, although misclassification is very minor; see Technical Notes. For a discussion of injury at work, see Technical Notes]

Higheria aginin and	Age group (years)											
Hispanic origin and race and sex	15 and older ¹	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65 and older	adjusted rate ²				
				Number								
Total ³ , both sexes	4,840	371	799	889	1,007	1,075	699					
Male	4,389	335	725	808	910	990	621					
Female	451	36	74	81	97	85	78					
Hispanic ⁴	1,041	111	202	250	224	186	68					
Male	996	104	192	240	215	178	67					
Female	45	7	10	10	9	8	1					
Black, both sexes	619	45	131	135	129	126	53					
Male	545	40	117	116	116	107	49					
Female	74	5	14	19	13	19	4					
White, both sexes	2,941	189	417	467	604	716	548					
Male	2,646	169	372	419	538	664	484					
Female	295	20	45	48	66	52	64					
				Ra	ate							
Total ³ , both sexes	1.8	0.9	1.8	2.0	2.5	2.5	1.3	1.8				
Male	3.3	1.5	3.1	3.7	4.5	4.7	2.5	3.3				
Female	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3				
Hispanic ⁴	2.2	1.1	2.1	2.8	3.0	3.4	1.3	2.2				
Male	4.2	2.0	3.9	5.1	5.6	6.5	3.0	4.2				
Female	0.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2				
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵ :												
Black, both sexes	1.8	8.0	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.5	1.0	1.9				
Male	3.4	1.3	3.6	4.3	4.8	4.5	2.3	3.4				
Female	0.4	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.4				
White, both sexes	1.8	8.0	1.7	1.9	2.5	2.5	1.3	1.7				
Male	3.2	1.5	3.0	3.4	4.4	4.6	2.5	3.2				
Female	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4				

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

¹Excludes figures for age not stated.

²Calculated based on age 15 and older. For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

³Includes race and origin groups not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

⁴Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

⁵Only one race was reported on the death certificate.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, Mortality.

Table 16. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for injury at work, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1997–2021

[Includes age 15 years and older; excludes figures for age not stated. Data for Hispanic origin should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies between reporting Hispanic origin on death certificates and on censuses and surveys, although misclassification is very minor; see Technical Notes in this report. For a discussion of injury at work, see Technical Notes]

Hispanic origin and		Number		Cru	ide death ra	te ¹	Age-adjusted death rate ²			
race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
All origins and races ³										
2021	4,840	4,389	451	1.8	3.3	0.3	1.8	3.3	0.3	
2020	4,321	3,921	400	1.6	3.0	0.3	1.6	3.0	0.3	
2019	4,743	4,321	422	1.8	3.3	0.3	1.8	3.3	0.3	
2018	4,560	4,179	381	1.7	3.2	0.3	1.7	3.2	0.3	
2017	4,573	4,143	430	1.7	3.2	0.3	1.7	3.1	0.3	
2016	4,621	4,169	452	1.8	3.3	0.3	1.7	3.2	0.3	
2015 ⁴	4,185	3,816	369	1.6	3.0	0.3	1.6	3.0	0.3	
2014	4,348	3,916	432	1.7	3.1	0.3	1.7	3.1	0.3	
	,					0.3			0.3	
2013	4,268	3,882	386	1.7	3.1		1.7	3.1	0.3	
2012	4,106	3,743	363	1.6	3.0	0.3	1.6	3.0		
2011	4,097	3,736	361	1.6	3.1	0.3	1.6	3.0	0.3	
2010	4,157	3,829	328	1.7	3.2	0.3	1.7	3.1	0.3	
2009	3,919	3,601	318	1.6	3.0	0.3	1.6	3.0	0.3	
2008	4,690	4,317	373	1.9	3.6	0.3	1.9	3.6	0.3	
2007	5,025	4,606	419	2.1	3.9	0.3	2.1	3.9	0.3	
2006	5,298	4,869	429	2.2	4.2	0.4	2.2	4.2	0.3	
2005	5,113	4,670	443	2.2	4.1	0.4	2.2	4.1	0.4	
2004	5,157	4,729	428	2.2	4.2	0.4	2.2	4.2	0.4	
2003	5,025	4,609	416	2.2	4.1	0.4	2.2	4.1	0.3	
2002	5,305	4,859	446	2.3	4.4	0.4	2.4	4.4	0.4	
20015	8,303	7,181	1,122	3.7	6.6	1.0	3.7	6.6	1.0	
2000	5,430	4,969	461	2.5	4.6	0.4	2.5	4.6	0.4	
1999	5,651	5,152	499	2.6	4.9	0.4	2.6	4.9	0.4	
1998	5,543	5.036	507	2.6	4.8	0.5	2.6	4.8	0.5	
1997	5,666	5,144	522	2.7	5.0	0.5	2.6	5.0	0.5	
Hispanic ⁶	-,	-,								
піѕраніс° 2021	1,041	996	45	2.2	4.2	0.2	2.2	4.2	0.2	
2020	950	903	47	2.1	3.9	0.2	2.1	4.0	0.2	
2019	959	907	52	2.1	4.0	0.2	2.2	4.1	0.2	
	827	786	41	1.9	3.5	0.2	1.9	3.6	0.2	
2018									0.2	
2017	796 705	755 750	41	1.8	3.5	0.2	1.9	3.6		
2016	795	753	42	1.9	3.6	0.2	1.9	3.7	0.2	
20154	771	738	33	1.9	3.5	0.2	1.9	3.7	0.2	
2014	718	681	37	1.8	3.4	0.2	1.9	3.6	0.2	
2013	735	698	37	1.9	3.5	0.2	1.9	3.7	0.2	
2012	682	649	33	1.8	3.4	0.2	1.8	3.5	0.2	
2011	630	590	40	1.7	3.1	0.2	1.7	3.2	0.2	
2010	604	572	32	1.7	3.1	0.2	1.7	3.3	0.2	
2009	619	583	36	1.8	3.3	0.2	1.8	3.5	0.2	
2008	680	643	37	2.0	3.7	0.2	2.0	3.8	0.2	
2007	794	761	33	2.4	4.6	0.2	2.4	4.5	0.2	
2006	856	820	36	2.7	5.1	0.2	2.7	5.1	0.2	
2005	761	718	43	2.5	4.6	0.3	2.5	4.6	0.3	
2004	735	702	33	2.5	4.7	0.2	2.5	4.7	0.2	
2003	671	635	36	2.4	4.4	0.3	2.3	4.4	0.2	
2002	757	710	47	2.8	5.1	0.4	2.8	5.2	0.4	
2001 ⁵	1,049	916	133	4.0	6.8	1.0	4.1	7.1	1.0	
2000	718	684	34	2.9	5.3	0.3	2.8	5.4	0.3	
1999	597	566	31	2.5	4.6	0.3	2.5	4.8	0.3	
1998	610	584	26	2.7	5.0	0.2	2.7	5.1	0.2	

Table 16. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for injury at work, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1997-2021-Con.

[Includes ages 15 years and older; excludes figures for age not stated. Data for Hispanic origin should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies between reporting Hispanic origin on death certificates and on censuses and surveys, although misclassification is very minor; see Technical Notes in this report. For a discussion of injury at work, see Technical Notes]

		Number		Cru	ıde death ra	te ¹	Age-ad	ljusted deatl	h rate ²
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁷									
American Indian and Alaska Native:									
2021	37	31	6	1.9	3.2	*	1.9	3.2	*
2020	31	25	6	1.6	2.6	*	1.6	2.5	*
2019	30	26	4	1.6	2.8	*	1.6	2.8	*
2018	40	36	4	2.1	3.9	*	2.1	3.9	*
Asian:									
2021	140	120	20	0.9	1.5	0.2	0.8	1.5	0.2
2020	118	104	14	0.7	1.4	*	0.7	1.3	*
2019	154	139	15	1.0	1.9	*	0.9	1.8	*
2018	114	103	11	0.7	1.4	*	0.7	1.4	*
Black:									
2021	619	545	74	1.8	3.4	0.4	1.9	3.4	0.4
2020	521	469	52	1.6	3.0	0.3	1.6	3.0	0.3
2019	572	513	59	1.7	3.3	0.3	1.7	3.4	0.3
2018	520	475	45	1.6	3.1	0.3	1.6	3.1	0.3
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:									
2021	12	11	1	*	*	*	*	*	*
2020	6	6	_	*	*	*	*	*	*
2019	13	12	1	*	*	*	*	*	*
2018	11	11	_	*	*	*	*	*	*
White:									
2021	2,941	2,646	295	1.8	3.2	0.3	1.7	3.2	0.4
2020	2,655	2,386	269	1.6	2.9	0.3	1.6	2.9	0.3
2019	2,975	2,687	288	1.8	3.3	0.3	1.8	3.2	0.3
2018	3,006	2,728	278	1.8	3.3	0.3	1.8	3.3	0.3

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

⁻ Quantity zero.

⁻ Quality Zero.

Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes.

2Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population. For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

3Includes races and origins not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

Excludes data for Tennessee; see Supplemental Technical Notes from "Deaths: Final Data for 2015," National Vital Statistics Reports, vol 66, no 6.

Figures include September 11, 2001, terrorism-related deaths for which death certificates were filed as of October 24, 2002; see Technical Notes from "Deaths: Final Data for 2001," National Vital Statistics Reports vol 52, no 3.

Vital Statistics nepuls vol 22, 1013. Public Hispanic origin category is consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) standards; see Technical Notes. 70nly one race was reported on the death certificate. Race and Hispanic-origin categories are consistent with 1997 OMB standards; see Technical Notes.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table 17. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for major causes of death: United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, 2021

	All causes			Septicemia (A40–A41)			munodefic isease (B2	ciency virus 20–B24)		nant neop C00–C97		
Area	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹
United States ²	3.464.231	1,043.8	879.7	41,281	12.4	10.2	4,977	1.5	1.3	605,213	182.4	146.6
Alabama	68,889	1,366.9	1,134.2	1,183	23.5	18.6	93	1.8	1.7	10,429	206.9	160.2
Alaska	6,208	847.3	931.0	61	8.3	9.4	5	*	*	1,093	149.2	156.0
Arizona	81,442	1,119.3	908.5	511	7.0	5.5	94	1.3	1.3	12,813	176.1	134.7
Arkansas	40,070	1,324.2	1,097.8	596	19.7	15.7	53	1.8	1.6	6,516	215.3	168.2
California	333,249	849.3	760.4	1,833	4.7	4.2	569	1.5	1.3	59,503	151.6	132.4
Colorado	48,281	830.7	799.0	476	8.2	7.7	44	8.0	0.7	8,058	138.6	126.5
Connecticut	34,333	952.2	725.1	574	15.9	12.0	40	1.1	8.0	6,526	181.0	133.5
Delaware	11,296	1,125.8	867.0	122	12.2	9.3	22	2.2	1.7	2,178	217.1	153.2
District of Columbia	5,833	870.5	868.5	83	12.4	12.4	50	7.5	7.6	985	147.0	147.1
Florida	261,369	1,200.0	832.9	2,882	13.2	8.8	629	2.9	2.5	46,937	215.5	141.6
Georgia	112,272 12,816	1,039.6 889.0	997.6 630.0	1,797 138	16.6 9.6	15.5 7.0	298 11	2.8	2.5	18,136 2,562	167.9 177.7	151.5 125.4
Hawaii	18,346	965.1	881.0	121	6.4	7.0 5.7	6	*	*	3,130	164.7	140.4
Illinois	125,048	986.8	825.3	1,755	13.9	11.4	131	1.0	1.0	23.609	186.3	150.4
Indiana	78,317	1,150.7	999.3	908	13.3	11.2	55	0.8	0.7	13,983	205.5	169.7
lowa	34,215	1,071.5	841.8	345	10.8	8.3	10	*	*	6,258	196.0	150.9
Kansas	32,029	1,091.4	915.0	321	10.9	9.2	19	*	*	5,455	185.9	150.8
Kentucky	60,303	1,337.3	1,139.6	923	20.5	16.9	36	0.8	0.7	10,250	227.3	181.1
Louisiana	57,533	1,244.2	1,094.6	1,052	22.8	19.2	125	2.7	2.6	9,246	200.0	163.9
Maine	17,269	1,258.4	889.4	32	2.3	1.6	8	*	*	3,385	246.7	161.3
Maryland	58,117	942.7	805.5	918	14.9	12.4	160	2.6	2.2	10,545	171.0	139.2
Massachusetts	63,115	903.6	721.4	849	12.2	9.6	46	0.7	0.5	12,461	178.4	137.4
Michigan	117,782	1,171.9	943.1	1,262	12.6	9.8	81	0.8	0.7	21,211	211.0	160.1
Minnesota	51,640	904.8	756.5	473	8.3	6.8	29	0.5	0.4	10,178	178.3	143.2
Mississippi	41,085	1,392.7	1,204.5	377	12.8	10.7	80	2.7	2.6	6,617	224.3	181.8
Missouri	73,847	1,197.2	971.9	997	16.2	12.7	63	1.0	0.9	13,153	213.2	164.2
Montana	12,707 18,925	1,150.7 963.7	909.9 818.6	108 200	9.8 10.2	7.5 8.5	3 13	*	*	2,157 3,578	195.3 182.2	142.2 150.9
Nebraska	32,923	1,047.2	937.3	200	7.1	6.3	58	1.8	1.7	5,318	169.1	143.2
New Hampshire	14,198	1,047.2	782.9	123	8.9	6.7	8	*	*	2,831	203.8	145.7
New Jersey	84,032	906.8	731.1	2,011	21.7	17.2	159	1.7	1.4	15,481	167.1	130.6
New Mexico	25,300	1,195.7	995.5	237	11.2	9.3	20	0.9	0.8	3,822	180.6	137.3
New York	181,360	914.3	713.1	2,232	11.3	8.6	397	2.0	1.7	32,601	164.4	125.3
North Carolina	118,093	1,119.2	960.0	1,669	15.8	13.2	183	1.7	1.5	20,229	191.7	153.6
North Dakota	7,266	937.6	794.2	109	14.1	12.2	4	*	*	1,278	164.9	137.8
Ohio	147,635	1,253.3	1,012.8	2,050	17.4	13.6	112	1.0	0.9	25,077	212.9	163.0
Oklahoma	50,945	1,277.9	1,121.1	415	10.4	9.0	67	1.7	1.7	8,368	209.9	175.1
Oregon		1,059.5	861.0	276	6.5	5.1	41	1.0	0.8	8,596	202.4	155.2
Pennsylvania			895.0	2,491	19.2	13.9	108	8.0	0.7	27,664	213.4	152.9
Rhode Island	11,243 65,422		781.3 1,038.1	85 824	7.8 15.9	5.7 12.7	4 126	2.4	2.1	2,115 10,593	193.0	142.0 155.2
South Dakota	9,185	1,200.4	858.9	106	11.8	9.8	8	۷. 4 *	۷.۱ *	1,739	204.1 194.2	155.2
Tennessee	91,130	1,306.5	1,121.3	1,048	15.0	12.5	125	1.8	1.7	14,481	207.6	166.3
Texas	267,651	906.4	942.1	3,562	12.1	12.4	537	1.8	1.8	42,552	144.1	143.3
Utah	22,569	676.1	815.8	214	6.4	7.6	9	*	*	3,492	104.6	121.0
Vermont	6,877	1,065.3	791.2	35	5.4	3.9	2	*	*	1,446	224.0	154.0
Virginia	85,940	994.4	866.5	1,089	12.6	10.5	128	1.5	1.3	15,724	181.9	150.5
Washington	68,689	887.6	796.4	561	7.2	6.3	64	0.8	0.7	13,547	175.1	149.3
West Virginia	29,503	1,654.7	1,229.1	355	19.9	14.0	17	*	*	4,820	270.3	184.7
Wisconsin	60,973	1,034.2	837.0	614	10.4	8.2	25	0.4	0.4	11,336	192.3	147.2
Wyoming	6,582	1,137.2	954.7	54	9.3	7.6	2	*	*	1,151	198.9	156.7
Puerto Rico	33,001	1,011.2	634.7	708	21.7	13.1	143	4.4	3.6	5,207	159.5	97.8
U.S. Virgin Islands	747	705.6	568.8	15	*	*	1	*	*	121	114.3	82.2
Guam	1,276	755.9	1,016.9	46	27.3	38.0	1	*	*	214	126.8	175.4
American Samoa												
Northern Marianas	262	507.2	810.6	8	*	*	_	*	*	59	114.2	154.4

Table 17. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for major causes of death: United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, 2021—Con.

		oetes mell (E10–E14)			kinson dis (G20–G21		Alzl	heimer dis (G30)	ease	Diseases of heart (100–109,111,113,120–151)		
Area	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹
United States ²	103,294	31.1	25.4	38,536	11.6	9.8	119,399	36.0	31.0	695,547	209.6	173.8
Alabama	1,652	32.8	26.3	724	14.4	11.9	2,725	54.1	46.8	15,173	301.1	247.5
Alaska	184	25.1	27.0	44	6.0	7.7	135	18.4	26.4	1,011	138.0	154.7
Arizona	2,559	35.2	27.3	892	12.3	9.5	2,754	37.8	30.5	14,550	200.0	158.3
Arkansas	1,466	48.4	39.3	395	13.1	10.7	1,559	51.5	43.2	8,547	282.5	231.0
California	11,440	29.2	25.5	4,044	10.3	9.5	16,911	43.1	39.5	65,471	166.9	147.8
Colorado	1,204	20.7	19.0	630	10.8	11.1	1,778	30.6	32.6	8,081	139.0	135.1
Connecticut	770	21.4	15.9	436	12.1	9.0	1,049	29.1	21.2	6,731	186.7	136.7
Delaware	334	33.3	23.9	131	13.1	9.7	381	38.0	29.7	2,183	217.6	162.7
District of Columbia	164	24.5	24.4	48	7.2	7.4	66	9.9	10.0	1,288	192.2	192.8
Florida	8,039	36.9	24.8	3,171	14.6	9.2	6,716	30.8	19.6	50,100	230.0	151.3
Georgia	2,943	27.3	25.1	1,093	10.1	10.5	4,378	40.5	44.5	21,931	203.1	195.2
Hawaii	355	24.6	17.7	178	12.3	8.1	562	39.0	23.9	2,651	183.9	126.5
ldaho	541	28.5	24.4	215	11.3	10.5	789	41.5	40.5	3,429	180.4	166.4
Illinois	3,387	26.7	21.8	1,538	12.1	10.2	4,025	31.8	26.6	26,291	207.5	169.8
Indiana	2,539	37.3	31.3	852	12.5	11.1	2,238	32.9	29.7	15,209	223.5	191.2
Iowa	1,025	32.1	25.0	422	13.2	10.3	1,185	37.1	28.2	7,704	241.3	184.9
Kansas	917	31.2	25.6	401	13.7	11.3	805	27.4	22.6	6,315	215.2	176.1
Kentucky	1,765	39.1	32.5	523	11.6	10.2	1,632	36.2	32.7	11,697	259.4	217.5
Louisiana	1,943	42.0	35.7	538	11.6	10.4	2,121	45.9	42.9	12,564	271.7	235.5
Maine	555	40.4	27.0	229	16.7	11.5	539	39.3	27.4	3,357	244.6	168.4
Maryland	1,734	28.1	23.2	641	10.4	9.1	1,129	18.3	16.1	12,138	196.9	165.2
Massachusetts	1,537	22.0	17.3	799	11.4	9.1	1,558	22.3	17.7	11,947	171.0	134.0
Michigan	3,440	34.2	26.7	1,308	13.0	10.4	4,198	41.8	34.4	26,664	265.3	209.6
Minnesota	1,575	27.6	22.6	697	12.2	10.3	2,251	39.4	33.1	8,568	150.1	123.9
Mississippi	1,485	50.3	42.1	374	12.7	11.1	1,694	57.4	52.8	8,837	299.6	255.2
Missouri	1,876	30.4	24.0	803	13.0	10.6	2,517	40.8	33.0	15,713	254.7	202.4
Montana	314	28.4	21.6	135	12.2	9.4	341	30.9	24.7	2,536	229.7	175.2
Nebraska	583	29.7	24.6	258	13.1	11.0	687	35.0	29.6	3,776	192.3	160.8
Nevada	869	27.6	23.5	261	8.3	7.8	804	25.6	26.1	7,352	233.8	208.1
New Hampshire	393	28.3	20.8	171	12.3	9.4	422	30.4	23.5	2,845	204.8	154.1
New Jersey	2,073	22.4	17.6	920	9.9	8.0	2,399	25.9	20.6	18,508	199.7	157.5
New Mexico	817	38.6	31.0	255	12.1	9.4	634	30.0	24.6	4,182	197.6	156.5
New York	4,841	24.4	18.8	1,717	8.7	6.7	3,582	18.1	13.6	42,434	213.9	162.3
North Carolina	3,931	37.3	30.4	1,187	11.2	9.9	4,260	40.4	36.7	21,302	201.9	170.9
North Dakota	228	29.4	25.2	85	11.0	9.1	325	41.9	32.8	1,442	186.1	152.8
Ohio	4,461	37.9	29.5	1,489	12.6	10.1	4,947	42.0	34.2	30,578	259.6	204.7
Oklahoma	1,619	40.6	35.1	449	11.3	10.0	1,580	39.6	36.0	12,158	305.0	264.2
Oregon	1,434	33.8	25.9	621	14.6	12.0	2,047	48.2	41.0	7,823	184.2	148.5
Pennsylvania	4,176	32.2	23.5	1,688	13.0	9.5	4,109	31.7	22.7	32,478	250.5	180.6
Rhode Island	289	26.4	19.5	143	13.1	10.1	445	40.6	29.7	2,359	215.3	158.7
South Carolina	1,753	33.8	26.3	688	13.3	10.7	2,419	46.6	40.9	12,118	233.5	189.1
South Dakota	306	34.2	28.9	99 966	11.1	9.6	396	44.2	35.6	1,695	189.3	153.0
Tennessee	2,681	38.4	31.4	866	12.4	10.8	2,879	41.3	37.7	18,468	264.8	223.8
Texas	8,136 837	27.6 25.1	27.5 29.2	2,890 325	9.8 9.7	11.2 12.5	10,437 998	35.3 29.9	41.9 40.7	50,584	171.3 128.1	180.7 162.4
Vermont	158	24.5	17.9	94	14.6	10.8	337	52.2	38.8	4,275 1,585	245.5	175.7
	2,667	30.9	25.8	1,122	13.0	11.6	2,582	29.9	27.5	16,654	192.7	167.2
Virginia	2,007	28.9	24.8	887	11.5	10.7	3,644	47.1	45.5	12,789	165.3	147.7
West Virginia	1,204	67.5	47.6	267	15.0	10.7	3,044 851	47.1	35.4	5,549	311.2	223.0
Wisconsin	-	28.6	22.6	742	12.6	10.3	2,371	40.2	33.0	12,791	216.9	171.7
Wyoming	1,686 172	29.7	23.9	742 51	8.8	7.5	2,371	35.9	33.0 32.7	1,116	192.8	159.4
vv younning	112	23.1	20.3	JI	0.0	1.5	200	55.5	JL.1	1,110	132.0	133.4
Puerto Rico	3,235	99.1	59.4	223	6.8	3.7	2,826	86.6	44.8	5,478	167.9	96.7
U.S. Virgin Islands	35	33.1	25.9	5	*	*	42	39.7	32.8	177	167.2	125.4
Guam	18	*	*	_	*	*	14	*	*	395	234.0	314.9
American Samoa												
Northern Marianas	15	*	*	-	*	*	-	*	*	53	102.6	157.9

Table 17. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for major causes of death: United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, 2021—Con.

	hyperten	l hypertens isive renal 10,l12,l15	disease	Cerebro	ovascular d (160–169)		Influen	za and pno (J09–J18		Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)		
Area	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹
United States ²	42,816	12.9	10.7	162,890	49.1	41.1	41,917	12.6	10.5	142,342	42.9	34.7
Alabama	769	15.3	12.6	3,361	66.7	54.9	1,034	20.5	16.8	3,282	65.1	50.9
Alaska	66	9.0	9.5	253	34.5	42.3	42	5.7	7.2	237	32.3	35.0
Arizona	1,200	16.5	13.0	3,329	45.8	36.1	932	12.8	10.2	3,518	48.3	36.7
Arkansas	502	16.6	13.6	1,841	60.8	49.9	534	17.6	14.7	2,375	78.5	61.5
California	6,497	16.6	14.7	18,364	46.8	42.1	4,638	11.8	10.5	11,562	29.5	26.1
Colorado	423	7.3	7.0	2,045	35.2	35.5	290	5.0	4.8	2,306	39.7	37.5
Connecticut	328	9.1	6.6	1,444	40.0	29.5	406	11.3	8.3	1,169	32.4	23.8
Delaware	123	12.3	9.1	756	75.3	56.8	118	11.8	8.6	502	50.0	36.1
District of Columbia	83	12.4	13.0	288	43.0	43.6	65	9.7	10.0	110	16.4	16.7
Florida	3,390	15.6	10.2	15,599	71.6	46.5	2,845	13.1	8.8	10,939	50.2	32.0
Georgia	1,480	13.7	13.0	5,233	48.5	47.9	1,273	11.8	11.3	4,709	43.6	41.1
Hawaii	151	10.5	6.9	943	65.4	43.8	210	14.6	9.8	384	26.6	18.1
Idaho	169	8.9	8.4	753	39.6	36.8	161	8.5	7.8	920	48.4	42.5
Illinois	1,390	11.0	8.9	6,766	53.4	44.1	1,681	13.3	11.0	4,931	38.9	31.5
Indiana	887	13.0	11.2	3,425	50.3	43.9	728	10.7	9.2	4,233	62.2	51.6
Iowa	543	17.0	13.0	1,403	43.9	33.8	366	11.5	8.7	1,676	52.5	39.9
Kansas	454	15.5	12.5	1,365	46.5	38.4	396	13.5	11.1	1,506	51.3	41.4
Kentucky	516	11.4	9.6	2,428	53.8	45.8	739	16.4	13.8	3,243	71.9	57.5
Louisiana	455	9.8	8.5	2,755	59.6	52.0	647	14.0	12.2	2,170	46.9	39.4
Maine	167	12.2	8.3	650	47.4	32.5	211	15.4	10.6	895	65.2	42.1
Maryland	733	11.9	10.0	3,413	55.4	47.3	629	10.2	8.7	1,815	29.4	24.5
Massachusetts	741	10.6	8.2	2,278	32.6	25.6	817	11.7	9.1	2,414	34.6	26.9
Michigan	1,234	12.3	9.7	5,781	57.5	46.2	1,321	13.1	10.4	5,218	51.9	39.5
Minnesota	908	15.9	12.8	2,384	41.8	34.5	392	6.9	5.7	2,074	36.3	29.2
Mississippi	709	24.0	20.4	1,982	67.2	57.8	697	23.6	20.0	2,131	72.2	59.2
Missouri	501	8.1	6.5	3,178	51.5	41.0	884	14.3	11.5	3,626	58.8	45.2
Montana	96	8.7	6.7	440	39.8	31.2	105	9.5	7.5	570	51.6	38.4
Nebraska	400	20.4	16.7	851	43.3	36.5	239	12.2	10.1	959	48.8	40.5
Nevada	391	12.4	11.6	1,443	45.9	41.7	459	14.6	12.8	1,426	45.4	40.0
New Hampshire	121	8.7	6.4	548	39.5	30.3	122	8.8	6.5	687	49.5	35.6
New Jersey	961	10.4	8.1	3,760	40.6	32.3	1,156	12.5	9.9	2,472	26.7	21.1
New Mexico	196	9.3	7.3	988	46.7	37.2	297	14.0	11.5	1,014	47.9	36.9
New York	2,900	14.6	11.0	6,685	33.7	25.7	3,757	18.9	14.4	5,911	29.8	22.5
North Carolina	1,271	12.0	10.3	5,677	53.8	46.5	1,537	14.6	12.4	4,741	44.9	36.7
North Dakota	69	8.9	7.1	282	36.4	29.4	125	16.1	13.1	319	41.2	34.2
Ohio	1,526	13.0	10.2	7,244	61.5	49.0	1,673	14.2	11.4	6,437	54.6	41.8
Oklahoma	417	10.5	9.5	1,929	48.4	42.5	561	14.1	12.3	2,858	71.7	60.3
Oregon	742	17.5	13.9	2,325	54.8	45.1	226	5.3	4.4	1,900	44.7	34.4
Pennsylvania	1,353	10.4	7.5	6,775	52.3	37.7	1,844	14.2	10.3	5,552	42.8	30.3
Rhode Island	105	9.6	7.1	422	38.5	28.8	108	9.9	7.4	393	35.9	26.6
South Carolina	711	13.7	11.2	3,070	59.1	48.3	611	11.8	9.4	2,878	55.4	42.5
South Dakota	124	13.8	11.6	392	43.8	35.4	124	13.8	11.4	465	51.9	41.4
Tennessee	1,071	15.4	13.1	3,775	54.1	46.2	1,225	17.6	14.9	4,442	63.7	51.3
Texas	2,718	9.2	9.8	11,944	40.4	43.8	2,938	9.9	10.5	10,026	34.0	35.9
Utah	233	7.0	8.8	853	25.6	32.4	215	6.4	8.1	846	25.3	30.2
Vermont	115	17.8	13.3	280	43.4	31.9	38	5.9	4.5	303	46.9	31.9
Virginia	940	10.9	9.4	4,117	47.6	42.1	963	11.1	9.7	3,194	37.0	31.0
Washington	957	12.4	11.3	3,195	41.3	37.7	496	6.4	5.9	2,644	34.2	29.4
West Virginia	324	18.2	12.9	1,021	57.3	41.2	413	23.2	16.5	1,562	87.6	58.7
Wisconsin	603	10.2	8.0	2,640	44.8	35.9	550	9.3	7.5	2,443	41.4	32.0
Wyoming	53	9.2	7.8	217	37.5	31.5	79	13.6	11.9	355	61.3	48.9
Puerto Rico	679	20.8	11.9	1,323	40.5	22.9	715	21.9	12.6	1,035	31.7	17.6
U.S. Virgin Islands	16	*	*	34	32.1	24.2	7			12	*	*
Guam	2	*		79	46.8	64.6	23	13.6	17.2	15		
American Samoa Northern Marianas	9	*	*	 17	*	*	6	*	*	4	*	*

Table 17. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for major causes of death: United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, 2021—Con.

	Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis (K70,K73–K74)			syndro	nritis, neph me and ne ,N17–N19,	phrosis	COVID-19 (U07.1)			Accidents (unintentional injuries) (V01–X59,Y85–Y86)		
Area	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹
United States ²	56,585	17.0	14.5	54,358	16.4	13.6	416,893	125.6	104.1	224,935	67.8	64.7
Alabama	1,043	20.7	17.0	1,163	23.1	18.5	9,491	188.3	152.8	3,491	69.3	68.9
Alaska	189	25.8	24.4	84	11.5	14.0	763	104.1	109.5	591	80.7	84.5
Arizona	1,773	24.4	21.5	871	12.0	9.4	12,706	174.6	139.5	5,961	81.9	78.6
Arkansas	625	20.7	17.0	793	26.2	21.2	4,739	156.6	127.7	2,046	67.6	65.8
California	7,102	18.1	16.0	4,697	12.0	10.6	44,540	113.5	99.9	20,879	53.2	50.6
Colorado	1,234	21.2	19.1	543	9.3	9.1	5,299	91.2	84.2	4,206	72.4	71.0
Connecticut	550	15.3	12.2	638	17.7	12.9	2,722	75.5	56.7	2,644	73.3	67.4
Delaware	146	14.6	10.9	165	16.4	12.1	1,113	110.9	83.2	817	81.4	80.6
District of Columbia	65	9.7	9.5	51	7.6	7.7	464	69.2	69.8	639	95.4	92.2
Florida	3,911	18.0	13.6	3,445	15.8	10.5	34,557	158.7	111.7	17,780	81.6	74.7
Georgia	1,636	15.1	13.3	2,269	21.0	20.0	15,834	146.6	135.9	6,353	58.8	58.8
Hawaii	177	12.3	9.7	264	18.3	12.4	688	47.7	36.5	656	45.5	39.6
ldaho	351	18.5	16.6	170	8.9	8.1	2,407	126.6	112.3	1,161	61.1	59.9
Illinois	1,776	14.0	11.9	2,648	20.9	17.2	11,298	89.2	73.4	7,664	60.5	56.7
Indiana	1,177	17.3	14.9	1,418	20.8	18.0	8,564	125.8	106.8	5,246	77.1	76.7
Iowa	508	15.9	13.7	419	13.1	10.0	3,098	97.0	75.9	1,745	54.6	48.7
Kansas	518	17.7	16.0	550	18.7	15.4	3,623	123.5	103.1	1,963	66.9	63.6
Kentucky	939	20.8	17.3	1,130	25.1	21.1	7,459	165.4	136.7	4,373	97.0	96.3
Louisiana	667	14.4	12.2	1,109	24.0	20.6	6,329	136.9	116.9	4,489	97.1	98.1
Maine	311	22.7	16.5	250	18.2	12.6	1,331	97.0	66.2	1,286	93.7	86.2
Maryland	682	11.1	9.3	710	11.5	9.7	5,256	85.3	71.2	3,058	49.6	45.6
Massachusetts	930	13.3	10.9	1,221	17.5	13.7	4,866	69.7	54.6	4,624	66.2	60.8
Michigan	1,796	17.9	15.0	1,964	19.5	15.5	13,637	135.7	107.1	6,541	65.1	61.6
Minnesota	885	15.5	13.5	509	8.9	7.4	4,442	77.8	64.1	3,753	65.8	61.4
Mississippi	630	21.4	17.9	734	24.9	21.4	5,082	172.3	146.3	2,423	82.1	81.2
Missouri	958	15.5	13.0	1,542	25.0	19.9	7,760	125.8	100.5	4,814	78.0	75.1
Montana	308	27.9	25.7	179	16.2	12.3	1,576	142.7	108.8	875	79.2	73.8
Nebraska	308	15.7	14.4	207	10.5	8.8	1,594	81.2	69.0	897	45.7	43.2
Nevada	635	20.2	17.1	309	9.8	8.8	5,149	163.8	141.6	2,026	64.4	61.3
New Hampshire	257	18.5	14.0	188	13.5	10.0	1,112	80.1	60.2	946	68.1	63.2
New Jersey	1,060	11.4	9.4	1,644	17.7	14.1	8,423	90.9	71.9	5,077	54.8	51.6
New Mexico	934	44.1	41.1	339	16.0	12.7	3,502	165.5	136.3	2,188	103.4	101.4
New York	1,966	9.9	8.2	2,545	12.8	9.8	21,675	109.3	83.9	10,140	51.1	47.0
North Carolina	1,879	17.8	14.8	2,243	21.3	17.9	13,611	129.0	107.5	8,539	80.9	79.1
North Dakota	1,079	19.0	17.9	106	13.7	11.4	638	82.3	70.9	469	60.5	56.5
	2,021	17.2	14.2	2,294	19.5	15.3	18,285	155.2	122.8	9,919	84.2	81.9
Ohio	866	21.7	19.4	2,294 524								74.3
Oklahoma	926	21.7		400	13.1 9.4	11.3	7,279	182.6	158.8 69.2	3,063	76.8 74.2	74.3 67.4
Oregon			17.6			7.6	3,681	86.7		3,151		
Pennsylvania	1,825	14.1	11.0	3,027	23.3	16.8	18,169	140.1	102.5	10,327	79.7	73.5
Rhode Island	199	18.2	15.1	188	17.2	12.9	979	89.4	66.4	869	79.3	71.4
South Carolina	1,096	21.1	17.3	933	18.0	14.2	9,088	175.1	139.2	4,701	90.6	88.5
South Dakota	330	36.9	37.3	86	9.6	7.5	776	86.7	71.2	596	66.6	62.4
Tennessee	1,417	20.3	17.2	1,237	17.7	14.9	11,911	170.8	142.5	7,076	101.4	100.5
Texas	5,273	17.9	16.8	4,513	15.3	16.0	44,516	150.8	151.4	14,704	49.8	50.7
Utah	356	10.7	11.6	368	11.0	13.9	2,252	67.5	78.2	1,583	47.4	53.2
Vermont	108	16.7	12.4	37	5.7	4.4	261	40.4	29.5	536	83.0	77.8
Virginia	1,183	13.7	11.6	1,638	19.0	16.2	8,990	104.0	88.5	5,358	62.0	59.4
Washington	1,405	18.2	15.7	423	5.5	4.8	5,451	70.4	61.5	5,120	66.2	62.9
West Virginia	417	23.4	17.9	643	36.1	25.8	3,619	203.0	146.8	2,474	138.8	134.7
Wisconsin	913	15.5	12.5	864	14.7	11.6	5,262	89.2	71.1	4,717	80.0	74.1
Wyoming	177	30.6	26.7	66	11.4	9.8	1,026	177.3	143.4	381	65.8	63.0
Puerto Rico	338	10.4	7.0	1,014	31.1	18.5	1,457	44.6	30.5	1,589	48.7	43.7
U.S. Virgin Islands	8	*	*	16	*	*	56	52.9	40.2	33	31.2	32.5
Guam	9	*	*	48	28.4	38.4	116	68.7	86.0	45	26.7	29.9
American Samoa												
Northern Marianas	4	*	*	5	*	*	9	*	*	15	*	*

Table 17. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for major causes of death: United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, 2021—Con.

	Motor v	ehicle acc	idents ³	Intentiona (*U03	l self-harn ,X60–X84,			ault (hom J02,X85–`	icide) Y09,Y87.1)	Alcohol	-induced	causes ⁴
Area	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹
United States ²	46,980	14.2	13.8	48,183	14.5	14.1	26,031	7.8	8.2	54,258	16.3	14.4
Alabama	1,058	21.0	21.0	827	16.4	15.8	748	14.8	15.9	639	12.7	11.1
Alaska	97	13.2	13.4	220	30.0	30.8	49	6.7	6.4	315	43.0	41.0
Arizona	1,369	18.8	18.5	1,475	20.3	19.5	562	7.7	8.1	1,891	26.0	24.2
Arkansas	731	24.2	24.0	618	20.4	20.6	335	11.1	11.7	413	13.6	12.1
California	4,986	12.7	12.3	4,148	10.6	10.1	2,495	6.4	6.4	7,290	18.6	16.7
Colorado	754	13.0	12.5	1,384	23.8	22.8	368	6.3	6.3	1,695	29.2	26.5
Connecticut	330	9.2	9.0	401	11.1	10.0	160	4.4	4.8	542	15.0	12.6
Delaware	147	14.7	14.5	137	13.7	13.6	103	10.3	11.3	158	15.7	13.1
District of Columbia	59	8.8	8.3	46	6.9	6.2	223	33.3	30.0	101	15.1	14.8
Florida	3,906	17.9	17.3	3,351	15.4	14.0	1,468	6.7	7.4	3,541	16.3	13.1
Georgia	1,976	18.3	18.0	1,676	15.5	15.3	1,206	11.2	11.4	1,368	12.7	11.3
Hawaii	95	6.6	6.4	202	14.0	13.7	39	2.7	2.7	140	9.7	8.2
Idaho	316	16.6	16.4	387	20.4	20.5	41	2.2	2.2	416	21.9	19.8
Illinois	1,473	11.6	11.3	1,454	11.5	11.1	1,487	11.7	12.3	1,611	12.7	11.4
Indiana	999	14.7	14.6	1,129	16.6	16.4	624	9.2	9.6	1,116	16.4	14.8
lowa	372	11.7	11.2	549	17.2	17.5	94	2.9	3.2	608	19.0	17.2
Kansas	470	16.0	15.6	560	19.1	19.4	180	6.1	6.4	534	18.2	17.2
Kentucky	820	18.2	17.8	816	18.1	17.9	408	9.0	9.6	689	15.3	13.2
Louisiana	1,028	22.2	22.5	689	14.9	14.8	943	20.4	21.3	514	11.1	9.8
	1,026				20.2	19.5				327	23.8	
Maine		13.4	12.6	277			20 700	1.5	1.7			18.8
Maryland	661	10.7	10.5	620	10.1	9.7	709	11.5	12.2	627	10.2	9.0
Massachusetts	461	6.6	6.1	604	8.6	8.0	160	2.3	2.3	1,005	14.4	12.5
Michigan	1,341	13.3	13.1	1,485	14.8	14.3	822	8.2	8.7	1,745	17.4	15.2
Minnesota	603	10.6	10.2	808	14.2	13.9	232	4.1	4.3	1,162	20.4	18.0
Mississippi	867	29.4	29.1	480	16.3	16.2	656	22.2	23.7	529	17.9	15.5
Missouri	1,061	17.2	16.7	1,177	19.1	18.7	716	11.6	12.4	919	14.9	13.2
Montana	269	24.4	23.9	350	31.7	32.0	46	4.2	4.4	372	33.7	30.6
Nebraska	254	12.9	12.5	288	14.7	15.0	70	3.6	3.6	364	18.5	17.5
Nevada	410	13.0	12.4	691	22.0	21.5	264	8.4	8.5	812	25.8	22.3
New Hampshire	144	10.4	10.2	223	16.1	15.1	15	*	*	271	19.5	15.7
New Jersey	711	7.7	7.5	688	7.4	7.1	409	4.4	4.8	831	9.0	7.8
New Mexico	472	22.3	22.4	533	25.2	25.0	306	14.5	15.3	1,091	51.6	50.0
New York	1,387	7.0	6.6	1,660	8.4	7.9	918	4.6	4.8	1,901	9.6	8.3
North Carolina	1,923	18.2	17.7	1,448	13.7	13.2	991	9.4	9.7	1,638	15.5	13.4
North Dakota	119	15.4	15.2	156	20.1	20.8	24	3.1	3.4	205	26.5	24.8
Ohio	1,508	12.8	12.4	1,766	15.0	14.6	1,020	8.7	9.3	1,771	15.0	12.9
Oklahoma	827	20.7	20.5	877	22.0	22.1	342	8.6	8.9	838	21.0	19.6
Oregon	608	14.3	13.5	889	20.9	19.5	204	4.8	4.9	1,255	29.6	24.4
Pennsylvania	1,378	10.6	10.1	1,885	14.5	13.9	1,101	8.5	9.2	1,469	11.3	9.4
Rhode Island	81	7.4	6.7	117	10.7	10.3	40	3.7	3.6	216	19.7	16.7
South Carolina	1,231	23.7	23.5	802	15.5	15.2	656	12.6	13.4	1,006	19.4	16.5
South Dakota	173	19.3	19.4	203	22.7	23.2	45	5.0	5.3	377	42.1	42.8
Tennessee	1,428	20.5	20.2	1,222	17.5	17.0	810	11.6	12.2	1,323	19.0	16.7
Texas	4,588	15.5	15.4	4,193	14.2	14.2	2,391	8.1	8.2	3,540	12.0	11.4
Utah	355	10.6	11.0	643	19.3	20.1	91	2.7	2.7	431	12.9	13.8
Vermont	72	11.2	11.2	142	22.0	20.3	10	*	*	145	22.5	17.4
Virginia	1,024	11.8	11.3	1,188	13.7	13.2	606	7.0	7.2	1,014	11.7	10.2
Washington	765	9.9	9.6	1,100	15.7	15.2	346	4.5	4.5	1,772	22.9	19.9
West Virginia	300	16.8	15.8	375	21.0	20.6	114	6.4	6.9	318	17.8	14.6
	689	11.7	11.3	905	15.3	15.1	348	5.9	6.4	1,173	19.9	16.7
Wyoming					32.8		348 16	5.9 *	v.4 *	230	39.7	
Wyoming	100	17.3	17.0	190		32.3			00.0			34.3
Puerto Rico	350	10.7	10.2	197	6.0	5.5	604	18.5	20.6	281	8.6	6.0
U.S. Virgin Islands	14	*	*	4	*	*	42	39.7	48.0	14	*	*
Guam	18	*	*	27	16.0	17.2	10	*	*	3	*	*
American Samoa												
Northern Marianas	4	*	*	4	*	*	-	*	*	5	*	*

Table 17. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for major causes of death: United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, 2021—Con.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 Drug-i	nduced ca	iuses ⁵	Inju	y by firear	ms ⁶
Area	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹	Number	Rate	Age- adjusted rate ¹
United States ²	111,219	33.5	33.6	48,830	14.7	14.6
Alabama	1,577	31.3	33.1	1,315	26.1	26.4
Alaska	272	37.1	37.1	182	24.8	25.2
Arizona	2,861	39.3	40.4	1,365	18.8	18.3
Arkansas	684	22.6	23.9	698	23.1	23.3
California	11,398	29.0	27.7	3,576	9.1	9.0
Colorado	1,949	33.5	32.4	1,064	18.3	17.8
Connecticut	1,598	44.3	43.5	248	6.9	6.7
Delaware	526	52.4	55.5	158	15.7	16.6
District of Columbia	463	69.1	65.7	185	27.6	24.4
Florida	8,091	37.1	38.6	3,142	14.4	14.1
Georgia	2,640	24.4	24.7	2,200	20.4	20.3
Hawaii	293 376	20.3 19.8	18.6	71 309	4.9 16.3	4.8 16.3
Idaho	3,843	30.3	20.0 29.7	1,995	15.7	16.1
Illinois	3,643 2,876	30.3 42.3	43.9	1,995	18.4	18.4
Indiana	2,676 511	16.0	16.4	364	11.4	11.2
Kansas	703	24.0	25.1	503	17.1	17.3
Kentucky	2,531	56.1	59.1	947	21.0	21.1
Louisiana	2,534	54.8	57.4	1,314	28.4	29.1
Maine	628	45.8	48.1	178	13.0	12.6
Maryland	2,796	45.4	43.7	915	14.8	15.2
Massachusetts	2,695	38.6	38.3	247	3.5	3.4
Michigan	3,151	31.4	32.1	1,544	15.4	15.4
Minnesota	1,498	26.2	26.6	573	10.0	10.0
Mississippi	820	27.8	29.5	962	32.6	33.9
Missouri	2,232	36.2	37.8	1,414	22.9	23.2
Montana	217	19.7	21.0	280	25.4	25.1
Nebraska	234	11.9	12.3	200	10.2	10.3
Nevada	1,011	32.2	31.0	633	20.1	19.8
New Hampshire	455	32.8	33.3	123	8.9	8.3
New Jersey	3,145	33.9	33.3	475	5.1	5.2
New Mexico	1,090	51.5	53.4	578	27.3	27.8
New York	6,037	30.4	29.7	1,078	5.4	5.4
North Carolina	4,131	39.2	40.5	1,839	17.4	17.3
North Dakota	136	17.5	18.8	128	16.5	16.8
Ohio	5,587 1,035	47.4 26.0	49.7 26.3	1,911 836	16.2 21.0	16.5 21.2
Oregon	1,383	32.6	31.0	670	15.8	14.9
Pennsylvania	5,573	43.0	44.2	1,905	14.7	14.8
Rhode Island	461	42.1	42.2	64	5.8	5.6
South Carolina	2,214	42.7	44.2	1,136	21.9	22.4
South Dakota	108	12.1	12.9	128	14.3	14.3
Tennessee	3,980	57.1	59.0	1,569	22.5	22.8
Texas	5,232	17.7	17.6	4,613	15.6	15.6
Utah	700	21.0	22.4	450	13.5	13.9
Vermont	261	40.4	43.8	83	12.9	11.9
Virginia	2,701	31.3	31.3	1,248	14.4	14.3
Washington	2,467	31.9	30.5	896	11.6	11.2
West Virginia	1,578	88.5	95.1	319	17.9	17.3
Wisconsin	1,816	30.8	32.2	793	13.5	13.5
Wyoming	121	20.9	20.9	155	26.8	26.1
Puerto Rico	689	21.1	22.9	591	18.1	19.9
U.S. Virgin Islands	3	*	££.3 *	44	41.6	50.6
Guam	8	*	*	5	*	*
American Samoa						
Northern Marianas	2	*	*	1	*	*

Table 17. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for major causes of death: United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, 2021—Con.

[Rates per 100,000 population; age-adjusted rates per 100,000 U.S. standard population; see Technical Notes in this report. Codes in parentheses after causes of death are categories of the *International Classification of Diseases*, *10th Revision* (ICD–10). An asterisk (*) preceding a cause-of-death code indicates that the code is not included in ICD–10: see Technical Notes!

- * Estimate does not meet standards of reliability or precision; see Technical Notes.
- --- Data not available.
- Quantity zero.
- ¹Death rates are affected by the population composition of the area. Age-adjusted death rates should be used for comparisons between areas; for method of computation, see Technical Notes.
- ²Excludes data for Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas.
- ³ICD-10 codes for Motor vehicle accidents are V02-V04, V09.0, V09.2, V12-V14, V19.0-V19.2, V19.4-V19.6, V20-V79, V80.3-V80.5, V81.0-V81.1, V82.0-V82.1, V83-V86, V87.0-V87.8, V88.0-V88.8, V89.0, and V89.2; see Technical Notes.
- ⁴Causes of death attributable to alcohol-induced mortality include ICD-10 codes E24.4, F10, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1, I42.6, K29.2, K70, K85.2, K86.0, R78.0, X45,X65, and Y15; see Technical Notes.

Focuses of death attributable to drug-induced mortality include ICD-10 codes D52.1, D59.0, D59.2, D61.1, D64.2, E06.4, E16.0, E23.1, E24.2, E27.3, E66.1, F11.1-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, F12.1-F12.5, F12.7-F12.9, F13.1-F13.5, F13.7-F13.9, F14.1-F14.5, F14.7-F14.9, F15.1-F15.5, F15.7-F15.9, F16.1-F16.5, F16.7-F16.9, F17.3-F17.5, F17.7-F17.9, F18.1-F18.5, F18.7-F18.9, F19.1-F19.5, F19.7-F19.9, G21.1, G24.0, G25.1, G25.4, G25.6, G44.4, G62.0, G72.0, I95.2, J70.2-J70.4, K85.3, L10.5, L27.0-L27.1, M10.2, M32.0, M80.4, M81.4, M83.5, M87.1, R50.2, R78.1-R78.5, X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, and Y10-Y14; see Technical Notes.

⁶Causes of death attributable to injury by firearms include ICD–10 codes *U01.4, W32–W34, X72–X74, X93–X95, Y22–Y24, and Y35.0; see Technical Notes.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table 18. Infant, neonatal, and postneonatal mortality rates, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000–2021

[Rates are infant (younger than 1 year), neonatal (younger than 28 days), and postneonatal (28 days–11 months) deaths per 1,000 live births in specified group]

	Infa	nt mortality	rate	Neona	atal mortality	/ rate	Postneo	natal morta	lity rate
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All races and origins ¹									
2021	5.44	5.82	5.03	3.48	3.68	3.28	1.95	2.14	1.75
2020	5.42	5.88	4.94	3.56	3.84	3.26	1.86	2.04	1.68
2019	5.58	6.09	5.05	3.68	4.01	3.34	1.90	2.08	1.71
2018	5.66	6.23	5.07	3.77	4.13	3.39	1.89	2.09	1.68
2017	5.79	6.32	5.24	3.84	4.19	3.49	1.95	2.13	1.76
2016	5.87	6.38	5.34	3.87	4.19	3.54	2.00	2.19	1.80
2015	5.90	6.39	5.38	3.93	4.22	3.64	1.96	2.17	1.74
2014	5.82	6.31	5.30	3.94	4.25	3.62	1.88	2.07	1.68
2013	5.96	6.52	5.38	4.04	4.37	3.68	1.93	2.15	1.70
2012	5.98	6.50	5.43	4.01	4.34	3.67	1.97	2.16	1.76
2011	6.07	6.58	5.52	4.06	4.36	3.73	2.01	2.22	1.79
2010	6.15	6.69	5.57	4.05	4.37	3.71	2.10	2.32	1.73
2009	6.39	7.01	5.75	4.18	4.53	3.81	2.10	2.48	1.94
2008	6.61	7.01	5.75 5.97	4.10	4.55	3.89	2.22	2.40	2.08
									2.06
2007	6.75	7.38	6.09	4.42	4.79	4.02	2.34	2.58	
2006	6.69	7.32	6.03	4.45	4.84	4.05	2.24	2.48	1.98
2005	6.87	7.56	6.15	4.54	4.93	4.12	2.34	2.63	2.03
2004	6.79	7.47	6.09	4.52	4.94	4.09	2.27	2.53	2.00
2003	6.85	7.60	6.07	4.62	5.08	4.14	2.23	2.52	1.94
2002	6.97	7.64	6.27	4.66	5.06	4.25	2.31	2.58	2.03
2001	6.85	7.52	6.14	4.54	4.97	4.08	2.31	2.55	2.06
2000	6.91	7.57	6.21	4.63	5.06	4.17	2.28	2.51	2.04
1990	9.22	10.26	8.13	5.85	6.50	5.16	3.38	3.76	2.97
1980	12.60	13.93	11.21	8.48	9.31	7.60	4.13	4.62	3.61
1970	20.01	22.37	17.52	15.08	16.96	13.10	4.93	5.41	4.42
1960	26.04	29.33	22.59	18.73	21.24	16.09	7.31	8.10	6.49
1950	29.21	32.75	25.48	20.50	23.34	17.50	8.71	9.41	7.98
1940	47.02	52.45	41.29	28.75	32.56	24.74	18.27	19.89	16.55
Hispanic ^{2,3}									
2021	5.03	5.37	4.67	3.43	3.62	3.23	1.60	1.75	1.44
2020	4.89	5.36	4.40	3.38	3.70	3.05	1.51	1.66	1.35
2019	5.20	5.68	4.69	3.59	3.96	3.20	1.61	1.73	1.49
2018	5.06	5.55	4.56	3.54	3.88	3.18	1.52	1.67	1.38
2017	5.35	5.76	4.93	3.73	4.00	3.46	1.62	1.76	1.47
2016	5.24	5.70	4.75	3.63	3.94	3.30	1.62	1.78	1.47
2015	5.2 4 5.20	5.72	4.75	3.03 3.73	3.94 4.02	3.42	1.02	1.76	1.45
2014	5.22	5.63	4.79	3.67	3.98	3.34	1.55	1.66	1.45
2013	5.27	5.65	4.88	3.73	3.99	3.45	1.54	1.66	1.43
2012	5.30	5.76	4.83	3.71	4.05	3.35	1.60	1.71	1.47
2011	5.25	5.59	4.90	3.67	3.87	3.46	1.58	1.72	1.44
2010	5.47	5.96	4.96	3.73	4.07	3.37	1.74	1.89	1.59
2009	5.43	5.86	4.98	3.63	3.89	3.36	1.80	1.96	1.62
2008	5.66	6.16	5.13	3.81	4.16	3.45	1.84	2.00	1.68
2007	5.71	6.17	5.23	3.82	4.12	3.51	1.89	2.05	1.72
2006	5.52	5.99	5.03	3.79	4.07	3.49	1.73	1.92	1.53
2005	5.81	6.34	5.25	3.92	4.29	3.52	1.89	2.05	1.73
2004	5.62	6.10	5.12	3.84	4.17	3.49	1.78	1.93	1.63
2003	5.79	6.32	5.24	3.95	4.24	3.65	1.84	2.08	1.59
0000	5.64	6.14	5.11	3.80	4.13	3.45	1.84	2.01	1.66
2002	0.01								
2001	5.49	5.99	4.97	3.65	4.08	3.21	1.84	1.92	1.76

Table 18. Infant, neonatal, and postneonatal mortality rates, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000–2021—Con.

[Rates are infant (younger than 1 year), neonatal (younger than 28 days), and postneonatal (28 days–11 months) deaths per 1,000 live births in specified group]

	Infa	nt mortality	rate	Neona	atal mortality	y rate	Postneo	natal morta	lity rate
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Non-Hispanic, single race ^{2,4}									
merican Indian and Alaska Native:									
2021	7.46	7.87	7.04	3.71	3.67	3.76	3.75	4.20	3.29
2020	7.31	8.13	6.44	3.73	4.35	3.07	3.58	3.77	3.38
2019	8.05	8.55	7.53	4.11	4.00	4.23	3.94	4.55	3.30
2018	7.87	8.31	7.42	4.02	4.59	3.43	3.85	3.71	3.99
sian:									
2021	2.94	3.20	2.66	2.26	2.36	2.15	0.68	0.84	0.51
2020	2.35	2.53	2.15	1.69	1.79	1.58	0.66	0.74	0.57
2019	2.63	2.89	2.35	1.91	2.10	1.71	0.72	0.79	0.63
2018	2.91	3.06	2.74	2.08	2.19	1.96	0.83	0.87	0.78
lack:									
2021	10.97	12.00	9.91	6.43	6.91	5.94	4.54	5.10	3.97
2020	10.85	11.75	9.92	6.74	7.28	6.18	4.11	4.47	3.75
2019	11.12	12.00	10.20	7.03	7.62	6.43	4.08	4.38	3.77
2018	11.10	12.35	9.81	7.13	7.93	6.31	3.97	4.42	3.50
ative Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:									
2021	7.24	9.44	4.94	3.78	4.72	*	3.46	4.72	*
2020	6.96	7.11	6.80	4.26	4.47	*	2.70	*	*
2019	7.27	8.56	5.90	3.79	4.97	*	3.48	*	*
2018	8.34	9.39	7.26	4.75	5.43	*	3.59	*	*
/hite:									
2021	4.20	4.46	3.92	2.73	2.87	2.58	1.47	1.59	1.34
2020	4.29	4.62	3.94	2.84	3.04	2.63	1.45	1.58	1.31
2019	4.37	4.81	3.90	2.88	3.14	2.61	1.48	1.66	1.29
2018	4.55	4.98	4.09	3.02	3.27	2.76	1.53	1.71	1.34

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes in this report.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

¹Includes race and origin groups not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

Infant deaths are based on race or Hispanic origin of child as stated on the death certificate; live births are based on race or Hispanic origin of mother as stated on the birth certificate; see Technical Notes.

³Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race. The Hispanic-origin category is consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) standards; see Technical Notes.

⁴Only one race was reported on the birth and death certificates; see Technical Notes. Hispanic origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 OMB standards.

Table 19. Number of infant deaths and infant mortality rate for 130 selected causes, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021

				Number							Rate			
				Non-Hi	spanic, sin	igle race ³	,				Non-H	ispanic, sin	gle race ³	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White
All causes	19,920	4,453	195	628	5,682	69	7,921	543.6	502.6	746.4	293.7	1,097.1	724.0	419.6
Certain infectious and parasitic														
diseases(A00-B99,U07.1) ⁴	537	124	12	14	171	3	188	14.7	14.0	*	*	33.0	*	10.0
Certain intestinal infectious diseases (A00–A08)	13	4	_	1	2	_	5	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Diarrhea and gastroenteritis of infectious origin (A09)	156	33	4	5	57	1	49	4.3	3.7	*	*	11.0	*	2.6
Tuberculosis	2	_	_	_	_	_	2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Tetanus(A33,A35)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Diphtheria(A36)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Whooping cough	1	_	_	_	1	_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Meningococcal infection(A39)	-	_	_	_	_	_	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Septicemia (A40–A41)	113	29	1	5	36	1	36	3.1	3.3	*	*	7.0	*	1.9
Congenital syphilis		3	1	_	1	<u>'</u>	_	J. I *	*	*	*	<i>1</i> .0	*	*
Gonococcal infection	_	3	į	_		_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Viral diseases	205	49	3	_	_ 58	1	83	5.6	5.5	*	*	11.2	*	4.4
Acute poliomyelitis (A80)	205	49	J	۷	- 50	ı	03	3.0 *	J.J *	*	*	11.Z *	*	4.4
	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Varicella (chickenpox)(B01)	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Measles	_	_	-	_	_	-	_							
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)										_				
disease(B20–B24)	1	1	-	-	_	_	_							
Mumps	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	^	^	^	•	•	^	^
Other and unspecified viral diseases(A81–B00,				_		_								
B02-B04,B06-B19,B25,B27-B34,U07.1) ⁴	204	48	3	2	58	1	83	5.6	5.4	*	*	11.2	*	4.4
Candidiasis(B37)	4	2	_	-	_	_	2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Malaria (B50–B54)	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Pneumocystosis(B59)	1	_	-	_	-	-	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
All other and unspecified infectious and														
parasitic diseases (A20–A32,A38,														
A42-A49,A51-A53,A55-A79,														
B35-B36,B38-B49,B55-B58,B60-B99)	35	4	3	1	16	_	9	1.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
Neoplasms(C00-D48)	78	20	_	7	8	1	38	2.1	2.3	*	*	*	*	2.0
Malignant neoplasms (C00–C97)	52	15	_	4	6	1	24	1.4	*	*	*	*	*	1.3
Hodgkin disease and non-Hodgkin														
lymphomas(C81–C85)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Leukemia	14	4	_	2	1	1	6	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other and unspecified malignant		1		_	•	•	J							
neoplasms (C00–C80,C88,C90,C96–C97) In situ neoplasms, benign neoplasms and neoplasms of	38	11	-	2	5	-	18	1.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
uncertain or unknown behavior (D00–D48)	26	5	_	3	2	_	14	0.7	*	*	*	*	*	*

Table 19. Number of infant deaths and infant mortality rate for 130 selected causes, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021—Con.

				Number							Rate			
				Non-Hi	spanic, sin	igle race ³					Non-Hi	spanic, sinç	gle race ³	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain	70	04	4		00	0	00	0.4	0.4	*	*	0.0	*	4.5
disorders involving the immune mechanism (D50–D89)	76	21	1	1	20	2	28	2.1	2.4	_	_	3.9		1.5
Anemias (D50–D64)	12	3	-	1	2	_	6	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hemorrhagic conditions and other diseases of blood and														
blood-forming organs(D65–D76) Certain disorders involving the immune	53	16	-	-	16	2	16	1.4	*	*	*	*	*	*
mechanism(D80–D89)	11	2	1	-	2	_	6	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases (E00–E88)	171	42	2	15	37	1	71	4.7	4.7	*	*	7.1	*	3.8
Short stature, not elsewhere classified (E34.3)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Nutritional deficiencies (E40–E64)	12	2	_	_	5	_	5	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Cystic fibrosis(E84)	4	1	_	1	_	_	2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Volume depletion, disorders of fluid,														
electrolyte and acid-base balance(E86–E87)	46	9	1	4	19	_	13	1.3	*	*	*	*	*	*
All other endocrine, nutritional and metabolic		•	•	·										
diseases (E00–E32,E34.0–E34.2,														
E34.4–E34.9,E65–E83,E85,E88)	109	30	1	10	13	1	51	3.0	3.4	*	*	*	*	2.7
Diseases of the nervous system (G00–G98)	252	66	1	9	61	_	104	6.9	7.4	*	*	11.8	*	5.5
Meningitis	55	16	<u>.</u>	3	19	_	13	1.5	*	*	*	*	*	*
Infantile spinal muscular atrophy, type I	•			· ·										
(Werdnig-Hoffman)(G12.0)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Infantile cerebral palsy (G80)	2	_	_	_	1	_	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Anoxic brain damage, not elsewhere classified (G93.1)	30	5	1	1	13	_	9	0.8	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other diseases of nervous system	00	J	•	'	10		3	0.0						
G81-G92,G93.0,G93.2-G93.9,G95-G98)	165	45	_	5	28	_	81	4.5	5.1	*	*	5.4	*	4.3
Diseases of the ear and mastoid process (H60–H93)	2	1	_	_	_	_	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Diseases of the circulatory system (100–199)	402	92	2	13	120	2	168	11.0	10.4	*	*	23.2	*	8.9
Pulmonary heart disease and diseases of pulmonary	102	02	_	.0	120	_	100	11.0	10.1			20.2		0.0
circulation	68	22	_	1	19	1	24	1.9	2.5	*	*	*	*	1.3
Pericarditis, endocarditis and myocarditis (130,133,140)	4	1	_	_	2	_	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Cardiomyopathy (142)	75	16	1	1	19	1	37	2.0	*	*	*	*	*	2.0
Cardiac arrest (146)	25	3	_	_	11	_	11	0.7	*	*	*	*	*	*
Cerebrovascular diseases(160–169)	97	18	1	4	38	_	34	2.6	*	*	*	7.3	*	1.8
All other diseases of circulatory system (100–125,														
131,134–138,144–145,147–151,170–199)	133	32	_	7	31	_	61	3.6	3.6	*	*	6.0	*	3.2
Diseases of the respiratory system (J00–J98,U04)	343	55	5	9	131	3	119	9.4	6.2	*	*	25.3	*	6.3
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Table 19. Number of infant deaths and infant mortality rate for 130 selected causes, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021—Con.

				Number							Rate			
				Non-Hi	spanic, sin	gle race ³					Non-Hi	spanic, sin	gle race ³	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White
Acute upper respiratory infections (J00–J06)	7	2	_	_	2	_	3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Influenza and pneumonia (J09–J18)	125	23	4	2	48	2	38	3.4	2.6	*	*	9.3	*	2.0
Influenza	5	1	_	_	2	_	2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Pneumonia (J12–J18)	120	22	4	2	46	2	36	3.3	2.5	*	*	8.9	*	1.9
Acute bronchitis and acute bronchiolitis (J20–J21)	27	6	<u>.</u>	_	7	_	10	0.7	*	*	*	*	*	*
Bronchitis, chronic and unspecified (J40–J42)	6	_	_	_	4	_	2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asthma(J45–J46)	3	_	_	_	3	_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids (J69) Other and unspecified diseases of respiratory	5	_	-	-	4	_	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
system (J22,J30–J39,J43–J44,	170	0.4	4	7	00	4	C.F.	4.0	0.7	*		40.0	*	0.4
J47–J68,J70–J98,U04)	170	24	I	7	63	1	65	4.6	2.7			12.2		3.4
Diseases of the digestive system (K00–K92) Gastritis, duodenitis, and noninfective enteritis and	164	46	2	7	38	2	60	4.5	5.2	^	Ŷ	7.3	^	3.2
colitis (K29,K50–K55) Hernia of abdominal cavity and intestinal obstruction	27	3	-	2	3	_	17	0.7	*	*	*	*	*	*
without hernia(K40–K46,K56) All other and unspecified diseases of	48	16	1	3	10	1	15	1.3	*	*	*	*	*	*
digestive system (K00–K28,K30–K38,K57–K92)	89	27	1	2	25	1	28	2.4	3.0	*	*	4.8	*	1.5
Diseases of the genitourinary system (N00–N95) Renal failure and other disorders of	75	18	1	3	19	_	28	2.0	*	*	*	*	*	1.5
kidney(N17–N19,N25,N27) Other and unspecified diseases of genitourinary	41	8	-	-	10	-	19	1.1	*	*	*	*	*	*
system (N00–N15,N20–N23,N26,N28–N95)	34	10	1	3	9	_	9	0.9	*	*	*	*	*	*
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period (P00–P96)	9,434	2,209	57	386	2,764	27	3,493	257.5	249.3	218.2	180.5	533.7	283.3	185.0
Newborn affected by maternal factors and by complications of pregnancy, labor and delivery (P00–P04)	2,075	484	15	104	587	3	756	56.6	54.6	*	48.6	113.3	*	40.0
Newborn affected by maternal hypertensive disorders(P00.0)	53	14	_	5	16	1	11	1.4	*	*	*	*	*	*
Newborn affected by other maternal conditions which may be unrelated to present														
pregnancy(P00.1–P00.9) Newborn affected by maternal complications of	101	27	-	4	20	_	44	2.8	3.0	*	*	3.9	*	2.3
pregnancy (P01)	1,113	268	3	60	355	1	371	30.4	30.3	*	28.1	68.5	*	19.7
Newborn affected by incompetent cervix (P01.0) Newborn affected by premature rupture of	337	88	-	23	112	-	101	9.2	9.9	*	10.8	21.6	*	5.4
membranes (P01.1)	569	140	2	27	186	1	181	15.5	15.8	*	12.6	35.9	*	9.6

Table 19. Number of infant deaths and infant mortality rate for 130 selected causes, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021—Con.

				Number							Rate			
				Non-Hi	spanic, sin	gle race ³					Non-Hi	spanic, sing	gle race ³	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White
Newborn affected by multiple pregnancy (P01.5)	79	10	_	4	23	_	36	2.2	*	*	*	4.4	*	1.9
Newborn affected by other maternal complications of pregnancy (P01.2–P01.4,P01.6–P01.9) Newborn affected by complications of placenta, cord and	128	30	1	6	34	-	53	3.5	3.4	*	*	6.6	*	2.8
membranes(P02) Newborn affected by complications involving	672	138	9	32	175	-	267	18.3	15.6	*	15.0	33.8	*	14.1
placenta(P02.0–P02.3) Newborn affected by complications involving	410	73	7	17	107	-	180	11.2	8.2	*	*	20.7	*	9.5
cord(P02.4–P02.6)	45	7	1	_	11	_	23	1.2	*	*	*	*	*	1.2
Newborn affected by chorioamnionitis (P02.7)	215	56	1	15	57	_	64	5.9	6.3	*	*	11.0	*	3.4
Newborn affected by other and unspecified abnormalities of membranes (P02.8–P02.9)	2	2	_	_	_	_	_	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Newborn affected by other complications of labor and			_	_	_	_								
delivery (P03) Newborn affected by noxious influences transmitted via	86	21	1	3	15	1	40	2.3	2.4	*	*	*	*	2.1
placenta or breast milk (P04) Disorders related to length of gestation and fetal	50	16	2	-	6	-	23	1.4	*	*	*	*	*	1.2
malnutrition (P05–P08)	3.035	689	13	126	1.052	7	987	82.8	77.8	*	58.9	203.1	*	52.3
Slow fetal growth and fetal malnutrition (P05)	88	15	-	9	28	_	33	2.4	*	*	*	5.4	*	1.7
Disorders related to short gestation and low birth weight,	00			Ŭ			00					0.1		
not elsewhere classified (P07) Extremely low birth weight or extreme	2,946	674	13	116	1,024	7	954	80.4	76.1	*	54.3	197.7	*	50.5
immaturity(P07.0,P07.2)	2.262	536	10	95	795	6	698	61.7	60.5	*	44.4	153.5	*	37.0
Other low birth weight or preterm (P07.1,P07.3)	684	138	3	21	229	1	256	18.7	15.6	*	9.8	44.2	*	13.6
Disorders related to long gestation and high birth weight(P08)	1	_		1				*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Birth trauma (P10–P15)	11	3	<u>-</u>	 -	3	_	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxia (P20–P21)	358	80	1	11	88	_	158	9.8	9.0	*	*	17.0	*	8.4
Intrauterine hypoxia(P20)	189	47	_	8	48	_	76	5.2	5.3	*	*	9.3	*	4.0
Birth asphyxia (P21)	169	33	1	3	40	_	82	4.6	3.7	*	*	7.7	*	4.3
Respiratory distress of newborn (P22)	414	112	1	12	117	1	152	11.3	12.6	*	*	22.6	*	8.1
Other respiratory conditions originating in the			•		• • • •	·	102	11.0	12.0			22.0		0.1
perinatal period (P23–P28)	707	150	7	14	187	3	316	19.3	16.9	*	*	36.1	*	16.7
Congenital pneumonia(P23)	41	11	1	1	12	_	15	1.1	*	*	*	*	*	*
Neonatal aspiration syndromes(P24) Interstitial emphysema and related conditions originating	42	12	-	-	7	-	21	1.1	*	*	*	*	*	1.1
in the perinatal period (P25)	62	15	-	1	14	2	28	1.7	*	*	*	*	*	1.5

Table 19. Number of infant deaths and infant mortality rate for 130 selected causes, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021—Con.

				Number							Rate			
				Non-His	spanic, sin	gle race ³					Non-His	spanic, sing	gle race ³	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White
Pulmonary hemorrhage originating in the	144	27	0	C	20	4	50	2.0	2.0	*	*	7.3	*	0.1
perinatal period(P26) Chronic respiratory disease originating in the perinatal	144	27	2	6	38	1	59	3.9	3.0			7.3		3.1
period (P27)	126	16	_	2	47	_	60	3.4	*	*	*	9.1	*	3.2
Atelectasis(P28.0–P28.1) All other respiratory conditions originating in the	241	61	4	4	58	-	106	6.6	6.9	*	*	11.2	*	5.6
perinatal period (P28.2–P28.9)	51	8	_	_	11	_	27	1.4	*	*	*	*	*	1.4
Infections specific to the perinatal period (P35–P39)	716	170	6	38	206	2	262	19.5	19.2	*	17.8	39.8	*	13.9
Bacterial sepsis of newborn (P36) Omphalitis of newborn with or	557	138	6	31	158	2	197	15.2	15.6	*	14.5	30.5	*	10.4
without mild hemorrhage (P38) All other infections specific to the	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
perinatal period (P35,P37,P39) Hemorrhagic and hematological disorders of	157	32	_	7	48	-	63	4.3	3.6	*	*	9.3	*	3.3
newborn(P50–P61)	449	107	2	19	112	3	176	12.3	12.1	*	*	21.6	*	9.3
Neonatal hemorrhage (P50–P52,P54)	342	78	1	14	87	1	138	9.3	8.8	*	*	16.8	*	7.3
Hemorrhagic disease of newborn (P53) Hemolytic disease of newborn due to isoimmunization	1	-	_	_	-	_	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
and other perinatal jaundice (P55–P59)	9	3	_	_	1	_	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hematological disorders (P60–P61) Syndrome of infant of a diabetic mother and	97	26	1	5	24	2	33	2.6	2.9	*	*	4.6	*	1.7
neonatal diabetes mellitus (P70.0–P70.2)	10	3	_	_	2	_	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Necrotizing enterocolitis of newborn	313	84	5	9	98	_	101	8.5	9.5	*	*	18.9	*	5.4
Hydrops fetalis not due to hemolytic disease (P83.2)	175	48	1	5	19	1	95	4.8	5.4	*	*	*	*	5.0
Other perinatal conditions (P29,P70.3–P70.9,				-										
P71–P76,P78–P81,P83.0–P83.1,P83.3–P83.9,P90–P96) Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal	1,171	279	6	48	293	7	482	32.0	31.5	*	22.4	56.6	*	25.5
abnormalities(Q00–Q99)	3,963	1,035	38	113	727	8	1.884	108.2	116.8	145.5	52.8	140.4	*	99.8
Anencephaly and similar malformations(Q00)	230	69	2	10	31	_	112	6.3	7.8	*	*	6.0	*	5.9
Congenital hydrocephalus (Q03)	69	23	1	1	13	2	27	1.9	2.6	*	*	*	*	1.4
Spina bifida (Q05) Other congenital malformations of	17	5	<u>.</u>	-	3	_	9	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
nervous system (Q01–Q02,Q04,Q06–Q07)	253	81	2	6	36	_	123	6.9	9.1	*	*	7.0	*	6.5
Congenital malformations of heart (Q20–Q24) Other congenital malformations of	834	181	11	20	161	3	424	22.8	20.4	*	9.4	31.1	*	22.5
circulatory system	153	36	2	6	26	-	69	4.2	4.1	*	*	5.0	*	3.7

Table 19. Number of infant deaths and infant mortality rate for 130 selected causes, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021—Con.

				Number							Rate			
				Non-Hi	spanic, sin	gle race ³					Non-Hi	spanic, sinç	gle race ³	
Cause of death (based on ICD–10)	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White
Congenital malformations of respiratory														
system	298	87	2	5	52	1	136	8.1	9.8	*	*	10.0	*	7.2
system (Q35–Q45) Congenital malformations of	52	12	1	1	6	-	29	1.4	*	*	*	*	*	1.5
genitourinary system	369	113	3	9	71	1	160	10.1	12.8	*	*	13.7	*	8.5
integument (Q65–Q85)	441	100	1	16	92	_	215	12.0	11.3	*	*	17.8	*	11.4
Down syndrome (Q90)	48	16	1	-	11	_	19	1.3	*	*	*	*	*	*
Edward syndrome (Q91.0–Q91.3)	431	135	3	16	81	1	179	11.8	15.2	*	*	15.6	*	9.5
Patau syndrome	241	55	1	4	52	-	120	6.6	6.2	*	*	10.0	*	6.4
deformations (Q10–Q18,Q86–Q89) Other chromosomal abnormalities.	438	97	7	17	69	-	227	12.0	10.9	*	*	13.3	*	12.0
not elsewhere classified (Q92–Q99)	89	25	1	2	23	_	35	2.4	2.8	*	*	4.4	*	1.9
Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory	2.714	467	53	35	994	10	1.017	74.1	52.7	202.9	16.4	191.9	*	53.9
findings, not elsewhere classified (R00–R99) Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)		224	33 32	33 16	520	13 9	580	74.1 39.8	25.7 25.3	122.5	10.4	100.4	*	30.7
Other symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical	1,409	224	32	10	320	9	300	39.0	20.3	122.3		100.4		30.7
and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified						_							_	
(R00–R53,R55–R94,R96–R99)	1,255	243	21	19	474	4	437	34.2	27.4	80.4	*	91.5	*	23.2
All other diseases (residual)	26	5	_	_	7	_	13	0.7	*	*	*	*	*	*
External causes of mortality(*U01,V01–Y84)	1,683	252	21	16	585	7	709	45.9	28.4	80.4	*	113.0	*	37.6
Accidents (unintentional injuries) (V01–X59)	1,306	201	18	15	447	7	553	35.6	22.7	*	*	86.3	*	29.3
Transport accidents	108	27	1	1	44	-	35	2.9	3.0	*	*	8.5	*	1.9
V20-V19,V60.3-V60.3,V61.0-V61.1,V62.0-V62.1, V83-V86,V87.0-V87.8,V88.0-V88.8, V89.0,V89.2) Other and unspecified transport accidents	107	27	1	1	44	-	34	2.9	3.0	*	*	8.5	*	1.8
V87.9,V88.9,V89.1,V89.3,V89.9,V90–V99)	1	_	_	_	_	_	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Falls (W00–W19)	8	3	-	-	1	_	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Table 19. Number of infant deaths and infant mortality rate for 130 selected causes, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021—Con.

				Number							Rate			
				Non-Hi	spanic, sin	igle race ³					Non-Hi	spanic, sin	gle race ³	
Cause of death (based on ICD-10)	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White
Accidental discharge of firearms (W32–W34)	3	2	_	_	_	_	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Accidental drowning and submersion (W65–W74) Accidental suffocation and strangulation in	38	2	-	3	11	_	20	1.0	*	*	*	*	*	1.1
bed	971	135	16	9	338	6	415	26.5	15.2	*	*	65.3	*	22.0
strangulation(W76–W77,W81–W84) Accidental inhalation and ingestion of food or other objects causing obstruction of	66	9	-	1	21	1	30	1.8	*	*	*	4.1	*	1.6
respiratory tract	35	12	1	-	7	_	12	1.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
flames(X00–X09) Accidental poisoning and exposure to	15	1	-	-	9	_	5	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
noxious substances (X40–X49) Other and unspecified accidents (W20–W31,	27	6	-	-	9	_	12	0.7	*	*	*	*	*	*
W35-W64,W85-W99,X10-X39,X50-X59)	35	4	_	1	7	_	19	1.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
Assault (homicide)(*U01,X85-Y09) Assault (homicide) by hanging, strangulation and	267	38	1	-	102	_	105	7.3	4.3	*	*	19.7	*	5.6
suffocation(X91) Assault (homicide) by discharge of	10	1	-	-	4	_	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
firearms (*U01.4,X93–X95) Neglect, abandonment and other maltreatment	15	1	-	-	9	-	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
syndromes	53	9	1	_	18	-	18	1.4	*	*	*	*	*	*
X85-X90,X92,X96-X99,Y00-Y05,Y08-Y09)	189	27	_	_	71	_	79	5.2	3.0	*	*	13.7	*	4.2
Complications of medical and surgical care (Y40–Y84)	12	4	_	1	3	_	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other external causes (Y10–Y36)	98	9	2	_	33	_	47	2.7	*	*	*	6.4	*	2.5

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

⁻ Quantity zero.

¹Includes race and Hispanic-origin groups not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

²Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

³Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

⁴Beginning with data year 2020, COVID-19 (ICD-10 code U07.1) was newly added as a cause of death.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table 20. Number of infant deaths and infant mortality rate, by Hispanic origin and race for the United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, and by sex for the United States, 2021

[Rates are infant (younger than 1 year) deaths per 1,000 live births in specified group. Infant deaths are based on Hispanic origin and race of decedent; live births are based on Hispanic origin and race of mother; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards; see Technical Notes]

	Tota	al ¹	Hispa	ınic ²	American I Alaska		Asi	an	Bla	ck	Native Hav		Wh	ite
Area and sex	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
United States ⁴	19,920	5.44	4,453	5.03	195	7.46	628	2.94	5,682	10.97	69	7.24	7,921	4.20
Male		5.82	2,421	5.37	105	7.87	352	3.20	3,153	12.00	46	9.44	4,317	4.46
Female		5.03	2,032	4.67	90	7.04	276	2.66	2,529	9.91	23	4.94	3,604	3.92
Alabama	444	7.65	30	5.31	1	*	5	*	191	11.57	_	*	195	5.77
Alaska	70	7.47	4	*	29	16.76	3	*	_	*	2	*	25	5.32
Arizona		5.51	204	6.09	16	*	6	*	53	12.04	2	*	118	3.75
Arkansas		8.70	27	6.64	_	*	7	*	94	14.11	1	*	173	7.57
California		4.05	911	4.65	4	*	140	2.51	180	8.46	11	*	348	3.00
Colorado		5.00	114	6.21	2	*	8	*	29	9.71	3	*	137	3.77
Connecticut		4.68	55	5.80	_	*	5	*	42	9.64	_	*	60	3.14
Delaware		5.06	6	*	_	*	1	*	32	11.80	_	*	11	*
District of Columbia		6.58	5	*	_	*	i	*	41	11.42	_	*	4	*
Florida		5.86	329	4.74	_	*	23	3.54	511	11.18	_	*	370	4.06
Georgia	770	6.21	81	4.16	_	*	16	*	396	9.45	_	*	255	4.75
Hawaii		4.61	13	*	_	*	13	*	1	*	7	*	9	*
Idaho		5.22	26	6.69	1	*	2	*	6	*	,	*	80	4.70
Illinois		5.62	164	5.75	<u>.</u>	*	21	2.52	247	11.89	_	*	291	4.07
Indiana		6.72	72	8.16	_	*	3	۷.J2 *	127	12.71	_	*	308	5.42
		4.02	14	0.10 *	_	*	3	*	33	12.71	3	*	87	3.09
lowa		5.56	33		_	*	3 2	*	30		- -	*	07 118	
Kansas				5.39	_	*	1	*	62	12.95	2	*		4.91
Kentucky		6.22	18			*	2	*		12.10	_	*	228	5.55
Louisiana		7.24	22	4.18	3				240	11.45		*	144	4.95
Maine		5.16	2	^	2	^	2	•	2	^	_	•	49	4.61
Maryland		6.08	68	5.17	-	*	11	*	198	9.68	-	*	108	3.83
Massachusetts		3.30	56	3.85	_	*	13		54	8.09	-	*	94	2.36
Michigan		6.25	58	8.20	2	*	24	5.93	262	14.33	_	*	277	3.84
Minnesota		4.80	27	4.92	15	*	15	*	74	9.58	1	*	155	3.56
Mississippi		9.30	10	*	3	*	2	*	186	12.72	_	*	120	6.73
Missouri	394	5.67	15	*	-	*	2	*	115	12.18	5	*	232	4.58
Montana	55	4.90	5	*	4	*	1	*	1	*	_	*	39	4.29
Nebraska		5.40	20	4.50	5	*	1	*	17	*	1	*	84	5.01
Nevada	190	5.64	70	5.45	2	*	6	*	51	11.44	2	*	49	4.15
New Hampshire	53	4.20	3	*	_	*	1	*	2	*	-	*	47	4.33
New Jersey		3.50	120	4.26	_	*	15	*	106	8.27	_	*	108	2.28
New Mexico	102	4.77	59	4.78	8	*	1	*	4	*	_	*	24	4.17
New York	868	4.12	172	3.51	3	*	59	2.88	244	8.43	-	*	311	2.92
North Carolina	814	6.76	105	5.09	12	*	23	4.91	323	11.95	-	*	328	5.19
North Dakota	28	2.77	3	*	1	*	2	*	4	*	-	*	16	*
Ohio	913	7.03	63	7.66	_	*	19	*	311	14.99	3	*	481	5.19
Oklahoma	336	6.94	64	7.87	35	7.67	7	*	45	11.76	1	*	149	5.62
Oregon	154	3.76	41	4.92	2	*	_	*	6	*	1	*	88	3.30
Pennsylvania		5.42	98	5.71	_	*	24	4.01	193	11.52	_	*	353	4.00
Rhode Island		4.40	11	*	_	*	1	*	10	*	_	*	21	3.58

Table 20. Number of infant deaths and infant mortality rate, by Hispanic origin and race for the United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, and by sex for the United States, 2021-Con.

[Rates are infant (younger than 1 year) deaths per 1,000 live births in specified group. Infant deaths are based on Hispanic origin and race of decedent; live births are based on Hispanic origin and race of mother; see Technical Notes in this report. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards; see Technical Notes]

								N	on-Hispani	c, single	race ³			
	Tot	al ¹	Hispa	ınic ²	American I Alaska		d Asi	an	Bla	ck	Native Ha Other Pacif		Wh	ite
Area and sex	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
South Carolina	421	7.36	38	5.95	_	*	1	*	218	13.62	_	*	154	4.84
South Dakota	69	6.07	3	*	25	16.39	_	*	7	*	_	*	31	3.82
Tennessee	505	6.18	60	6.35	-	*	6	*	160	10.52	1	*	255	4.78
Texas	1,985	5.31	879	4.96	1	*	55	2.83	455	9.81	1	*	566	4.58
Utah	218	4.67	54	6.46	4	*	4	*	6	*	9	*	133	3.94
Vermont	16	*	1	*	_	*	-	*	1	*	_	*	13	*
Virginia	566	5.91	98	6.51	_	*	23	3.31	194	10.12	1	*	205	3.94
Washington	360	4.29	71	4.37	10	*	32	3.63	26	7.03	12	*	170	3.68
West Virginia	121	7.04	2	*	_	*	_	*	9	*	_	*	104	6.65
Wisconsin	329	5.33	42	6.07	5	*	16	*	83	13.92	_	*	173	3.93
Wyoming	32	5.13	7	*	-	*	-	*	_	*	-	*	23	4.71
Puerto Rico	132	6.84	131	6.96	_	*	_	*	_	*	_	*	1	*
U.S. Virgin Islands	5	*	2	*	-	*	_	*	3	*	_	*	_	*
Guam	41	15.63	_	*	-	*	3	*	1	*	31	18.21	_	*
American Samoa														
Northern Marianas	7	*	_	*	_	*	2	*	_	*	4	*	_	*

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

<sup>Quantity zero.
Data not available.</sup>

 $[\]ensuremath{^{1}}$ Includes race and origin groups not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

²Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

³Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

⁴Excludes data for Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Table 21. Number of maternal deaths and maternal mortality rate for selected causes, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021

[Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for specified categories other than Black non-Hispanic, single race and White non-Hispanic, single race should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies between reporting these items on death certificates and on censuses and surveys; see Technical Notes in this report]

				Non-H	lispanic, sing	jle race ³	
Cause of death (based on <i>International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision</i>)	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White
				Number			
Maternal causes(A34,000–095,098–099)	1,205	248	31	36	362	6	503
Direct obstetric causes (A34, 000–095)	448	75	13	20	147	3	185
Pregnancy with abortive outcome(000–007)	48	11	1	2	18	_	15
Ectopic pregnancy(000)	36	7	1	1	14	_	12
Spontaneous abortion	8	3	_	1	2	_	2
Medical abortion (004)	2	1	_	_	1	_	_
Other abortion	2	_	-	-	1	-	1
abortive outcome(001–002.006–007)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other direct obstetric causes (A34,010–092)	399	63	12	18	129	3	170
Eclampsia and pre–eclampsia (011,013–016) Hemorrhage of pregnancy and childbirth and	44	4	3	1	20	_	16
placenta previa (020,044–046,067,072) Complications predominantly related to the	29	1	-	3	9	1	15
puerperium (A34,085–092)	79	8	2	4	26	1	36
Obstetrical tetanus (A34)	-	_	_	_	_	· -	_
Obstetric embolism (088) Other complications predominantly related to	44	5	1	2	10	1	24
the puerperium(085–087,089–092) All other direct obstetric causes(010,012.	35	3	1	2	16	_	12
021–043,047–066,068–071,073–075)	247	50	7	10	74	1	103
Obstetric death of unspecified cause(095)	1	1	'	-	-	_	100
Indirect obstetric causes	757	173	18	16	215	3	318
Death from any obstetric cause occurring more than 42 days but less than 1 year after delivery (096) ⁴	461	104	11	16	144	-	178

Table 21. Number of maternal deaths and maternal mortality rate for selected causes, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021—Con.

[Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards. Data for specified categories other than Black non-Hispanic, single race and White non-Hispanic, single race should be interpreted with caution because of inconsistencies between reporting these items on death certificates and on censuses and surveys; see Technical Notes in this report]

				Non-I	Hispanic, sing	jle race ³	
Cause of death (based on <i>International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision</i>)	Total ¹	Hispanic ²	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Black	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	White
			Rate per	r 100,000 live	e births		
Maternal causes(A34,000–095,098–099)	32.9	28.0	118.7	16.8	69.9	*	26.6
Direct obstetric causes (A34, 000–095)	12.2	8.5	*	9.4	28.4	*	9.8
Pregnancy with abortive outcome(000–007)	1.3	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ectopic pregnancy(000)	1.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
Spontaneous abortion (003)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Medical abortion (004)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other abortion	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
abortive outcome (001–002,006–007)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other direct obstetric causes (A34,010–092)	10.9	7.1	*	*	24.9	*	9.0
Eclampsia and pre–eclampsia (011,013–016) Hemorrhage of pregnancy and childbirth and	1.2	*	*	*	3.9	*	*
placenta previa (020,044–046,067,072) Complications predominantly related to the	0.8	*	*	*	*	*	*
puerperium (A34,085–092)	2.2	*	*	*	5.0	*	1.9
Obstetrical tetanus (A34)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Obstetric embolism(088) Other complications predominantly related to	1.2	*	*	*	*	*	1.3
the puerperium(085–087,089–092) All other direct obstetric causes(010,012,	1.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
021–043,047–066,068–071,073–075)	6.7	5.6	*	*	14.3	*	5.5
Obstetric death of unspecified cause(095)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Indirect obstetric causes	20.7	19.5	*	*	41.5	*	16.8
Death from any obstetric cause occurring more than 42 days but less than 1 year after delivery (096) ⁴	12.6	11.7	*	*	27.8	*	9.4

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Quantity zero.
 * Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes.

¹Includes deaths with origin not stated, origin not classifiable, and two or more races reported; see Technical Notes.

²Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

³Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

⁴Late maternal death.

Table 22. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for dementia-related causes, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1999–2021

		Number		Crı	ıde death ra	te ¹	Age-ad	ljusted deatl	n rate ²
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All origins and races ³									
2021	279,704	92,303	187,401	84.3	56.2	111.9	72.4	59.7	80.2
2020		99,157	204,827	92.3	61.1	122.5	73.3	60.5	81.1
2019		90,482	181,390	82.8	56.0	108.9	66.6	56.6	72.6
2018	266,957	87,759	179,198	81.6	54.5	107.9	66.6	56.4	72.5
2017	261,914	85,129	176,785	80.4	53.1	106.9	66.7	56.4	72.7
2016		80,680	168,925	77.2	50.7	103.0	64.9	55.1	70.5
2015		79,113	166,813	76.5	50.0	102.2	65.2	55.4	70.7
2014	239,753	76,911	162,842	75.2	49.0	100.6	64.9	55.5	70.2
2013		74,656	159,586	74.1	48.0	99.4	64.8	55.4	69.8
2012		71,158	152,246	71.2	46.1	95.5	63.3	54.7	68.0
2011		67,053	145,823	68.3	43.7	92.1	61.8	53.1	66.3
2010	,	61,961	134,410	63.6	40.8	85.6	58.8	51.1	62.8
2009		55,553	121,970	57.9	36.8	78.2	54.2	46.8	57.9
2008		54,893	124,067	58.9	36.7	80.2	55.9	47.5	60.1
2007		47,537	108,505	51.8	32.1	70.8	49.8	42.4	53.5
2006		45,937	105,495	50.8	31.3	69.5	49.5	42.2	52.9
2005		38,024	91,549	43.8	26.2	60.9	43.4	36.1	46.9
2004		33,467	80,804	39.0	23.3	54.2	39.1	32.7	42.3
2003		32,246	78,323	38.1	22.6	53.0	38.4	32.1	41.4
2002	102,105	29,891	70,323	35.5	21.2	49.3	36.1	30.6	38.6
2001	,	27,315	65,199	32.5	19.5	44.9	33.1	28.5	35.2
2000		24,568	59,126	29.7	17.8	44.9	30.5	26.1	32.4
1999	74,386	22,380	52,006	26.7	16.4	36.6	27.5	24.2	28.9
Hispanic ⁴									
2021	17,876	5,815	12,061	28.5	18.3	39.0	53.8	44.2	59.6
2020	,	6,151	12,383	30.2	19.9	40.7	54.3	46.1	59.3
2019	,	5,243	10,169	25.4	17.2	33.9	47.3	41.2	50.9
2018		5,181	9,756	24.9	17.1	32.9	47.4	42.1	50.3
2017		4,634	9,186	23.4	15.6	31.5	46.0	39.7	49.8
2016		4,278	8,409	22.1	14.7	29.6	44.8	38.9	48.3
2015	12,104	4,111	7,993	21.4	14.4	28.6	45.2	39.5	48.5
2014	,	3,987	7,596	20.9	14.2	27.8	46.3	41.2	49.3
		3,588	7,590 7,179	19.9	13.1	27.0	46.2	39.8	49.3 49.7
2013									
2012		3,411	6,532	18.8	12.7	25.0	45.7	40.6	48.4
2011		2,995	5,798	16.9	11.3	22.6	43.1	38.2	45.9
2010		2,717	5,027	15.3	10.6	20.2	41.7	38.2	43.5
2009		2,203	4,332	13.2	8.8	17.9	36.7	32.2	39.2
2008		2,127	4,251	13.3	8.7	18.1	38.2	32.8	40.9
2007		1,774	3,424	11.3	7.5	15.1	33.0	29.7	34.7
2006	5,076	1,757	3,319	11.4	7.7	15.2	33.9	30.6	35.4
2005		1,356	2,520	9.0	6.2	12.0	27.6	25.5	28.5
2004	- /	1,059	2,185	7.8	5.0	10.8	24.5	21.2	26.2
2003		1,032	1,969	7.5	5.0	10.1	23.8	21.8	24.7
2002		840	1,621	6.4	4.2	8.6	20.7	19.0	21.5
2001	,	736	1,448	5.9	3.9	8.0	19.1	17.0	20.1
2000	1,867	671	1,196	5.3	3.7	7.0	17.2	16.0	17.6
1999	1,677	563	1,114	4.9	3.2	6.8	16.4	14.8	17.2
Man Hianania - :									
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵									
American Indian and Alaska Native:	074	004	640	25.6	01.0	40.4	40	20.0	E4 0
2021		264	610	35.6	21.8	49.1	43	30.0	51.6
2020		278	586	35.5	23.3	47.4	43.0	32.6	49.9
2019		254	479	30.1	21.2	38.7	39.2	32.3	43.3
2018	764	270	494	31.6	22.7	40.2	42.7	36.2	46.5
Asian:	_	_							
2021		2,189	4,604	34.5	23.2	45.0	35.9	29.1	40.2
2020		2,288	4,832	36.8	24.7	47.8	36.8	30.0	41.1
0010	5,931	1,932	3,999	31.4	21.4	40.4	32.6	27.0	35.9
2019 2018		1,799	3,730	29.5					35.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for dementia-related causes, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

		Number		Cru	Crude death rate ¹			Age-adjusted death rate ²		
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵ —Con.										
Black:										
2021	23,685	7,506	16,179	56.6	37.3	74.4	71.8	62.7	75.9	
2020	25,815	8,213	17,602	62.3	41.5	81.4	74.7	66.4	78.2	
2019	21,629	7,067	14,562	52.6	35.9	67.8	64.5	59.6	66.3	
2018	21,037	6,743	14,294	51.4	34.5	67.0	64.8	59.1	67.0	
ative Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:										
2021	170	61	109	27.1	19.3	35.2	39.9	32.0	45.3	
2020	171	71	100	27.9	23.0	32.9	40.3	37.4	42.1	
2019	147	64	83	24.7	21.3	28.0	38.1	36.9	38.7	
2018	126	50	76	21.5	16.9	26.1	35.5	31.2	38.3	
Vhite:										
2021	229,199	76,082	153,117	116.4	77.9	154.5	77.4	63.5	86.3	
2020	250,280	81,744	168,536	127.2	84.2	169.0	77.8	63.7	86.8	
2019	226,969	75,549	151,420	115.0	77.6	151.4	71.2	59.9	78.1	
2018	223,473	73,273	150,200	113.1	75.2	150.0	70.9	59.4	77.8	

¹Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes in this report.

NOTE: Causes of death attributable to dementia-related mortality include International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision codes F01 (Vascular dementia), F03 (Unspecified dementia), G30 (Alzheimer disease), and G31 (Other degenerative diseases of nervous system, not elsewhere classified).

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

²Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population. For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

³Includes origins and races not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race. The Hispanic-origin category is consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) standards; see Technical Notes.

⁵Only one race was reported on the death certificate. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 OMB standards; see Technical Notes.

Table 23. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for drug-induced causes, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1999–2021

		Number		Crı	ude death ra	te ¹	Age-adjusted death rate ²		
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All origins and races ³									
2021	111,219	77,309	33,910	33.5	47.0	20.2	33.6	46.8	20.4
2020	96,096	66,607	29,489	29.2	41.1	17.6	29.5	41.1	17.9
2019	74,511	50,393	24,118	22.7	31.2	14.5	22.8	31.1	14.5
2018	71,147	47,338	23,809	21.7	29.4	14.3	21.8	29.3	14.3
2017	73,990	48,967	25,023	22.7	30.5	15.1	22.8	30.5	15.2
2016	67,265	43,931	23,334	20.8	27.6	14.2	20.8	27.6	14.2
2015	55,403	34,815	20,588	17.2	22.0	12.6	17.2	21.9	12.5
2014	49,714	30,510	19,204	15.6	19.4	11.9	15.5	19.3	11.7
2013	46,471	28,381	18,090	14.7	18.2	11.3	14.6	18.0	11.1
2012	43,819	26,594	17,225	14.0	17.2	10.8	13.8	17.0	10.7
2011	43,544	26,444	17,100	14.0	17.3	10.8	13.9	17.0	10.7
2010	40,393	24,376	16,017	13.1	16.1	10.2	12.9	15.9	10.7
2009	39,147	24,015	15,132	12.8	15.9	9.7	12.6	15.7	9.5
2008	38,649	23,928	14,721	12.7	16.0	9.5	12.6	15.7	9.4
2007	38,371	23,883	14,488	12.7	16.1	9.5	12.6	16.0	9.3
2006	38,396	24,507	13,889	12.7	16.7	9.2	12.8	16.6	9.1
	,								
2005	33,541	21,208	12,333	11.3	14.6	8.2	11.3	14.5	8.1
2004	30,711	19,362	11,349	10.5	13.5	7.6	10.5	13.4	7.6
2003	28,723	18,426	10,297	9.9	12.9	7.0	9.9	12.9	7.0
2002	26,040	16,734	9,306	9.1	11.8	6.4	9.1	11.8	6.3
2001	21,705	14,253	7,452	7.6	10.2	5.1	7.6	10.1	5.1
2000	19,720	13,137	6,583	7.0	9.5	4.6	7.0	9.5	4.6
1999	19,128	12,885	6,243	6.9	9.4	4.4	6.8	9.4	4.4
Hispanic ⁴									
2021	10 406	10 512	2 022	01.4	22.1	0.5	21.0	22 5	0.7
	13,436	10,513	2,923	21.4	33.1	9.5	21.9	33.5	9.7
2020	11,059	8,725	2,334	18.0	28.2	7.7	18.4	28.5	7.9
2019	7,837	6,106	1,731	12.9	20.0	5.8	13.4	20.5	6.0
2018	6,663	5,087	1,576	11.1	16.8	5.3	11.6	17.5	5.6
2017	6,322	4,797	1,525	10.7	16.1	5.2	11.2	16.8	5.5
2016	5,540	4,130	1,410	9.6	14.2	5.0	10.1	14.8	5.3
2015	4,387	3,175	1,212	7.8	11.1	4.3	8.2	11.7	4.7
2014	3,790	2,687	1,103	6.8	9.6	4.0	7.3	10.3	4.4
2013	3,616	2,546	1,070	6.7	9.3	4.0	7.3	10.0	4.4
2012	3,272	2,283	989	6.2	8.5	3.8	6.8	9.3	4.2
2011	3,152	2,175	977	6.1	8.2	3.8	6.6	8.9	4.3
2010	2,788	1,944	844	5.5	7.6	3.4	6.1	8.4	3.8
2009	2,811	2,013	798	5.7	8.0	3.3	6.4	8.9	3.7
2008	2,761	2,033	728	5.8	8.4	3.1	6.4	9.3	3.5
2007	2,723	2,045	678	5.9	8.7	3.0	6.6	9.7	3.4
2006	2,871	2,135	736	6.4	9.4	3.4	7.3	10.6	3.9
2005	2,596	1,969	627	6.0	9.0	3.0	6.9	10.2	3.5
2004	2,257	1,671	586	5.4	7.9	2.9	6.3	9.1	3.4
2003	2,358	1,800	558	5.9	8.8	2.9	6.7	10.1	3.3
2002	2,137	1,647	490	5.5	8.3	2.6	6.3	9.5	3.0
2001	1,731	1,335	396	4.7	7.0	2.2	5.3	8.0	2.5
2000	1,700	1,348	352	4.8	7.4	2.1	5.4	8.3	2.4
1999		1,605	360	5.8	9.2	2.2	6.4	10.3	2.5
	1,000	1,000	000	0.0	0.2		0.1	10.0	2.0
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵									
American Indian and Alaska Native:									
2021	1,448	876	572	59.1	72.4	46.1	60.4	73.8	47.0
2020	1,076	642	434	44.2	53.7	35.1	45.1	54.2	36.4
2019	785	465	320	32.2	38.8	25.9	33.0	40.0	26.2
2018	680	407	273	28.1	34.2	22.2	29.2	35.5	23.1
Asian:	330	.57	210	20.1	J			30.0	_0.1
2021	1,017	757	260	5.2	8.0	2.5	4.9	7.6	2.4
2020	990	757 753	237	5.2	8.1	2.3	4.9	7.0 7.7	2.4
2019	713	530	183	3.8	5.9	1.8	3.5	5.5	1.7
2018	634	441	193	3.4	4.9	2.0	3.1	4.6	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for drug-induced causes, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

		Number		Cru	ıde death ra	Crude death rate ¹			Age-adjusted death rate ²		
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female		
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵ —Con.											
lack:											
2021	19,944	14,457	5,487	47.6	71.8	25.2	45.8	69.8	24.4		
2020	15,936	11,560	4,376	38.5	58.4	20.2	37.3	57.3	19.7		
2019	11,115	7,968	3,147	27.0	40.5	14.7	26.1	39.9	14.2		
2018	9,632	6,883	2,749	23.5	35.2	12.9	22.7	34.6	12.3		
ative Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:											
2021	137	106	31	21.9	33.5	10.0	21.6	32.7	10.2		
2020	91	70	21	14.8	22.6	6.9	14.6	22.1	6.9		
2019	66	48	18	11.1	16.0	*	10.8	15.4	6.1		
2018	76	56	20	13.0	19.0	6.9	13.1	19.0	7.1		
/hite:											
2021	73,225	49,176	24,049	37.2	50.3	24.3	38.2	51.2	24.9		
2020	65,270	43,689	21,581	33.2	45.0	21.6	34.5	46.3	22.5		
2019	52,796	34,490	18,306	26.8	35.4	18.3	27.4	36.1	18.7		
2018	52,322	33,679	18,643	26.5	34.6	18.6	27.2	35.3	19.0		

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes in this report.

NOTE: Causes of death attributable to drug-induced mortality include International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision codes D52.1, D59.0, D59.2, D61.1, D64.2, E06.4, E16.0, E23.1, E24.2, E27.3, E66.1, F11.1-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, F12.1-F12.5, F12.7-F12.9, F13.1-F13.5, F13.7-F13.9, F14.1-F14.5, F14.7-F14.9, F15.1-F15.5, F15.7-F15.9, F16.1-F16.5, F16.7-F16.9, F17.3-F17.5, F17.7-F17.9, F18.1-F18.5, F18.7-F18.9, F19.1-F19.5, F19.7-F19.9, G21.1, G24.0, G25.1, G25.4, G25.6, G44.4, G62.0, G72.0, I95.2, J70.2-J70.4, K85.3, L10.5, L27.0-L27.1, M10.2, M32.0, M80.4, M81.4, M83.5, M87.1, R50.2, R78.1-R78.5, X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, and Y10-Y14.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

¹Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes.

²Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population. For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

³Includes origins and races not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race. The Hispanic-origin category is consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) standards; see Technical Notes.

⁵Only one race was reported on the death certificate. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 OMB standards; see Technical Notes.

Table 24. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for alcohol-induced causes, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1999–2021

		Number		Cr	ude death ra	te ¹	Age-adjusted death rate ²		
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All origins and races ³									
2021	. 54,258	38,700	15,558	16.3	23.5	9.3	14.4	20.9	8.3
2020		35,002	14,059	14.9	21.6	8.4	13.1	19.2	7.5
2019		27,921	11,122	11.9	17.3	6.7	10.4	15.2	5.9
2018		26,820	10,509	11.4	16.6	6.3	9.9	14.7	5.6
2017	,	25,911	9,912	11.0	16.2	6.0	9.6	14.3	5.3
2016		25,221	9,644	10.8	15.9	5.9	9.5	14.1	5.2
2015		23,996	9,175	10.3	15.2	5.6	9.1	13.6	5.0
2014		22,389	8,333	9.6	14.3	5.1	8.5	12.9	4.6
2013		21,361	7,640	9.2	13.7	4.8	8.2	12.5	4.3
2012		20,418	7,344	8.8	13.2	4.6	8.0	12.1	4.2
2011		19,492	7,162	8.6	12.7	4.5	7.7	11.7	4.1
2010		19,038	6,654	8.3	12.7	4.2	7.6	11.7	3.9
2009		18,088	6,430	8.0	12.0	4.2	7.4	11.7	3.8
2008		18,152	6,037	8.0	12.1	3.9	7.4	11.5	3.6
2007		17,428	5,771	7.7	11.8	3.8	7.2	11.3	3.5
2006		16,472	5,601	7.4	11.2	3.7	7.0	10.9	3.4
2005		16,238	5,396	7.3	11.2	3.6	7.0	11.0	3.4
2004		15,906	5,175	7.2	11.1	3.5	7.0	11.0	3.3
2003		15,630	5,057	7.1	11.0	3.4	7.0	11.0	3.3
2002	. 20,218	15,272	4,946	7.0	10.8	3.4	6.9	11.0	3.3
2001	. 20,114	15,149	4,965	7.1	10.8	3.4	7.0	11.2	3.3
2000	. 19,643	14,993	4,650	7.0	10.9	3.2	7.0	11.4	3.2
1999	. 19,469	14,894	4,575	7.0	10.9	3.2	7.1	11.5	3.2
	,	,	,						
Hispanic ⁴									
2021	. 7,533	6,148	1,385	12.0	19.4	4.5	13.6	22.4	4.9
2020	6,737	5,448	1,289	11.0	17.6	4.2	12.6	20.9	4.7
2019	. 5,458	4,442	1,016	9.0	14.5	3.4	10.6	17.8	3.8
2018	4,969	4,109	860	8.3	13.6	2.9	9.9	17.1	3.3
2017	•	3,934	883	8.2	13.2	3.0	9.9	16.9	3.5
2016		3,814	897	8.2	13.1	3.2	10.1	17.2	3.7
2015		3,643	831	7.9	12.7	3.0	9.9	16.9	3.5
2014	,	3,393	734	7.5	12.1	2.7	9.5	16.4	3.3
2013	•	3,034	664	6.8	11.0	2.5	9.0	15.3	3.1
		2,903	610	6.6	10.8	2.3	8.8	15.2	3.0
2012									
2011		2,842	603	6.6	10.7	2.4	9.0	15.6	3.0
2010	-,	2,759	567	6.6	10.8	2.3	9.1	16.0	3.0
2009		2,618	521	6.4	10.4	2.1	8.9	15.6	2.9
2008		2,522	499	6.3	10.4	2.1	8.9	15.5	2.8
2007		2,539	438	6.4	10.8	1.9	9.4	16.8	2.7
2006	. 2,804	2,341	463	6.3	10.3	2.1	9.2	16.2	3.0
2005	. 2,658	2,265	393	6.2	10.3	1.9	9.1	16.5	2.6
2004	. 2,406	2,056	350	5.8	9.7	1.7	8.6	15.4	2.5
2003		2,048	374	6.0	10.0	1.9	9.2	16.4	2.8
2002	2,408	2,065	343	6.2	10.4	1.8	9.7	17.4	2.7
2001		2,026	355	6.4	10.6	2.0	10.1	18.2	2.9
2000		2,024	299	6.6	11.1	1.7	10.5	19.4	2.6
1999	,	1,864	320	6.4	10.7	1.9	10.3	18.6	3.0
	2,104	1,004	020	0.4	10.7	1.5	10.0	10.0	0.0
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵									
American Indian and Alaska Native:									
2021	. 2,221	1,377	844	90.6	113.8	68.0	91.7	116.0	68.7
2020		1,042	734	73.0	87.2	59.3	74.0	88.8	60.3
2019	•	785	530	54.0	65.5	42.9	54.0	65.7	43.3
2018		793	519	54.3	66.7	42.3	54.5	68.2	42.1
Asian:	. 1,012	7 30	010	0 1.0	00.1	12.0	0.1.0	00.2	14.1
	620	EU1	101	2.0	5.0	1 2	2.0	ΕO	10
2021		504	134	3.2	5.3	1.3	2.9	5.0	1.2
2020		507	110	3.2	5.5	1.1	2.9	5.3	1.0
2019		368	99	2.5	4.1	1.0	2.3	3.9	0.9
2018	. 456	356	100	2.4	4.0	1.0	2.2	3.8	0.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for alcohol-induced causes, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

		Number		Cru	Crude death rate ¹			Age-adjusted death rate ²		
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵ —Con.										
Black:										
2021	5,023	3,477	1,546	12.0	17.3	7.1	11.2	16.6	6.7	
2020	4,329	3,047	1,282	10.4	15.4	5.9	9.7	15.0	5.5	
2019	3,391	2,409	982	8.2	12.2	4.6	7.6	11.9	4.2	
2018	3,143	2,234	909	7.7	11.4	4.3	7.1	11.2	3.9	
lative Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:										
2021	40	33	7	6.4	10.4	*	6.4	10.8	*	
2020	25	17	8	4.1	*	*	4.5	*	*	
2019	26	20	6	4.4	6.7	*	4.3	7.0	*	
2018	34	23	11	5.8	7.8	*	5.9	8.4	*	
Vhite:										
2021	38,117	26,671	11,446	19.4	27.3	11.5	15.6	21.8	9.5	
2020	35,033	24,568	10,465	17.8	25.3	10.5	14.3	20.2	8.7	
2019	27,951	19,588	8,363	14.2	20.1	8.4	11.2	15.8	6.8	
2018	26,987	19,001	7,986	13.7	19.5	8.0	10.7	15.3	6.5	

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes in this report.

NOTE: Causes of death attributable to alcohol-induced mortality include International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision codes E24.4, F10, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1, I42.6, K29.2, K70, K85.2, K86.0, R78.0, X45, X65, and Y15.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

¹Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes.

²Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population. For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

³Includes origins and races not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

⁴Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race. The Hispanic-origin category is consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) standards; see Technical Notes.

⁵⁰nly one race was reported on the death certificate. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 OMB standards; see Technical Notes.

Table 25. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for injury by firearms, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1999–2021

		Number		Cru	ıde death ra	te ¹	Age-adjusted death rate ²		
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
All origins and races ³									
2021	48,830	41,866	6,964	14.7	25.5	4.2	14.6	25.3	4.2
2020		38,981	6,241	13.7	24.0	3.7	13.6	23.8	3.8
2019		34,041	5,666	12.1	21.1	3.4	11.9	20.7	3.4
2018		33,955	5,785	12.1	21.1	3.5	11.9	20.7	3.4
2017	,	34,062	5,711	12.2	21.2	3.5	12.0	20.9	3.4
2016		32,994	5,664	12.0	20.7	3.5	11.8	20.5	3.4
2015		31,032	5,220	11.3	19.6	3.2	11.1	19.4	3.2
2014		28.715	4,879	10.5	18.3	3.0	10.3	18.0	3.0
2013		28,794	4,842	10.6	18.5	3.0	10.4	18.3	3.0
2012		28,838	4,725	10.7	18.7	3.0	10.5	18.5	3.0
2011		27,738	4,613	10.4	18.1	2.9	10.2	18.0	2.9
2010		27,736	4,316	10.4	18.0	2.7	10.1	17.9	2.7
									2.8
2009		26,921	4,426	10.2	17.9	2.8	10.1	17.8	
2008		27,336	4,257	10.4	18.3	2.8	10.3	18.3	2.7
2007		27,047	4,177	10.4	18.3	2.7	10.3	18.3	2.7
2006		26,712	4,184	10.4	18.2	2.8	10.3	18.2	2.7
2005		26,657	4,037	10.4	18.4	2.7	10.3	18.5	2.7
2004		25,498	4,071	10.1	17.7	2.7	10.0	17.9	2.7
2003		26,124	4,012	10.4	18.3	2.7	10.3	18.5	2.7
2002	30,242	26,098	4,144	10.5	18.5	2.8	10.5	18.7	2.8
2001	29,573	25,480	4,093	10.4	18.2	2.8	10.3	18.5	2.8
2000	28,663	24,582	4,081	10.2	17.8	2.8	10.2	18.1	2.8
1999		24,700	4,174	10.3	18.1	2.9	10.3	18.4	2.9
	-,-	,	,						
Hispanic ⁴									
2021	5,741	5,014	727	9.2	15.8	2.4	8.9	15.3	2.3
2020	5,003	4,395	608	8.2	14.2	2.0	7.9	13.8	1.9
2019	4,058	3,503	555	6.7	11.5	1.8	6.6	11.2	1.9
2018	4,018	3,521	497	6.7	11.6	1.7	6.6	11.6	1.7
2017		3,369	515	6.6	11.3	1.8	6.5	11.1	1.8
2016		3,316	455	6.6	11.4	1.6	6.4	11.2	1.6
2015		2,912	420	5.9	10.2	1.5	5.8	10.1	1.5
2014		2,630	380	5.4	9.4	1.4	5.4	9.4	1.4
2013		2,595	356	5.5	9.4	1.3	5.4	9.4	1.3
		2,724	337	5.8		1.3	5.7	10.1	1.3
2012					10.1				
2011		2,608	339	5.7	9.9	1.3	5.6	9.8	1.3
2010	-,	2,694	314	6.0	10.5	1.3	5.9	10.5	1.3
2009		2,867	335	6.5	11.4	1.4	6.4	11.4	1.4
2008		2,912	344	6.8	12.0	1.5	6.6	11.7	1.5
2007	,	3,155	337	7.6	13.4	1.5	7.2	12.9	1.5
2006	3,464	3,142	322	7.8	13.8	1.5	7.3	12.8	1.4
2005		3,144	325	8.1	14.3	1.5	7.6	13.4	1.5
2004	3,278	2,973	305	7.9	14.0	1.5	7.5	13.2	1.5
2003	3,319	2,998	321	8.3	14.6	1.6	7.8	13.7	1.6
2002		2,834	309	8.1	14.3	1.6	7.7	13.6	1.6
2001		2,774	313	8.3	14.5	1.7	7.8	13.7	1.7
2000		2,582	309	8.2	14.2	1.8	7.8	13.6	1.8
1999	,	2,549	329	8.5	14.6	2.0	8.2	14.2	2.0
	2,070	2,010	020	0.0	1 1.0	2.0	0.2		2.0
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵									
American Indian and Alaska Native:									
2021	466	390	76	19.0	32.2	6.1	19.1	32.1	6.3
2020	449	381	68	18.5	31.9	5.5	18.1	31.2	5.3
2019		272	64	13.8	22.7	5.2	13.8	22.5	5.3
2018		298	63	14.9	25.0	5.1	15	24.8	5.4
Asian:	551	200	50		_0.0	0.1	.0		0.1
2021	576	469	107	2.9	5.0	1.0	2.9	4.8	1.0
2020		435	81	2.7 2.7	4.7	0.8	2.6 2.5	4.5	0.8
2019 2018		424 396	89 96	2.7	4.7 4.4	0.9 1.0	2.5	4.4 4.2	0.8 1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. Number of deaths, death rate, and age-adjusted death rate for injury by firearms, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 1999–2021—Con.

		Number		Crı	Crude death rate ¹			Age-adjusted death rate ²		
Hispanic origin and race and year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵ —Con.										
Black:										
2021	15,290	13,349	1,941	36.5	66.3	8.9	36.0	64.0	9.0	
2020	13,974	12,416	1,558	33.7	62.7	7.2	33.1	59.9	7.3	
2019	10,288	9,198	1,090	25.0	46.8	5.1	24.5	44.8	5.1	
2018	9,713	8,567	1,146	23.7	43.8	5.4	23.2	42.0	5.4	
ative Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:	•	•	•							
2021	68	63	5	10.9	19.9	*	10.4	18.9	*	
2020	58	52	6	9.5	16.8	*	9.1	15.7	*	
2019	54	45	9	9.1	15.0	*	8.6	14.0	*	
2018	54	48	6	9.2	16.3	*	8.8	15.6	*	
Vhite:										
2021	26,054	22,068	3,986	13.2	22.6	4.0	12.3	21.0	3.9	
2020	24,664	20,838	3,826	12.5	21.5	3.8	11.6	19.9	3.7	
2019	23,964	20,173	3,791	12.1	20.7	3.8	11.1	19.0	3.6	
2018	24,643	20,745	3,898	12.5	21.3	3.9	11.4	19.5	3.7	

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; see Technical Notes in this report.

NOTE: Causes of death attributable to injury by firearms include *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision* codes *U01.4, W32–W34, X72–X74, X93–X95, Y22–Y24, and Y35.0. SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

¹Rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 population in specified group; see Technical Notes.

²Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 U.S. standard population. For method of computation, see Technical Notes.

³Includes origins and races not shown separately; see Technical Notes.

Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race. The Hispanic-origin category is consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) standards; see Technical Notes.

⁵⁰nly one race was reported on the death certificate. Hispanic-origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 OMB standards; see Technical Notes.

Technical Notes

Nature and sources of data

Data in this report are based on information from all death certificates filed in the 50 states and the District of Columbia (D.C.) and are processed by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS). Death certificates are completed by funeral directors, attending physicians, medical examiners, coroners, or other people legally authorized to certify deaths. Data for 2021 are based on records of deaths that occurred during 2021 and were received as of July 27, 2022. Data for earlier years can be obtained from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) WONDER database (14).

The U.S. Standard Certificate of Death, which the states use as a model, was revised in 2003 (7). Before 2003, the standard certificate of death had not been revised since 1989 (15). Beginning in 2018, all 50 states and D.C. used the 2003 revision of the U.S. Standard Certificate of Death for the entire year. During 2003–2017, both the 1989 and the 2003 standard certificates were used. For this transitional period, race and Hispanic ethnicity of decedents was reported using the 1977 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) guidelines (1989 certificate), which allowed the reporting of only one race and provided four choices, and the 1997 OMB guidelines (2003 certificate), which allowed the reporting of more than one race and provided five categories (7,8).

Data for Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Marianas), Guam, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands are included in tables showing data by state but are not included in U.S. totals. Data for American Samoa for the 2021 data year were not available at the time of file closing and, consequently, are not included in this report. In 2021, Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands collected and reported death data using the 2003 revision of the U.S. Standard Certificate of Death. Mortality statistics are based on information submitted by the jurisdictions and coded by NCHS through the Vital Statistics Cooperative Program. For the 2021 data year, all states, D.C, New York City, Northern Marianas, and Puerto Rico submitted mortality medical data and demographic data in electronic data files to NCHS. Guam and U.S. Virgin Islands submitted copies of death certificates, from which NCHS entered and coded all medical data and demographic data.

Data for the entire United States refer to events occurring within the United States. Data shown for geographic areas are by place of residence. Beginning with 1970, mortality statistics for the United States exclude deaths of nonresidents of the United States. All data exclude fetal deaths.

Mortality statistics for Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands exclude deaths of nonresidents for each area. For Guam, however, mortality statistics exclude deaths that occurred to nonresidents of Guam or the United States (50 states and D.C.).

Cause-of-death classification

The mortality statistics presented in this report were compiled in accordance with World Health Organization (WHO) regulations, which specify that member countries classify and code causes of death in accordance with the current revision of the *International Classification of Diseases* (ICD). ICD provides the basic guidance used in virtually all countries to code and classify causes of death. Effective with deaths occurring in 1999, the United States began using the 10th revision of this classification (ICD-10) (34). For earlier years, causes of death were classified according to the revisions then in use: 1979–1998, Ninth Revision; 1968–1978, Eighth Revision, adapted for use in the United States; 1958–1967, Seventh Revision; and 1949–1957, Sixth Revision.

Changes in classification of causes of death due to these revisions may result in discontinuities in cause-of-death trends. Consequently, cause-of-death comparisons among revisions require consideration of comparability ratios and, where available, estimates of their standard errors (SEs). Comparability ratios between the Ninth and Tenth revisions, Eighth and Ninth revisions, Seventh and Eighth revisions, and Sixth and Seventh revisions may be found in other NCHS reports and independent tabulations (35–40).

ICD not only details disease classification but also provides definitions, tabulation lists, the format of the death certificate, and the rules for coding cause of death. Cause-of-death data presented in this publication were coded by procedures outlined in annual issues of the NCHS Instruction Manual (41,42). ICD includes rules for selecting the underlying cause of death and regulations on the use of ICD.

Before data year 1968, mortality medical data were based on manual coding of an underlying cause of death for each certificate, in accordance with WHO rules. Effective with data year 1968, NCHS converted to computerized coding of the underlying cause and manual coding of all causes (multiple causes) on the death certificate. In this system, called Automated Classification of Medical Entities (ACME) (43), multiple-cause codes are inputted into computer software that uses WHO rules to select the underlying cause. All cause-of-death data in this report are coded using ACME.

The ACME system is used to select the underlying cause of death for all death certificates in the United States. In addition, NCHS developed two computer systems as inputs to ACME. Beginning with 1990 data, the Mortality Medical Indexing, Classification, and Retrieval system (MICAR) (44) was introduced to automate the coding of multiple causes of death. In addition, MICAR provides more detailed information on the conditions reported on death certificates than is available through ICD code structure. Beginning with data year 1993, SuperMICAR (45), an enhancement of the MICAR system, was introduced, allowing for literal entry of the multiple cause-of-death text as reported by the certifier. This information is then automatically processed by the MICAR and ACME computer systems. Records that cannot be automatically processed by MICAR are manually multiple-cause coded and then further processed through ACME to determine the underlying cause of death. In 2021, SuperMICAR was used to process all of the country's death records.

In this report, tabulations of cause-of-death statistics are based solely on the underlying cause of death. The underlying cause is defined by WHO as "the disease or injury which initiated the train of morbid events leading directly to death, or the circumstances of the accident or violence which produced the fatal injury" (4). The underlying cause is selected from the conditions entered by the medical certifier in the cause-of-death section of the death certificate. When more than one cause or condition is entered by the medical certifier, the underlying cause is determined by the sequence of conditions on the certificate, provisions of ICD, and associated selection rules and modifications. Generally, more medical information is reported on death certificates than is directly reflected in the underlying cause of death. This is captured in NCHS multiple cause-of-death statistics (18,46,47).

Tabulation lists and cause-of-death ranking

Tabulation lists for ICD-10 are published in NCHS Instruction Manual, Part 9, "ICD-10 Cause-of-Death Lists for Tabulating Mortality Statistics" (updated October 2020 to include WHO updates to ICD-10 for data year 2020) (48). Two tabulation lists are used to rank leading causes of death (48): a) "List of 113 Selected Causes of Death, Enterocolitis due to Clostridium difficile, and COVID-19" (the title of which was modified in 2009 to include Enterocolitis due to Clostridium difficile and modified again in 2020 to include COVID-19), which is used for deaths of all ages; and b) "List of 130 Selected Causes of Infant Death," which is used for infants. Not all causes in the 113 list of causes are rankable. Group titles of Major cardiovascular diseases (ICD-10 codes 100-178) and Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified (R00–R99) are not ranked. In addition, category titles that begin with the words "other" and "all other" are not ranked to determine the leading causes of death. When one of the titles that represents a subtotal is ranked, for example, Tuberculosis (A16-A19), its component parts are not ranked, as in this case, Respiratory tuberculosis (A16) and Other tuberculosis (A17-A19). For the list of 130 causes of infant death, the same ranking procedures are used with two exceptions: 1) COVID-19 is included in the category Other and unspecified viral diseases but is not a separate rankable cause, and 2) the category of Major cardiovascular diseases is not on the list. More detail regarding ranking procedures can be found in "Deaths: Leading Causes for 2021" (2).

Leading cause-of-death trends discussed in this report are based on cause-of-death data according to ICD-10 for 1999-2021 and ICD-9 for the most comparable cause-of-death titles for 1979-1998.

Although, in some cases, categories from the "List of 113 Selected Causes of Death" are identical to those in the earlier "List of 72 Selected Causes of Death" used with ICD-9, caution must be used because many of these categories are not comparable even though the cause-of-death titles may be the same. Tables showing ICD-9 categories that are comparable with ICD-10 titles in the "List of 113 Selected Causes of Death" may be found in the reports "Comparability of Cause of Death Between ICD-9 and ICD-10: Preliminary Estimates" (37) and "Deaths: Final Data for 1999" (49).

Trend data for 1979–1998 that are classified by ICD–9 but sorted into the "List of 113 Selected Causes of Death" developed for ICD–10 are available from the NCHS website: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/statab/hist001r.pdf.

Revision of ICD and resulting changes in classification and rules for selecting the underlying cause of death have important implications for the analysis of mortality trends by cause of death. For some causes of death, the discontinuity in trend can be substantial (36–39). Consequently, considerable caution should be used in analyzing cause-of-death trends for periods of time that extend across more than one revision of ICD.

Codes added or deleted in 2021

No codes were added or deleted from the list of valid underlying cause-of-death codes in 2021. Information on codes added or deleted in previous years is available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/dvs/Part9InstructionManual2020-508.pdf (48).

Codes for terrorism

Beginning with data for 2001, NCHS introduced categories *U01-*U03 for classifying and coding deaths due to acts of terrorism. The asterisks before the category codes indicate that they are not part of ICD-10. Deaths classified to the terrorism categories are included in the 113 causes-of-death list in the categories for Assault (homicide) and Intentional self-harm (suicide), and in the 130 causes-of-death list for infants in the category for Assault (homicide). Additional information on these new categories is available from: https://archive.cdc.gov/#/details?url=https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/icd/terrorism_code.htm. No deaths were assigned to terrorism codes in 2021. Only deaths to residents of the United States are included in this report.

In any given year, deaths resulting from acts of terrorism may not be identified as such if: a) information identifying an incident as an act of terrorism is not available to the certifier at the time of certification; b) the certificate is not updated with the information if it later becomes available; or c) official results of the investigation declaring the incident to be an act of terrorism have not yet been made public.

COVID-19

COVID-19 (ICD-10 code U07.1) became an official new cause of death in 2020 after the first death from COVID-19 was reported in the United States. COVID-19 was added as a rankable cause of death to the 113 cause list. For infants (younger than 1 year), COVID-19 was added to the 130 infant cause list category Other and unspecified viral diseases but is not considered as a separate rankable cause. In report tables showing 113 selected causes, COVID-19 was added to the bottom of the table.

Deaths assigned to COVID-19 may not reflect all deaths directly or indirectly due to COVID-19 because some deaths due to COVID-19 may not have been diagnosed, especially early in the pandemic, and some deaths may have been assigned to another, co-existing condition. Estimates of excess deaths—the difference between the observed number of deaths and the

expected number of deaths—can provide information about the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on mortality. Excess deaths include deaths directly or indirectly attributable to COVID-19. Estimates of excess deaths based on provisional data are available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/vsrr/covid19/excess_deaths.htm (50). Provisional data are incomplete and may underestimate counts relative to final data, but they provide an early indication of shifts in mortality trends and can guide public health policies and interventions aimed at reducing mortality (51).

COVID-19 data in this report do not include deaths where COVID-19 may have been reported as a contributing cause but was not considered to be the underlying cause of death. For additional coding detail and guidelines, see: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/covid19/coding-and-reporting.htm. Data are not adjusted for potential issues with diagnosis, testing, or reporting. Data in this report are final data and may differ from provisional data published previously (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/vsrr/covid19/index.htm).

Enterocolitis due to Clostridium difficile

The number of deaths from Enterocolitis due to *Clostridium difficile* (*C. difficile*) (ICD–10 code A04.7) was 4,105 in 2021. Deaths from this cause increased dramatically from 793 deaths in 1999 to a high of 8,085 deaths in 2011 (14). Because of the increasing importance of this cause of death (22,23), beginning with data year 2006, *C. difficile* was added to the list of rankable causes.

Quality of reporting and processing cause of death

The quality of mortality data is largely dependent on proper and thorough completion of death certificates by certifiers. Accuracy and completeness of information entered on death certificates can vary by state from year to year.

One index of the quality of reporting causes of death is the proportion of death certificates coded to Chapter XVIII—Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified (ICD-10 codes R00-R99). Although which deaths occur for which underlying causes are impossible to determine, the proportion coded to R00-R99 indicates the consideration given to the cause-of-death statement by the medical certifier. This proportion also may be used as a rough measure of the specificity of medical diagnoses made by the certifier in various areas. The percentage of all reported deaths in the United States assigned to Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified, decreased from 1.01% in 2020 to 1.00% in 2021.

Rules for coding a cause or causes of death may sometimes require modification when evidence suggests it will improve the quality of cause-of-death data. Before 1999, such modifications were made only when a new ICD revision was implemented. A process for updating ICD was introduced with ICD-10 that allows for midrevision changes. These changes, however, may affect comparability of data between years for selected causes of death.

Detail on coding and classification rule changes can be found in NCHS Instruction Manual, Part 2, available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/instruction_manuals.htm (41–43). Although coding rule changes can impact the number of deaths assigned to a given code, other factors, such as increased use of a term by certifiers, can also influence changes from year to year. Trend data for causes of death affected by coding rule changes should be interpreted with caution.

Rare causes of death

Selected causes of death considered to be of public health concern are supposed to be routinely confirmed by states according to agreed-upon procedures between state vital statistics programs and NCHS. These causes, termed "infrequent and rare causes of death," are listed in the NCHS Instruction Manual, Parts 2a, 11, and 20 (41,52,53). In 2021, some states did not confirm some or all deaths from rare causes.

Codes for dementia-related causes

Causes of death attributable to dementia-related mortality include ICD-10 codes F01, Vascular dementia; F03, Unspecified dementia; G30, Alzheimer disease; and G31, Other degenerative diseases of nervous system, not elsewhere classified.

Codes for drug-induced deaths

Causes of death attributable to drug-induced mortality include ICD-10 codes D52.1, Drug-induced folate deficiency anemia; D59.0, Drug-induced hemolytic anemia; D59.2, Druginduced nonautoimmune hemolytic anemia; D61.1, Druginduced aplastic anemia; D64.2, Secondary sideroblastic anemia due to drugs and toxins; E06.4, Drug-induced thyroiditis; E16.0, Drug-induced hypoglycemia without coma; E23.1, Drug-induced hypopituitarism; E24.2, Drug-induced Cushing syndrome; E27.3, Drug-induced adrenocortical insufficiency; E66.1, Drug-induced obesity; selected codes from the ICD-10 title of Mental and behavioral disorders due to psychoactive substance use, specifically, F11.1-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, F12.1-F12.5, F12.7-F12.9,F13.1-F13.5,F13.7-F13.9,F14.1-F14.5,F14.7-F14.9, F15.1-F15.5,F15.7-F15.9,F16.1-F16.5,F16.7-F16.9,F17.3-F17.5, F17.7-F17.9, F18.1-F18.5, F18.7-F18.9, F19.1-F19.5, and F19.7-F19.9; G21.1, Other drug-induced secondary parkinsonism; G24.0, Drug-induced dystonia; G25.1, Drug-induced tremor; G25.4, Drug-induced chorea; G25.6, Drug-induced tics and other tics of organic origin; G44.4, Drug-induced headache. not elsewhere classified; G62.0, Drug-induced polyneuropathy; G72.0, Drug-induced myopathy; 195.2, Hypotension due to drugs; J70.2, Acute drug-induced interstitial lung disorders; J70.3. Chronic drug-induced interstitial lung disorders: J70.4. Drug-induced interstitial lung disorder, unspecified; K85.3, Druginduced acute pancreatitis; L10.5, Drug-induced pemphigus; L27.0. Generalized skin eruption due to drugs and medicaments: L27.1, Localized skin eruption due to drugs and medicaments: M10.2, Drug-induced gout; M32.0, Drug-induced systemic lupus erythematosus; M80.4, Drug-induced osteoporosis with pathological fracture; M81.4, Drug-induced osteoporosis;

M83.5, Other drug-induced osteomalacia in adults; M87.1, Osteonecrosis due to drugs; R50.2, Drug-induced fever; R78.1, Finding of opiate drug in blood; R78.2, Finding of cocaine in blood; R78.3, Finding of hallucinogen in blood; R78.4, Finding of other drugs of addictive potential in blood; R78.5, Finding of psychotropic drug in blood; X40–X44, Accidental poisoning by and exposure to drugs, medicaments and biological substances; X60–X64, Intentional self-poisoning (suicide) by and exposure to drugs, medicaments and biological substances; and Y10–Y14, Poisoning by and exposure to drugs, medicaments and biological substances; and Y10–Y14, Poisoning by and exposure to drugs, medicaments and biological substances, undetermined intent. Drug-induced causes exclude unintentional injuries, homicide, and other causes indirectly related to drug use, as well as newborn deaths associated with the mother's drug use.

Codes for drug-overdose causes—Causes of death attributable to drug overdose are a subcategory of drug-induced causes. Drug-overdose mortality includes ICD-10 codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, and Y10-Y14.

Codes for alcohol-induced deaths

Causes of death attributable to alcohol-induced mortality include ICD–10 codes E24.4, Alcohol-induced pseudo-Cushing syndrome; F10, Mental and behavioral disorders due to alcohol use; G31.2, Degeneration of nervous system due to alcohol; G62.1, Alcoholic polyneuropathy; G72.1, Alcoholic myopathy; I42.6, Alcoholic cardiomyopathy; K29.2, Alcoholic gastritis; K70, Alcoholic liver disease; K85.2, Alcohol-induced acute pancreatitis; K86.0, Alcohol-induced chronic pancreatitis; R78.0, Finding of alcohol in blood; X45, Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol; X65, Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol; and Y15, Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent. Alcohol-induced causes exclude unintentional injuries, homicides, and other causes indirectly related to alcohol use, as well as newborn deaths associated with maternal alcohol use.

Codes for firearm-related deaths

Causes of death attributable to firearm-related injuries include ICD-10 codes *U01.4, Terrorism involving firearms (homicide); W32-W34, Accidental discharge of firearms; X72-X74, Intentional self-harm (suicide) by discharge of firearms; X93-X95, Assault (homicide) by discharge of firearms; Y22-Y24, Discharge of firearms, undetermined intent; and Y35.0, Legal intervention involving firearm discharge. Deaths from firearm-related injuries exclude deaths due to explosives and other causes indirectly related to firearms.

Hispanic origin and race

The 2003 revision of the U.S. Standard Certificate of Death allows the reporting of more than one race (multiple races) (7). This change was implemented to reflect the increasing diversity of the U.S. population and to be consistent with the decennial census and the 1997 "Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity," issued

by OMB (8). This revision replaced standards that were issued in 1977 (10). The new standards mandate the collection of more than one race, where applicable, for federal data (8) and require the collection of information on a minimum set of five races (more than the minimum number of race categories are reported on death certificates) (7). Multiple race includes any combination of White, Black or African American, American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. If two or more specific subgroups are reported on a death certificate and both subgroups fall under the same larger category, such as Korean and Chinese, those subgroups count as a single race (in this case, Asian) rather than as multiple races.

The number of states reporting multiple race increased, from 7 states in 2003 to all 50 states and D.C. by 2018 (Table I). In 2021, more than one race was reported for 0.6% of decedents of non-Hispanic origin and for 0.9% of decedents of Hispanic origin (Table II). Although still uncommon, multiple races were reported more often for younger decedents than for older decedents (3.4% of decedents younger than age 25 compared with 0.9% of decedents ages 25–64 and 0.4% of decedents age 65 and older).

During 2003–2017, both the 1989 and the 2003 standard death certificates were used. For this transitional period, states using the 1989 death certificate reported the race and Hispanic ethnicity of decedents based on the OMB 1977 guidelines, which allowed the reporting of only one race and provided four choices: White, Black, American Indian and Alaskan Native, and Asian or Pacific Islander. Under these standards, data for Asian or Pacific Islander people were collected as a single group; that is, data for Asian people were not reported separately from Pacific Islander people (10,15). States using the 2003 death certificate reported the race and Hispanic ethnicity of decedents based on the OMB 1997 guidelines, which allowed the reporting of more than one race and provided five categories (7,8). These guidelines provide for the reporting of Asian people separately from Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander people (8).

Jurisdictions adopted the 2003 standard certificate at different times throughout the period 2003–2017. To provide consistent mortality statistics by Hispanic origin and race during this period, multiple-race data for states that had adopted the 2003 standard certificate were bridged back to the 1977 OMB standard single-race categories.

Beginning in 2018, all states collected data on race according to the 1997 OMB guidelines, so the use of the bridged-race process was no longer necessary. In 2018, the new race categories became the official categories for reporting race. For comparative purposes, data by both single and bridged race were tabulated through data year 2020 (31). Beginning with the 2021 data year, bridged-race estimates are no longer produced, and bridged-race data for earlier years are no longer presented in this report.

Hispanic origin and race are two distinct attributes and are reported separately on the death certificate. As a result, data shown by Hispanic origin and race are based on a combination of the two attributes for the non-Hispanic population. Data shown for the Hispanic population include people of any race.

Table I. Year state started reporting multiple race and year state began using the revised standard certificate of death: Each state

Area	Year ¹ state began reporting multiple race	Year state began using 2003 standard certificate	Area	Year ¹ state began reporting multiple race	Year state began using 2003 standard certificate
Alabama	2016	2016	Montana	2003	2003
Alaska	2014	2014	Nebraska	2005	2005
Arizona	2010	2010	Nevada	2008	2008
Arkansas	2008	2008	New Hampshire	⁹ 2004	¹⁰ 2004
California	2003	2003	New Jersey	2004	2004
Colorado	2015	2015	New Mexico	2006	2006
Connecticut	2005	2005	New York	2003	2003
Delaware	2007	2007	North Carolina	2014	2014
District of Columbia	² 2005	³ 2005	North Dakota	2008	2008
Florida	2005	2005	Ohio	2007	2007
Georgia	2008	2008	Oklahoma	2004	2004
Hawaii	2003	2014	Oregon	2006	2006
daho	2003	2003	Pennsylvania	2012	2012
Ilinois	2008	2008	Rhode Island	2006	2006
ndiana	2008	2008	South Carolina	2005	2005
owa	2011	2011	South Dakota	2004	2004
Kansas	2005	2005	Tennessee	2012	2012
Centucky	⁴ 2010	⁵ 2010	Texas	2006	2006
ouisiana	⁴ 2012	⁵ 2012	Utah	2005	2005
Maine	2003	⁶ 2010	Vermont	⁴ 2008	⁵ 2008
Maryland	2015	2015	Virginia	¹¹ 2014	¹² 2014
Massachusetts	⁷ 2014	82014	Washington	2004	2004
Aichigan	2004	2004	West Virginia	⁷ 2017	⁸ 2017
Minnesota	2004	³ 2011	Wisconsin	2003	⁵ 2013
Mississippi	2012 2010	2012 2010	Wyoming	2004	2004

¹Indicates year in which National Center for Health Statistics first received multiple-race data from each state, although the state may have begun collecting such data at an earlier date.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

Quality of race and Hispanic-origin data—Death rates for Hispanic, American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic, Asian non-Hispanic, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic populations are affected by inconsistencies in reporting Hispanic origin or race on the death certificate compared with censuses, surveys, and birth certificates. Studies have shown underreporting on death certificates of non-Hispanic and Hispanic decedents, as well as undercounts of these groups in censuses (16,54–56).

A number of studies have been conducted on the reliability of Hispanic origin and race reported on the death certificate by comparing it with Hispanic origin and race reported on another data collection instrument, such as a census or survey (16,54–56). Inconsistencies may arise because of differences in who provides race and ethnicity information on the compared records. Race and Hispanic-origin information on the death certificate is reported by a funeral director as provided by an

informant or, in the absence of an informant, on the basis of observation. In contrast, Hispanic origin and race in the census or the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS) is obtained while the person is alive; in these cases, race and ethnicity is self-reported or reported by another member of the household familiar with the person and, consequently, may be considered more valid. A high level of agreement between the death certificate and the census or survey report is essential to assure unbiased death rates by race and ethnicity.

Using the National Longitudinal Mortality Study, Arias et al. examined the reliability of Hispanic origin and race reported on more than 559,000 death certificates compared with that reported on a total of 38 Current Population Surveys (CPSs) conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for 1979–2011 (16,54). Agreement between the two sources was found to be excellent for the White non-Hispanic and Black non-Hispanic populations, both exhibiting CPS-to-death certificate ratios of 1.00. On the

²Began reporting multiple race in March.

³Began implementing revised certificate in March.

⁴Began reporting multiple race in July.

⁵Began implementing revised certificate in July.

⁶Began implementing revised certificate in June.

⁷Began implementing revised certificate in September.

⁸Began reporting multiple race in September.

⁹Began reporting multiple race in mid-April.

¹⁰Began implementing revised certificate in mid-April.

¹¹Began reporting multiple race in November.

¹²Began implementing revised certificate in November.

Table II. Deaths, by Hispanic origin and race: United States, 2021

[Data exclude deaths with origin not stated or not classifiable. Records with race not stated or not classifiable are imputed; see Technical Notes in this report]

Hispanic origin and race	Deaths	Percent of non-Hispanic deaths ¹	Hispanic origin and race	Deaths	Percent of Hispanic deaths ¹
Non Hispania	3.140.516	100.0	Hispania	315.664	100.0
Non-Hispanic	3,140,516	99.4	Hispanic	312,795	99.1
One race	-, -,	0.9	One race	- ,	
American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN)	26,972		Alan	1,878	0.6
Asian	92,432	2.9	Asian	961	0.3
Black	449,764	14.3	Black	5,232	1.7
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI)	5,223	0.2	NHOPI	372	0.1
White	2,548,809	81.2	White	304,352	96.4
Two or more races	17,316	0.6	Two or more races	2,869	0.9
Two races	16,292	0.5	Two races	2,664	0.8
AIAN and Asian	251	0.0	AIAN and Asian	27	0.0
AIAN and NHOPI	38	0.0	AIAN and NHOPI	5	0.0
AIAN and White	6,127	0.2	AIAN and White	1,102	0.3
Asian and NHOPI	1,223	0.0	Asian and NHOPI	40	0.0
Asian and White	3,233	0.1	Asian and White	621	0.2
Black and AIAN	1,038	0.0	Black and AIAN	56	0.0
Black and Asian	436	0.0	Black and Asian	26	0.0
Black and NHOPI	138	0.0	Black and NHOPI	8	0.0
Black and White	2,870	0.1	Black and White	632	0.2
NHOPI and White	938	0.0	NHOPI and White	147	0.0
Three races	1,013	0.0	Three races	199	0.1
AIAN, Asian, and NHOPI	3	0.0	AIAN, Asian, and NHOPI	1	0.0
AIAN, Asian, and White	44	0.0	AIAN, Asian, and White	25	0.0
AIAN, NHOPI, and White	13	0.0	AIAN, NHOPI, and White	4	0.0
Asian, NHOPI, and White	644	0.0	Asian, NHOPI, and White	98	0.0
Black, AIAN, and Asian	10	0.0	Black, AIAN, and Asian	4	0.0
Black, AIAN, and NHOPI	4	0.0	Black, AIAN, and NHOPI		0.0
Black, AIAN, and White	203	0.0	Black, AIAN, and White	50	0.0
Black, Asian, and NHOPI	9	0.0	Black, Asian, and NHOPI	1	0.0
Black, Asian, and White	69	0.0	Black, Asian, and White	13	0.0
· · · · ·	14	0.0	Black, NHOPI, and White	13	0.0
Black, NHOPI, and White	10	0.0		ა _	0.0
Four races			Four races	5	
AIAN, Asian, NHOPI, and White	3	0.0	AIAN, Asian, NHOPI, and White	4	0.0
Black, AIAN, Asian, and NHOPI	_	_	Black, AIAN, Asian, and NHOPI	_	_
Black, AIAN, Asian, and White	б	0.0	Black, AIAN, Asian, and White	1	0.0
Black, AIAN, NHOPI, and White	_	_	Black, AIAN, NHOPI, and White	_	_
Black, Asian, NHOPI, and White	1	0.0	Black, Asian, NHOPI, and White	_	_
Five races	1	0.0	Five races	1	0.0
Black, AIAN, Asian, NHOPI, and White	1	0.0	Black, AIAN, Asian, NHOPI, and White	1	0.0

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

Quantity zero.

¹Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

other hand, substantial differences were found for other race and ethnicity groups. The ratio of CPS-to-death certificates was found to be 1.33 for the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic population and 1.03 for the Asian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic population, indicating net underreporting on death certificates of 33% for American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic and 3% for Asian or Other Pacific Islander non-Hispanic. Using the new race standard, Asian and Pacific Islander are separate categories. The ratio of deaths for CPS-to-death certificates for Hispanic people was found to be 1.03, indicating a net underreporting on death certificates for the Hispanic population of 3%. The net effect of misclassification is an underestimation of deaths and death rates for some race—ethnicity populations.

A new study on race and Hispanic-origin misclassification for the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic population found similar results as the earlier study, with a misclassification rate of 1.34. The study was based on an extract of the 2010 Census Edited File–Census Unedited File Match File containing records for people classified as American Indian and Alaska Native alone or in combination with another race in the 2010 decennial census linked to the National Death Index to identify decedents for April 1, 2010, to December 31, 2011 (57).

In addition, undercoverage of minority groups in the census and resultant population estimates introduces biases into death rates by Hispanic origin and race (16,54–56,58,59). Unlike the 1990 census, coverage error in the 2000 census was found to be statistically significant only for the White non-Hispanic population (overcounted by about 1.13%) and Black non-Hispanic population (undercounted by about 1.84%) (58). Overall, the 2010 census coverage error was minor, with a net overcount of 0.01%. The net undercounts were statistically different from zero for the following populations: Black non-Hispanic (2.07%), White non-Hispanic (-0.84%), Hispanic (1.54%), and on-reservation American Indian (4.88%) populations. The net undercounts were not statistically different from zero for the Asian non-Hispanic (0.08%), Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (1.34%), and off-reservation American Indian (-1.95%) populations (60).

Data year 1997 was the first year in which mortality data by Hispanic origin were available for the entire United States.

Mortality data presented by specified Hispanic subgroup for the United States include Central American, Cuban, Dominican, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South American, and Other Hispanic populations. Data by specified Hispanic populations are affected by whether a state submits literal text to NCHS, making it possible to identify decedents as being Central American, Cuban, Dominican, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or South American.

Numbers of deaths and death rates discussed in this report are not adjusted for misclassification of ethnicity and race. These data are consistent with data in the general mortality file as reported by the jurisdictions. However, to illustrate the effect of ethnicity and race misclassification, Table III presents classification ratios by Hispanic origin and race, age, and sex and Table IV presents age-adjusted rates by Hispanic origin and race and sex, both unadjusted and adjusted for ethnicity—race misclassification. Classification ratios and age-adjusted death rates adjusted for misclassification of Hispanic origin and race

for the Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander population were not produced because the data needed to evaluate ethnicity and race misclassification on death certificates for this population are not currently available.

Hispanic origin not stated or not classifiable and race not stated or not classifiable—In 2021, death records with Hispanic origin not stated or not classifiable were not imputed and accounted for 0.2% of all records. Records with race not stated or not classifiable (1.4% of all records) were imputed to one of the five single-race categories by assigning the record a single-race value based on the last single-race record processed.

Infant and maternal mortality rates—Infant and maternal deaths in this report are tabulated by the Hispanic origin and race of the decedent. Live births, the denominators of infant and maternal mortality rates, are tabulated by Hispanic origin and race of mother.

In 2021, multiple race was reported on the revised birth certificates of all 50 states, D.C., Guam, Northern Marianas, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands using the 2003 revision of the U.S. Standard Certificate of Birth (61).

Infant mortality rates (IMRs) by Hispanic origin and race are based on numbers of resident infant deaths by Hispanic origin and race and numbers of resident live births by Hispanic origin and race of mother for the United States. In computing IMRs, deaths and live births of unknown or not classifiable origin are not distributed among the specified Hispanic and non-Hispanic groups. In the United States in 2021, the percentage of infant deaths of unknown origin was 1.1%, and the percentage of live births to mothers of unknown origin was 1.0% (61).

Small numbers of infant deaths for specific Hispanic-origin groups result in IMRs subject to relatively large random variation (see "Random variation").

IMRs calculated from the general mortality file for specified Hispanic origin and race contain errors because of reporting problems that affect the classification of Hispanic origin and race on the birth and death certificates for the same infant. IMRs by specified Hispanic origin and race are more accurate when based on the linked file of infant deaths and live births (32). The linked file computes IMRs using the Hispanic origin and race of the mother from the birth certificate in both the numerator and denominator of the rate. In addition, the mother's Hispanic origin and race from the birth certificate are considered to be more accurately reported than the infant's Hispanic origin and race from the death certificate. On the birth certificate, Hispanic origin and race are generally reported by the mother at the time of delivery, whereas on the death certificate, the infant's Hispanic origin and race are reported by an informant, usually the mother but sometimes the funeral director.

Estimates of reporting errors have been made by comparing rates based on the linked files with those in which the infant's Hispanic origin and race are based on information from the death certificate (32,55).

Life tables

The life table provides a comprehensive measure of the effect of mortality on life expectancy. It is composed of sets of values showing the mortality experience of a hypothetical

Table III. Classification ratio and standard error, by Hispanic origin and race, age, and sex

[Standard errors are shown in parentheses below each classification ratio]

				Non-Hispanic ¹											
		Hispanic ¹		American I	ndian and Ala	aska Native		Asian ²			Black			White	
Age (years)	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
All ages	1.0329	1.0362	1.0294	1.3354	1.3488	1.3197	1.0331	1.0480	1.0171	1.0047	1.0041	1.0053	0.9995	0.9993	0.9997
	(0.005)	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.010)	(0.011)	(0.009)	(0.013)	(0.012)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.000)
0	*1.7054 (0.896)	*1.0000 (0.000)	*2.1519 (1.821)	0.9630 (0.132)	*0.9444 (0.181)	*1.0000 (0.161)			·	*1.0000 (0.000)	*1.0000 (0.000)	*1.0000 (0.000)	*1.0000 (0.000)	*1.0000 (0.000)	*1.0000 (0.000)
1–14	0.9905	0.9659	*1.0299	1.1243	1.1546	1.0833	*0.8655	*0.8426	*1.0000	1.0266	0.9379	*1.1751	0.9918	1.0755	0.8770
	(0.125)	(0.181)	(0.143)	(0.051)	(0.069)	(0.074)	(0.131)	(0.154)	(0.000)	(0.058)	(0.065)	(0.123)	(0.037)	(0.049)	(0.056)
15–24	0.9668	0.9325	1.0604	1.1462	1.1201	1.2190	1.2285	*1.4276	*0.9721	1.0248	1.0215	1.0343	0.9976	1.0019	0.9869
	(0.046)	(0.055)	(0.079)	(0.029)	(0.033)	(0.056)	(0.294)	(0.508)	(0.254)	(0.020)	(0.019)	(0.055)	(0.010)	(0.011)	(0.020)
25–34	1.0354	1.0401	1.0232	1.1375	1.1557	1.1033	1.1527	1.0967	*1.2648	0.9855	0.9770	1.0008	1.0021	1.0034	0.9994
	(0.041)	(0.043)	(0.094)	(0.025)	(0.032)	(0.040)	(0.106)	(0.102)	(0.248)	(0.009)	(0.011)	(0.015)	(0.006)	(0.007)	(0.013)
35–44	1.0434	1.0645	1.0066	1.1799	1.1815	1.1772	1.0338	1.0459	1.0125	1.0062	1.0073	1.0048	0.9980	0.9997	0.9951
	(0.025)	(0.035)	(0.028)	(0.022)	(0.027)	(0.036)	(0.066)	(0.090)	(0.092)	(0.007)	(0.010)	(0.012)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.005)
45–54	1.0584	1.0372	1.0953	1.3915	1.3913	1.3916	1.0699	1.1123	1.0113	1.0002	1.0019	0.9982	0.9969	0.9965	0.9976
	(0.018)	(0.021)	(0.033)	(0.021)	(0.027)	(0.033)	(0.040)	(0.054)	(0.059)	(0.004)	(0.007)	(0.005)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.003)
55–64	1.0571	1.0517	1.0659	1.4281	1.4547	1.3917	1.0274	1.0694	0.9784	1.0003	0.9965	1.0046	0.9994	0.9992	0.9997
	(0.013)	(0.017)	(0.022)	(0.019)	(0.026)	(0.029)	(0.028)	(0.044)	(0.035)	(0.004)	(0.006)	(0.005)	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.002)
65–74	1.0295	1.0485	1.0072	1.3654	1.4244	1.2980	1.0845	1.0841	1.0850	1.0062	1.0055	1.0070	0.9967	0.9967	0.9966
	(0.010)	(0.014)	(0.015)	(0.017)	(0.025)	(0.023)	(0.022)	(0.030)	(0.033)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)
75–84	1.0192	1.0188	1.0196	1.3099	1.3367	1.2852	1.0305	1.0328	1.0281	1.0057	1.0057	1.0058	1.0004	1.0003	1.0004
	(0.009)	(0.013)	(0.013)	(0.017)	(0.025)	(0.022)	(0.014)	(0.022)	(0.017)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.004)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)
85–94	1.0208	1.0313	1.0137	1.3845	1.3807	1.3870	0.9962	0.9983	0.9944	1.0110	1.0155	1.0086	1.0008	1.0007	1.0009
	(0.011)	(0.018)	(0.014)	(0.024)	(0.038)	(0.032)	(0.015)	(0.020)	(0.021)	(0.004)	(0.007)	(0.005)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)
95 and older	1.0732	1.0509	1.0842	1.3951	1.3043	1.4240	0.9755	1.0238	0.9405	0.9980	1.0070	0.9954	1.0005	0.9995	1.0008
	(0.025)	(0.034)	(0.033)	(0.052)	(0.098)	(0.062)	(0.039)	(0.045)	(0.057)	(0.010)	(0.029)	(0.010)	(0.001)	(0.003)	(0.001)

^{*} Ratio does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability; either the unweighted number of Current Population Survey deaths, the unweighted number of death certificate deaths, or both are based on fewer than 20 deaths. --- Data not available.

SOURCES: The validity of race and Hispanic-origin reporting on death certificates in the United States: An update. National Center for Health Statistics. Vital Health Stat 2(172). 2016 (see: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_172.pdf), and Mortality profile of the non-Hispanic American Indian or Alaska Native population, 2019. National Vital Statistics Reports, vol 70 no 12. National Center for Health Statistics. 2021. DOI: https://dx.doi.org/10.15620/cdc:110370.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Classification ratios for the Hispanic and non-Hispanic race groups (Asian, Black, and White) are based on the National Longitudinal Mortality Study data (see: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_172.pdf). Classification ratios for the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic population are based on the Census AIAN Extract—Mortality Linked Data (see: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr70/NVSR70-12.pdf).

²Classification ratios for the Asian non-Hispanic race group were estimated based on combined data for the Asian and Pacific Islander non-Hispanic groups due to data availability. However, the ratios reflect misclassification predominantly among the Asian component, which makes up more than 95% of the combined group.

Table IV. Age-adjusted death rate, unadjusted and adjusted for race-ethnicity misclassification, by Hispanic origin and race and sex: United States, 2021

[Hispanic origin and race categories are consistent with 1997 Office of Management and Budget standards]

	Age-adjusted rate ¹			
Hispanic origin and race and sex	Unadjusted ²	Adjusted ³		
Hispanic, total ⁴	724.7	747.8		
Male	884.9	915.6		
Female	582.7	599.8		
Non-Hispanic, single race ⁵ :				
American Indian and Alaska Native	1,109.2	1,468.2		
Male	1,282.7	1,717.5		
Female	946.6	1,236.6		
Asian	461.7	476.4		
Male	554.9	578.1		
Female	386.3	391.1		
Black	1,118.0	1,123.4		
Male	1,374.0	1,380.2		
Female	917.2	921.9		
White	893.9	893.4		
Male	1,055.6	1,055.3		
Female	751.4	750.6		

¹Rates per 100,000 U.S. standard population. For method of computation, see Technical Notes in this report.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System, mortality data file.

group of infants born at the same time and subject throughout their lifetime to the age-specific death rates of a particular time period, usually a given year. Before data year 1997, U.S. life tables were abridged and constructed by reference to a standard table (62). In addition, the age range for these life tables was limited to 5-year age groups ending with age group 85 and older. Beginning with final data reported for 1997, complete life tables were constructed by single years of age extending to age 100 (63), using a methodology similar to that of the 1989–1991 decennial life tables (64). The methodology was again revised for data years 2000–2007 using a methodology similar to that of the 1999–2001 decennial life tables (65).

Research into the methodology used for the 1999–2001 decennial life tables, which was applied to the 2000–2007 annual life tables, revealed that it is not necessary to model (or "smooth") the probabilities of death beginning at age 66. The observed blended vital statistics and Medicare data for ages 66–85 are robust enough and do not require additional smoothing. Beginning with final data reported for 2008 (66), the life table methodology was refined by changing the smoothing technique used to estimate the life table functions at the oldest ages. Beginning with the 2008 data year, the methodology used to produce the life tables does not model the probabilities of death beginning at age 66, but rather at ages above 85 or so. See "United States Life Tables, 2008" for a detailed description of the new methodology (67). Life table data shown in this report for data years 2001–2021 are based on the new methodology.

Because life table values presented in this report for 2001–2009 were re-estimated using the new methodology and revised 2001-2009 intercensal population estimates based on the 2010 decennial census, the values may differ from those previously published in annual final mortality and life table reports. Historically, NCHS has produced annual life tables by race, including the White and Black populations, regardless of Hispanic origin, but did not produce life tables for other racial or ethnic groups. Beginning with data year 2006 (originally published elsewhere) (19), NCHS began producing life tables for the Hispanic, Black non-Hispanic, and White non-Hispanic populations, after conducting research into the quality of ethnicity and race reporting on death certificates and developing methodologies to correct for misclassification of these populations on death certificates (16,54). Beginning with data year 2019, life tables for the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic and Asian non-Hispanic populations were added to the annual life tables series. A new data source was used to evaluate the quality of ethnicity and race reporting and generate adjustment factors for the American Indian and Alaska Native population (57). Life tables for the Asian non-Hispanic population were produced using the same methodology as that used for the American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic population following the transition to the 1997 OMB standard for the collection of race and ethnicity data, which disaggregated the Asian and Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander populations (8). These methods that adjust for misclassification are applied to the production of the life tables, but not to the death rates shown throughout this report.

Race-specific life tables for 2018 through 2021 presented in this report are based on the new OMB standard and show estimates for single-race groups. These estimates may not be comparable to those of previous years that are based on bridged-race groups. Estimates for bridged-race categories were discontinued in data year 2021. The category, "Hispanic" is consistent with previous reports, and trend data for the Hispanic population are not affected by the race category changes.

Although the life table methodology used produces complete life tables (by single years of age), the life table data shown in this report are summarized in 5-year age groupings.

Causes of death contributing to changes in life expectancy

A life table partitioning technique was used to estimate causes of death contributing to changes in life expectancy in this report. The method partitions changes into component additive parts and identifies the causes of death having the greatest influence, positive or negative, on changes in life expectancy (68–70).

Injury mortality by mechanism and intent

Injury mortality data are presented using the external cause-of-injury mortality matrix for ICD-10 (Table 14). In this framework, cause-of-injury deaths are organized principally by mechanism (such as firearm or poisoning), and secondarily by

²Data are not adjusted for race and Hispanic misclassification on death certificates; see Technical Notes. Bates are consistent with rates in other tables shown in this report.

³Data are adjusted for race and Hispanic-origin misclassification on death certificates; see Technical Notes. Rates may differ from rates in other tables shown in this report.

⁴Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes.

⁵Only one race was reported on the death certificate; see Technical Notes.

manner or intent of death (such as unintentional, suicide, or homicide).

The number of deaths for selected causes in this framework may differ from those shown in tables that use the standard mortality tabulation lists. Following WHO conventions, standard mortality tabulations (Table 9) present external causes of death (ICD-10 codes *U01-*U03 and V01-Y89); in contrast, the matrix (Table 14) excludes deaths classified as Complications of medical and surgical care (Y40-Y84 and Y88). For additional information on injury data presented in this framework, see "Deaths: Injuries, 2002," available from: https://www.cdc.gov/ nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr54/nvsr54_10.pdf (71). Data for later years are available through CDC WONDER (https://wonder.cdc. gov) or through CDC WISQARS (https://www.cdc.gov/injury/ wisgars/index.html). Implementation of changes to ICD-10 may affect the matrix, requiring modification of codes in selected categories. No changes were made to the matrix in 2021. For more information on the latest ICD-10 external cause-of-injury codes included in the matrix, see https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ injury/injury_tools.htm.

Marital status

Mortality data by marital status are generally of high quality. A study of death certificate data using the 1986 National Mortality Followback Survey showed a high level of consistency in reporting marital status (59).

Although Table 13 shows age-specific death rates by marital status for age group 15–24, these rates are not included in the computation of the age-adjusted rate because of their high variability, particularly for the widowed population. Furthermore, age groups 75–84 and 85 and older are combined because of high variability in death rates among those age 85 and older, particularly for the never-married population.

Educational attainment

Table 14 presents mortality data by educational attainment for ages 25–64. Data are not shown for ages younger than 25 years because people younger than age 25 may not have completed their education. Data for those age 65 and older are not shown because reporting quality is poorer at older ages (72). Age-adjusted death rates by educational attainment were computed based on the age-specific rates and the standard population for those ages 25–64. Data were about 98% complete on a state-of-occurrence basis.

Injury at work

Deaths, crude death rates, and age-adjusted death rates for injury at work (Tables 15 and 16) include those age 15 and older. Information on deaths attributed to injuries at work is derived from a separate item on the death certificate that asks the medical certifier whether the death resulted from an injury sustained at work.

Infant mortality

IMRs are the most commonly used index for measuring the risk of dying during the first year of life. The rates presented in this report are calculated by dividing the number of infant deaths in a calendar year by the number of live births registered for the same period and are presented as rates per 1,000 or per 100,000 live births. For final birth figures used in the denominator for IMRs, see the report "Births: Final Data for 2021" (61). In contrast to IMRs based on live births, infant death rates are based on the estimated population younger than age 1 year. Infant death rates that appear in tabulations of age-specific death rates in this report are calculated by dividing the number of infant deaths by the July 1, 2021, population estimate of people younger than age 1. These rates are presented per 100,000 population in this age group. Because of differences in the denominators, infant death rates may differ from IMRs.

There are two sources of infant mortality data: a) the general mortality file, and b) the linked file of live births and infant deaths. Data from the linked file differ from the infant mortality data presented in this report because the linked file includes only those events in which both the birth and the death occur in the United States, and late-filed births. Processing of the linked file allows for further exclusion of infant records due to duplicates and records with additional information that raise questions about an infant's age. Although the differences are usually very small, IMRs based on the linked file tend to be somewhat smaller than those based on data from the general mortality file as presented in this report. The linked file is the preferred source for infant mortality by race because it uses the mother's self-reported race from the child's birth certificate (32), which is more reliable than the infant's race listed on the death certificate, and because the numerator and denominator are referring to the same person's race.

Maternal mortality

Maternal mortality rates are computed based on the number of live births. The maternal mortality rate indicates the likelihood of a pregnant woman dying of maternal causes. The rates are calculated by dividing the number of maternal deaths in a calendar year by the number of live births registered for the same period and are presented as rates per 100,000 live births. Because the population of pregnant women who are at risk of a maternal death is unknown, the number of live births is used as the denominator.

Maternal deaths are defined by WHO as "the death of a woman while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy, irrespective of the duration and the site of the pregnancy, from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy or its management but not from accidental or incidental causes" (4). Included in these deaths are ICD-10 codes A34, 000-095, and 098-099.

The 2003 revision of the U.S. Standard Certificate of Death introduced a pregnancy-related checkbox question to help identify pregnancy-related deaths. Adopting a pregnancy status question consistent with the standard death certificate increased the identification of maternal deaths. Because maternal mortality

was not comparable between states using a pregnancy checkbox and those not using a checkbox, NCHS suspended publishing maternal mortality data after the 2007 data year until all states adopted use of the revised certificate (33).

Beginning in 2018, all 50 states and D.C. used the revised certificate for the entire year including its pregnancy checkbox (in the first part of the 2021 data year, California used a different checkbox from that on the U.S. Standard Certificate of Death that indicates if pregnant within the last year but does not indicate detail on whether pregnant at the time of death, pregnant 42 days before death, or pregnant 2 days to 1 year before death, but California transitioned to use of the standard checkbox later in the year.) (33). Because maternal mortality data among states became comparable, NCHS resumed publication of maternal mortality statistics in 2018.

NCHS adopted a method (called the 2018 method) for coding maternal deaths, which was developed to improve the quality of maternal mortality data after studies concluded that implementation of the checkbox had resulted in overreporting of maternal deaths, particularly among older women (31). The 2018 method restricts use of a pregnancy checkbox for identifying maternal deaths to a more limited age group than before. In addition, if the checkbox is the only indication of pregnancy on the death certificate and no other pregnancy information is provided in the cause-of-death section, the 2018 method restricts assignment of maternal codes solely to the underlying cause of death.

Between 2018 and 2020, the 2018 method was implemented manually, but was incorporated into the automated system beginning with the 2021 data year. The transition to automated processing changed the order in which information from the pregnancy checkbox and cause-of-death fields on the death certificate are used to assign ICD-10 underlying cause-of-death codes. As a result, some deaths that would have previously been assigned mostly to 026.8, Other specified pregnancy-related conditions as the underlying cause-of-death code were instead assigned to 098, Maternal infectious and parasitic diseases classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium; or 099, Other maternal diseases classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium.

Population bases for computing rates

Populations used for computing death rates and life tables shown in this report represent the population residing in the United States, enumerated as of April 1 for census years before 2020 and estimated as of July 1 for all other years. The populations used for computing death rates for 2021 in Tables B, 1, 2, 6, 8, and 10–12, 15–17, and 22–25 are estimated as of July 1, 2021, based on the Blended Base produced by the U.S. Census Bureau in lieu of the April 1, 2020, decennial population count. The Blended Base consists of the blend of Vintage 2020 postcensal population estimates, 2020 Demographic Analysis Estimates, and 2020 Census PL 94–171 Redistricting File (see https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/popest/technical-documentation/methodology/2020-2021/methods-statement-v2021.pdf). Detailed populations from the 2020

census were not available when this report was prepared. The U.S. Census Bureau provided all population estimates used in this report. When the 2010–2020 intercensal population estimates based on the 2010 and 2020 decennial censuses become available, population-based rates for years 2011–2020 will be recalculated and presented in an upcoming report. Meanwhile, considerable caution should be used in interpreting the rates and trends for the nation and states.

Population estimates used to compute death rates for the United States for 2021 are shown for 5-year age groups by Hispanic origin and race in Table V (17).

Population estimates used to compute death rates by Hispanic subgroup, marital status, and educational attainment are shown in Tables VI, VII, and VIII, respectively. These population estimates were prepared by the U.S. Census Bureau using the 2021, 1-year ACS (73).

Populations used for computing death rates by state shown in Table IX are estimated as of July 1, 2021, using the Blended Base (17).

Populations used to compute rates for Puerto Rico, Guam, and Northern Marianas are based on population estimates provided by the U.S. Census Bureau's International Database (74). Population estimates for each state and territory are not subject to sampling variation because the sources used in demographic analysis are complete counts.

Computing rates

Except for infant and maternal mortality rates, rates are on an annual basis per 100,000 estimated population residing in the specified area. Infant and maternal mortality rates are per 1,000 or per 100,000 live births. Comparisons made in the text among rates, unless otherwise specified, are statistically significant at the 0.05 level of significance. Lack of comment in this report about any two rates does not mean that the difference was tested and found not to be significant at this level.

Age-adjusted rates (R') are used to compare relative mortality risks among groups and over time. However, they should be viewed as relative indexes rather than as actual measures of mortality risk. They were computed by the direct method—that is, by applying age-specific death rates (R_i) to the U.S. standard population age distribution (Table X), as in

$$R' = \sum_{i} \frac{P_{si}}{P_{s}} R_{i}$$

where P_{si} is the standard population for age group i and P_s is the total U.S. standard population (all ages combined).

Beginning with the 1999 data year, NCHS adopted a new population standard for use in age-adjusting death rates. Based on the projected year 2000 population of the United States, the new standard replaced the 1940 standard population that had been used for over 50 years. The new population standard affects levels of mortality and, to some extent, trends and group comparisons. Of particular note are the effects on race mortality comparisons. For detailed discussion, see: "Age Standardization of Death Rates: Implementation of the Year 2000 Standard" (75). Beginning with 2003 data, the traditional standard million population along with corresponding standard weights to

Table V. Estimated population by 5-year age groups, according to Hispanic origin and race, by sex: United States,

[Population estimates for 2021 are estimated as of July 1, 2021; see Technical Notes in this report]

Hispanic origin and		Younger				Age grou	p (years)			
race and sex	All ages	than 1 year	1–4	5–9	10–14	15–19	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39
Total ¹	331 893 745	3,564,493	15,262,845	20,291,548	21,447,784	21,564,666	21,523,997	22,392,477	23,102,628	22,299,318
Male		1,821,502	7,802,850	10,376,158	10,988,223	11,022,976	10,973,238	11,379,058	11,674,304	11,263,833
Female		1,742,991	7,002,030	9,915,390	10,459,561	10,541,690	10,550,759	11,013,419	11,428,324	11,035,485
Hispanic ²		942,614	3,959,083	5,185,787	5,569,449	5,340,312	4,961,857	4,859,186	4,726,080	4,611,331
		,								
Male	, ,	481,447	2,016,260	2,642,433	2,847,476	2,726,879	2,533,492	2,486,955	2,465,179	2,419,059
Female	30,930,845	461,167	1,942,823	2,543,354	2,721,973	2,613,433	2,428,365	2,372,231	2,260,901	2,192,272
Non-Hispanic, single race ³ :										
American Indian and	0.451.010	00.005	115 71 /	104.050	170 510	100 400	100 507	100 540	107 104	104.077
Alaska Native	2,451,916	26,985	115,714	164,050	179,510	180,438	180,587	189,540	187,134	164,377
Male	1,209,987	13,796	58,937	83,759	91,201	91,728	91,378	96,165	94,805	82,244
Female	1,241,929	13,189	56,777	80,291	88,309	88,710	89,209	93,375	92,329	82,133
Asian	19,685,901	191,399	865,628	1,154,526	1,108,209	1,132,448	1,216,438	1,459,021	1,691,504	1,681,466
Male	9,455,217	98,582	446,797	594,225	567,508	568,851	611,024	726,044	822,645	808,096
Female		92,817	418,831	560,301	540,701	563,597	605,414	732,977	868,859	873,370
Black	41,858,536	503,199	2,128,055	2,779,886	2,962,193	2,923,919	3,022,547	3,273,378	3,277,352	2,865,664
Male		255,978	1,078,365	1,407,555	1,506,253	1,481,523	1,526,119	1,645,986	1,617,641	1,389,062
Female		247,221	1,049,690	1,372,331	1,455,940	1,442,396	1,496,428	1,627,392	1,659,711	1,476,602
Native Hawaiian or Other										
Pacific Islander	626,246	8,149	35,302	44,822	43,692	43,233	42,695	47,340	53,736	51,887
Male	316,725	4,194	18,215	22,917	22,274	22,039	22,094	24,129	27,753	26,687
Female	309,521	3,955	17,087	21,905	21,418	21,194	20,601	23,211	25,983	25,200
White	196,833,431	1,702,061	7,371,843	9,965,432	10,625,178	11,123,944	11,389,650	11,944,992	12,670,433	12,524,995
Male	97,704,907	870,576	3,781,503	5,115,657	5,463,483	5,715,753	5,830,218	6,090,035	6,406,605	6,348,826
Female	99,128,524	831,485	3,590,340	4,849,775	5,161,695	5,408,191	5,559,432	5,854,957	6,263,828	6,176,169
					Age grou	ıp (years)				
Historia salain and										05
Hispanic origin and	40 44	45 40	FO F4	FF F0	CO C4	CF CO	70.74	75 70	00.04	85 and
race and sex	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–64	65–69	70–74	75–79	80–84	older
Total ¹	21,104,536	19,781,510	20,906,926	21,567,314	21,235,750	18,394,320	15,271,802	9,904,769	6,301,306	5,975,756
Male		9,875,757	10,436,202	10,630,059	10,333,259	8,748,213	7,120,873	4,472,410	2,696,104	2,175,943
Female	10,510,756	9,905,753	10,470,724	10,937,255	10,902,491	9,646,107	8,150,929	5,432,359	3,605,202	3,799,813
Hispanic ²	4,383,702	3,972,503	3,554,967	3,073,516	2,457,465	1,833,658	1,322,864	842,395	544,605	505,670
Male	2,270,467	2,021,875	1,811,480	1,544,349	1,206,928	866,657	604,248	363,622	223,340	184,053
						,	,		,	
Female	2,113,235	1,950,628	1,743,487	1,529,167	1,250,537	967,001	718,616	478,773	321,265	321,617
Non-Hispanic, single race ³ : American Indian and										
Alaska Native	150,748	138,819	144,179	153,725	147,924	119,419	91,281	55,113	34,013	28,360
Male	74,848	68,541	70,824	74,206	69,671	54,987	42,384	24,956	14,763	10,794
Female	75,900	70,278	73,355	79,519	78,253	64,432	48,897	30,157	19,250	17,566
Asian	1,518,227	1,452,902	1,307,643	1,166,411	1,044,314	908,409	727,661	459.450	302,392	297,853
Male	713,348	685,251	615,480	545,566	478,514	405,888	319,381	202,881	131,896	113,240
Female	804,879	767,651	692,163	620,845	565,800	502,521	408,280	256,569	170,496	184,613
Black	2,708,428	2,496,707	2,573,957	2,617,529	2,448,425	1,948,560	1,451,478	857,502	537,603	482,154
Male	1,292,454	1,180,757	1,217,518	1,225,274	1,127,301	860,401	614,962	344,967	200,559	148,429
Female	1,415,974		1,356,439		1,321,124	1,088,159	836,516	512,535	337,044	333,725
Native Hawaiian or Other	1,410,814	1,315,950	1,000,409	1,392,255	1,041,124	1,000,109	000,010	512,555	331,0 44	000,120
	45.075	20 456	26 010	25 505	21 572	04.710	10 656	11 501	6 757	6.052
Pacific Islander	45,275	38,456	36,812	35,595	31,573	24,712	18,656	11,501	6,757	6,053
Male	23,210	19,722	18,469	17,557	15,690	11,818	8,984	5,457	3,063	2,453
Female	22,065	18,734	18,343	18,038	15,883	12,894	9,672	6,044	3,694	3,600
White		11,401,146	13,032,111	14,284,432	14,887,848	13,387,491	11,531,015	7,598,776	4,826,654	4,610,510
Male	6,057,449	5,767,014	6,580,394	7,111,700	7,331,430	6,467,594	5,471,224	3,494,520	2,101,103	1,699,823
Female	5,897,471	5,634,132	6,451,717	7,172,732	7,556,418	6,919,897	6,059,791	4,104,256	2,725,551	2,910,687

¹Includes origin not stated, origin not classifiable, and two or more races reported; see Technical Notes. ²Includes people of Hispanic origin of any race; see Technical Notes. ³Only one race was reported; see Technical Notes.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, estimates as of July 1, 2021, U.S. resident population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin prepared by U.S. Census Bureau, 2022.

Table VI. Estimated population and standard error for specified Hispanic-origin populations, by 10-year age group and sex: United States, 2021

[Population estimates for Central American, Cuban, Dominican, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South American, and Other and unknown Hispanic populations are based on the 2021 1-year American Community Survey adjusted to postcensal July 1, 2021, resident population control totals; see Technical Notes in this report. Population estimates by specified Hispanic origin in this table may not add to population estimates for total Hispanic in Table V; see Technical Notes. Standard errors are shown in parentheses below each population estimate]

		Age group (years)											
Hispanic origin and sex	All ages	Younger than 1 year	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75–84	85 and older	
Central American	6,306,930 (31,191)	110,840 (4,739)	444,325 (9,028)	1,060,835 (12,905)	1,026,510 (12,395)	1,046,495 (13,011)	1,039,275 (13,467)	737,555 (9,782)	491,830 (7,945)	243,060 (5,173)	80,145 (3,158)	26,060 (1,585)	
Male		59,970 (3,787)	231,330 (6,254)	537,645 (9,079)	529,435 (9,055)	543,340 (9,289)	567,410 (10,918)	386,010 (7,254)	237,800 (5,581)	102,375 (3,633)	28,125 (1,810)	6,600 (865)	
Female	3,076,890 (21,178)	50,870 (2,848)	212,995 (6,510)	523,190 (9,171)	497,075 (8,465)	503,155 (9,111)	471,865 (7,884)	351,545 (6,562)	254,030 (5,655)	140,685 (3,682)	52,020 (2,589)	19,460 (1,328)	
Cuban	(18,855)	24,725 (2,088)	112,110 (4,753)	258,115 (6,865)	266,590 (6,318)	342,015 (7,067)	312,695 (7,078)	346,900 (7,038)	330,640 (6,461)	205,900 (5,097)	133,135 (4,086)	67,320 (2,740)	
Male	(13,561)	11,980 (1,379)	56,150 (3,441)	132,305 (4,683)	137,115 (4,663)	179,715 (5,019)	162,575 (5,338)	184,000 (5,362)	173,890 (4,791)	98,070 (3,464)	56,715 (2,473)	24,140 (1,730)	
Female	(13,100)	12,745 (1,568)	55,960 (3,279)	125,810 (5,020)	129,475 (4,263)	162,300 (4,975)	150,120 (4,649)	162,900 (4,560)	156,750 (4,334)	107,830 (3,739)	76,420 (3,253)	43,180 (2,125)	
Dominican	(19,760)	38,875 (2,572) 18,715	164,375 (5,375) 83,705	382,080 (8,713) 192,575	371,860 (7,553) 192,985	394,995 (8,190) 190,675	334,605 (7,568) 155,230	277,445 (6,186) 120,300	223,890 (5,287) 93,440	136,930 (4,604) 55,915	53,810 (2,880) 19,320	14,840 (1,393) 4,855	
Female	(14,023)	(1,633) 20,160	(4,024) 80,670	(6,024) 189,505	(5,872) 178,875	(5,832) 204,320	(5,522) 179,375	(4,493) 157,145	(3,302) 130,450	(2,794) 81,015	(1,771) 34,490	(704) 9,985	
Mexican	(13,922)	(1,987) 548,770	(3,564) 2,383,680	(6,295) 6,816,680	(4,750) 6,585,510	(5,751) 5,701,495	(5,175) 5,266,395	(4,251) 4,378,430	(4,129) 2,984,055	(3,659) 1,657,190	(2,271) 689,405	(1,202) 224,275	
Male	(61,986)	(8,927) 278,270	(14,482) 1,216,735	(27,118) 3,487,515	(22,434) 3,369,610	(24,003) 2,953,565	(27,367) 2,745,905	(20,515) 2,251,660	(17,909) 1,522,715	(12,442) 791,050	(8,363) 296,395	(4,769) 87,080	
Female		(6,549) 270,500	(9,319) 1,166,945	(18,817) 3,329,165	(16,462) 3,215,900	(17,743) 2,747,930	(21,110) 2,520,490	(14,419) 2,126,770	(12,823) 1,461,340	(8,351) 866,140	(5,367) 393,010	(2,771) 137,195	
Puerto Rican		(6,066) 80,070	(11,086) 353,285	(19,526) 963,620	(15,241) 873,320	(16,166) 870,990	(17,416) 801,570	(14,593) 682,630	(12,503) 573,910	(9,223) 370,065	(6,413) 167,995	(3,881) 60,850	
Male	(29,576) 2,889,335 (21,765)	(3,359) 39,760 (2,293)	(7,390) 181,300 (5,475)	(13,303) 501,010 (10,243)	(10,284) 446,980 (7,453)	(11,270) 445,360 (8,313)	(11,503) 401,850 (8,618)	(10,369) 335,855 (7,512)	(9,126) 276,450 (6,708)	(7,054) 171,065 (4,883)	(4,299) 68,570 (2,696)	(2,785) 21,135 (1,450)	
Female		40,310 (2,454)	171,985 (4,963)	462,610 (8,488)	426,340 (7,086)	425,630 (7,610)	399,720 (7,620)	346,775 (7,147)	297,460 (6,187)	199,000 (5,090)	99,425 (3,348)	39,715 (2,378)	
South American		46,355 (2,732)	215,490 (6,273)	570,235 (10,409)	573,310 (9,464)	635,650 (10,120)	717,795 (10,742)	633,370 (9,235)	498,250 (8,473)	279,170 (6,109)	129,985 (3,721)	48,400 (2,478)	
Male	2,103,085 (18,150)	25,675 (2,146)	113,425 (4,564)	284,700 (7,016)	285,865 (6,542)	310,315 (7,092)	357,030 (8,285)	301,650 (6,067)	233,660 (5,745)	119,770 (3,927)	53,610 (2,357)	17,385 (1,488)	
Female	(18,641)	20,680 (1,690)	102,065 (4,303)	285,535 (7,689)	287,445 (6,838)	325,335 (7,220)	360,765 (6,836)	331,720 (6,963)	264,590 (6,228)	159,400 (4,679)	76,375 (2,879)	31,015 (1,981)	
Other and unknown Hispanic	(23,959)	66,555 (3,304)	262,535 (6,575)	697,705 (10,286)	631,845 (9,765)	553,020 (9,122)	530,545 (8,991)	443,990 (7,182)	402,490 (7,307)	276,190 (5,546)	131,645 (3,798)	49,550 (2,132)	
Male	(17,364)	33,560 (2,300)	137,915 (5,036)	360,905 (7,634)	331,170 (6,533)	293,565 (6,754)	292,645 (6,602)	225,715 (5,357)	190,260 (5,463)	125,860 (3,928)	54,925 (2,281)	16,940 (1,238)	
Female	1,982,610 (16,509)	32,995 (2,371)	124,620 (4,228)	336,800 (6,893)	300,675 (7,257)	259,455 (6,132)	237,900 (6,104)	218,275 (4,784)	212,230 (4,853)	150,330 (3,916)	76,720 (3,036)	32,610 (1,736)	

Table VII. Estimated population and standard errors for age 15 and older, by marital status, 10-year age group, and sex: United States, 2021

[Population estimates are based on the 2021 1-year American Community Survey Public Use Microdata Sample adjusted to postcensal July 1, 2021, resident population control totals; see Technical Notes in this report. Standard errors are shown in parentheses below each population estimate]

				Age grou	p (years)			
Marital status and sex	15 and older	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75 and older
All races	271,400,165	43,206,725	45,079,130	43,733,570	40,673,710	42,815,030	33,778,195	22,113,805
	(145,750)	(42,980)	(58,077)	(69,757)	(54,727)	(61,259)	(51,082)	(42,422)
Never married	92,745,015	40,822,640	25,497,105	11,420,495	6,312,500	5,078,600	2,553,515	1,060,160
	(77,999)	(38,531)	(38,524)	(37,043)	(28,185)	(23,940)	(16,719)	(9,789)
Ever married	178,655,150	2,384,085	19,582,025	32,313,075	34,361,210	37,736,430	31,224,680	21,053,645
	(123,123)	(19,043)	(43,461)	(59,109)	(46,911)	(56,387)	(48, 269)	(41,277)
Married	135,007,955	2,257,675	17,816,595	27,622,480	27,194,420	27,949,715	21,455,420	10,711,650
	(102,519)	(18,565)	(40,327)	(52,846)	(38,176)	(45,488)	(38,493)	(27,171)
Widowed	14,828,305	20,930	79,220	266,115	685,160	2,023,150	4,096,270	7,657,460
	(37,924)	(1,828)	(3,876)	(6,707)	(9,661)	(14,074)	(19,030)	(26,858)
Divorced	28,818,890	105,480	1,686,210	4,424,480	6,481,630	7,763,565	5,672,990	2,684,535
	(56,664)	(3,829)	(15,734)	(25,615)	(25,493)	(30,205)	(22,047)	(15,625)
All races, male	133,358,200	22,096,180	22,807,825	22,024,015	20,286,005	20,952,445	15,904,510	9,287,220
	(100,009)	(30,156)	(39,939)	(45,385)	(40,078)	(43,544)	(35,527)	(25,942)
Never married	49,530,120	21,124,265	14,060,290	6,366,450	3,495,925	2,771,500	1,278,870	432,820
	(55,186)	(27,501)	(26,315)	(25,514)	(21,898)	(16,586)	(12,385)	(6,137)
Ever married	83,828,080	971,915	8,747,535	15,657,565	16,790,080	18,180,945	14,625,640	8,854,400
	(83,405)	(12,371)	(30,044)	(37,535)	(33,567)	(40,262)	(33,299)	(25,206)
Married	68,196,910	921,120	8,027,505	13,635,665	13,721,340	14,250,270	11,344,790	6,296,220
	(72,053)	(12,091)	(28,452)	(32,772)	(27,637)	(33,999)	(28,494)	(20,746)
Widowed	3,411,895	8,965	25,955	77,640	197,045	501,490	958,545	1,642,255
	(18,407)	(1,112)	(2,222)	(3,624)	(5,030)	(7,220)	(10,022)	(11,902)
Divorced	12,219,275	41,830	694,075	1,944,260	2,871,695	3,429,185	2,322,305	915,925
	(37,761)	(2,368)	(9,392)	(17,937)	(18,374)	(20,321)	(14,017)	(7,958)
All races, female	138,041,965	21,110,545	22,271,305	21,709,555	20,387,705	21,862,585	17,873,685	12,826,585
	(106,024)	(30,626)	(42,164)	(52,973)	(37,267)	(43,087)	(36,705)	(33,565)
Never married	43,214,895	19,698,375	11,436,815	5,054,045	2,816,575	2,307,100	1,274,645	627,340
	(55,121)	(26,988)	(28,136)	(26,855)	(17,744)	(17,264)	(11,232)	(7,626)
Ever married	94,827,070	1,412,170	10,834,490	16,655,510	17,571,130	19,555,485	16,599,040	12,199,245
	(90,569)	(14,478)	(31,404)	(45,661)	(32,771)	(39,478)	(34,944)	(32,687)
Married	66,811,045	1,336,555	9,789,090	13,986,815	13,473,080	13,699,445	10,110,630	4,415,430
	(72,928)	(14,087)	(28,579)	(41,457)	(26,337)	(30,219)	(25,880)	(17,547)
Widowed	11,416,410	11,965	53,265	188,475	488,115	1,521,660	3,137,725	6,015,205
	(33,157)	(1,450)	(3,177)	(5,643)	(8,248)	(12,081)	(16,177)	(24,077)
Divorced	16,599,615	63,650	992,135	2,480,220	3,609,935	4,334,380	3,350,685	1,768,610
	(42,248)	(3,009)	(12,623)	(18,287)	(17,672)	(22,347)	(17,018)	(13,447)

SOURCE: Population estimates are based on unpublished tabulations prepared by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2021, 1-Year.

six decimal places were replaced by the projected year 2000 population age distribution (Table X). The effect of the change is negligible and does not significantly affect comparability with age-adjusted rates calculated using the previous method. All age-adjusted rates shown in this report are based on the 2000 U.S. standard population.

Age-adjusted rates for Puerto Rico, Guam, U.S. Virgin Islands, and Northern Marianas were computed by applying the age-specific death rates to the U.S. standard population. The 2000 standard population used for computing age-adjusted rates for the territories is shown in Table X.

Using the same standard population, death rates for the total population and for each race—sex group were adjusted separately. The age-adjusted rates were based on 10-year age groups. Age-adjusted death rates are not comparable with crude rates.

Random variation

The mortality data presented in this report are not subject to sampling error. Mortality data, even based on complete counts, may be affected by random variation; that is, the number of deaths that actually occurred may be considered as one of a large series of possible results that could have arisen under the same circumstances (76,77). When the number of deaths is small, perhaps fewer than 100, random variation tends to be relatively large. Therefore, considerable caution must be observed in interpreting statistics based on small numbers of deaths.

Measuring random variability—To quantify the random variation associated with mortality statistics, an assumption must be made regarding the appropriate underlying distribution. Deaths, as infrequent events, can be viewed as deriving from a Poisson probability distribution. The Poisson distribution is simple conceptually and computationally, and provides reasonable, conservative variance estimates for mortality

Table VIII. Estimated population and standard error for ages 25–64, by educational attainment and sex: United States, 2021

[Population estimates are based on the 2021 1-year American Community Survey adjusted to postcensal July 1, 2021, resident population control totals; see Technical Notes in this report. Standard errors are shown in parentheses below each population estimate]

	Age group (years)							
Education level and sex	25–64	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64			
Both sexes	172,301,425	45,079,125	43,733,550	40,673,720	42,815,030			
	(139,809)	(72,346)	(76,695)	(65,238)	(64,611)			
Less than high school diploma or GED	17,256,565	3,383,245	4,496,545	4,591,350	4,785,425			
	(47,521)	(22,305)	(27,016)	(23,026)	(22,376)			
High school diploma or GED	43,194,700	11,011,790	9,814,670	9,920,185	12,448,055			
	(68,396)	(34,756)	(36,227)	(32,067)	(33,606)			
Some college or collegiate degree	111,850,160	30,684,090	29,422,335	26,162,185	25,581,550			
	(112,296)	(59,401)	(61,966)	(51,938)	(50,443)			
Male	86,070,285	22,807,835	22,024,005	20,286,005	20,952,440			
	(98,404)	(51,688)	(53,063)	(45,247)	(46,355)			
Less than high school diploma or GED	9,645,705	2,000,440	2,561,975	2,522,615	2,560,675			
	(36,299)	(16,799)	(21,331)	(17,421)	(16,642)			
High school diploma or GED	23,891,635	6,391,000	5,652,065	5,450,950	6,397,620			
	(49,559)	(26,889)	(24,991)	(22,034)	(24,962)			
Some college or collegiate degree	52,532,945	14,416,395	13,809,965	12,312,440	11,994,145			
	(76,874)	(40,822)	(41,667)	(35,473)	(35,338)			
Female	86,231,140	22,271,290	21,709,545	20,387,715	21,862,590			
	(99,314)	(50,619)	(55,375)	(46,997)	(45,008)			
Less than high school diploma or GED	7,610,860	1,382,805	1,934,570	2,068,735	2,224,750			
	(30,669)	(14,674)	(16,579)	(15,057)	(14,957)			
High school diploma or GED	19,303,065	4,620,790	4,162,605	4,469,235	6,050,435			
	(47,137)	(22,022)	(26,227)	(23,298)	(22,500)			
Some college or collegiate degree	59,317,215	16,267,695	15,612,370	13,849,745	13,587,405			
	(81,858)	(43,151)	(45,866)	(37,937)	(35,997)			

SOURCE: Population estimates are based on unpublished tabulations prepared by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2021 1-Year.

statistics when the probability of dying is relatively low (76). Using the properties of the Poisson distribution, the SE associated with the number of deaths (D) is

$$SE(D) = \sqrt{var(D)} = \sqrt{D}$$
 [1]

where var(D) denotes the variance of D.

SE associated with crude and age-specific death rates (R)assumes that the population denominator (P) is a constant and is

$$SE(R) = \sqrt{var\left(\frac{D}{P^2}\right)} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{P^2}var(D)} = \sqrt{\frac{D}{P^2}} = \frac{R}{\sqrt{D}} [2]$$

The coefficient of variation or relative standard error (RSE) is a useful measure of relative variation. RSE is calculated by dividing the statistic (such as number of deaths or death rate) into its SE and multiplying by 100. For the number of deaths,

$$RSE(D) = 100 \frac{SE(D)}{D} = 100 \frac{\sqrt{D}}{D} = 100 \sqrt{\frac{1}{D}}$$

For crude and age-specific death rates,

RSE(R) =
$$100 \frac{\text{SE}(R)}{R} = 100 \frac{R/\sqrt{D}}{R} = 100 \sqrt{\frac{1}{D}}$$

Thus,

$$RSE(D) = RSE(R) = 100\sqrt{\frac{1}{D}}$$
 [3]

SE of the age-adjusted death rate (R') is

$$SE(R') = \sqrt{\sum_{i} \left(\frac{P_{si}}{P_{s}}\right)^{2} var(R_{i})} = \sqrt{\sum_{i} \left\{\left(\frac{P_{si}}{P_{s}}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{R_{i}^{2}}{D_{i}}\right)\right\}}$$
 [4]

where:

- R_i is the age-specific rate for the *i*th age group. P_{si} is the age-specific standard population for the *i*th age group from the U.S. standard population age distribution (see Table X and Age-adjusted death rate in the "Definition of terms").
- P_s is the total U.S. standard population (all ages combined). D_i is the number of deaths for the ith age group.

RSE for the age-adjusted rate, RSE(R'), is calculated by dividing SE(R') from Formula 4 by the age-adjusted death rate, R', and multiplying by 100, as in

$$RSE(R') = 100 \frac{SE(R')}{R'}$$

For tables showing infant and maternal mortality rates based on live births (B) in the denominator, calculation of SE assumes random variability in both the numerator and denominator. SE for IMR is:

$$SE(IMR) = IMR \bullet \sqrt{\frac{var(D)}{E(D)^2} + \frac{var(B)}{E(B)^2}} = IMR \bullet \sqrt{\frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{B}} [5]$$

Table IX. Estimated population for the United States, each state, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Marianas, 2021

[Populations are postcensal estimates based on 2020 census, estimated as of July 1, 2021]

Area	Total	Area	Total
Inited States	331,893,745	New Jersey	9,267,130
Alabama	5,039,877	New Mexico	2,115,877
Alaska	732,673	New York	19,835,913
Arizona	7,276,316	North Carolina	10,551,162
Arkansas	3,025,891	North Dakota	774,948
California	39,237,836	Ohio	11,780,017
Colorado	5,812,069	Oklahoma	3,986,639
Connecticut	3,605,597	Oregon	4,246,155
Delaware	1,003,384	Pennsylvania	12,964,056
District of Columbia	670,050	Rhode Island	1,095,610
Florida	21,781,128	South Carolina	5,190,705
Georgia	10,799,566	South Dakota	895,376
Hawaii	1,441,553	Tennessee	6,975,218
Idaho	1,900,923	Texas	29,527,941
Illinois	12,671,469	Utah	3,337,975
Indiana	6,805,985	Vermont	645,570
lowa	3,193,079	Virginia	8,642,274
Kansas	2,934,582	Washington	7,738,692
Kentucky	4,509,394	West Virginia	1,782,959
Louisiana	4,624,047	Wisconsin	5,895,908
Maine	1,372,247	Wyoming	578,803
Maryland	6,165,129	Puerto Rico	3,263,584
Massachusetts	6,984,723	U.S. Virgin Islands	105,870
Michigan	10,050,811	Guam	168,801
Minnesota	5,707,390	American Samoa	46,366
Mississippi	2,949,965	Northern Marianas	51,659
Missouri	6,168,187		
Montana	1,104,271		
Nebraska	1,963,692		
Nevada	3,143,991		
New Hampshire	1,388,992		

SOURCES: U.S. Census Bureau. 2021 population estimates (available from: https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/popest/datasets/2020-2021/state/asrh/sc-est2021-alldata6.csv) and International data base, 2021 (available from: https://www.census.gov/data-tools/demo/idb/#/dashboard?COUNTRY_8EA=2021&COUNTRY_YEAR=2021&CO

where the number of births, B, is also assumed to be distributed according to a Poisson distribution, and E(B) is the expectation of B.

RSE for IMR is

RSE(IMR) =
$$100 \frac{\text{SE}(IMR)}{IMR} = 100 \sqrt{\frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{B}}$$
 [6]

For maternal mortality rates, Formulas 5 and 6 may be used, substituting the maternal mortality rate for IMR.

Formulas 1–6 may be used for all tables presented in this report except for death rates and age-adjusted death rates shown in Tables 3, 13, and 14, which are calculated using population figures that are subject to sampling error, and for rates adjusted for misclassification in Table IV.

SE associated with the age-specific death rates adjusted for Hispanic origin and race misclassification (\hat{R}_i) on death certificates assumes the population denominator (P_i) is a constant and is

$$SE(\hat{R}_i) = \sqrt{[(CR_i^2 SE(D_i)^2) + (D_i^2 SE(CR_i)^2)]/P_i^2}$$
 [7]

Table X. U.S. standard population

Age group (years)	Population
All ages	274,633,642
Younger than 1 year	3,794,901
1–4	15,191,619
5–14	39,976,619
15–24	38,076,743
25–34	37,233,437
35–44	44,659,185
45–54	37,030,152
55–64	23,961,506
65–74	18,135,514
75–84	12,314,793
85 and older	4,259,173

SOURCE: Anderson RN, Rosenberg HM. Age standardization of death rates: Implementation of the year 2000 standard. *National Vital Statistics Report*s; vol 47 no 3. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. 1998.

SE of the age-adjusted death rate adjusted for Hispanic origin and race misclassification (\acute{R}') is

$$SE(\hat{R}') = \sqrt{\sum_{i} \left(\frac{P_{si}}{P_{s}}\right)^{2} SE(\hat{R}_{i})^{2}}$$
 [8]

Again, this is a major issue. Classification quality has been evaluated for both race and a combination of Hispanic origin and race. So, there are ratios for "White" regardless of Hispanic origin and for "White non-Hispanic" where:

- R_i is the age-specific rate adjusted for Hispanic origin and race misclassification on death certificates for the ith age group.
- P_i is the age-specific population for the ith age group.
- D_i is the age-specific number of deaths for the *i*th age group.
- \overrightarrow{CR}_i is the age-specific classification ratio for the *i*th age group (see Table III).
- P_{si} is the age-specific standard population for the *i*th age group from the U.S. standard age distribution (Table X).
- P_s is the total U.S. standard population (all ages combined).

Suppression of unreliable rates—Beginning with 1989 data, an asterisk is shown in place of a crude or age-specific death rate based on fewer than 20 deaths, the equivalent of an RSE of 23% or more. The limit of 20 deaths is a convenient, if somewhat arbitrary, benchmark below which rates are considered to be too statistically unreliable for presentation. For infant and maternal mortality rates, the same threshold of fewer than 20 deaths is used to determine whether an asterisk is presented in place of the rate. For age-adjusted death rates, the suppression criterion is based on the sum of age-specific deaths; that is, if the sum of the age-specific deaths is less than 20, an asterisk replaces the rate.

Tables 3, 13, and 14—Rates for Central American, Cuban, Dominican, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South American, and Other Hispanic populations in Table 3, by marital status in Table 13, and by educational attainment in Table 14 are based on population estimates derived from 1-year ACS Public Use Microdata Sample for 2021 and adjusted to resident population control totals (73). As a result, the rates are subject to sampling variability in the denominator as well as random variability in the numerator.

For crude and age-specific death rates (R), the SE is calculated as

$$SE(R) = R \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{D} + \left(\frac{SE(P)}{P}\right)^2}$$
 [9]

For age-adjusted death rates (R')

$$SE(R') = \sqrt{\sum_{i} \left\{ \left(\frac{P_{si}}{P_{s}} \right)^{2} \cdot R_{i}^{2} \left[\frac{1}{D_{i}} \left(\frac{SE(P_{i})}{P_{i}} \right)^{2} \right] \right\}}$$
[10]

where SE(*P*) in Formulas 9 and 10 represents the SEs of ACS population estimates. SEs of ACS population estimates used in this report are presented in Table VI by Central American, Cuban, Dominican, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South American, and Other Hispanic populations; in Table VII by marital status; and in Table VIII by educational attainment.

In Tables 3, 13, and 14, sampling variability in the population denominator had a substantial impact on the overall variability in the death rate. Therefore, the number of deaths in the numerator was not used as the sole suppression factor. RSEs for rates shown in Tables 3, 13, and 14 are derived from Formulas 9 and 10 by dividing the result of Formula 9 by the crude and agespecific rate, and the result of Formula 10 by the age-adjusted rate, and then multiplying by 100. Rates are replaced by asterisks if the calculated RSE is 23% or more.

Confidence intervals and statistical tests based on 100 deaths or more—When the number of deaths is large, a normal approximation may be used in calculating confidence intervals and statistical tests. How large, in terms of number of deaths, is to some extent subjective. In general, for crude and agespecific death rates and for infant and maternal mortality rates, the normal approximation performs well when the number of deaths is 100 or more. For age-adjusted rates, the criterion for use of the normal approximation is somewhat more complicated (77,78). Formula 11 is used to calculate 95% confidence limits for the death rate when the normal approximation is appropriate:

$$L(R) = R - 1.96 (SE(R))$$
 [11]

and

$$U(R) = R + 1.96 (SE(R))$$

where L(R) and U(R) are the lower and upper limits of the confidence interval, respectively. The resulting 95% confidence interval can be interpreted to mean that the chances are 95 in 100 that the "true" death rate falls between L(R) and U(R). For example, suppose that the crude death rate for Malignant neoplasms is 186.0 per 100,000 population based on 565,469 deaths. Lower and upper 95% confidence limits using Formula 11 are calculated as

$$L(186.0) = 186.0 - 1.96(0.25) = 185.5$$

and

$$U(186.0) = 186.0 + 1.96 (0.25) = 186.5$$

Thus, the chances are 95 in 100 that the true death rate for Malignant neoplasms is between 185.5 and 186.5. Formula 11 can also be used to calculate 95% confidence intervals for the number of deaths, age-adjusted death rates, IMRs, and other mortality statistics when the normal approximation is appropriate by replacing R with D, R', IMR, or others.

When testing the difference between two rates, R_1 and R_2 (each based on 100 or more deaths), the normal approximation may be used to calculate a test statistic, z, such that

$$z = \frac{R_1 - R_2}{\sqrt{\text{SE}(R_1)^2 + \text{SE}(R_2)^2}}$$
 [12]

If $|z| \ge 1.96$, then the difference between the rates is statistically significant at the 0.05 level. If |z| < 1.96, then the difference is not statistically significant. Formula 12 can also be used to perform tests for other mortality statistics when the normal approximation is appropriate (when both statistics being compared meet the normal criteria) by replacing R_1 and R_2 with D_1 and D_2 , R_1' and R_2' , or others. For example, suppose that the male age-adjusted death rate for Malignant neoplasms of trachea, bronchus and lung (lung cancer) is 65.1 per 100,000 U.S. standard population in the previous data year (R_1) and 63.6 per 100,000 U.S. standard population in the current data year (R_2) . SE for each of these figures, $SE(R_1)$ and $SE(R_2)$, is calculated using Formula 4. A test using Formula 12 can determine if the decrease in the age-adjusted rate is statistically significant:

$$Z = \frac{65.1 - 63.6}{\sqrt{(0.222)^2 + (0.217)^2}} = 4.83$$

Because z = 4.83 > 1.96, the decrease from the previous data year to the current data year in the male age-adjusted death rate for lung cancer is statistically significant.

Confidence intervals and statistical tests based on fewer than 100 deaths—When the number of deaths is not large (fewer than 100), the Poisson distribution cannot be approximated by the normal distribution. The normal distribution is symmetrical. with a range from $-\infty$ to $+\infty$. As a result, confidence intervals based on the normal distribution also have this range. The number of deaths or the death rate, however, cannot be less than zero. When the number of deaths is very small, approximating confidence intervals for deaths and death rates using the normal distribution will sometimes produce lower confidence limits that are negative. The Poisson distribution, in contrast, is an asymmetric distribution with zero as a lower bound confidence limits based on this distribution will never be less than zero. A simple method based on the more general family of gamma distributions, of which the Poisson is a member, can be used to approximate confidence intervals for deaths and death rates when the number of deaths is small (75,77). For more information regarding how the gamma method is derived, see "Derivation of gamma method" at the end of this section.

Calculations using the gamma method can be made using commonly available spreadsheet programs or statistical software (such as Excel or SAS) that include an inverse gamma function. In Excel, the function "gammainv (probability, alpha, beta)" returns values associated with the inverse gamma function for a given probability between zero and one. For 95% confidence limits, the probability associated with the lower limit is 0.05/2 = 0.025, and with the upper limit, 1 - (0.05/2) = 0.975. Alpha and beta are parameters associated with the gamma distribution. For the number of deaths and crude and age-specific death rates, alpha = D (the number of deaths) and beta = 1. In Excel, the following formulas can be used to calculate lower and upper 95% confidence limits for the number of deaths and crude and age-specific death rates:

$$L(D) = GAMMAINV(0.025, D, 1)$$

and

U(D) = GAMMAINV(0.975, D + 1, 1)

Confidence limits for the death rate are then calculated by dividing L(D) and U(D) by the population (P) at risk of dying (see Formula 19).

Alternatively, 95% confidence limits can be estimated using the lower and upper confidence limit factors shown in Table XI. For the number of deaths, D, and the death rate, R,

$$L(D) = L \bullet D \text{ and } U(D) = U \bullet D$$
 [13]

and

$$L(R) = L \cdot R$$
 and $U(R) = U \cdot R$ [14]

where L and U in both formulas are the lower and upper confidence limit factors that correspond to the appropriate number of deaths, D, in Table XI. For example, suppose that the death rate for American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic females ages 1–4 is 39.5 per 100,000 and based on 50 deaths. Applying Formula 14, values for L and U from Table XI for 50 deaths are multiplied by the death rate, 39.5, such that

$$L(R) = L(39.5) = 0.742219 \cdot 39.5 = 29.3$$

and

$$U(R) = U(39.5) = 1.318375 \cdot 39.5 = 52.1$$

These confidence limits indicate that the chances are 95 in 100 that the actual death rate for American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic females ages 1–4 is between 29.3 and 52.1 per 100,000.

Although the calculations are similar, confidence intervals based on small numbers for age-adjusted death rates, infant and maternal mortality rates, and rates that are subject to sampling variability in the denominator are somewhat more complicated (77).

Refer to the last published version of the Mortality Technical Appendix for more details: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/statab/techap95.pdf (78).

When comparing the difference between two rates (R_1 and R_2), where one or both of the rates are based on fewer than 100 deaths, a comparison of 95% confidence intervals may be used as a statistical test. If the 95% confidence intervals do not overlap, then the difference can be said to be statistically significant at the 0.05 level. A simple rule of thumb is: If $R_1 > R_2$, then test if $L(R_1) > U(R_2)$, or if $R_2 > R_1$, then test if $L(R_2) > U(R_1)$. Positive tests denote statistical significance at the 0.05 level. For example, suppose that American Indian and Alaska Native non-Hispanic females ages 1–4 have a death rate (R_1) of 39.5 based on 50 deaths, and Asian non-Hispanic females ages 1–4 have a death rate (R_2) of 20.1 per 100,000 based on 86 deaths. The 95% confidence limits for R_1 and R_2 calculated using Formula 14 would be

$$L(R_1) = L(39.5) = 0.742219 \cdot 39.5 = 29.3$$

and

$$U(R_1) = U(39.5) = 1.318375 \cdot 39.5 = 52.1$$

Table XI. Lower and upper 95% confidence limit factors for the number of deaths and death rate when the number of deaths is less than 100

Number of deaths (D)	Lower confidence limit (<i>L</i>)	Upper confidence limit (<i>U</i>)	Number of deaths (D)	Lower confidence limit (<i>L</i>)	Upper confidend limit (<i>U</i>)
	0.005210	E E71640	E1	0.744566	1 21/015
	0.025318	5.571643	51	0.744566	1.314815
	0.121105	3.612344	52	0.746848	1.311367
	0.206224	2.922424	53	0.749069	1.308025
	0.272466	2.560397	54	0.751231	1.304783
	0.324697	2.333666	55	0.753337	1.301637
	0.366982	2.176579	56	0.755389	1.298583
	0.402052	2.060382	57	0.757390	1.295616
	0.431729	1.970399	58	0.759342	1.292732
	0.457264	1.898311	59	0.761246	1.289927
	0.479539	1.839036	60	0.763105	1.287198
	0.499196	1.789276	61	0.764921	1.284542
	0.516715	1.746799	62	0.766694	1.281955
	0.532458	1.710030	63	0.768427	1.279434
	0.546709	1.677830	64	0.770122	1.276978
	0.559692	1.649348	65	0.771779	1.274582
	0.571586	1.623937	66	0.773400	1.272245
	0.582537	1.601097	67	0.774986	1.269965
	0.592663	1.580431	68	0.776539	1.267738
	0.602065	1.561624	69	0.778060	1.265564
	0.610826	1.544419	70	0.779549	1.263440
	0.619016	1.528606	71	0.781008	1.261364
	0.626695	1.514012	72	0.782438	1.259335
	0.633914	1.500491	73	0.783840	1.257350
	0.640719	1.487921	74	0.785215	1.255408
	0.647147	1.476197	75	0.786563	1.253509
	0.653233	1.465232	76	0.787886	1.251649
	0.659006	1.454947	77	0.789184	1.249828
	0.664493	1.445278	78	0.790459	1.248045
	0.669716	1.436167	79	0.791709	1.246298
	0.674696	1.427562	80	0.792938	1.244587
	0.679451	1.419420	81	0.794144	1.242909
	0.683999	1.411702	82	0.795330	1.241264
3	0.688354	1.404372	83	0.796494	1.239650
<u>.</u>	0.692529	1.397400	84	0.797639	1.238068
	0.696537	1.390758	85	0.798764	1.236515
i	0.700388	1.384422	86	0.799871	1.234992
,	0.704092	1.378368	87	0.800959	1.233496
3	0.707660	1.372578	88	0.802029	1.232028
1	0.711098	1.367033	89	0.803082	1.230586
	0.714415	1.361716	90	0.804118	1.229170
	0.717617	1.356613	91	0.805138	1.227778
	0.720712	1.351709	92	0.806141	1.226411
	0.723705	1.346993	93	0.807129	1.225068
	0.726602	1.342453	94	0.808102	1.223747
	0.729407	1.338079	95	0.809060	1.222448
i	0.732126	1.333860	96	0.810003	1.221171
,	0.734762	1.329788	97	0.810933	1.219915
3	0.737321	1.325855	98	0.811848	1.218680
9	0.739806	1.322053	99	0.812751	1.217464
)	0.742219	1.318375	••••	0.012101	1.217 107

SOURCE: Anderson RN, Rosenberg HM. Age standardization of death rates: Implementation of the year 2000 standard. *National Vital Statistics Reports*; vol 47 no 3. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. 1998.

$$L(R_2) = L(20.1) = 0.799871 \cdot 20.1 = 16.1$$

and

$$U(R_2) = U(20.1) = 1.234992 \cdot 20.1 = 24.8$$

Because $R_1 > R_2$ and $L(R_1) > U(R_2)$, it can be concluded that the difference between the death rates for American Indian and Alaska Native females ages 1–4 and Asian females of the same age is statistically significant at the 0.05 level. That is, accounting for random variability, Asian females ages 1–4 have a death rate significantly lower than that for American Indian and Alaska Native females of the same age.

This test may also be used to perform tests for other statistics when the normal approximation is not appropriate for one or both of the statistics being compared, by replacing R_1 and R_2 with D_1 and D_2 , R_1' and R_2' , or others.

Users of the method of comparing confidence intervals should be aware that this method is a conservative test for statistical significance—the difference between two rates may, in fact, be statistically significant even though confidence intervals for the two rates overlap (79). Caution should be observed when interpreting a nonsignificant difference between two rates, especially when the lower and upper limits being compared overlap only slightly.

Derivation of gamma method—For a random variable X that follows a gamma distribution $\Gamma(y,z)$, where y and z are the parameters that determine the shape of the distribution (78), E(X) = yz and $Var(X) = yz^2$. For the number of deaths, D, E(D) = D and Var(D) = D. It follows that y = D and z = 1, and thus,

$$D \sim \Gamma(D,1)$$
 [15]

From Equation 13, it is clear that the shape of the distribution of deaths depends only on the number of deaths.

For the death rate, R, E(R) = R and $Var(R) = D/P^2$. It follows, in this case, that y = D and $z = P^{-1}$, and thus,

$$R \sim \Gamma(D, P^{-1}) \tag{16}$$

A useful property of the gamma distribution is that for $X \sim \Gamma(y,z)$, X can be divided by z such that $X/z \sim \Gamma(y,1)$. This converts the gamma distribution into a simplified, standard form, dependent only on parameter y. Expressing Equation 14 in its simplified form gives:

$$R/P^{-1} = D \sim \Gamma(D,1)$$
 [17]

From Equation 15, it is clear that the shape of the distribution of the death rate is also dependent solely on the number of deaths.

Using the results of Equations 13 and 15, the inverse gamma distribution can be used to calculate upper and lower confidence limits. Lower and upper $100(1-\alpha)$ percentage confidence limits for the number of deaths, L(D) and U(D), are estimated as

$$L(D) = \Gamma^{-1}_{(D,1)}(\alpha/2)$$
 and $U(D) = \Gamma^{-1}_{(D+1,1)}(1-\alpha/2)$ [18]

where Γ^{-1} represents the inverse of the gamma distribution and D+1 in the formula for U(D) reflects a continuity correction,

which is necessary because D is a discrete random variable, and the gamma distribution is a continuous distribution. For a 95% confidence interval, α = 0.05. For the death rate, it can be shown that

$$L(R) = L(D)/P \text{ and } U(R) = U(D)/P$$
 [19]

For more detail regarding the derivation of the gamma method and its application to age-adjusted death rates and other mortality statistics, see References (14,76,80).

Availability of mortality data

Mortality data are available in publications, unpublished tables, and electronic products as described on the NCHS mortality website: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/deaths.htm. More detailed analysis than this report provides can be obtained from the mortality public-use data set issued each data year. Since 1968, the data set has been available through NCHS in ASCII format and can now be downloaded: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data_access/Vitalstatsonline.htm. Additional resources available from NCHS include *Vital Statistics of the United States, Mortality; Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 20 reports; and *National Vital Statistics Reports*.

Definition of terms

Age-adjusted death rate—The death rate used to make comparisons of relative mortality risks across groups and over time. This rate should be viewed as a construct or an index rather than a direct or actual measure of mortality risk. Statistically, it is a weighted average of age-specific death rates, where the weights represent the fixed population proportions by age.

Age-specific death rate—Deaths per 100,000 population in a specified age group, such as 1–4 or 5–9 years, for a specified period.

Crude death rate—Total deaths per 100,000 population for a specified period. This rate represents the average chance of dying during a specified period for people in the entire population.

Infant deaths—Deaths of infants younger than age 1 year.

Neonatal deaths—Deaths of infants ages 0–27 days.

Postneonatal deaths—Deaths of infants ages 28 days—

11 months.

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