The Why's & Wherefore's of CLIA Competency Evaluation

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Topics for Discussion

- Introduction
- Rationale for Competency Requirements
- Competency Regulations & Procedures
- Guidance & Problems to Avoid
- Questions





Introduction

- Personnel Competency introduced as a CLIA standard in 1992 regulations.
- Competency is required for all technical, supervisory & testing personnel.
- Various related requirements are interspersed throughout the regulations.
- Competency is NOT the same as a performance evaluation/training.





Rationale for Personnel Competency

- CLIA's intent is to ensure accurate, reliable & timely testing.
- Studies indicate that more education & training produce higher quality results.
- The means to confirm training effectiveness is competency evaluation.
- In CLIA, the laboratory director's qualifications are stringent due to the overall quality responsibility.

Rationale for Personnel Competency

- But qualifications for testing personnel are minimal, based on test complexity.
- Highlights importance of competency, regardless of education.
- Quality management includes personnel, processes, & procedures, as does competency.
- Competency is recognized by CLIA law.

Rationale for Personnel Competency

- CLIA survey experience indicates many problems caused by personnel errors.
- Many laboratory test mistakes may have a patient impact.
- Routine competency evaluations will help prevent errors.
- CMS permits flexibility in achieving compliance.

- 493.1413(b)(8)(9) & 1451(b)(8)(9)—
- Technical Consultant/Supervisor Responsibilities—
- Evaluating the competency of all testing personnel & assuring that the staff maintain their competency to perform test procedures & report test results promptly, accurately, & proficiently.





- 493.1413(b)(8)(9) & 1451(b)(8)(9)—
- Technical Consultant/Supervisor Responsibilities—
- Evaluating & documenting individuals' performance at least 2X/yr. for the 1st yr. of testing & annually thereafter, unless method or instrument changes, prior to reporting patient results; re-evaluate w/new tests systems.

- 493.1235—Personnel Competency
 Assessment Policies—
- As specified in the personnel requirements in Subpart M, the laboratory must establish & follow written policies & procedures to assess employee, & if applicable, consultant competency.





- 493.1407(e)(12) & 1445(e)(13)—
 Laboratory Director Responsibilities—
- Ensure that policies & procedures are established for monitoring individuals who conduct pre-analytical, analytical & post analytical phases of testing to assure that they are competent & maintain their competency to process specimens, perform tests & report results promptly & proficiently, & whenever necessary, identify needs for Charge medial training or CE to improve skills.

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- Competency for all tests performed must include:
- 1. Direct observation of routine patient test performance, including patient preparation, if applicable, specimen handling, processing & testing.





- Competency for all tests performed must include:
- 2. Monitoring the recording & reporting of test results





- Competency for all tests performed must include:
- 3. Review of intermediate test results or worksheets, QC records, PT results, & preventive maintenance records





- Competency for all tests performed must include:
- 4. Direct observation of performance of instrument maintenance & function checks





- Competency for all tests performed must include:
- 5. Assessment of test performance through testing previously analyzed specimens, internal blind testing samples, or external PT samples; and





- Competency for all tests performed must include:
- 6. Assessment of problem solving skills





- Operator training prior to testing is critical & required.
- Competency assessments must demonstrate testing personnel (TP) are performing testing accurately.
- See TP responsibilities in regulations.
- Competency assessments must be documented.





- Individual conducting competency assessments must be qualified.
- Competency is not PT!
- Competency records should match the laboratory's actual procedures performed by its personnel.
- When observing test performance, use the procedure manual (PM) /package
 Charinsert (PI) to ensure PM is current.

- Can use competency assessment for QA when confirming tests ordered match reported & charted results.
- Follow up on QC corrective actions will demonstrate problem solving ability.
- Checklists are only minimally ok.
- Competency for clinical & technical consultants & supervisors is based on their regulatory responsibilities.

- Laboratory director serving as TC, CC, TS &/or GS isn't subject to competency requirements.
- Personnel who perform pre & post analytic activities & who are not listed in the regulations as required positions aren't subject to competency.
- But laboratory may want to do similar evaluations for QA or if a problem.

- Competency evaluations must be done for Provider Performed Microscopy (PPM) individuals.
- Pathologists should be evaluated by the laboratory director as technical supervisors.
- CMS permits (encourages) creativity in meeting competency requirements.





Total Number of Laboratories	232,548
Total Non-Exempt	225,746
 Compliance 	19,319
- <u>Accredited</u>	15,787
— Waived	146,071
- Provider Performed Microso	<i>copy</i> 37,767

- Exempt

• *NY*

• WA

6,802

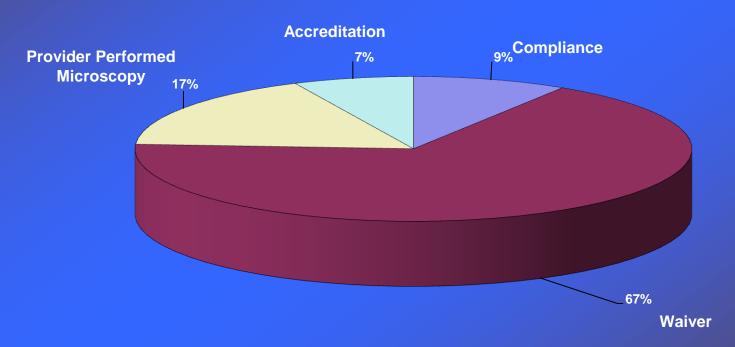
3,336

3,466





CLIA Labs by Certificate Type (Non-Exempt Only)



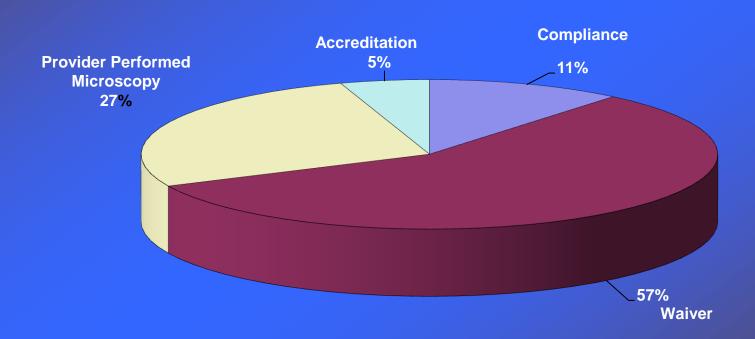






Physician Office Laboratories by CLIA Certificate Type

(Non-Exempt Only)



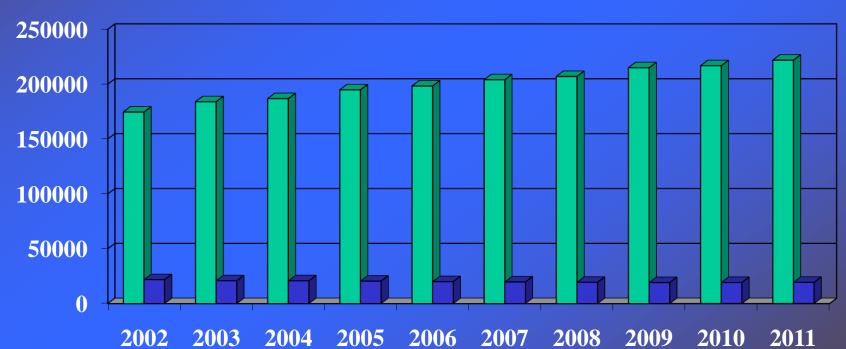






Decade Trend





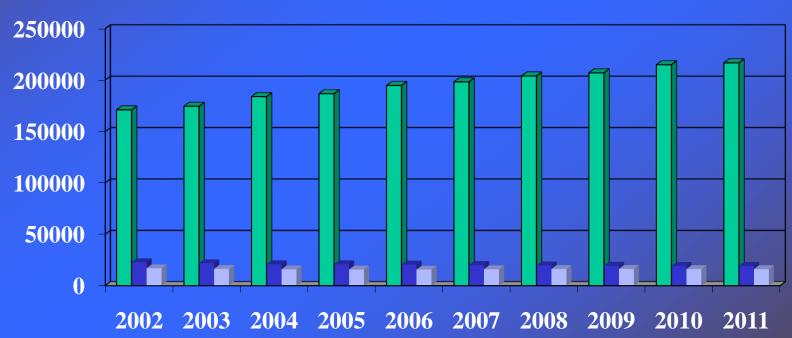
Source: CMS CLIA database 12/14/2010



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Decade Trend

□ Total Labs ■ Compliance Labs ■ Accreditation Labs

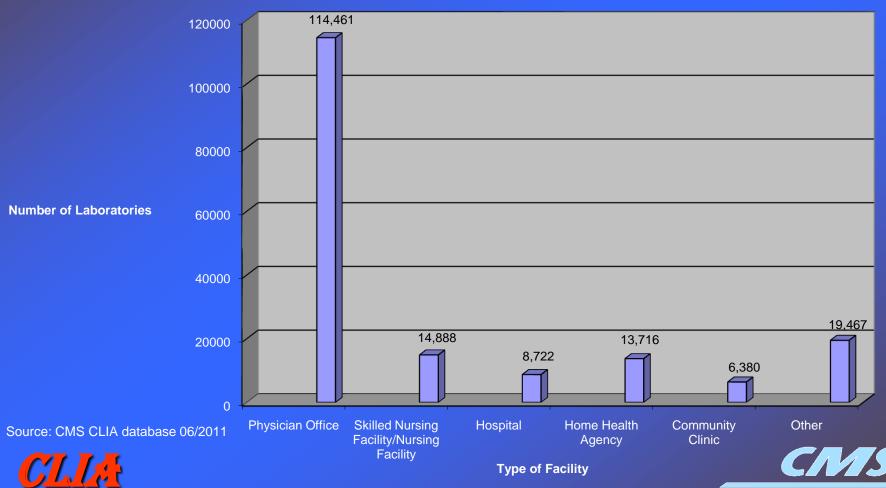




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CLIA Laboratory Registration Self-Selected Laboratory Types



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Number of CLIA Certificate of Accreditation Laboratories by Accreditation Organization



CMS CLIA DATA UPDATE Transfusion Fatalities

Туре	FY 2010	FY 2009
TRALI (Transfusion Related Acute Lung Injury)	36	31
Hemolytic (Immune)	9	12
TACO (Transfusion Related Circulatory Overload	5	9
Bacterial Contamination	5	6
Other (Anaphylactic, Graft vs. Host Disease, Babesiosis, Hyperhemolysis Syndrome, Allergic, Non-Immune Hemolytic, Unknown)	16	17
TOTAL	71	75





CMS CLIA DATA UPDATE Transfusion Fatalities

	FY 2010	FY 2009
Investigations	4	11
2567's	0	7

2567's issued

Specimens mixed up in the lab

Specimen drawn from the wrong patient

Testing errors—missed antibodies

Wrong FFP type issued

Wrong patient transfused





CMS CLIA DATA UPDATE Top 10 Condition Deficiencies

Citation

-Mod. complexity LD qualif./respons4.	2%
-Successful PT participation3.	2%
-PT enrollment1	.8%
-Analytic Systems (QC)1.	.7%
-Mod. complexity TP1.	5%





CMS CLIA DATA UPDATE Top 10 Condition Deficiencies

Citation

-High complexity director qualif./respons	-1.3%
-Technical consultant qualif./respons	-1.0%
-Hematology	-0.6%
-Gen. Lab Systems QA	-0.3%
-Gen. Lab Systems preanalytic	-0.3%





CMS CLIA DATA UPDATE Top 10 Deficiencies

Citation

•	Policy for proper reagent storage5.8%
•	Analytic Systems' QA5.5%
•	Verify accuracy non-PT'd tests5.5%
•	Follow mfgr's. instructions4.9%
•	Procedure manual4.6%





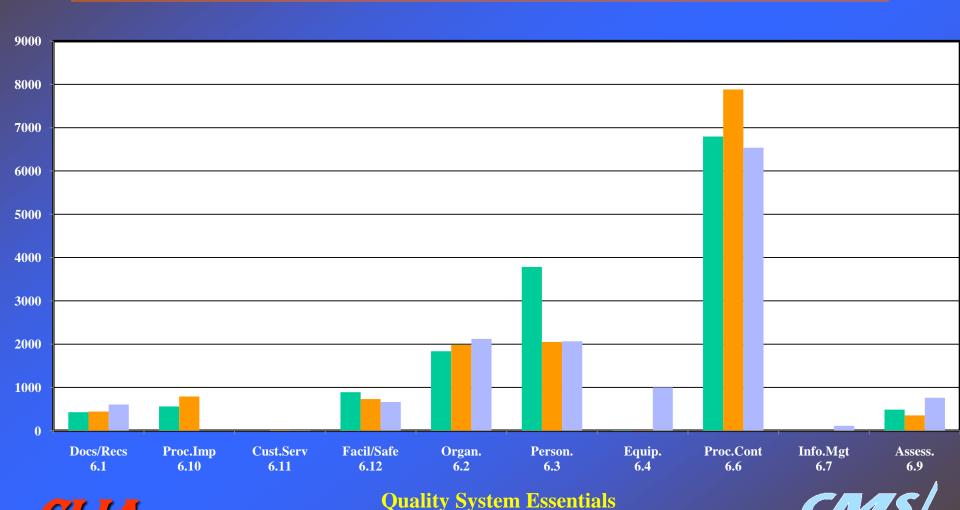
Citation

•	LD responsibility-QA plan	4.4%
•	Mod. complexity LD qualif./respons	4.2%
•	Calibration verif	4.2%
•	Use of expired reagents	4.1%
•	Gen lab systems QA	3.7%



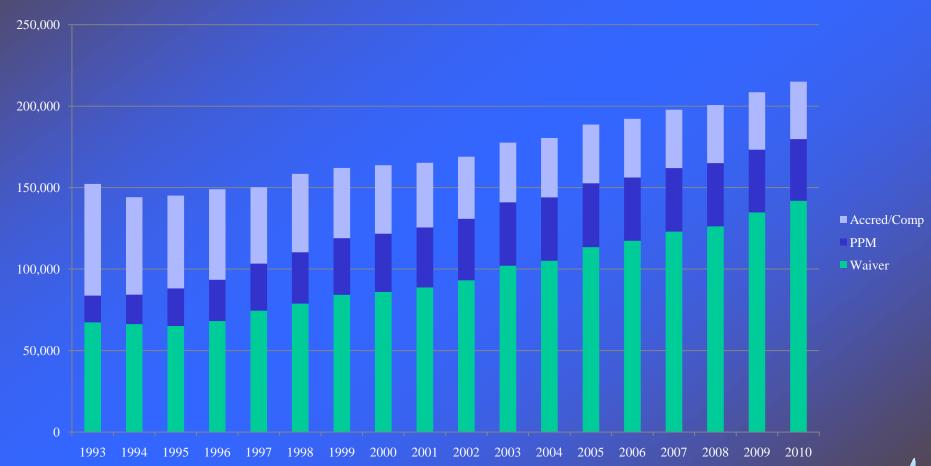


CMS CLIA DATA UPDATE Partners' Deficiencies 2007-9



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CMS CLIA DATA UPDATE Waived Lab Growth





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CMS/CLIAContact Information

CMS/CLIA web site:

http://www.cms.hhs.gov/clia/

Includes States, Regulations, Guidelines

- CMS/CLIA Central Office:
 410-786-3531
- Judy Yost's Email: judith.yost@cms.hhs.gov







THE END!!

THANK YOU!! Questions????





