



THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

October 25, 2019

The Honorable Michael R. Pence
President of the United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Mr. President:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the West Valley Demonstration Project in West Valley, New York, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) completed the evaluation of the SEC petition 00252 for the time period from January 1, 1969, through December 31, 1973, and presented its findings to the Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health (Board) during the Board's meeting on August 21, 2019, in Oak Ridge, Tennessee. The Board considered the petition, and on September 25, 2019, I received the Board's recommendation concerning this petition. I have also received the deliberations, findings, and recommendations of the Director of NIOSH and the Director of CDC. Based on this information, I have designated the following class for addition to the SEC, as authorized under EEOICPA, 42 U.S.C. § 7384q:

“All Atomic Weapons Employees who worked at the West Valley Demonstration Project in West Valley, New York, during the period January 1, 1969, through December 31, 1973, for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days, occurring either solely under this employment or in combination with work days within the parameters established for one or more other classes of employees in the Special Exposure Cohort.”

The criteria and findings upon which this determination is based are provided in the enclosed report.

Please contact me if you have any further questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

[Signature on File]

Alex M. Azar II
Secretary

Enclosure



THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

October 25, 2019

The Honorable Mitch McConnell
Majority Leader
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Majority Leader McConnell:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the West Valley Demonstration Project in West Valley, New York, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II
Secretary

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THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

October 25, 2019

The Honorable Nancy Pelosi
Minority Leader
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Minority Leader Pelosi:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the West Valley Demonstration Project in West Valley, New York, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II
Secretary

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THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

October 25, 2019

The Honorable Kevin McCarthy
Minority Leader
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative McCarthy:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the West Valley Demonstration Project in West Valley, New York, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II
Secretary

Enclosure



THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

October 25, 2019

The Honorable Charles E. Schumer
Minority Leader
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Schumer:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the West Valley Demonstration Project in West Valley, New York, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II
Secretary

Enclosure



THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

October 25, 2019

The Honorable Kirsten Gillibrand
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Gillibrand:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the West Valley Demonstration Project in West Valley, New York, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II
Secretary

Enclosure



THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

October 25, 2019

The Honorable Tom Reed
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative Reed:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA) and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers at the West Valley Demonstration Project in West Valley, New York, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Alex M. Azar II
Secretary

Enclosure

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Designation of Additional Members of the
Special Exposure Cohort under the
Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000

Designating a Class of Employees from
West Valley Demonstration Project
West Valley, New York



I. Designation

I, Alex M. Azar II, Secretary of Health and Human Services (HHS), designate the class of employees defined in Section II of this report for addition to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC), as authorized under the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA), 42 U.S.C. § 7384q.

October 25, 2019

Date

[Signature on File]

Alex M. Azar II, Secretary

II. Employee Class Definition

All Atomic Weapons Employees who worked at the West Valley Demonstration Project in West Valley, New York, during the period from January 1, 1969, through December 31, 1973, for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days, occurring either solely under this employment or in combination with work days within the parameters established for one or more other classes of employees in the Special Exposure Cohort.

III. Designation Criteria and Recommendations

Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384q, for the class defined in Section II of this report, the Secretary has determined, and the Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health (Board) has recommended, that

(1) it is not feasible to estimate with sufficient accuracy the radiation dose that the class received; and

(2) there is a reasonable likelihood that such radiation dose may have endangered the health of members of the class.

The SEC final rule states in 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(1) that it is feasible in two situations to estimate the radiation dose that the class received with sufficient accuracy. First, the rule states that radiation doses may be estimated with sufficient accuracy if National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has established that it has access to sufficient information to estimate the maximum radiation dose for every type of cancer for which radiation doses are reconstructed that could have been incurred under plausible circumstances by any member of the class. Alternatively, radiation doses may be estimated with sufficient accuracy if NIOSH has established that it has access to sufficient information to estimate the radiation doses of members of the class more precisely than a maximum dose estimate.

NIOSH determined that there is insufficient information to estimate the radiation dose of individual members of the class with sufficient accuracy under the two abovementioned situations. The Board, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384q, advised the Secretary to designate the class as an addition to the SEC in a letter received by the Secretary on September 25, 2019.

IV. Designation Findings

Infeasibility of Estimating Radiation Doses with Sufficient Accuracy

The Secretary established the infeasibility determination for the class of employees covered by this report based upon the findings summarized below.

- NIOSH determined that the principal sources of internal radiation exposures for members of the proposed class at the West Valley Demonstration Project (WVDP) included inhalation and ingestion exposures to thorium, uranium, neptunium, plutonium, americium, curium, and mixed fission and activation products during fuel reprocessing activities.
- NIOSH determined that the sparse uranium bioassay data available for 1969 through 1973 are inadequate for WVDP claimants. Mixed fission product bioassay data are likewise inadequate for 1972 and 1973. Therefore, NIOSH cannot estimate internal doses from uranium and mixed fission products with sufficient accuracy for this period. The Board concurred with NIOSH's findings.
- NIOSH determined that the principal sources of external radiation exposures for members of the proposed class included exposure to beta, photon, and neutron radiation from various radioactive materials at the WVDP site.
- NIOSH found that it is not applicable to reconstruct occupational medical dose for WVDP employees because medical X-ray procedures were performed at an offsite, non-EEOICPA-covered facility.
- NIOSH intends to use any personal monitoring data available for an individual claim (and that can be interpreted using existing NIOSH dose reconstruction processes or procedures) to complete the dose estimate for potential external radiation exposures.
- Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(1), NIOSH has concluded that there is insufficient information to either: (1) estimate the maximum radiation dose, for every type of cancer for which radiation doses are reconstructed, that could have been incurred under plausible circumstances by any member of the class; or (2) estimate the radiation doses more precisely than a maximum dose estimate for the any member of the class at WVDP during the period from January 1, 1969, through December 31, 1973.
- Although NIOSH found that it is not possible to completely reconstruct radiation doses for the proposed class, NIOSH intends to use any internal and external monitoring data that may become available for an individual claim (and that can be interpreted using existing NIOSH dose reconstruction processes or procedures). Therefore, dose reconstructions for individuals employed at WVDP during the period from January 1,

1969, through December 31, 1973, but who do not qualify for inclusion in the SEC, may be performed using these data as appropriate.

- NIOSH has determined that members of the class were not exposed to radiation during a discrete incident likely to have involved levels of exposure similarly high to those occurring during nuclear criticality incidents. However, the evidence reviewed indicates that some workers in the class may have accumulated chronic radiation exposures through exposure to various radionuclides and from direct exposure to radioactive materials. Thus, NIOSH has determined that the health of the proposed class of employees may have been endangered at WVDP during the period from January 1, 1969, through December 31, 1973.
- The Board concurred with the NIOSH evaluation and recommended the proposed class for addition to the SEC.

Health Endangerment

The Secretary established the health endangerment determination for the class of employees covered by this report based upon the findings summarized below.

(1) Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3), NIOSH established that there is a reasonable likelihood that such radiation doses may have endangered the health of members of the class. Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3)(ii), NIOSH specified a minimum duration of employment to satisfy this health endangerment criterion as “having been employed for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days within the parameters established for this class or in combination with work days within the parameters established for one or more other classes of employees in the Cohort.”

(2) The Board concurred with NIOSH’s finding that the health of the class may have been endangered and defined the class according to the 250-work day requirement specified under 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3)(ii).

V. Effect and Effective Date of Designation

The Secretary submits this report on the designation of one additional class to the SEC for review by Congress, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 7384l(14)(C)(ii) and 7384q(c)(2)(A), as amended by the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-375 (codified as amended in scattered sections of 42 U.S.C.). Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384l(14)(C)(ii), as amended by the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-375 (codified as amended in scattered sections of 42 U.S.C.), the designation in this report will become effective 30 days after the date of this report’s submission to Congress “unless Congress otherwise provides.”

VI. Administrative Review of Designation

The health endangerment determination of the designation provided in this report may be subject to an administrative review within HHS, pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.18(a). On the basis of such a review, if the Secretary decides to expand the class of employees covered by this designation, the Secretary would transmit a supplementary report to Congress providing the expanded employee class definition and the criteria and findings on which the decision was based.