

# Active Bacterial Core Surveillance (ABCs) Report Emerging Infections Program Network



# Haemophilus influenzae, 2018

#### **ABCs Areas**

California (3 county San Francisco Bay area); Colorado (5 county Denver area); Connecticut; Georgia; Maryland; Minnesota; New Mexico; New York (15 county Rochester and Albany areas); Oregon; Tennessee (20 urban counties)

### **ABCs Population**

The surveillance areas represent 44,817,242 persons. Source: National Center for Health Statistics bridged-race vintage 2018 postcensal file

#### **ABCs Case Definition**

Invasive *Haemophilus influenzae* (Hi) disease: isolation of Hi from normally sterile site in a resident of a surveillance area in 2018.

# **ABCs Methodology**

ABCs personnel routinely contacted all microbiology laboratories serving acute care hospitals in their area to identify cases. Standardized case report forms that include information on demographic characteristics, clinical syndrome, and outcome of illness were completed for each identified case. Serotyping was done on Hi isolates at CDC and state laboratories. Regular laboratory audits assessed completeness of active surveillance and detected additional cases

All rates of invasive Hi disease were calculated using population estimates for 2018 from the bridged-race vintage 2018 postcensal file. For national estimates, race- and age-specific rates of disease were applied from the aggregate surveillance areas to the race- and age-specific distribution of the 2018 U.S. population. Cases with missing data, excluding ethnicity, were multiply imputed using sequential regression imputation methods.¶

#### **Reported ABCs Profiles**

Race	No.	(Rate*)
Black	197	(2.4)
White	680	(2.1)
Other	56	(1.4)
Total	933	(2.1)

<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 population for ABCs areas

## ¶ Surveillance Note

Missing race (n=71) data were multiply imputed using sequential regression imputation methods.

	Cases		Deaths	
Syndrome	No.	(% <sup>*</sup> )	No.	(Rate <sup>†</sup> )
Meningitis	66	(7.1)	1	(1.6)
Bacteremia without focus	234	(25.1)	26	(12.0)
Pneumonia with bacteremia	495	(53.1)	62	(12.6)

<sup>\*</sup> Percent of cases

#### Serotype

	]	В	No	n-B	Non-	Гуре†	Unk	known
Age (years)	No.	(Rate*)	No.	(Rate*)	No. (	(Rate*)	No.	(Rate*)
< 1	2	(0.39)	17	(3.29)	27	(5.23)	6	(1.16)
1	0	(0.00)	8	(1.51)	8	(1.52)	0	(0.00)
2-4	0	(0.00)	9	(0.55)	8	(0.49)	2	(0.12)
5-17	0	(0.00)	8	(0.11)	14	(0.19)	1	(0.01)
18-34	0	(0.00)	10	(0.10)	57	(0.54)	10	(0.10)
35-49	2	(0.02)	15	(0.17)	58	(0.66)	8	(0.09)
50-64	3	(0.03)	57	(0.65)	127	(1.45)	15	(0.17)
65-74	2	(0.05)	43	(1.05)	109	(2.66)	17	(0.41)
75-84	1	(0.05)	26	(1.32)	123	(6.23)	10	(0.51)
≥85	1	(0.12)	14	(1.66)	101	(12.01)	14	(1.66)
Total	11	(0.02)	207	(0.46)	632	(1.41)	83	(0.19)

Per 100,000 population for ABCs areas

#### **National Estimates of Invasive Disease**

Cases: 6,840 (2.09/100,000) Deaths: 810 (0.25/100,000)

#### **Healthy People 2020 Update**

# Invasive Haemophilus influenzae type B disease

Objective: Decrease the incidence of invasive *Haemophilus influenzae* type B disease to 0.27 cases per 100,000 persons less than 5 years of age

Age (year)	2020 Objective	2018 Rate*
< 5	0.27/100,000	0.08/100,000

<sup>\*</sup> Per 100,000 U.S. population < 5 years

## For more information, visit our web site:

http://www.cdc.gov/abcs

#### Citation

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http://www.cdc.gov/abcs/reports-findings/survreports/hi18.pdf

<sup>†</sup> Deaths per 100 cases with known outcome

<sup>†</sup> Non-typeable isolates